

ANNUAL REPORT  
OF  
THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD  
FOR IRELAND,

BEING

THE NINETEENTH REPORT UNDER "THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT  
BOARD (IRELAND) ACT," 35 & 36 VIC., c. 69.

---

*Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.*

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1891.

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# TABLE OF CONTENTS.

	Page
Report, . . . . .	1
Statement compiled from weekly returns, showing the number of persons in receipt of relief in unions in Ireland at the close of each week, from the week ended 15th February, 1890, to the week ended 14th February, 1891, both included, . . . . .	2
Tables showing the maximum, minimum, and average daily number of persons receiving relief in and out of the workhouses, in each of the last seven years, . . . . .	4
Table showing the total number on out-door relief at the close of each week from 1st November, 1890, to 28th March, 1891, in the Western Unions in which the failure of the potato crop was more or less severely felt, as compared with the numbers on the corresponding dates of the preceding year, . . . . .	5
Failure of potato crop, . . . . .	6
Measures for relief of distress, . . . . .	7
Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Acts, 1890-91, . . . . .	8
Seed Supply Act, 1880, . . . . .	10
Statement showing the number of persons in workhouses and on out-door relief in the last week of each month during the year ended 31st January, 1891, and in the corresponding weeks of the preceding year, . . . . .	11
Statement of admissions to the workhouses during the year ended 29th September, 1890, in comparison with the thirty-one preceding years, . . . . .	12
Statement of the average daily number in receipt of indoor relief during each of the thirty-three years ended 29th September, 1890, average number of deaths per week, and rate of mortality, . . . . .	13
Classified return of the number of workhouse inmates on the first Saturday of January in each year, from 1857, showing the percentage of the several classes on the total number of inmates, . . . . .	14
Return of Lunatics and Idiots in workhouses on 31st of December, 1890, . . . . .	15
Return of night lodgers or casuals relieved in the workhouses in the first week of each month of the year, . . . . .	15
Classification of causes of death in workhouses, from 15th February, 1890, to 7th March, 1891, . . . . .	16
Number of orphans and deserted children out at nurse, . . . . .	17
Proceedings under the emigration clauses of the Arrears of Rent (Ireland) Act, 1882, and the Tramways and Public Companies (Ireland) Act, 1883, . . . . .	17
Number of persons assisted by Boards of Guardians to emigrate under the provisions of the Irish Poor Relief Acts, and amount authorized to be expended for that purpose in each of the last forty-one years, . . . . .	17
Amalgamation of unions, . . . . .	18
Dissolution of Boards of Guardians, . . . . .	18
School District, . . . . .	19
Statement showing the amount of poor rate collected, the expenditure for poor relief, and the number of persons relieved in the year ended 29th September, 1890, in comparison with similar statement for the previous year, . . . . .	19

	Page
Statement showing the collection of the poor rate, the expenditure for all purposes, and the net annual value of the property rated, in each of the twenty-one years ended 29th September, 1890, . . . . .	20
Grant for Medical and Educational purposes and for Salaries under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, . . . . .	21
Probate Duties Grant, . . . . .	21
Grant for Labourers' Cottages, . . . . .	22
Parliamentary Registration Expenses (Ireland) Act, 1890, . . . . .	22
Alteration of days for holding fairs, . . . . .	22
Markets and Fairs (Weighing of Cattle) Act, 1887, . . . . .	22
Towns Improvement (Ireland) Act, 1854, . . . . .	23
<b>MEDICAL CHARITIES ACT AND VACCINATION ACTS.</b>	
Fluctuations in number of cases of medical relief, . . . . .	23
Number of cases in which relief has been afforded under the Medical Charities Act, during each of the last twelve years, distinguishing dispensary relief from relief at the patients' own homes, . . . . .	24
Table showing the number of cases of vaccination at the dispensaries and vaccination stations from 1863 to 1890, . . . . .	25
Classified summary of the number of cases of vaccination during the year ended 30th September, 1890, . . . . .	25
Number of cases of vaccination in workhouses, . . . . .	25
Vaccine Department, . . . . .	25
Table showing the number of deaths in workhouses from smallpox, and number of cases of smallpox treated by dispensary medical officers during each of the last twenty-seven years, . . . . .	26
Summary of smallpox cases attended by dispensary medical officers in each province during each quarter of the year ended 30th September, 1890, . . . . .	26
Smallpox in the year 1891, . . . . .	27
Return of the number of cases of fever attended by dispensary medical officers during each of the twenty-six years ended 30th September, 1890, . . . . .	28
Number of cases of scarlatina attended by dispensary medical officers in 1890, . . . . .	28
Expenditure under the Medical Charities Act and Vaccination Acts in each province, and for all Ireland, in each of the last twelve years, . . . . .	29
Total Expenditure under the Medical Charities Act and Vaccination Acts, arranged under various heads for each of the last two years, . . . . .	29
Ether drinking, . . . . .	29
<b>DISPENSARY HOUSES ACT.</b>	
Return of the number of certificates granted under section 4 of the Act since 31st March, 1890, . . . . .	30
<b>SANITARY ACTS.</b>	
Provisional Orders, . . . . .	30
List showing Bye-Laws confirmed, . . . . .	32
Burial Grounds, . . . . .	32
Sewerage and water supply, . . . . .	33
Amount of loans recommended during each of the 15 years from 1876 to 1890, . . . . .	34
List of loans sanctioned during the year ended the 31st March, 1891, . . . . .	35
Proceedings under the Labourers Acts, . . . . .	37
Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, . . . . .	45
DEPARTMENTAL ARRANGEMENTS, . . . . .	46



# APPENDIX.

## APPENDIX A.—ORDERS, CIRCULARS, AND CORRESPONDENCE, UNDER THE POOR LAW ACTS AND OTHER ACTS NOT INCLUDED IN APPENDIX B OR C.

### I.—ORDERS.

No.		Page
1.	General Order assessing upon unions in Ireland the amounts payable by them, respectively, under the Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, . . . . .	47
2.	General Order assessing upon contributory unions under the National School Teachers Act their respective proportions of results fees for the year ending 31st of March, 1891, . . . . .	50
3.	Order declaring the daily rate of payment to be made by the Guardians of the Unions of Trim, Drogheda, Duashnagblin, Navan, and Kells, to the Board of Management of the District School at Trim for the maintenance of each child belonging to the said Unions, respectively, . . . . .	52
4.	General Order amending the General Order of the 5th of February, 1849, prescribing Rules and Regulations for the management of Workhouses in Ireland, . . . . .	53
5.	General Order prescribing Rules and Regulations under the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890, . . . . .	54
6.	General Order extending the time within which applications for Loans might be made under the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890, . . . . .	64
7.	General Order extending the time within which applications for Loans might be made under the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890, as amended by the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1891, . . . . .	66
8.	General Order fixing the scale of payment of Clerks and Collectors of Poor Rate of the several Poor Law Unions in Ireland under the Parliamentary Registration Expenses (Ireland) Act, 1890, . . . . .	67

### II. CIRCULARS.

1.	Hospital Nurses, . . . . .	10th April, 1890,	68
2.	Technical Instruction Act, 1889, . . . . .	14th May, 1890,	69
3.	Poor Law Acts (Ireland) Amendment Act, 1890, . . . . .	28th August, 1890,	70
	<i>Enclosure.</i> —Copy of the Poor Law Acts, Ireland (Amendment) Act, 1890, . . . . .		70
4.	Parliamentary Registration Expenses (Ireland) Act, 1890, 30th August, 1890, . . . . .		71
	<i>Enclosure.</i> —Copy of the Parliamentary Registration Expenses (Ireland) Act, 1890, . . . . .		71
5.	Scale of Remuneration of Clerks of Unions and Collectors of Poor Rate for duties under the Representation of the People Acts, 13th February, 1891, . . . . .		72
6.	Workhouse Rules, . . . . .	17th November, 1890,	72
7.	National School Teachers (Ireland) Act, . . . . .	31st December, 1890,	72
	<i>Enclosure.</i> —Notice in pursuance of Section 4 of the National School Teachers Act, . . . . .		78
8.	Census of Ireland, 1891:—		
	I.—Letter to Clerks of Unions, . . . . .	31st March, 1891,	74
	II.—Letter to Masters of Workhouses, . . . . .	do.	74

### SEED POTATOES.

9.	Instructions relative to the General Order prescribing Rules and Regulations under the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890, 23rd December, 1890, . . . . .	74
	<i>Enclosure.</i> —Memorandum on Seed Potatoes, . . . . .	76

No.		Page
10.	Advertisements for tenders for the supply of seed potatoes, 7th January, 1891,	80
11.	Regulations issued by the Inspectors appointed under section 8 of the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890, . . . 8th January, 1891,	80
	<i>Enclosure.</i> —Copy of Regulations issued by Inspectors appointed under section 8 of the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890, . . .	80
12.	Documents required in connection with applications for loans under the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890, . . . 22nd January, 1891,	82
13.	Bill to amend the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890, 16th March, 1891,	82
	<i>Enclosure.</i> —Copy of Bill to amend the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890, . . . . .	82
14.	Extension of time for making applications for loans under the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Acts, 1890 and 1891, . . . 26th March, 1891,	83
15.	Regulations, Instructions, &c., issued by Inspectors appointed under section 8 of the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890:—	
	I. Advertisements for tenders for supply of seed potatoes, . . .	84
	II. Supply and size of sacks, . . . . .	84
	III. Advertisements for tenders—Varieties of seed, . . .	85
	IV. Inspection of seed potatoes, . . . . .	86
	V. Instructions for storing potatoes in sacks, . . . . .	86
	VI. Instructions as to inspection, storage, and distribution, . . .	87
	VII. Instructions as to purchase of seed, . . . . .	88
	VIII. Hints on potato culture, . . . . .	89

## III.—CORRESPONDENCE, &amp;c.

## DISTRESS.

## 1. Supply of fuel to poor persons:—

Letter to Boards of Guardians of certain unions, . . . 2nd January, 1891, . . . 91

## 2. Report to His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant on the failure of the potato crop and the condition of the poorer classes in the West of Ireland, . . . 92

*Appendix.*—I. Number of persons in receipt of relief, . . . . . 96

II. Loans under Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890, . . . 96

III. Summary of information respecting the condition of the poorer classes in unions most affected by the failure of the potato crop, . . . . . 104

## 3. Table showing the amount of loans approved under the provisions of the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Acts, 1890 and 1891, up to the 31st March, 1891, . . . 112

## PROBATE DUTIES GRANT.

## 4. Regulation under Section 4 of the Probate Duties (Scotland and Ireland) Act, 1888, altering regulations under that section made on the 21st of March, 1889, . . . . . 114

## 5. Schedule of sums authorized to be paid to the guardians of unions in Ireland in respect of the Probate Duties Grant for the year ended the 31st of March, 1890, . . . . . 115

## 6. Schedule of sums authorized to be paid to road authorities in Ireland in respect of the Probate Duties Grant for the year ended the 31st of March, 1890, . . . 116

## GRANT FOR LABOURERS' COTTAGES.

## 7. Letter from the Assistant Under Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant to the Local Government Board, . . . . . 7th November, 1890, . . . 118

*Enclosure.*—Copy of Letter from the Treasury, dated the 6th November, 1890, . . . . . 118

## 8. Letter from the Local Government Board to the Assistant Under Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, . . . . . 12th November, 1890, . . . 119

No.		Page
9.	Letter from the Assistant Under Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant to the Local Government Board, . . . . . 22nd November, 1890,	120
	Enclosure—Copy of letter from the Treasury dated 21st November, 1890,	120
10.	Regulations for dealing with the "Deposit Account," in connection with the Grant for Labourers' Cottages, as approved by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, . . . . .	121
11.	Letter to Boards of Guardians that had been authorized to provide Cottages under the Labourers Acts, . . . . . 29th November, 1890,	122
	Enclosure—Form for Statement of Liability, &c., under the Labourers Acts for the year ended the 25th March, 1891, . . . . .	122
12.	Table showing the particulars of the disbursement of the Labourers' Cottages Grant of £40,000, . . . . .	123
13.	Instructional Circular as to mode of crediting in the Union Accounts the sums paid to Boards of Guardians out of the Labourers' Cottages Grant, 7th February, 1891, . . . . .	125

## APPENDIX B.—MEDICAL CHARITIES ACT AND VACCINATION ACTS.

## I. CIRCULAR.

Committees of Management of Dispensary Districts, . . . . .	24th March, 1891,	126
---	-------------------	-----

## II.—CORRESPONDENCE, &amp;c.

1. Report from Dr. T. J. Stafford, Medical Inspector, on an outbreak of Small-pox in Belfast, Ballymena, and Magherafelt, . . . . .	18th April, 1891,	127
Enclosures—		
Table I. Belfast—Return of Small-pox from 4th February, to 31st March, 1891, . . . . .		130
Table II. Ballymena—Return of Small-pox from 19th February, to 31st March, 1891, . . . . .		131
Table III. Magherafelt Union—Return of Small-pox from 2nd February, to 31st March, 1891, . . . . .		131
2. Report from Dr. T. J. Stafford, Medical Inspector, on Ether drinking in the North of Ireland, . . . . .	18th April, 1891,	132

## APPENDIX C.—ORDERS, CIRCULARS, &amp;c., UNDER SANITARY ACTS.

## I.—ORDERS.

1. General Order prescribing regulations with reference to ships having on board rats from Spain, . . . . .		137
2. General Order prescribing rules and regulations for the treatment of persons affected with Cholera arriving in any vessel and for preventing the spread of the disease, . . . . .		139
3. Order prescribing forms under the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, . . . . .		147

## II.—CIRCULARS.

1. Infectious Disease Prevention Act, 1890, . . . . .	25th September, 1890,	150
2. Provisional Orders, . . . . .	26th September, 1890,	151
Enclosure—Memorandum of Instructions, . . . . .		154
3. Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1890, . . . . .	21st October, 1890,	160

No.	Page
4. Open Spaces Act, 1890, . . . . . 24th October, 1890,	161
5. Cholera Regulations—Letter to Sanitary Authorities of Rural Districts on the Coast of Ireland, . . . . . 10th December, 1890,	161
6. Cholera Regulations—Letter to Sanitary Authorities of Urban Districts on the Coast of Ireland, . . . . . 10th December, 1890,	162
7. Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, . . . . . 11th March, 1901,	163
<i>Enclosure—Memorandum on the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890,</i> . . . . .	164

### III. CORRESPONDENCE, &c.

1. Cholera—Letter to Medical Inspectors, . . . . . 12th December, 1890,	178
2. Statement of Orders issued under the 232nd section of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, determining the area of charge on which the special expenses mentioned in such Orders respectively shall be chargeable (In continuation of statement in eighteenth Annual Report pages 94 to 100), .	180

### APPENDIX D.—TABLES CONNECTED WITH POOR RELIEF AND EXPENDITURE.

1. Return (In pursuance of the 29th sec. of the Act 10 Vic., c. 31.) of the expenditure on the relief of the poor, and of the total numbers relieved in and out of the workhouses, together with the receipts in each Union in Ireland, for the year ended 29th September, 1890; also showing the expenses under the Medical Charities and Vaccination, Registration, Public Health, Superannuation, Labourers, Contagious Diseases (Animals), National School Teachers, and the Parliamentary Voters, Juries, and Explosive Acts, and total expenditure during the year, . . . . .	188
Part 1. Showing the receipts and expenditure during the year, . . . . .	188
Part 2. Return of the number of persons who received poor relief during the year, together with the expenditure for provisions, necessaries, and clothing of workhouse inmates during the year, and the average weekly cost per head in workhouse, . . . . .	200
2. Classification of persons relieved in workhouses during each of the half-years ended 25th March and 29th September, 1890, respectively, . . . . .	208
3. Classification of persons relieved out of the workhouses during each of the half-years ended 25th March and 29th September, 1890, respectively, including persons relieved in Blind and Deaf and Dumb institutions, . . . . .	209
4. Summary of returns from clerks of unions showing for each province and for all Ireland the number of persons admitted to the workhouses during the year ended 29th September, 1890, distinguishing the number admitted in sickness; also, the number of births and deaths in the workhouses during the year, . . . . .	210
5. Summary of returns showing for each province and for all Ireland the number of sick persons who received medical treatment in the workhouse hospitals and fever hospitals during the year ended 29th September, 1890, . . . . .	210
6. Statement (in pursuance of sec. 20 of 12 and 13 Vic., c. 104), relative to the audit of union accounts:—(In continuation of statement in eighteenth annual Report, Appendix D, No. 6), . . . . .	211
i.—Date up to which accounts of unions have been audited, . . . . .	211
ii.—Sums disallowed or found due on audit of the accounts of unions up to 29th September, 1890, and whether recovered or in course of recovery from the persons debited, . . . . .	211
7. Union Officers' Superannuation—Statement of allowances under the Superannuation Acts in force during any portion of the year ended 29th September, 1890; showing also the cases in which the allowances terminated during the year:—(In continuation of statement in eighteenth annual Report, Appendix D, No. 7), . . . . .	215

**APPENDIX E.—TABULAR RETURNS IN CONNECTION WITH RELIEF UNDER  
THE MEDICAL CHARITIES ACT.**

No.	Page
1. Statement of alterations in dispensary districts of unions in Ireland (arranged in provinces and counties), according to the Orders issued in pursuance of sec. 6 of 14 & 15 Vic., cap. 68 (from the completion of table No. 1, appendix E, in Eighteenth annual Report), . . . . .	238
Summary of dispensary districts, by provinces, as altered by the foregoing table, up to the 25th March, 1891, . . . . .	239
2. Financial and relief returns:—List, in pursuance of section 20 of the Medical Charities Act (14 & 15 Vic., c. 68), of all dispensary districts in the several unions in Ireland (arranged in provinces and counties): showing the number of dispensaries in each, and the expenses of each dispensary district, for the year ended 29th September, 1890, with a return—for the year ended 30th September, 1890—of the number of cases of medical relief afforded to patients at dispensaries and at their own homes, respectively; the number of tickets for medical relief cancelled by the Committees of Management under section 9 of the Act; number of cases of vaccination; number of dangerous lunatics certified; number of days of attendance of medical officers in bridewells, &c., . . . . .	240
Summary of foregoing table, No. 2, . . . . .	275
3. General summary of previous tables, in provinces:—containing, 1. Statistical statement; showing the number of unions, electoral divisions, and dispensary districts formed under section 6 of the Medical Charities Act, 14 & 15 Vic., c. 68; the total and average population, area, and valuation; number of dispensaries, officers, &c.:—2. Financial statement; showing the expenditure under the Medical Charities Act for the year, from 30th September, 1889, to 29th September, 1890:—and 3. Relief return; showing the number of cases of medical relief afforded at the dispensaries and at the patients' homes, respectively; the number of cases in which tickets for medical relief have been cancelled by the Dispensary Committees; the number of cases of vaccination performed; number of cases of dangerous lunatics certified; number of days of attendance at bridewells or houses of correction, &c.; during the year ended the 30th September, 1890, . . . . .	276
4. Vaccination:—Summary of the number of persons vaccinated in the workhouses and auxiliary establishments of the several unions in Ireland, by the medical officers of those institutions; and of the number vaccinated in the several dispensary districts, by the medical officers thereof, in the year ended 30th September, 1890:—abstracted from returns made by the respective medical officers, . . . . .	278
5. Number of cases of scarlatina, smallpox, and fever, reported by the medical officers of dispensary districts in Ireland as having been attended in the quarters ended 31st December, 1889, 31st March, 30th June, and 30th September, 1890, . . . . .	278
6. INDEX LIST OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS; with names of unions in which they are situate, and references to pages in which the districts are to be found in the appendix, . . . . .	279

**DIAGRAMS, &c.**

DIAGRAMS showing the fluctuations from week to week in the number of workhouse inmates, and in the number of persons receiving out-door relief from the week ended 16th February, 1890, to the week ended 14th February, 1891, and in the corresponding weeks of each of the six previous years, Facing page	46
MAP OF IRELAND in Poor Law Unions, showing the unions in which cottages have been authorized to be provided under the Labourers (Ireland) Acts, and the number sanctioned in each case; as also, the unions in which cottages are proposed but not yet authorized, . . . . . Facing page	122

ANNUAL REPORT  
OF THE  
LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND,  
BEING THE  
NINETEENTH REPORT UNDER "THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT  
BOARD (IRELAND) ACT," 35 & 36 VIC., CAP. 69.

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TO HIS EXCELLENCY LAWRENCE DUNDAS, EARL  
OF ZETLAND, &c., &c., &c.,

*Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland.*

*Local Government Board,  
Dublin, 15th May, 1891.*

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

WE, the Local Government Board for Ireland, submit to your Excellency this our nineteenth annual Report under the Statute 35 & 36 Vic., cap. 69, entitled "The Local Government Board (Ireland) Act, 1872," relating to our proceedings up to the 31st of March, 1891.

POOR RELIEF.

1. We submit, in the first place, in continuation of similar returns in previous annual Reports, summaries of weekly returns showing the number of persons in receipt of relief, in the workhouses and out of the workhouses, at the close of each week from the week ended the 15th of February, 1890, to the week ended the 14th of February, 1891, both included; and we annex two diagrams,\* in illustration of these and previous returns, showing the fluctuations which have occurred in the number of workhouse inmates and the number of persons in receipt of out-door relief, respectively, during the weeks embraced in the following statement and those included in each of the six preceding years.

\* Facing page 46.

## Summaries of weekly returns of

STATEMENT, compiled from weekly returns, showing the number of persons ended the 15th of February, 1890, to the week

Week ended Saturday day.	DISEASE IN WORKHOUSES.																No. of persons lying in the work- house, at 9 A.M. on the 1st, and the 25th and 28th Vols., &c. &c.		
	Ailment.			Recov- ery Club, under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other classes.			Average weekly cost, per bed, for main- tenance and con- struction of clothing.	Deaths.		No. of patients, under the 15th vol., at 9 A.M. on the 1st, and the 25th and 28th Vols., &c. &c.					
	Males.	Fe- males.	Total.		Fever pa- tients.	Other cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and up- wards.	Fe- males aged 15 and up- wards.	Total.		Total number in work- houses.	No. in the week.		Weekly rate of mortality per 1,000.	Fever cases.	Other cases.	Total.	
1889.																			
Feb. 15, 22,	5,902 5,751	4,470 4,368	10,372 10,119	7,208 7,094	723 563	10,078 10,050	20,701 19,774	6,475 6,419	4,900 4,816	11,365 11,235	47,068 45,961	6 18 6 16	600 567	18 19	528 500	598 578			
Mar. 1, 8, 15, 22, 29,	5,935 5,940 5,940 5,940 5,940	4,352 4,378 4,378 4,378 4,378	10,287 10,318 10,318 10,318 10,318	7,116 7,111 7,111 7,111 7,111	723 687 687 687 687	10,254 10,254 10,254 10,254 10,254	20,470 20,315 20,315 20,315 20,315	6,480 6,575 6,575 6,575 6,575	4,816 4,825 4,825 4,825 4,825	11,297 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400	46,650 46,761 46,761 46,761 46,761	6 17 6 18 6 18 6 18 6 18	613 571 571 571 571	21 22 22 22 22	524 514 514 514 514	560 557 557 557 557			
April 5, 12, 19, 26,	5,390 5,360 5,317 5,266	4,018 4,000 3,910 4,000	9,408 9,360 9,227 9,285	7,058 7,057 7,011 7,070	488 440 451 451	10,260 10,210 10,174 10,115	19,537 19,611 19,607 19,607	5,961 5,965 6,010 6,004	4,919 4,900 4,905 4,905	10,880 10,861 10,930 10,909	42,420 42,041 42,041 42,041	6 16 6 16 6 16 6 16	591 561 569 561	19 20 20 20	511 494 494 494	589 580 580 580			
May 3, 10, 17, 24, 31,	5,152 5,144 5,117 5,113 5,113	3,912 3,919 3,912 3,912 3,912	9,064 9,063 9,027 9,025 9,025	7,058 7,057 7,060 7,061 7,061	437 419 440 410 410	10,060 10,022 10,059 10,007 10,007	19,537 19,611 19,607 19,607 19,607	5,961 5,965 6,010 6,004 6,004	4,919 4,900 4,905 4,905 4,905	10,880 10,861 10,930 10,909 10,909	42,420 42,041 42,041 42,041 42,041	6 16 6 16 6 16 6 16 6 16	591 561 569 561 561	19 20 20 20 20	511 494 494 494 494	589 580 580 580 580			
June 7, 14, 21, 28,	5,113 5,113 5,113 5,113	3,912 3,912 3,912 3,912	9,025 9,025 9,025 9,025	7,061 7,061 7,061 7,061	410 410 410 410	10,194 10,194 10,194 10,194	19,607 19,607 19,607 19,607	6,004 6,004 6,004 6,004	4,905 4,905 4,905 4,905	10,909 10,909 10,909 10,909	42,041 42,041 42,041 42,041	6 16 6 16 6 16 6 16	489 489 489 489	22 22 22 22	444 444 444 444	580 580 580 580			
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Aug. 6, 13, 20, 27, Sept. 3, 10, 17, 24, Oct. 1, 8, 15, 22, 29, Nov. 5, 12, 19, 26, Dec. 3, 10, 17, 24, 31,	5,113 5,113																		

### *In-door and out-door relief*

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in receipt of relief in unions in Ireland, at the close of each week, from the week ended the 14th of February, 1891, both included.

Included in the 1910 census under the 7th, 8th, and 9th, and 10th and 11th				No. of persons sent for treatment to Hospital and connected with work-house, under the 12th and 13th, and 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th, 101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th, 108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th, 115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st, 122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th, 126th, 127th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd, 134th, 135th, 136th, 137th, 138th, 139th, 140th, 141st, 142nd, 143rd, 144th, 145th, 146th, 147th, 148th, 149th, 150th, 151st, 152nd, 153rd, 154th, 155th, 156th, 157th, 158th, 159th, 160th, 161st, 162nd, 163rd, 164th, 165th, 166th, 167th, 168th, 169th, 170th, 171st, 172nd, 173rd, 174th, 175th, 176th, 177th, 178th, 179th, 180th, 181st, 182nd, 183rd, 184th, 185th, 186th, 187th, 188th, 189th, 190th, 191st, 192nd, 193rd, 194th, 195th, 196th, 197th, 198th, 199th, 200th, 201st, 202nd, 203rd, 204th, 205th, 206th, 207th, 208th, 209th, 210th, 211st, 212nd, 213th, 214th, 215th, 216th, 217th, 218th, 219th, 220th, 221st, 222nd, 223rd, 224th, 225th, 226th, 227th, 228th, 229th, 230th, 231st, 232nd, 233rd, 234th, 235th, 236th, 237th, 238th, 239th, 240th, 241st, 242nd, 243rd, 244th, 245th, 246th, 247th, 248th, 249th, 250th, 251st, 252nd, 253rd, 254th, 255th, 256th, 257th, 258th, 259th, 260th, 261st, 262nd, 263rd, 264th, 265th, 266th, 267th, 268th, 269th, 270th, 271st, 272nd, 273rd, 274th, 275th, 276th, 277th, 278th, 279th, 280th, 281st, 282nd, 283rd, 284th, 285th, 286th, 287th, 288th, 289th, 290th, 291st, 292nd, 293rd, 294th, 295th, 296th, 297th, 298th, 299th, 300th, 301st, 302nd, 303rd, 304th, 305th, 306th, 307th, 308th, 309th, 310th, 311st, 312nd, 313th, 314th, 315th, 316th, 317th, 318th, 319th, 320th, 321st, 322nd, 323rd, 324th, 325th, 326th, 327th, 328th, 329th, 330th, 331st, 332nd, 333rd, 334th, 335th, 336th, 337th, 338th, 339th, 340th, 341st, 342nd, 343rd, 344th, 345th, 346th, 347th, 348th, 349th, 350th, 351st, 352nd, 353rd, 354th, 355th, 356th, 357th, 358th, 359th, 360th, 361st, 362nd, 363rd, 364th, 365th, 366th, 367th, 368th, 369th, 370th, 371st, 372nd, 373rd, 374th, 375th, 376th, 377th, 378th, 379th, 380th, 381st, 382nd, 383rd, 384th, 385th, 386th, 387th, 388th, 389th, 390th, 391st, 392nd, 393rd, 394th, 395th, 396th, 397th, 398th, 399th, 400th, 401st, 402nd, 403rd, 404th, 405th, 406th, 407th, 408th, 409th, 410th, 411st, 412nd, 413th, 414th, 415th, 416th, 417th, 418th, 419th, 420th, 421st, 422nd, 423rd, 424th, 425th, 426th, 427th, 428th, 429th, 430th, 431st, 432nd, 433rd, 434th, 435th, 436th, 437th, 438th, 439th, 440th, 441st, 442nd, 443rd, 444th, 445th, 446th, 447th, 448th, 449th, 450th, 451st, 452nd, 453rd, 454th, 455th, 456th, 457th, 458th, 459th, 460th, 461st, 462nd, 463rd, 464th, 465th, 466th, 467th, 468th, 469th, 470th, 471st, 472nd, 473rd, 474th, 475th, 476th, 477th, 478th, 479th, 480th, 481st, 482nd, 483rd, 484th, 485th, 486th, 487th, 488th, 489th, 490th, 491st, 492nd, 493rd, 494th, 495th, 496th, 497th, 498th, 499th, 500th, 501st, 502nd, 503rd, 504th, 505th, 506th, 507th, 508th, 509th, 510th, 511st, 512nd, 513th, 514th, 515th, 516th, 517th, 518th, 519th, 520th, 521st, 522nd, 523rd, 524th, 525th, 526th, 527th, 528th, 529th, 530th, 531st, 532nd, 533rd, 534th, 535th, 536th, 537th, 538th, 539th, 540th, 541st, 542nd, 543rd, 544th, 545th, 546th, 547th, 548th, 549th, 550th, 551st, 552nd, 553rd, 554th, 555th, 556th, 557th, 558th, 559th, 560th, 561st, 562nd, 563rd, 564th, 565th, 566th, 567th, 568th, 569th, 570th, 571st, 572nd, 573rd, 574th, 575th, 576th, 577th, 578th, 579th, 580th, 581st, 582nd, 583rd, 584th, 585th, 586th, 587th, 588th, 589th, 590th, 591st, 592nd, 593rd, 594th, 595th, 596th, 597th, 598th, 599th, 600th, 601st, 602nd, 603rd, 604th, 605th, 606th, 607th, 608th, 609th, 610th, 611st, 612nd, 613th, 614th, 615th, 616th, 617th, 618th, 619th, 620th, 621st, 622nd, 623rd, 624th, 625th, 626th, 627th, 628th, 629th, 630th, 631st, 632nd, 633rd, 634th, 635th, 636th, 637th, 638th, 639th, 640th, 641st, 642nd, 643rd, 644th, 645th, 646th, 647th, 648th, 649th, 650th, 651st, 652nd, 653rd, 654th, 655th, 656th, 657th, 658th, 659th, 660th, 661st, 662nd, 663rd, 664th, 665th, 666th, 667th, 668th, 669th, 670th, 671st, 672nd, 673rd, 674th, 675th, 676th, 677th, 678th, 679th, 680th, 681st, 682nd, 683rd, 684th, 685th, 686th, 687th, 688th, 689th, 690th, 691st, 692nd, 693rd, 694th, 695th, 6	
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2. The following tables marked A and B show the maximum, minimum, and average daily number of persons in the workhouses and on out-door relief, respectively, during each of the seven years included in the diagrams, and the table marked C shows the increase in the number of persons who received out-door relief in the five months ended the 28th of March last in the western unions in which the failure of the potato crop was more or less severely felt:—

A.—RELIEF IN WORKHOUSES.

—	Maximum number.	Date.	Minimum number.	Date	Average daily number.
1834-35, .	52,134	16 February, 1834	43,522	23 August, 1834	47,327
1835-36, .	53,426	7 February, 1835	42,206	29 August, 1835	46,166
1836-37, .	50,827	6 February, 1836	42,328	4 September, 1836	45,699
1837-38, .	49,402	5 February, 1837	42,325	6 August, 1837	45,558
1838-39, .	49,026	25 February, 1838	41,267	22 September, 1838	44,729
1839-40, .	43,340	16 February, 1839	40,340	3 August, 1839	43,536
1840-41, .	47,843	15 February, 1840	36,012	30 August, 1840	41,793

B.—OUT-DOOR RELIEF.

—	Maximum number.	Date.	Minimum number.	Date.	Average daily number.
1834-35, .	61,589	22 March, 1834	52,427	11 October, 1834	57,829
1835-36, .	64,453	30 January, 1836	51,316	3 October, 1835	58,963
1836-37, .	162,420	22 May, 1836	59,845	2 October, 1836	70,241
1837-38, .	69,473	20 May, 1837	59,681	8 October, 1837	65,506
1838-39, .	67,219	17 March, 1838	58,199	6 October, 1838	63,630
1839-40, .	65,659	16 March, 1839	50,597	5 October, 1839	62,286
1840-41, .	66,654	7 February, 1841	58,371	11 October, 1840	62,235

[TABLE.]

C.—TABLE showing the total number on out-door relief at the close of each week from 1st November to 28th March last in the western unions in which the failure of the potato crop was more or less severely felt, as compared with the numbers on the corresponding dates of the preceding year.

Week ended	Year 1889-90.	Corresponding date of previous Year.	Increase in Year 1889-90.
1 November, 1889, . . .	8,671	8,145	526
8 " . . .	8,879	8,174	705
15 " . . .	9,809	8,143	866
22 " . . .	9,247	8,167	1,080
29 " . . .	9,333	8,234	1,099
6 December, 1889, . . .	9,535	8,336	1,199
13 " . . .	9,372	8,455	1,417
20 " . . .	10,301	8,536	1,745
27 " . . .	10,467	8,638	1,829
3 January, 1890, . . .	11,087	8,678	2,309
10 " . . .	11,430	8,681	2,749
17 " . . .	12,124	8,714	3,410
24 " . . .	12,764	9,016	3,748
31 " . . .	12,549	9,110	3,439
7 February, 1890, . . .	12,843	9,121	3,722
14 " . . .	12,155	9,000	3,175
21 " . . .	12,302	9,465	2,927
28 " . . .	12,084	9,507	2,577
7 March, 1890, . . .	11,755	9,618	2,137
14 " . . .	11,661	9,486	2,175
21 " . . .	11,735	9,449	2,306
28 " . . .	11,475	9,136	2,339

3. In our last annual Report we drew attention to the fact that there had been a decrease in the average daily number of persons relieved both in and out of the workhouses from February, 1889, to February, 1890, as compared with the number so relieved in the preceding year; and we have now to report that the returns for the weeks included in the statement on page 2 show a further decrease in the average daily number of persons relieved in the workhouses, and also in the average daily number of persons who received out-door relief, the former being 41,793, and the latter 62,235, a total of 104,028, which is less than the average daily number relieved in and out of the workhouses in the year 1889-90 by 1,794.

The number relieved in workhouses was lower each week during the past year than in the corresponding week of 1889-90, but although the daily average number on out-door relief in all Ireland was less throughout the year taken as a whole, yet from the week ended the 15th of November last there was a considerable increase week after week in the numbers on out-door relief as compared with the numbers relieved in the corresponding weeks of the previous year, and it will be seen from the table marked C on the preceding page that in certain unions the increase began at an earlier date. The returns received from the Clerks of unions showed that this increase was attributable to the relief afforded provisionally by the relieving officers in the west of Ireland where many districts became affected with distress by reason of the partial loss of the potato crop.

As special measures, however, to which we shall hereafter refer, were taken by Her Majesty's Government to meet the distress occasioned by this calamity, the ordinary poor relief statistics cannot this year be regarded as affording a complete indication of the extent of the destitution for which it has been necessary to provide during the months of December, January, and February last.

The failure of the potato crop in the western unions is the ninth occurrence of the same nature which we have had to record since the famine of 1848, but it is satisfactory to note that the area over which distress is caused by the loss of this crop appears to become less in extent on each occasion, a circumstance which we trust affords some grounds for the hope that the time is approaching when the poorer classes will cease to depend so much upon this uncertain article of food.

The information we received during the early months of the summer led us to form a favourable opinion of the harvest prospects throughout Ireland, but in the month of July reports reached us from the West of Ireland to the effect that the potato crop had made no growth owing to the continued rains and want of sunshine, and that the outlook for the poorer classes was very serious. We accordingly obtained reports from our Inspectors in the month of July from which it seemed evident that the failure or success of the crop would largely depend upon the state of the weather. The season, however, continued unfavourable, and we instructed our Inspectors to make full and exhaustive inquiries in every part of the country and to report to us fully in the month of October as to the potato crop, grain harvest, and turf supply, and the prospects of the poorer classes during the ensuing winter and spring. To enable the result of the inquiries to be before us at as early a date as possible, we received authority on the 2nd October to appoint, temporarily, three additional Inspectors.

The reports received from our Inspectors regarding the different parts of the country varied considerably. In the eastern counties the harvest was stated to be abundant, but along the western sea-

board, from Donegal to West Cork, the Inspectors reported that though the general harvest was for the most part prosperous, the failure of the potato crop in the cold, wet, inferior lands was serious, and that distress was imminent in many of the congested districts, where the potato still forms the staple food of the peasantry.

With these facts before us we felt it incumbent upon us to make special arrangements by which we might be kept advised of the condition of the people, and by which a strict supervision could be exercised over the administration of relief. With this object in view, we obtained authority in the month of December to appoint, temporarily, four Inspectors in addition to the three appointed in October, and this arrangement enabled us to reduce the areas of our Inspectors' districts to such an extent that each Inspector would be in a position to attend, regularly, the meetings of the Boards of Guardians, to be in constant communication with the Relieving Officers, and to watch closely the state of the poorer classes in every part of his district.

The result of the Inspectors' inquiries was laid before Government, and we pointed out that in many of the congested districts where distress was likely to prevail, the rate-paying resources of the unions were quite unequal to the strain which an exceptional pressure for relief would impose.

Under these circumstances it was decided by Government to open relief works at the expense of the State, and thus afford employment, under strict supervision of officers responsible to Government, to persons who, after a most searching inquiry, were ascertained to be in distress owing to the loss of their crops. In pursuance of this arrangement relief works were recommended by our Inspectors, and were opened in the month of December in Ballinrobe, Belmullet, Clifden, Oughterard, and Westport unions. In the following month it was found necessary to add to this list the unions of Bantry, Castletown, Galway, Glenties, Skibbereen, and Skull, and, in February, those of Ballina, Clonakilty, Dunfanaghy, Killala, and Sligo. It also appears evident from the reports of our Inspectors which are now before us that during the months of May, June, and July, which include the most trying period of the year for the occupiers of small holdings remote from the sea coast, it may probably be necessary to open relief works in many other of the distressed unions. The total number of persons employed and the amount of money expended up to the month of February will be found in a Parliamentary return laid before the House of Commons early in March, to which we beg to refer your Excellency.\*

The Government, before the prorogation of Parliament in August last, had pressed through the Railways (Ireland) Bill, the object of which, as described by the Chief Secretary in moving the second reading on the 13th of that month, was "to make more rapid

\* Parliamentary Paper, No. 132, dated 6th March, 1891. This return shows that the total amount expended in wages to labourers on relief works up to the 28th February, 1891, was £21,160.

the works connected with light railways in the west and north-west of Ireland in view of the possibility of a serious failure of the potato crop in that part of the country."

These works were commenced in December, so that, in addition to the number relieved on public works, the construction of railways afforded employment at high wages to very large numbers of persons in the poorest localities who otherwise would have been applicants for relief; and the fund inaugurated by your Excellency and the President of our Board in aid of the occupiers of small holdings who were infirm and unable to work has relieved the rates of the support of a large class of persons who, in periods of scarcity, are the first to require assistance.

We print in the appendix\* a report we addressed to your Excellency in the month of February last, which summarizes the information received from our Inspectors as to the condition of the poor throughout the western unions up to the 15th of that month. The characteristic of the present distress as will be seen by that report is that the loss of the potato crop has been most complete and disastrous in those districts where poverty is at all times the most severe; but, although the scarcity of food in those particular districts is evidently greater than it has been since 1848, we are happy to note that, as the distress arises from this cause alone and is effectually met by the relief measures now in operation, the outlook for the poorer classes is much more favourable than in 1880 when the causes of distress were cumulative and arose from arrears of debts, failure of crops, low price of cattle, and the effects of general depression in trade throughout the country.

Hitherto the periodically recurring distress in those districts has been met by a rapidly organized system of charity which regarded only the existence and not the cause of distress; but we trust that the construction of the light railways and the operation of the other measures for the amelioration of the condition of the people which are now before Parliament may give an impetus to the industries and resources of the country, and, ultimately, be the means of diminishing that sense of dependence on extraneous help which unhappily exists throughout the west of Ireland in times of scarcity, and which is so prejudicial to habits of thrift and industry.

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#### SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACTS, 1890-91.

4. The measures taken by the Government to meet the distress immediately resulting from the failure of the potato crop in the western unions have been mentioned in the preceding paragraphs, and we shall now briefly refer to the steps taken for the purpose of providing against the want of seed potatoes

\* See page 92.

for the next year's crop. With that view the Seed Potatoes Supply Act was introduced into Parliament on the 4th December, 1890, and received the Royal Assent on the 9th of the same month.

By this Act the Board of Works, with the consent of the Treasury, were authorized to advance money to Boards of Guardians for the use of any electoral division of a union, provided that we were satisfied that the occupiers of land in that division were generally unable through poverty and the extent of the failure of the potato crop to procure an adequate supply of seed potatoes, and that we approved of such loan being made. The loan should be expended on the purchase of seed potatoes for sale to the following classes of persons, viz :—(a) occupiers of land valued at not more than £15 per annum, to each of whom a quantity not exceeding 12 cwt. might be sold; and (b) those cultivators generally known as "con-acre" tenants, to each of whom a quantity not exceeding 6 cwt. might be sold. In the case of this latter class it was provided that no sale should be made except upon the application of the tenant or occupying owner of the land, and upon his agreeing to pay the price of the seed.

The loans were made to the Guardians without interest, which, however, is to be paid to the Board of Works out of the Irish Church Temporalities Fund. It is provided that the sums due to the Guardians by purchasers of seed shall be repaid in two annual instalments, to be levied by means of a rate, the first being payable with the first ordinary poor-rate which shall be made subsequently to the 1st of August next, and the first repayment to the Board of Works on account of the sums advanced by them, is to be made by the Guardians on the 1st of August, 1892. The Act further provided that an abatement of one-fifth should be made in the price of all seed paid for by the purchasers in cash, and the loss caused thereby is to be borne by the Irish Church Temporalities Fund.

With the object of preventing a recurrence of the abuses which took place in the administration of the Seed Supply Act, 1880, power was given to us to make, with the consent of your Excellency and of the Treasury, general rules and regulations for the purpose of carrying the Act into effect, and your Excellency, on our application, was enabled with the consent of the Treasury to appoint officers of the Land Commission or other persons as Inspectors to assist the Guardians in the purchase of seed, and in all arrangements for its inspection, storage, and distribution; furthermore, power was given to the Inspectors so appointed to issue regulations for these purposes.

During the present year the Government deemed it advisable to introduce a Bill to amend the Act of 1890. This Bill, which received the Royal Assent on the 26th of March last, repealed the provision of that Act which made it a condition that the tenant or occupying owner should apply for the seed required by the cultivator holding from him in con-acre and agree to pay the

price of such seed, and enacted that it should be lawful for the Guardians to obtain such security as they might think sufficient for the payment of the price of the seed sold to this class of cultivators.

On the 23rd of December last we addressed a circular letter to each Board of Guardians in Ireland, forwarding a General Order made by us on the 22nd of that month, prescribing rules and regulations under the Act of 1890, together with a memorandum prepared by the Irish Government, giving information as to the varieties of potatoes known to be suitable for this country. By the Order referred to, the 31st of January was fixed as the latest date on which applications for loans were to be made to us, but we found it necessary to issue supplemental Orders extending in certain cases the time for applying, and, finally, on the passing of the Seed Potatoes Supply Act, 1891, we further extended, by an Order of the 26th of March, the time to the 15th of April, so as to enable every union in Ireland to obtain the benefit of that enactment.

Twenty-four Inspectors were appointed in pursuance of the Seed Supply Act, 1890, to two of whom were assigned the duties of general administration, and to four the duties of special and port inspection, while the remaining eighteen, acting as local inspectors, assisted the several Boards of Guardians. On the 8th of January the Inspectors issued regulations in regard to the purchase and inspection of seed potatoes, and further regulations were made by them from time to time in respect of the inspection, storage, and distribution of seed and other similar matters.

The circulars and instructions which have been issued in connection with the Acts will be found in the appendix.\*

Out of the 160 unions in Ireland, the Guardians of 111 have put the Act of 1890 in force, and up to the 31st of March last we had approved of loans amounting in the aggregate to £261,541 13s. 2d. being obtained by the Guardians of 106 unions.† The operations under the Acts show that the Guardians have availed themselves extensively of the means afforded of procuring, under skilled supervision and proper regulations, a supply of good seed for the use of the occupiers and cultivators of land in the unions under their charge.

#### SEED SUPPLY ACT, 1890.

5. It will be observed from paragraph 20 of our last Report that on the 31st of March, 1890, seventeen unions remained indebted under the above-mentioned Act to the extent of £17,502 5s. 2d. During the year following that date two unions completed the repayment of the loans obtained by them for the purchase of seed in the year 1890, and the total amount repaid to the Commissioners of Public Works during the year was £2,584 7s. 3d., which left a balance of £14,917 17s. 11d. due on the 31st of March last by the Guardians of fifteen unions.

\* See pages 74-81.

† See page 112.

The amount advanced to Boards of Guardians under the Seed Supply Act, 1880, after crediting the unions with certain sums refunded, was £598,806 10s. 9d., of which £583,388 12s. 10d. had been paid on the date mentioned, viz.—the 31st of March last.

6. The following table shows the number of persons in receipt of in-door and out-door relief, respectively, in the last week of each month of the year ended the 31st of January, 1891, as compared with the preceding year:—

NUMBER OF PERSONS IN WORKHOUSES AND ON OUT-DOOR RELIEF in the last week of each of the twelve months ended the 31st of January, 1891, and in the corresponding weeks of the preceding year (ended the 25th of January, 1890).

YEAR 1890-91.				YEAR 1889-90.				Increase in the year 1890-91.		Decrease in the year 1890-91.	
WEEK ENDED	Number of persons			WEEK ENDED	Number of persons			In Work-houses.	On Out-door relief.	In Work-houses.	On Out-door relief.
	In Work-houses.	On Out-door relief.	Total.		In Work-houses.	On Out-door relief.	Total.				
1890.				1890.							
February 22.	47,641	66,629	114,270	February 23.	45,611	63,187	112,798	—	842	970	—
March 23.	44,820	64,260	109,144	March 30.	46,132	63,508	111,340	—	—	1,108	1,003
April 26.	43,795	63,889	105,684	April 27.	44,728	64,083	109,813	—	—	1,203	1,105
May 31.	41,176	62,894	104,070	May 25.	43,180	63,903	107,143	—	—	2,004	1,669
June 28.	40,267	62,127	102,394	June 22.	40,576	63,007	103,583	—	—	689	883
July 26.	39,328	61,428	100,766	July 27.	40,411	62,860	103,271	—	—	1,073	892
August 30.	36,842	59,675	97,517	August 31.	40,326	60,074	90,340	—	61	1,484	—
September 27.	33,468	58,927	92,395	September 28.	41,683	58,815	99,898	—	112	1,020	—
October 24.	40,028	53,769	93,797	October 20.	41,878	59,447	101,820	—	—	1,845	674
November 29.	42,226	60,635	102,861	November 30.	43,929	60,408	104,337	—	227	1,703	—
December 27.	43,069	62,831	105,900	December 26.	44,133	61,104	105,239	—	737	2,046	—
1891.				1890.							
January 31.	43,310	66,366	110,276	January 23.	46,736	61,026	114,431	—	2,670	2,823	—

The returns summarized in the foregoing table show a decrease in the number of persons relieved in workhouses in each of the weeks of the year 1890-91 included in the table as compared with the corresponding weeks of the preceding year. The decrease in the number of persons relieved in workhouses has already been adverted to in paragraph 3.

[TABLE



7. The following is a tabulated statement of the admissions to the workhouses during the year ended on the 29th of September last, in comparison with those of the thirty-one preceding years :—

Year ended with September.	Number of persons in Workhouses at the commencement of the year.	Number of persons admitted during the year.					Number of births in the Workhouses during the year.	Total number of persons relieved in the Workhouses during the year.	Number of deaths in the Workhouses during the year.	
		Number admitted in sickness.				Number admitted who were not sick.				
		Suffering from Fever or other contagious disease.	Suffering under other disorders.	Suffering from accidental injury.	Total number admitted in sickness.					
1850.	30,834	2,563	52,080	2,197	44,260	70,834	114,804	2,276	163,708	3,402
1851.	35,266	0,107	36,456	2,078	47,588	85,212	132,999	2,442	170,540	9,077
1852.	36,264	2,203	35,378	2,217	40,805	114,850	164,603	2,438	203,422	10,850
1853.	41,220	11,182	44,858	2,220	58,264	165,423	223,687	2,818	267,697	12,740
1854.	45,181	14,409	44,957	2,481	61,867	178,270	240,127	2,077	288,285	13,391
1855.	40,037	13,757	43,937	2,280	61,064	151,187	212,221	2,880	261,147	12,765
1856.	48,033	13,410	41,498	2,585	62,291	130,093	201,330	2,731	232,170	12,828
1857.	41,837	13,555	38,627	2,203	64,445	130,144	184,687	2,060	232,101	11,641
1858.	44,378	11,703	43,370	2,438	57,512	123,806	211,297	2,864	258,139	13,102
1859.	46,613	11,300	41,834	2,504	55,637	153,259	240,818	2,007	288,353	11,570
1860.	47,775	9,974	47,002	2,441	64,910	181,858	186,577	2,410	235,662	11,247
1861.	45,912	8,153	59,930	2,810	40,740	283,386	183,135	2,282	230,420	10,097
1862.	42,573	8,718	38,212	2,610	40,540	181,492	181,082	2,108	226,510	10,059
1863.	40,691	10,340	39,929	2,340	62,009	137,219	180,748	1,963	212,230	11,848
1864.	43,854	8,305	43,747	2,422	64,404	172,078	240,482	1,082	240,288	12,854
1865.	41,440	8,469	33,308	2,875	50,493	159,509	200,005	1,814	233,106	10,795
1866.	42,886	8,915	37,094	2,889	47,967	121,182	160,140	1,700	213,794	11,470
1867.	40,695	6,876	10,870	2,385	45,331	05,070	140,801	1,648	182,740	10,043
1868.	39,775	6,946	39,809	2,829	49,126	108,255	187,385	1,793	108,881	10,708
1869.	43,711	8,116	48,180	2,781	54,941	181,024	208,068	1,726	248,192	11,828
1870.	43,895	8,288	47,892	2,709	58,583	193,705	258,288	1,028	101,060	15,127
1880.	43,180	8,968	50,717	2,899	62,009	354,629	317,238	1,036	547,359	16,478
1881.	47,972	7,922	46,104	2,701	50,927	257,944	319,071	1,001	363,844	21,860
1882.	47,311	7,072	44,991	2,672	54,435	230,101	284,800	1,000	332,813	10,648
1883.	45,428	6,372	48,813	2,891	66,070	201,846	250,962	1,942	293,330	13,164
1884.	44,779	5,891	44,013	2,309	63,108	206,287	263,342	1,842	290,003	10,088
1885.	44,019	4,540	44,327	2,171	62,238	222,486	274,693	1,891	329,539	11,445
1886.	42,950	5,809	41,300	2,857	47,896	208,169	310,165	1,871	300,072	10,062
1887.	42,334	4,366	44,279	2,899	61,244	201,805	242,809	1,792	387,075	10,180
1888.	48,233	4,481	48,747	2,848	63,074	238,330	351,004	1,808	300,607	19,294
1889.	41,823	6,452	45,888	2,262	62,102	274,882	323,484	1,733	360,570	0,751
1890.	41,129	8,904	48,268	2,283	65,490	335,775	261,258	1,805	394,168	19,050

It will be observed from the above that there has been an increase of 3,358 in the total number admitted in sickness, and a decrease of 38,609 in the number admitted who were not sick, thus showing a decrease of 35,251 in the total number admitted during the year as compared with the previous year. The number suffering from fever or other contagious disease was greater by 452 than in the previous year, and the total number of persons relieved in workhouses shows a decrease of 35,402.

8. The following statement shows the average daily number of the several classes of persons relieved in workhouses during each of the last thirty-three years ended on the 29th of September:—

Average daily number in workhouses during the year, average number of deaths per week, and rate of mortality.

Year ended 29th Sept.	Estimated Population.	Able-bodied.			Mentally deficient and imbeciles.	Subs in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other classes.			Total No. in Workhouses.	Deaths per week.		The average of in-door pauper population.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Females.	Other classes.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		Average number during week.	Average weekly rate of mortality per 1,000 inmates.	
1838	5,013,108	2,515	7,121	9,636	14,300	1,106	14,830	16,947	3,150	4,018	5,148	48,708	180	3.6	76
1839	5,060,113	1,855	5,820	7,675	11,511	871	13,382	14,776	2,211	4,888	6,329	40,280	154	3.8	67
1840	5,088,820	1,687	6,000	7,687	11,218	594	13,804	14,708	2,775	4,701	7,530	41,271	184	4.3	60
1841	5,796,564	2,201	6,820	9,021	12,307	1,032	14,345	15,377	3,150	3,321	8,369	43,130	201	4.5	78
1842	5,704,674	3,055	8,310	11,345	14,317	1,262	16,108	17,369	3,556	5,031	10,000	43,658	244	4.5	63
1843	5,792,711	3,231	8,389	11,620	16,389	1,573	16,901	18,476	4,440	5,601	11,280	37,510	257	4.4	101
1844	5,723,516	2,840	7,070	9,910	16,175	1,534	16,746	18,690	4,705	5,722	11,428	36,505	244	4.3	96
1845	5,673,536	2,340	6,057	8,397	16,255	1,334	16,582	18,296	4,320	5,096	11,218	31,917	237	4.3	85
1846	5,582,625	2,213	5,872	8,085	14,278	1,315	16,675	17,990	4,411	5,477	10,838	30,588	221	4.4	8
1847	5,557,105	2,307	6,123	8,440	15,360	1,357	15,304	16,741	4,819	5,834	11,772	31,184	232	4.8	94
1848	5,542,285	2,400	6,123	8,523	15,921	1,156	15,608	16,620	4,334	7,094	12,428	35,860	221	4.1	97
1849	5,535,217	2,172	5,801	8,004	15,244	1,036	15,588	16,584	3,362	6,089	12,550	32,547	218	4.1	84
1850	5,515,074	2,017	5,570	7,587	15,637	946	15,341	16,280	6,394	6,806	11,092	29,186	205	4.1	69
1851	5,492,750	1,882	4,301	6,443	12,089	922	15,001	15,964	5,061	6,425	11,486	25,806	190	4.2	88
1852	5,358,166	1,760	4,025	5,785	11,461	1,026	13,107	15,160	4,140	6,600	11,746	25,753	220	5	88
1853	5,344,151	1,851	4,827	6,638	11,681	925	13,448	15,378	5,570	6,744	11,364	26,711	257	5.1	87
1854	5,314,614	1,875	4,700	6,575	11,079	809	15,810	15,803	5,454	6,777	12,231	26,581	205	4.4	86
1855	5,207,491	1,713	4,505	6,278	11,167	801	15,721	16,522	5,354	4,564	12,687	25,540	221	4.8	87
1856	5,211,518	1,679	4,150	5,829	10,131	657	15,600	16,323	5,275	6,697	11,970	23,682	204	4.7	62
1857	5,208,504	1,740	3,909	5,744	9,959	707	15,505	16,206	5,200	6,130	11,380	23,591	207	4.7	62
1858	5,151,050	1,645	4,448	6,093	10,546	630	16,575	17,735	5,735	6,517	12,252	27,023	227	4.8	68
1859	5,201,327	1,509	4,788	6,297	11,125	613	17,798	18,310	5,335	6,811	13,066	26,090	251	5.1	66
1860	5,227,160	2,018	5,161	7,180	12,310	1,007	18,350	19,347	6,843	7,360	14,093	34,240	259	4.8	102
1861	5,129,956	2,750	4,573	7,323	11,518	622	18,557	19,370	6,148	7,180	15,634	33,789	225	4.3	103
1862	5,030,009	2,803	4,777	7,540	10,903	619	18,194	19,251	6,170	6,925	13,107	30,501	204	4	99
1863	5,015,223	2,607	4,720	7,327	10,209	763	18,276	19,000	6,180	7,335	13,615	30,315	228	5	1
1864	4,961,370	2,393	4,428	6,791	9,999	671	17,495	18,080	6,200	7,140	13,390	27,025	210	4.4	96
1865	4,921,342	2,328	4,309	6,637	8,538	802	17,287	17,709	6,208	6,011	12,239	25,668	212	4.7	94
1866	4,830,430	2,477	4,354	6,831	8,709	489	16,755	17,244	6,407	7,015	13,422	26,104	208	4.4	94
1867	4,857,328	2,471	4,167	6,638	8,339	470	16,722	17,199	6,548	6,987	13,515	26,488	194	4.3	94
1868	4,777,515	2,637	4,101	6,738	8,002	504	16,338	17,480	6,308	6,770	13,078	25,518	198	4.3	94
1869	4,730,323	2,507	3,878	6,385	7,661	388	16,065	17,087	6,210	6,614	12,824	25,836	187	4.3	93
1870	4,683,318	2,349	3,761	6,110	7,000	455	16,747	17,312	5,973	6,310	12,983	25,517	208	4.7	91

9. We here continue from last Report a table showing for the last thirty-five years the per-centage in each year of the several classes of workhouse inmates as compared with the whole number—

CLASSIFIED RETURN of the number of inmates of workhouses in Ireland on the first Saturday of January; and the per-centage of the several classes on the total number of inmates.

First Saturday of January.	Inmates not in Hospital.				Number in Hospital.	Total number in Workhouse.	Percentage on total number.				
	Able-bodied.		Children under 16 years of age.	Other classes.			Able-bodied.		Children under 16 years of age not in Hospital.	Other classes not in Hospital.	In Hospital.
	Males.	Females.					Males.	Females.			
3 Jan., 1857	3,502	3,222	10,777	6,611	10,371	35,183	6.4	16.8	21.3	12	80
2 „ 1856	3,400	3,337	15,608	6,337	15,086	42,368	5.6	16.0	21.7	13	22.3
1 „ 1855	3,347	3,090	12,733	6,147	13,553	42,890	5.1	15.6	20.2	14.9	86
7 „ 1854	3,184	3,791	11,707	7,327	13,069	42,318	6.1	16.7	27.1	17.1	21.7
5 „ 1853	3,222	7,789	13,765	8,475	12,750	47,332	5.3	16.3	26.8	17.9	13.4
4 „ 1852	3,483	3,154	13,322	6,511	17,453	34,104	6.2	16.7	27.5	17.3	21.3
5 „ 1851	4,030	6,544	16,756	11,183	18,421	60,036	5.7	16.1	27.0	18.6	20.7
8 „ 1851	3,638	8,031	17,170	11,865	18,282	36,867	6.1	14.0	24.7	16.8	20.5
7 „ 1850	3,303	3,054	16,021	12,104	19,346	36,498	5.7	13.8	28	20.2	21.5
6 „ 1850	3,001	3,394	18,404	11,501	17,545	34,135	5.3	13.7	28.2	21.1	22.4
5 „ 1847	3,605	7,798	14,791	11,021	17,265	34,330	5.9	13.2	28.7	21.3	21.3
4 „ 1848	3,968	7,080	16,366	13,901	15,733	36,063	5.1	12.5	30	22.0	20.6
2 „ 1850	3,223	7,002	16,344	13,156	16,870	36,334	5.1	12.4	29.8	22.1	20.6
1 „ 1850	3,666	8,336	15,058	15,725	16,490	32,687	5	11.8	29.1	22.7	21.4
7 „ 1851	3,583	8,670	13,614	12,300	16,862	36,515	4.9	11	29.6	24.5	22.2
6 „ 1852	3,261	8,107	12,031	12,303	16,552	42,738	4.0	10.7	27.5	25.2	31
4 „ 1853	3,321	3,447	12,360	12,696	17,623	42,856	4.7	10.0	24.8	26.6	24.1
3 „ 1854	3,283	3,280	13,165	12,777	16,660	43,192	4.0	10.7	24.7	25	23.9
2 „ 1855	3,333	3,100	13,187	12,832	17,312	43,665	4.7	10.4	21.5	25.0	24.5
1 „ 1856	3,082	4,480	16,574	11,380	16,207	42,214	4.8	9.9	23.7	25.0	25.0
6 „ 1857	3,107	4,226	16,553	11,047	16,184	42,765	4.0	9.6	23	25.1	26.7
5 „ 1858	3,810	4,872	11,170	12,803	18,002	42,362	5.1	9.0	22.0	25.0	26.5
4 „ 1859	3,913	3,118	11,363	13,306	19,568	31,704	5.6	9.0	22	28.0	26.9
3 „ 1860	3,500	3,700	12,123	14,735	20,210	37,465	6.1	10	22.8	26.7	26.4
1 „ 1861	3,308	3,618	12,202	14,480	17,553	36,364	6	10	22	26.1	26.9
7 „ 1862	3,378	3,204	13,419	13,302	18,884	36,281	6.2	9.0	21.2	26.1	26.9
6 „ 1863	3,318	3,143	11,853	13,322	20,274	31,710	6.1	9.6	20.0	28.0	27.6
8 „ 1864	3,812	4,374	9,967	18,509	18,321	42,384	8.0	9.9	19.9	28	26.7
3 „ 1865	3,712	4,641	9,330	13,570	16,227	44,009	8.6	9.6	19.1	28.4	27.4
2 „ 1866	3,851	4,903	9,060	13,829	17,430	47,774	6	9.6	20	29	26.9
1 „ 1867	3,900	4,474	8,680	13,542	17,482	47,396	6.1	9.2	18.8	28.5	26.5
7 „ 1868	3,332	4,634	8,408	13,616	18,281	46,220	6.0	9.4	17.4	28.2	28.1
6 „ 1869	3,044	4,166	8,128	15,491	17,872	40,564	6.6	9	17.6	26	27.0
4 „ 1870	3,741	4,070	7,285	11,388	17,810	41,533	8.9	9.1	16.6	29	26.2
8 „ 1871	3,443	3,766	5,781	13,451	17,158	42,601	5.7	8.9	18.3	26.2	26.6

## LUNATICS AND IDIOTS IN WORKHOUSES.

10. The following tables give the total number of lunatics and idiots in the workhouses of Ireland on the 31st of December last—

Provinces.	Simple Lunatics.		Epileptic Lunatics.		Total number of Simple and Epileptic Lunatics.		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Ulster, . . .	205	430	84	45	299	475	774
Munster, . . .	180	353	15	61	195	414	609
Leinster, . . .	213	412	50	76	263	488	751
Connaught, . . .	29	38	5	5	34	41	75
Total, . . .	627	1,233	154	187	781	1,419	2,199

Provinces.	Simple Idiots.		Epileptic Idiots.		Total number of Simple and Epileptic Idiots.		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Ulster, . . .	105	215	34	48	219	263	482
Munster, . . .	232	292	73	51	305	343	648
Leinster, . . .	174	246	44	55	218	301	519
Connaught, . . .	86	136	19	36	114	172	286
Total, . . .	603	889	167	190	770	1,053	1,823

11. Subjoined is a tabular statement showing the number of "night lodgers" (a term corresponding to "casuals" in England), relieved during the first week of each of the past twelve months, in continuation of a similar table in last Report.

## RETURN OF NIGHT-LODGERS, OR CASUALS, relieved.

Week ended	Number relieved during the week.				Number in Workhouse at close of the week.				Number relieved in corresponding week of previous year.
	Males.	Females.	Children under 15.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Children under 15.	Total.	
5th April, 1880, .	2,185	611	531	3,327	419	106	93	618	4,633
3rd May, " . . .	1,783	705	501	3,149	431	99	88	618	4,506
7th June, " . . .	2,422	725	602	3,749	310	92	78	480	3,973
5th July, " . . .	1,791	631	519	2,941	275	91	89	455	2,920
2nd August, " . . .	2,256	680	623	3,559	313	93	80	486	3,583
6th September, " . . .	1,966	660	522	3,048	265	85	80	430	3,796
4th October, " . . .	2,344	639	594	3,577	374	102	81	557	3,418
1st November, " . . .	2,383	479	434	3,296	344	64	60	468	3,244
8th December, " . . .	1,966	426	350	2,742	329	83	62	474	3,747
3rd January, 1881, .	2,291	419	261	2,971	205	73	49	327	3,738
7th February, " . . .	2,766	516	358	3,640	313	85	77	475	3,483
7th March, " . . .	2,800	571	456	3,827	339	81	68	488	4,184

It will be seen that in eight of the twelve weeks included in the above table the number of night lodgers relieved was less than in the corresponding weeks of the previous year. In each of the remaining weeks there was a slight increase.

12. As part of the statistics which are brought up very nearly to the date of this Report, the following table exhibits in the accustomed form:—

A. CLASSIFICATION of the causes of death in workhouses during the period from the 15th of February, 1890, to the 7th of March, 1891.

CAUSES OF DEATH.	In the first week ended															Previous corresponding period.
	15th March.	15th April.	15th May.	15th June.	15th July.	15th Aug.	15th Sept.	15th Oct.	15th Nov.	15th Dec.	15th Jan.	15th Feb.	15th March.	Total.		
Age, . . . . .	270	270	225	165	141	151	155	150	119	109	225	330	210	220	2,913	2,390
Apoplexy, . . . . .	41	4	4	6	6	5	7	7	6	5	0	13	31	10	104	86
Asphyxia, . . . . .	1	—	2	7	2	7	0	1	—	3	8	7	6	7	54	202
Atrophy, . . . . .	117	70	73	78	65	63	32	35	45	25	67	70	70	63	619	1,037
Brain Disease, . . . . .	40	30	34	37	15	24	30	20	20	21	21	29	48	34	399	483
Cancer, . . . . .	21	16	18	17	18	21	16	20	21	17	18	23	31	15	290	267
Childbirth, . . . . .	3	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	—	1	—	9	17
Cholera, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Consumption, . . . . .	135	109	308	63	50	87	72	61	66	65	69	77	65	100	1,106	1,778
Convulsions, . . . . .	16	10	11	0	8	7	3	14	8	0	4	17	10	12	139	184
Croup, . . . . .	2	2	—	1	—	—	1	3	2	1	—	—	—	2	14	11
Diarrhoea, . . . . .	21	13	16	4	5	11	10	16	18	9	18	11	20	12	183	217
Dyspepsia, . . . . .	7	14	14	4	26	12	8	13	5	4	11	13	7	13	131	183
Dysentery, . . . . .	8	1	2	1	—	1	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	1	11	19
Dyspepsia, . . . . .	2	—	—	2	3	3	1	2	1	1	—	2	1	8	23	26
Epilepsy, . . . . .	10	4	2	1	21	7	4	4	5	3	6	6	4	8	70	121
Fever, . . . . .	37	15	23	23	25	14	21	20	20	19	16	22	20	25	333	377
Gonorrhoea, . . . . .	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	5	5	5	6	5	8	7	60	59
Heart Disease, . . . . .	66	69	57	41	27	34	57	47	60	57	52	53	54	45	530	613
Hæmoptoe-Cough, . . . . .	7	4	6	1	1	—	2	—	2	—	—	1	2	3	21	45
Inflammation of other diseases of																
Bosels, . . . . .	13	4	4	5	38	3	11	11	9	13	15	9	10	10	189	136
Kidney, . . . . .	17	12	17	14	15	6	17	14	15	15	31	8	11	13	182	128
Liver, . . . . .	4	16	11	19	9	8	6	8	9	7	11	20	6	8	122	90
Lungs, . . . . .	268	224	175	123	96	86	61	77	61	311	168	227	212	107	2,211	2,218
Malaria, . . . . .	16	15	2	1	5	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	38	84
Paralysis, . . . . .	31	21	27	19	19	25	25	23	19	31	22	51	20	20	304	348
Pleurisy, . . . . .	1	—	1	1	1	—	1	2	1	—	—	—	1	—	8	11
Rheumatism, . . . . .	7	12	5	7	3	7	5	4	4	6	3	4	7	6	82	64
Scarlatina, . . . . .	1	—	2	4	2	—	1	1	3	—	1	2	1	1	19	29
Serofels, . . . . .	6	5	5	4	4	5	6	4	2	4	4	13	7	2	71	116
Small-pox, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ulcus, . . . . .	7	5	3	4	3	3	6	8	7	5	6	12	10	18	61	78
Other Diseases, . . . . .	112	45	46	41	20	52	17	19	10	23	19	21	19	28	456	545
Total, . . . . .	1,440	1,063	865	713	639	612	551	579	548	608	718	1,056	940	885	11,256	—
Previous corresponding period, . . . . .	998	925	360	717	652	672	593	583	651	617	772	869	1,168	1,419	—	11,577

The total number of deaths in the workhouses in the period comprised in the above table was 11,256. In the previous corresponding period the total number of deaths was 11,577; there has, therefore, been a decrease of 321 deaths as compared with the number in the previous period.

Deaths by fever were 333, as against 377; by lung disease 2,211, as against 2,218; and there was no death from small-pox in the workhouses during either period.

## ORPHANS AND DESERTED CHILDREN.

13. The number of orphans and deserted children out at nurse from the workhouses in Ireland under the provisions of the Act 39 and 40 Vic, c. 38, on the 14th of February last was 2,545, being a decrease of 189 as compared with the number on the corresponding date in the year 1890.

## EMIGRATION.

14. Since the date of our last Report a grant under the Arrears of Rent (Ireland) Act, 1882, and the Tramways and Public Companies (Ireland) Act, 1883, amounting to £56 16s. 4d., was made to the Board of Guardians of Ballina Union to assist in defraying the cost of the emigration of a family of ten persons to the United States.

15. We now continue the series of recent statistics by repeating, with one additional year, the table showing the number of persons assisted by Boards of Guardians to emigrate under the provisions of the Irish Poor Relief Acts and the cost incurred for that purpose in each year, that is to say, for forty-one years ended on the 25th of March.

EMIGRATION under sec. 26 of the Act 12 & 13 Vic, c. 104, dated the 1st of August, 1849.

Period.	Amount authorized to be expended by Sanctioned Consents.	Number of Persons assisted to Emigrate.			
		Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years of age.	Total.
	£ s. d.				
Aug., 1849, to 25 Mar., 1851,	11,151 14 11	561	1,244	727	2,532
Year ended 25 March, 1852,	21,010 5 4	790	2,644	952	4,386
" " 1853,	14,517 0 11	492	2,218	1,115	3,825
" " 1854,	12,446 17 6	403	1,702	890	2,995
" " 1855,	24,368 5 2	159	2,847	738	3,744
" " 1856,	3,618 6 9	64	363	403	829
" " 1857,	2,719 15 1	76	363	303	742
" " 1858,	4,177 10 1	83	469	302	854
" " 1859,	2,553 16 6	57	270	180	507
" " 1860,	1,729 19 2	43	178	141	362

EMIGRATION under sec. 26 of the Act 12 & 13 Vic., c. 104, dated the 1st of August, 1849—*continued.*

PERIOD.	Amount authorized to be expended by Sanitary Commissions.	Number of Persons assisted to Emigrate.			
		Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years of age.	Total.
Year ended 25 March, 1861.	£ s. d.				
" " 1862.	1,465 19 11	44	178	128	347
" " 1863.	528 17 4	12	72	38	122
" " 1864.	2,439 10 3	41	317	139	497
" " 1865.	4,779 4 5	123	561	345	969
" " 1866.	2,518 17 11	93	315	438	846
" " 1867.	3,425 9 11	100	360	650	1,120
" " 1868.	2,023 10 0	66	238	459	763
" " 1869.	1,963 9 6	71	263	485	819
" " 1870.	1,880 13 9	71	265	439	715
" " 1871.	1,859 12 5	49	219	449	717
" " 1872.	2,368 9 11	63	226	422	701
" " 1873.	2,092 3 10	34	223	330	586
" " 1874.	1,504 14 6	44	173	304	521
" " 1875.	2,340 3 3	67	323	474	864
" " 1876.	1,247 15 1	36	192	300	528
" " 1877.	901 0 6	38	97	223	358
" " 1878.	556 17 4	13	71	116	200
" " 1879.	338 4 7	15	49	84	148
" " 1880.	551 1 3	32	43	129	204
" " 1881.	721 5 1	55	91	146	292
" " 1882.	3,482 16 0	210	558	546	1,314
" " 1883.	4,211 2 2	295	504	603	1,402
" " 1884.	4,292 16 3	312	654	600	1,566
" " 1885.	4,346 5 2	417	840	904	2,161
" " 1886.	1,588 5 8	103	309	489	913
" " 1887.	1,153 13 1	64	223	334	621
" " 1888.	1,493 13 8	103	249	386	738
" " 1889.	1,371 0 0	116	262	342	720
" " 1890.	1,519 12 6	122	261	410	793
" " 1891.	879 12 1	85	190	258	533
" " 1892.	890 0 6	73	193	225	491
Total.	£ 152,846 9 7½	5,644	20,307	17,478	43,429

#### AMALGAMATION OF UNIONS.

16. In our last annual Report we referred to the fact that we had under consideration the question of dissolving the Glin Union. We deem it inadvisable at present to reduce the workhouse accommodation in the district, but we propose to dissolve the union from the 30th of September next, and to add it to the adjoining unions of Rathkeale and Listowel. During the past year we received an application from the Board of Guardians of Ballyvaghan Union for the dissolution of that union, but in this case also we consider the present time inopportune for making a reduction in workhouse accommodation, and we have accordingly deferred the consideration of the Guardians' request.

#### DISSOLUTION OF BOARDS OF GUARDIANS.

17. In paragraph 14 of our last Report we mentioned that we had dissolved the Boards of Guardians of Portumna and Cork Unions and appointed paid officers in their stead. We have

now to report that Guardians were elected in those unions at the general election of Guardians in the month of March last, and that at the present time there is not any union under the management of paid officers.

# SCHOOL DISTRICT.

18. The District school at Trim, to which we referred in paragraph 15 of our last Report as having been formed for the maintenance and education of children from the workhouses of Trim, Drogheda, Dunshaughlin, Navan, and Kells unions, was opened in June, 1890, and the number of children maintained therein each week from the end of that month to the 14th of February last is shown in the table on page 3. On the 28th of March last the number in the school was 172, of whom 50 were from Trim, 39 from Drogheda, 14 from Dunshaughlin, 40 from Navan, and 29 from Kells union.

The institution seems, so far, to be well adapted for the purpose for which it has been formed, and the reports received by us respecting the health and progress of the children are satisfactory.

# POOR RELIEF EXPENDITURE.

19. We now proceed to the statistics arising out of the accounts of the unions for the year ended the 29th of September, 1890, and we deal in the first place with poor relief expenditure.

Year ended 29th September	Net Annual Value	Poor Rate levied.	Poor Relief Expended during year.							Numbers relieved during year.			
			In Maintenance and Clothing.	Out-door Relief.	Cost of Relief in Blind and Deaf and Dumb Institutions, and of patients in Extern Hospitals.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	All other Expenditure.	Total Poor Relief Expenditure.	Amount of Expenditure in Excess of and in excess of in connection with workhouse buildings, and deducted from same.	In workhouses.	Out-door.	In Blind and Deaf and Dumb Institutions.	Total supported.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1889.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1889.	12,894,507	1,261,264	326,173	196,174	12,860	126,721	145,463	254,765	4,827	326,168	126,174	212	452,554
1890.	12,898,023	1,114,506	269,345	126,176	12,861	126,777	126,128	254,815	2,219	269,329	126,176	227	401,332
Increase.	35416	—	—	—	1	1,046	2,335	2,764	1,608	—	—	25	—
Decrease.	—	65,758	57	1,218	—	—	—	—	—	25,842	648	—	95,222

From the above table it will be seen that there was a decrease of £970 in "in-maintenance and clothing," and of £1,320 in "out-door relief," while there was an increase of £118 in the "cost of relief in blind and deaf and dumb institutions, and of patients in extern hospitals," of £1,945 in "salaries and rations of officers," and of £2,323 in "all other expenditure," making a net increase, when the expenditure from loans shown in column 10 has been deducted, of £428 in the expenditure on the relief of the poor during the year.

[TABLE.

C 2



## EXPENDITURE FOR ALL PURPOSES FOR TWENTY-ONE YEARS PART.

20

20. STATEMENT of the collection and expenditure of poor rates, showing the net annual value of property rated, the amount of poor rate collected, and the expenditure under the Poor Relief and Medical Charities Acts, &c., for each year ended on the 31st of September, from 1870 to 1890, inclusive.

Year ended 31st Sept.	Net annual value of land.	Amount of poor rate collected.	Expenditure Related to Poor.						Expenditure under Medical Charities Acts.	Expenditure under Medical Charities Acts.	Expenditure under Medical Charities Acts.	Expenditure under Medical Charities Acts.	Expenditure under Medical Charities Acts.	Expenditure under Medical Charities Acts.	Expenditure under Medical Charities Acts.	Expenditure under Medical Charities Acts.	Total Expenditure under Medical Charities Acts.	
			For relief of the poor.	For relief of the poor.	For relief of the poor.	For relief of the poor.	For relief of the poor.	For relief of the poor.									For relief of the poor.	For relief of the poor.
1870-71	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1871-72	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1872-73	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1873-74	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1874-75	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1875-76	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1876-77	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1877-78	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1878-79	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1879-80	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1880-81	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1881-82	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1882-83	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1883-84	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1884-85	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1885-86	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1886-87	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1887-88	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1888-89	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000
1889-90	£1,000,000	£100,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£50,000	£100,000	£100,000

These figures are subject to the usual variations in the accounts of the Poor Law Commission, and are not to be taken as final.

It will thus be seen that while the total expenditure for poor relief, medical relief, burial-grounds, sanitary measures, superannuation, payments under the Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, payments under the National School Teachers Act and all other purposes was, in 1889, £1,420,866, the expenditure in 1890 was £1,401,872.

## 21. TREASURY SUBSIDIES.

### GRANT FOR MEDICAL AND EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES, AND FOR SALARIES UNDER THE PUBLIC HEALTH (IRELAND) ACT.

The following is a statement of the expenditure from the parliamentary grant for medical and educational purposes and for salaries under the "Public Health (Ireland) Act," during the year ended 31st of March, 1890 :—

	Amount expended during the Year.		
	£	s.	d.
Medical purposes, . . . . .	74,764	2	9
Educational purposes, . . . . .	10,014	4	3
Total for medical and educational purposes, . . . . .	84,808	7	0
For salaries under Public Health Act, . . . . .	14,796	5	2
Total, . . . . .	99,604	12	2

The total amount expended under the parliamentary grant for medical and educational purposes during the year ended 31st of March, 1890, namely, £84,808 7s., is more by £3,366 2s. 2d. than the amount during the previous year.

The amount for salaries under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, namely, £14,796 5s. 2d., is more by £337 7s. 1d. than the amount during the previous year.

### GRANT UNDER PROBATE DUTIES (SCOTLAND AND IRELAND) ACT, 1888.

The amount payable to Ireland under the above-mentioned Act in respect of the year ended the 31st of March, 1890, was £204,742 17s. 6d., and was distributed as follows :—

	£	s.	d.
Royal Dublin Society, . . . . .	5,000	0	0
Boards of Guardians of poor law unions, . . . . .	99,871	8	9
Road Authorities, . . . . .	99,871	8	9
	£204,742	17	6

Schedules of the sums paid to the Guardians of poor law unions and to Road Authorities in respect of the grant for the year mentioned, are printed in the appendix.\*

\* See pages 115-117.

## GRANT FOR LABOURERS' COTTAGES.

During the past year a sum of £40,000 was voted by Parliament to be applied in relief of the liabilities incurred, or to be subsequently incurred, by Boards of Guardians in Ireland in carrying out the Labourers (Ireland) Acts, 1883 to 1886, the Grant to be distributed in proportion to the amount which the Board of Guardians of each Union would receive under the Probate Duties (Scotland and Ireland) Act, 1888.

In accordance with arrangements made by the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, this Grant was disbursed by us as follows:—

	£	s.	d.
To 88 Boards of Guardians, . . . . .	15,153	0	8
To the Commissioners of Public Works, to be applied by them in reduction of the capital liabilities of Boards of Guardians in respect of loans under the Labourers Acts, . . . . .	9,940	12	11
To a Deposit Account in the books of Her Majesty's Paymaster-General in Dublin, . . . . .	14,906	6	5
	£40,000	0	0

A schedule showing the sums paid by us to the several Boards of Guardians, and to the Commissioners of Public Works in reduction of the capital liabilities of Boards of Guardians in respect of loans, and the sums transferred to the Deposit Account, as also a copy of regulations, approved by the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, for dealing with the Deposit Account will be found in the appendix.\*

## 22. PARLIAMENTARY REGISTRATION EXPENSES (IRELAND) ACT, 1890, 53 &amp; 54 Vic., cap. 58.

The above-mentioned Act obtained the Royal Assent on the 18th of August, 1890, and in pursuance of its provisions we made an Order on the 10th of February last fixing a scale for the remuneration of Clerks and Collectors of Poor Rates of the several unions in Ireland for the discharge of their duties under the Representation of the People Acts. A copy of the Order will be found in the appendix.†

## ALTERATION OF DAYS FOR HOLDING FAIRS.

23. Consent has been given to the alteration of the days for holding Fairs in the town of Navan and also at Dromore, county Down.

## MARKETS AND FAIRS (WEIGHING OF CATTLE) ACT, 1887.

24. Since the 31st of March, 1890, we made Orders exempting nine additional fairs from the provisions of the Act for periods not in any case exceeding one year.

In 28 cases where Orders of exemption had been made for a limited time the market authorities applied to us for renewal of the Orders for a further term, and in 13 instances we renewed the Orders exempting the fairs for a further period of two years, and in the remaining 15 for one year.

\* See pages 118-125.

† See page 67.

## TOWNS IMPROVEMENT (IRELAND) ACT, 1854.

25. We have given our consent to the extension of the boundaries of the towns of Lisburn and Larne in pursuance of section 5 of the above-mentioned Act.

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## MEDICAL CHARITIES ACT AND VACCINATION ACTS.

26. We next submit to your Excellency a report of the proceedings under these Acts for the year ended the 30th of September, 1890.

The annexed table exhibits, in the usual form, the fluctuations in the number of cases in which medical relief was afforded under the Medical Charities Act, during each of the last twelve years ended on the 30th of September, for each province and for the whole of Ireland.

Compared with the previous year there was last year in each province an increase in the number of cases prescribed for at the dispensaries, and also in the number of those attended at their own houses, the respective increases being—in Ulster, 1,826 and 8,386; in Munster, 391 and 6,086; in Leinster, 2,613 and 8,463; and in Connaught, 418 and 795.

The total increase in the number of cases treated at dispensaries was 5,248, and in the number of those attended at their own houses 23,730.

[TABLE.]

SUMMARY of the NUMBER of CASES of MEDICAL RELIEF under the Medical Charities Act.

Year ended 31st December.	Families of Cases.			Families of Mentals.			Families of Lame.			Families of Deaf-mutes.			Total for England.		
	Dependent Children.	Widows & Orphans.	Total.	Dependent Children.	Widows & Orphans.	Total.	Dependent Children.	Widows & Orphans.	Total.	Dependent Children.	Widows & Orphans.	Total.	Dependent Children.	Widows & Orphans.	Total.
	I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.	VI.	VII.	VIII.	IX.	X.	XI.	XII.	XIII.	XIV.	XV.
1874. . . .	112,860	49,000	161,860	187,241	69,644	256,885	156,375	55,743	212,118	50,640	18,700	69,340	471,857	106,374	578,231
1875. . . .	109,100	51,448	160,548	149,899	67,489	217,388	141,219	49,870	191,089	49,347	19,203	68,550	449,146	104,206	553,352
1876. . . .	103,346	49,660	153,006	138,640	64,780	203,420	140,913	48,254	189,167	47,395	17,764	65,159	444,360	107,443	551,803
1877. . . .	115,290	54,461	169,751	151,736	61,774	213,510	138,779	56,405	195,184	54,398	19,868	74,266	459,388	104,343	563,731
1878. . . .	112,160	53,471	165,631	153,864	66,166	220,030	143,443	59,264	202,707	51,392	19,837	71,229	454,957	106,046	561,003
1879. . . .	106,979	51,346	158,325	154,813	67,226	222,039	140,799	58,016	198,815	49,946	18,754	68,700	437,565	111,206	548,771
1880. . . .	104,095	54,381	158,476	151,848	65,961	217,809	140,438	58,294	198,732	51,799	18,396	70,195	454,638	109,714	564,352
1881. . . .	105,816	54,867	160,683	164,286	67,438	231,724	137,677	57,336	195,013	50,960	17,860	68,820	436,111	117,206	553,317
1882. . . .	107,100	53,117	160,217	156,816	66,405	223,221	143,793	58,107	201,900	51,879	18,271	70,150	450,950	119,267	570,217
1883. . . .	107,669	56,654	164,323	166,808	69,134	235,942	146,620	60,707	207,327	52,114	18,564	70,678	459,544	124,106	583,650
1884. . . .	107,699	56,399	164,098	166,054	67,768	233,822	146,708	60,471	207,179	50,277	18,399	68,676	456,846	124,796	581,642
1885. . . .	108,796	58,764	167,560	167,643	67,660	235,303	148,000	61,664	209,664	51,738	18,464	70,202	461,000	126,126	587,126

*Summary of cases of medical relief.*

## VACCINATION.

27. In the following table is shown the number of cases of vaccination by medical officers of dispensary districts in each year since 1863, when the Compulsory Vaccination Act was passed:—

TABLE.

—	Number of cases of vaccination.	—	Number of cases of vaccination.
Year ended Sept. 30th, 1864,	191,810	Year ended Sept. 30th, 1878,	133,043
" " 1865,	169,142	" " 1879,	126,911
" " 1866,	137,124	" " 1880,	147,828
" " 1867,	125,741	" " 1881,	113,557
" " 1868,	131,425	" " 1882,	132,823
" " 1869,	125,672	" " 1883,	106,071
" " 1870,	140,220	" " 1884,	102,548
" " 1871,	179,889	" " 1885,	102,312
" " 1872,	282,484	" " 1886,	94,961
" " 1873,	138,573	" " 1887,	96,489
" " 1874,	139,587	" " 1888,	92,484
" " 1875,	137,340	" " 1889,	88,995
" " 1876,	114,487	" " 1890,	90,278
" " 1877,	117,679		

The number of cases of vaccination during the year ended the 30th of September last, as given above, is classified in the following table under the headings, "one year old and under when vaccinated," "above one year old when vaccinated," and "other persons."

—	One year old and under when vaccinated.	Above one year old when vaccinated.	Other persons.	Total.
Total of Ireland, .	75,635	13,052	1,795	90,278

The number of cases of vaccination performed in workhouses during the same year was 872.

## VACCINE DEPARTMENT.

28. During the year ended the 31st of March last, 3,682 applications for lymph were received from medical officers of workhouses, dispensaries, and other public institutions, from military medical officers, and from private practitioners; and 20,388 points, and 2,877 tubes charged with lymph were distributed. During the same period 1,522 vaccinations were performed at the stations in Sackville-street and York-street, Dublin.

## SMALL-POX.

20. The number of deaths in workhouses from small-pox and the number of cases of the disease treated by dispensary medical officers in each of the last twenty-seven years are given in the following table:—

DEATHS IN WORKHOUSES FROM SMALL-POX, and NUMBER OF CASES OF SMALL-POX treated by DISPENSARY MEDICAL OFFICERS.

Deaths in Workhouses from Small-pox.		Number of cases of Small-pox treated by Medical Officers of Dispensary Districts.	
Period. 53 Weeks ended	Number of Deaths.	Period. Year ended	Number of cases.
11th February, 1863, . . .	143	30th September, 1864, . . .	1,965
10th February, 1866, . . .	39	30th September, 1865, . . .	2,000
9th February, 1867, . . .	9	30th September, 1866, . . .	579
8th February, 1868, . . .	5	30th September, 1867, . . .	105
6th February, 1869, . . .	3	30th September, 1868, . . .	155
5th February, 1870, . . .	1	30th September, 1869, . . .	27
4th February, 1871, . . .	13	30th September, 1870, . . .	51
3rd February, 1872, . . .	462	30th September, 1871, . . .	773
1st February, 1873, . . .	677	30th September, 1872, . . .	10,317
31st January, 1874, . . .	110	30th September, 1873, . . .	936
30th January, 1875, . . .	142	30th September, 1874, . . .	961
30th January, 1876, . . .	41	30th September, 1875, . . .	881
27th January, 1877, . . .	2	30th September, 1876, . . .	29
26th January, 1878, . . .	12	30th September, 1877, . . .	117
25th January, 1879, . . .	254	30th September, 1878, . . .	1,350
24th January, 1880, . . .	112	30th September, 1879, . . .	1,344
22nd January, 1881, . . .	97	30th September, 1880, . . .	863
21st January, 1882, . . .	64	30th September, 1881, . . .	114
20th January, 1883, . . .	76	30th September, 1882, . . .	479
19th January, 1884, . . .	11	30th September, 1883, . . .	81
17th January, 1885, . . .	1	30th September, 1884, . . .	18
16th January, 1886, . . .	2	30th September, 1885, . . .	17
15th January, 1887, . . .	1	30th September, 1886, . . .	11
14th January, 1888, . . .	3	30th September, 1887, . . .	10
12th January, 1889, . . .	1	30th September, 1888, . . .	30
(53 weeks ended)			
8th February, 1890, . . .	—	30th September, 1889, . . .	1
7th March, 1891, . . .	—	30th September, 1890, . . .	5

SUMMARY of SMALL-POX cases attended by dispensary medical officers during the year ended 30th September, 1890,—taken from their quarterly returns.

PROVINCES.	Quarter, 21st Dec., 1889.	Quarter, 21st Mar., 1890.	Quarter, 30th June, 1890.	Quarter, 30th Sept., 1890.	Total.
Ulster, . . .	—	—	—	5	5
Munster, . . .	—	—	—	—	—
Leinster, . . .	—	—	—	—	—
Connacht, . . .	—	—	—	—	—
Total Ireland,	—	—	—	5	5

## SMALL-POX IN THE PRESENT YEAR, 1891.

In the month of January a young sailor, R.M., came through Liverpool to Belfast from Newport (Monmouth) where his ship had been paid off on the 10th. This ship on her homeward voyage from Calcutta had touched at Genoa, and had remained for some days at Marseilles, where her crew spent much time ashore. R.M. on, or immediately after, his arrival in Belfast on the 13th of January, was in the vesicular stage of the eruption attending an attack of modified small-pox, and in that condition he secured lodgings in Whitla-street. The house in which he took up his abode was kept by three young women, sisters, and they were admitted into the Workhouse Hospital on the 4th of February, suffering from small-pox. From that date to the 31st of March 22 cases of small-pox occurred in Belfast. On the 17th of January, R.M., who appears never to have been so ill as to keep his bed, paid a visit to Ballymena and remained there until the 22nd. His visit to Ballymena was followed by 6 cases of small-pox. On the 20th of January, he went from Ballymena to Castledawson in Magherafelt Union, and slept there for that night. This visit was followed by 9 cases of small-pox, of which two proved fatal.

In the appendix\* will be found a report from Dr. Stafford, our Medical Inspector in charge of Ulster, giving particulars of this outbreak of small-pox.

In the interests of the public health we desire to draw attention to the insufficiency of the protection afforded by the primary vaccinations performed upon those who took the disease. From the tables accompanying Dr. Stafford's report it will be observed that amongst the 37 cases of small-pox recorded, the marks of primary vaccination did not in any single instance come up to Marson's standard of good vaccination. The recent outbreak of small-pox in Ulster shows that R.M. moved about amongst a population inadequately protected against small-pox. The protective influence of vaccination in infancy declines as years elapse, and adult members of the community presenting only two marks of primary vaccination cannot with impunity (unless they have been revaccinated) come in contact with a person suffering from even the mildest form of modified small-pox. Marson's researches respecting post-vaccinal small-pox clearly prove that it is the duty of all vaccinators to perform the operation in such a manner as to produce four or five typical cicatrices and thus to afford to every infant the maximum degree of protection against the danger of contracting small-pox in adult life. We take this opportunity of again impressing upon all public vaccinators and private practitioners the lesson taught by this as by all carefully observed outbreaks of small-pox, namely, that the protection afforded by primary vaccination is, as to its extent and duration, in direct ratio to the number and typical character of the vesicles produced.

\* See page 127.

[TABLE.



## FEVER IN DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.

30. The following table shows the number of cases of fever reported as attended by the medical officers of dispensary districts in each year ended on the 30th of September during the last twenty-six years, the number of cases in 1865 being 26,566, and in 1890, 4,203.

Year ended 30th September.	Number of cases.	Decrease per year.	Increase.
1865,	26,566	-	-
1866,	22,287	4,279	-
1867,	18,975	3,312	-
1868,	17,400	1,575	-
1869,	16,882	518	-
1870,	15,744	1,138	-
1871,	14,574	170	-
1872,	15,604	-	30
1873,	14,434	1,150	-
1874,	14,424	30	-
1875,	13,280	1,144	-
1876,	11,646	1,634	-
1877,	11,396	250	-
1878,	10,245	451	-
1879,	10,999	-	54
1880,	11,211	-	212
1881,	9,713	1,496	-
1882,	8,389	1,324	-
1883,	8,091	398	-
1884,	6,430	1,661	-
1885,	5,780	650	-
1886,	5,045	735	-
1887,	5,092	-	47
1888,	4,357	735	-
1889,	4,441	-	84
1890,	4,203	156	-

## SCARLATINA.

31. There were 1,259 cases of scarlatina treated by medical officers of dispensary districts in 1890, as compared with 1,838 cases in 1889, being a decrease of 579.

[TABLE.

32. The next table gives the expenditure under the Medical Charities Act and the Vaccination Acts in each of the last twelve years ended on the 29th of September.

MEDICAL CHARITIES EXPENDITURE.

Year ended 29th September	Ulster.	Munster.	Leinster.	Connaught.	Total.
	£	£	£	£	£
1879, .	40,233	40,657	44,860	20,230	145,030
1880, .	43,298	43,168	45,805	21,114	153,375
1881, .	43,640	44,065	47,429	22,110	157,244
1882, .	44,839	44,663	47,569	21,967	159,028
1883, .	43,514	45,093	48,628	22,170	159,405
1884, .	42,333	44,768	48,865	22,397	158,363
1885, .	41,776	46,321	48,136	24,434	160,667
1886, .	42,264	44,018	49,809	22,021	158,112
1887, .	42,253	44,278	49,681	22,164	158,376
1888, .	43,412	46,713	48,102	20,769	158,996
1889, .	42,766	46,107	46,722	22,360	157,955
1890, .	42,032	47,461	50,013	21,835	161,341

And the following shows in more detail, and under the usual heads, a comparative statement of the expenditure for the two years ended the 29th of September, 1889 and 1890, respectively:—

MEDICAL CHARITIES EXPENDITURE.

—	1889.	1890.
	£	£
1. Medicines and medical appliances, . . . . .	20,877	27,072
2. Rent of dispensary buildings, . . . . .	8,523	8,595
3. Books, forms, stationery, printing, and advertising, . . . . .	1,031	882
4. Salaries of { medical officers, . . . . .	80,723	91,103
{ apothecaries, . . . . .	2,786	2,808
{ midwives, . . . . .	5,274	5,385
5. Fuel, porters, and incidental expenses, . . . . .	13,375	13,559
6. Vaccination fees and other expenses:—		
Fees to medical officers, . . . . .	8,834	8,637
Other expenses, . . . . .	1,233	1,220
Total, . . . . .	157,955	161,341

ETHER DRINKING.

33. In consequence of the attention recently drawn to the subject of Ether drinking as an intoxicant in certain portions of the north of Ireland, we requested our Medical Inspector, Dr. T. J. Stafford, to make inquiry respecting the alleged prevalence of the practice, and have received a report from him, a copy of which will be found in the appendix.\*

\* See page 132.

## DISPENSARY HOUSES AND DWELLING-HOUSES FOR MEDICAL OFFICERS.

34. In paragraph 29 of our last Report we referred to the proceedings under the "Act to give facilities for providing Dispensary houses and Dwelling-houses for Medical Officers of Dispensary Districts in certain parts of Ireland."

Advantage still continues to be taken of the provisions of the Act, and certificates have been issued since our last Report in the following cases :—

Union.	Dispensary District.	Building for which certificate issued.
Belfast, . . . .	Belfast, Nth. Queen-st.	Dispensary.
Do., . . . .	Do., Ramford-street,	Do.
Boyle, . . . .	Gurteen, . . . .	Dispensary and Dispensary Residence.
Drogheda, . . . .	*Stamullen, . . . .	Do., do.
Dungarvan, . . . .	†Whitechurch, . . . .	Dispensary.
Dunshaughlin, . . . .	Kilteen, . . . .	Dispensary Residence.
Enniscorthy, . . . .	†Ferns, . . . .	Dispensary and Dispensary Residence.
Fermoy, . . . .	†Ballynec, . . . .	Dispensary Residence.
Kilmahook, . . . .	†Hospital, . . . .	Dispensary and Dispensary Residence.
Limerick, . . . .	†Clarina, . . . .	Do., do.
Listowel, . . . .	Ballylongford, . . . .	Dispensary Residence.
Longford, . . . .	†Longford, . . . .	Dispensary and Dispensary Residence.
Nass, . . . .	†Clarno and Timahoe, . . . .	Do., do.
Navan, . . . .	†Castletown, . . . .	Do., do.
Tullamore, . . . .	†Clara, . . . .	Do., do.
Wexford, . . . .	Bridgetown, . . . .	Dispensary Residence.

\* The certificate in this case superseded a former certificate issued on the 16th May, 1884.  
 † The certificate in each of these cases was supplemental to a certificate previously issued for a loan which was found to be insufficient.

## SANITARY ACTS.

## Provisional Orders, &amp;c.

35. Since our last Report we have made the following Provisional Orders :—

Date.	Place.	Purpose.
25th April, 1890,	Bangor Town, . . . .	Empowering the Town Commissioners of Bangor, the Urban Sanitary Authority, to put in force the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts with reference to the purchase and taking of lands, otherwise than by agreement, required for the purpose of providing an additional supply of water, and for widening, opening, enlarging, and improving the streets.
19th May, 1890,	Belfast Union and Holywood Town.	Forming a United District for the purpose of abating a nuisance on the foreshore, Holywood.
22nd April, 1890,	Downpatrick Union,	Empowering the Board of Guardians of Downpatrick Union, the Rural Sanitary Authority, to put in force the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts with reference to the purchase and taking of lands, otherwise than by agreement, required for the purpose of providing a Water Supply for the Town of Downpatrick.
16th May, 1890,	Drumcondra, Clonliffe, and Glasnevin Township.	Altering the Drumcondra, Clonliffe, and Glasnevin Township Act, 1878, by increasing the borrowing powers of the Township Commissioners.

## Provisional Orders—continued.

Date.	Place.	Purpose.
30th April, 1890,	Dungarvan Town,	Empowering the Town Commissioners of Dungarvan, the Urban Sanitary Authority, to put in force the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts with reference to the purchase and taking of lands, otherwise than by agreement, required for the purpose of providing a supply of water.
7th May, 1890, .	Glin Union,	Empowering the Board of Guardians of Glin Union, the Rural Sanitary Authority, to put in force the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts with reference to the purchase and taking of lands, otherwise than by agreement, required for the purpose of providing a Water Supply for the Town of Foynes.
31st March, 1891,	Kilrush Town,	Empowering the Kilrush Town Commissioners to purchase the Gas works and premises of the Kilrush Gas Company, and to carry on the business of a Gas Company.
31st March, 1891,	Naas Union,	Empowering the Board of Guardians of Naas Union, the Rural Sanitary Authority, to put in force the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts with reference to the purchase and taking of lands, otherwise than by agreement, required for the purpose of providing a new cemetery at Newbliss.
22nd May, 1890,	Wexford Town,	Empowering the Corporation of Wexford, the Urban Sanitary Authority, to put in force the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts with reference to the purchase and taking of lands, otherwise than by agreement, required for the purpose of providing a new cemetery.

We have received petitions for Provisional Orders in the following cases, and the petitions are under consideration.

Place.	Purpose.
Belfast City, . . .	To put in force the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts with reference to the purchase and taking of lands, otherwise than by agreement, required for the purpose of making, widening, and improving streets.
Clonmel Town, . . .	To put in force the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts with reference to the purchase and taking of lands, otherwise than by agreement, required for the purpose of providing a Water Supply for the Town of Clonmel.
South Dublin Union, . . .	To put in force the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts with reference to the purchase and taking of lands, otherwise than by agreement, required for the purpose of enlarging Grangh burial ground.
Dundalk Town, . . .	The formation of a United District for the purpose of providing a new burial ground.
Formoy Union, . . .	To put in force the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts with reference to the purchase and taking of lands, otherwise than by agreement, required for the following purposes:— I. Waterworks at Kilworth. II. Waterworks at Ballynoe. III. Burial ground at Kilerumper.
Listowel Town, . . .	To transfer the powers of the Grand Jury of the County of Kerry with respect to roads, bridges, footpaths, and public works, within the Urban Sanitary District of Listowel, to the Urban Sanitary Authority of Listowel.
Londonderry City, . . .	To put in force the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts with reference to the purchase and taking of lands, otherwise than by agreement, required for the purpose of making, widening, and improving streets.

*Provisional Orders—continued.*

Place.	Purpose.
Macroom Union, . . . .	To put in force the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts with reference to the purchase and taking of lands, otherwise than by agreement, required for the purpose of constructing sewerage works at Coachford.
Mitchelstown Union, . . . .	To put in force the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts with reference to the purchase and taking of lands, otherwise than by agreement, required for the purpose of providing a Water Supply for the Town of Mitchelstown.
Sligo Union, . . . .	To put in force the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts with reference to the purchase and taking of lands, otherwise than by agreement, required for the purpose of making additions to the burial grounds at Ballymakill and Townagh, respectively.

## BYE-LAWS.

36. The following is a list of Bye-laws submitted to and confirmed by us during the year 1890-91 :—

Place.	Subject.
Banbridge Town, . . . .	Market bye-laws (additional).
Bangor Town, . . . .	I. Common lodging-houses. II. New streets and buildings, &c. III. Cleansing of footways, removing house refuse, and cleansing culverts, &c. IV. Hackney carriages, &c. V. Prevention of nuisances, &c. VI. Bathing.
Belfast City, . . . .	New buildings, &c.
Belfast City and District Water Commissioners.	Regulation of the water supply.
Blackrock Township, . . . .	People's Park (amended bye-law).
Coleraine Town, . . . .	Regulation of pork market.
Coleraine Union, . . . .	Common lodging-houses.
Killinny and Ballybrack Township.	Hackney carriages, &c.

## BURIAL GROUNDS.

37. Orders have been made and gazetted prohibiting further interments in the burial grounds named hereunder :—

1. The Strabane burial ground, in the town of Strabane.
2. The burial ground at Newbridge, in the Rathdrum union.

Each of these Orders was made subject to certain exceptions mentioned therein.

We also made an Order prohibiting the opening, without our previous approval, of a new burial ground in the town of Bundoran, in Ballyshannon union.

## SEWERAGE AND WATER SUPPLY.

38. Our report upon Public Health is continued from the last annual Report. Details were given therein of the operations in regard to sewerage and water-supply under the provisions of the Public Health Act, 1878, in continuation of the detail of proceedings under the Act of 1874; the extent of those operations is still in some degree measured in rural sanitary districts by the number of the Orders under seal fixing the areas of charge for such operations, and the loans borrowed for these purposes through the Public Works Commissioners.

The number of such Orders issued each year since 1875-6 is shown in the following table:—

Year.	Number of Orders issued declaring areas of charge for Sanitary expenses.
1875-6, . . .	79
1876-7, . . .	89
1877-8, . . .	122
1878-9, . . .	117
1879-80, . . .	126
1880-1, . . .	103
1881-2, . . .	79
1882-3, . . .	83
1883-4, . . .	79
1884-5, . . .	102
1885-6, . . .	87
1886-7, . . .	74
1887-8, . . .	80
1888-9, . . .	65
1889-90, . . .	48
1890-91, . . .	49
Total, . . .	1,382

It will be seen from the foregoing that on the whole 1,382 Orders fixing areas of charge for sewerage or water-supply, or both, have been issued during the last sixteen years, the number for the year from the 26th of March, 1890, to the 25th of March, 1891, being 49, which were issued to the Guardians of 37 unions.

The above table relates to rural sanitary districts. In urban districts all sanitary expenses are chargeable upon funds levied from the whole district.

## LOANS.

39. In both urban and rural sanitary districts a considerable part of the expenditure on sewerage, water-supply, and other local improvements is carried out by means of loans which we recommend to be issued to the sanitary authorities by the Public Works Commissioners.

In the fifteen years ended the 31st of March, 1890, loans under the Sanitary Acts were sanctioned as follows:—

Year ended	Amount.		
	£	s.	d.
31st March, 1876, .	37,584	0	0
„ 1877, .	41,085	0	0
„ 1878, .	62,056	0	0
„ 1879, .	124,454	0	0
„ 1880, .	202,824	0	0
„ 1881, .	199,252	0	0
„ 1882, .	202,374	0	0
„ 1883, .	66,954	0	0
„ 1884, .	179,836	0	0
„ 1885, .	161,599	0	0
„ 1886, .	179,151	9	9
„ 1887, .	83,224	7	8
„ 1888, .	83,903	8	9
„ 1889, .	182,182	5	1
„ 1890, .	75,746	18	8
Total, .	1,972,226	9	11

The following is a list of loans sanctioned by us during the year ended the 31st of March, 1891, in continuation of similar lists in previous Reports.

[TABLE,

LIST of LOANS sanctioned during the year ended the 31st of March, 1891,  
in continuation of similar lists in previous Reports.

Name of Sanitary District.	Amount of Loan.	Purpose for which obtained.	Date of Sanction.
	£ s. d.		
Balrothery, Rural, .	700 0 0	Sewerage works at Malahide.	19th May, 1890.
Balkinglass, do., .	400 0 0	Sewerage of workhouse, .	30th January, 1891.
Blackrock, Urban, .	270 0 0	Erecting shelter shed in People's Park.	3rd May, 1890.
Bray, do., .	600 0 0	Stables and haymarket, .	27th August, 1890.
Clonmel, do., .	330 0 0	Flagging footpaths and paving channels.	31st January, 1891.
Coleraine, Rural, .	180 0 0	Sewerage works at Castle-rock.	6th November, 1890.
Do., do., .	470 4 10	Waterworks at Portrush, .	18th February, 1891.
Cork, Urban, .	486 18 0	Sewerage works, . .	11th June, 1890.
Do., do., .	291 7 8	Completion of labourers' dwellings.	12th June, 1890.
Do., Rural, .	180 0 0	Sewerage and waterworks at Passage West.	19th January, 1891.
Dalkey, Urban, .	160 0 0	Laying water mains, . .	30th April, 1890.
Dromore, do., .	160 0 0	Market and town hall (supplemental).	10th September, 1890.
Dromore West, Rural, .	200 0 0	Waterworks at Enniscrone.	30th January, 1891.
Dublin, Urban, .	5,000 0 0	Fish and vegetable market (supplemental).	27th October, 1890.
Do., do., .	1,800 0 0	Pumping station at Forbes-street (additional).	4th November, 1890.
Do., do., .	3,500 0 0	Stables and houses in connection with cleansing department.	4th November, 1890.
Do., do., .	3,000 0 0	Gas and motor testing offices.	4th November, 1890.
Do., do., .	37,000 0 0	Electric lighting, . . .	29th November, 1890.
Dundalk, do., .	4,200 0 0	Sewerage works, . . .	1st July, 1890.
Dungarvan, do., .	3,000 0 0	Waterworks, . . . .	8th November, 1890.
Ennis, do., .	600 0 0	Improvements and additions to town hall.	24th June, 1890.
Fermoy, Rural, .	400 0 0	Extension of Castledyossa waterworks.	22nd January, 1891.
Granard, do., .	300 0 0	New cemetery at Edgeworthstown.	18th October, 1890.
Kilrush, do., .	100 0 0	Disinfecting chamber, .	8th October, 1890.
Kingsdown, Urban, .	8,000 0 0	To repay outstanding balance of previous loan.	17th November, 1890.
Limerick, do., .	600 0 0	Sewerage works, . . .	5th August, 1890.
Do., do., .	3,200 0 0	Paving street, . . .	18th February 1891.
Lismore, Rural, .	600 0 0	Waterworks at Cappoquin.	24th May, 1890.
Do., do., .	600 0 0	Sewerage works at Lismore.	31st October, 1890.
Do., do., .	100 0 0	Sewerage works at Lismore (additional).	24th November, 1890.



LIST of LOANS sanctioned during the year ended the 31st of March, 1891, in continuation of similar lists in previous Reports—*continued.*

Name of Sanitary District.	Amount of Loan.	Purpose for which obtained.	Date of Sanction.
	£ s. d.		
Londonderry, Urban, .	690 0 0	Fire-brigade station, . .	27th August, 1890.
Do., do., .	1,000 0 0	Paving footpaths with gravelhills.	28th November, 1890.
Lurgan, do., .	880 0 0	Flagging footpaths, . .	20th May, 1890.
Middleton, Rural, .	700 0 0	Extension of Middleton waterworks.	16th September, 1890.
Mullingar, do., .	1,000 0 0	Burial ground at Mullingar,	21st June, 1890.
Nonagh, do., .	6,500 0 0	Waterworks at Nonagh, .	22nd January, 1891.
Pembroke, Urban, .	7,400 0 0	Paving footpaths, . .	17th July, 1890.
Do., do., .	4,400 0 0	Erection of Cottages under the Housing of the Working Classes' Act, 1890.	10th December, 1890.
Strokestown, Rural, .	70 0 0	Improving Strokestown Waterworks (supplemental).	23rd October, 1890.
Trillick, Urban, .	50 0 0	Sewerage works (supplemental).	7th July, 1890.
Trim, do., .	1,220 0 0	Works in connexion with the gas works.	26th August, 1890.
Tuam, Rural, .	2,000 0 0	Waterworks at Tuam (additional).	14th November, 1890.
Wexford, Urban, .	1,800 0 0	New cemetery, . .	27th September, 1890.
Wicklow, do., .	250 0 0	Waterworks relief tank, .	24th September, 1890.

The total amount of the loans included in the above list is £111,898 10s. 3d., which, added to the previous sums, constitutes a total of £2,084,125 0s. 2d. for the sixteen years in question.

## LABOURERS ACTS.

40. The following table shows the unions from which petitions for confirmation of improvement schemes were received by us from the inception of these Acts up to the 31st of March, 1891, the number of houses applied for in each case, the number actually authorized up to that date, and the number included in applications which remain to be disposed of. The amounts of the loans sanctioned by the Treasury for the purposes of the Acts are also given.

TABLE.

Unions. (100.)	Number of Cottages			Total amount of Loans sanctioned by the Treasury.
	Applied for.	Authorized.	Included in applications which are still pending	
Abbeyleix, . . . . .	90	25	-	£ 2,421 17 6
Ardee, . . . . .	247	170	-	19,562 10 0
Athlone, . . . . .	50	-	50	-
Athy, . . . . .	301	123	-	12,941 0 0
Bailleborough, . . . . .	43	15	-	1,783 0 0
Ballinacloe, . . . . .	14	8	-	1,287 5 0
Ballycastle, . . . . .	21	8	6	800 0 0
Ballymahon, . . . . .	309	115	43	9,935 0 0
Ballymona, . . . . .	34	18	-	1,800 0 0
Ballyshannon, . . . . .	29	-	-	-
Balrothery, . . . . .	171	83	-	10,755 0 0
Baltinglass, . . . . .	170	79	-	7,270 0 0
Bandon, . . . . .	220	133	-	13,000 0 0
Bantry, . . . . .	28	-	28	-
Borrisokane, . . . . .	78	41	-	3,400 0 0
Callan, . . . . .	180	35	47	3,500 0 0
Carlow, . . . . .	340	208	-	17,832 0 0
Carrickmacross, . . . . .	45	14	-	1,862 0 0
Carrick-on-Shannon, . . . . .	43	10	22	790 0 0
Carrick-on-Suir, . . . . .	71	46	-	5,770 0 0
Cashel, . . . . .	358	268	-	22,120 0 0
Castletomer, . . . . .	53	23	6	2,162 0 0
Cavan, . . . . .	107	23	-	2,760 0 0
Celbridge, . . . . .	115	56	-	6,530 0 0
Clogheen, . . . . .	197	100	-	11,006 0 0
Clonakilty, . . . . .	325	128	146	12,950 0 0
Clonmel, . . . . .	125	59	7	6,230 0 0
Cork, . . . . .	433	287	-	30,310 0 0
Corrofin, . . . . .	18	9	-	1,015 10 0
Croom, . . . . .	355	137	119	14,385 0 0
Delvin, . . . . .	318	185	39	22,690 0 0
Dingle, . . . . .	29	10	-	1,000 0 0
Drogheda, . . . . .	573	314	70	40,970 0 0
Dromore West, . . . . .	71	7	-	500 0 0
Dublin, North, . . . . .	72	00	-	6,710 0 0
Dublin, South, . . . . .	35	26	-	2,805 0 0
Dundalk, . . . . .	149	54	-	9,442 10 0
Dungarvan, . . . . .	69	47	-	5,811 0 0
Dunmanway, . . . . .	304	187	-	18,700 0 0
Dunshanghlin, . . . . .	161	75	27	9,030 0 0
Edenderry, . . . . .	70	26	10	3,143 0 0
Ennis, . . . . .	242	123	-	13,979 6 3
Enniscorthy, . . . . .	296	161	1	15,295 0 0
Ennistymon, . . . . .	104	27	-	3,380 0 0
Fermoy, . . . . .	258	157	-	22,665 19 0

TABLE—continued.

UNIONS.	Number of Cottages.			Total amount of Loans sanctioned by the Treasury.		
	Applied for.	Authorized.	Included in applications which are still pending.			
				£	s.	d.
Glin. . . . .	186	131	—	13,426	0	0
Gorey, . . . . .	180	111	—	9,200	0	0
Gort, . . . . .	50	5	—	—	—	—
Granard, . . . . .	274	96	81	10,850	0	0
Kaaturk, . . . . .	462	326	—	32,600	0	0
Kella, . . . . .	528	216	103	20,017	0	0
Kilkenny, . . . . .	62	34	—	3,027	15	0
Killadysort, . . . . .	122	53	—	4,569	0	0
Killarney, . . . . .	286	131	—	11,090	0	0
Kilmaethomas, . . . . .	359	202	—	19,200	0	0
Kilmallock, . . . . .	1,154	544	—	57,139	0	0
Kilrush, . . . . .	73	31	—	—	—	—
Kinsale, . . . . .	102	42	—	4,620	0	0
Limerick, . . . . .	1,384	303	217	43,800	0	0
Lismore, . . . . .	252	124	—	14,130	0	0
Listowel, . . . . .	230	138	—	15,849	0	0
Longford, . . . . .	121	87	—	11,830	0	0
Loughrea, . . . . .	43	10	—	963	5	3
Macroom, . . . . .	697	435	—	30,580	0	0
Mallow, . . . . .	229	111	—	15,288	0	0
Manorhamilton, . . . . .	52	17	—	1,666	10	0
Midleton, . . . . .	303	200	—	25,000	0	0
Millicreagh, . . . . .	168	123	—	12,450	0	0
Mitchelstown, . . . . .	274	170	—	19,001	0	0
Mobill, . . . . .	48	17	—	1,700	0	0
Mountmellick, . . . . .	356	58	22	2,370	0	0
Mullingar, . . . . .	445	267	21	31,779	10	4
Nans, . . . . .	265	109	33	9,816	0	0
Navan, . . . . .	492	274	—	30,006	0	0
Nonagh, . . . . .	393	269	—	30,878	17	4
Newcastle, . . . . .	356	270	—	26,709	0	0
New Ross, . . . . .	292	157	—	16,768	13	3
Oldcastle, . . . . .	246	166	—	22,550	0	0
Parsonstown, . . . . .	77	46	—	4,060	0	0
Rathdrum, . . . . .	119	42	—	1,430	0	0
Rathkeale, . . . . .	334	152	—	18,325	0	0
Roscommon, . . . . .	7	3	—	360	0	0
Roscrea, . . . . .	4	3	—	337	0	0
Scariff, . . . . .	77	35	—	3,915	0	0
Shillelagh, . . . . .	67	53	—	2,145	0	0
Sibbircan, . . . . .	513	207	—	17,848	0	0
Skull, . . . . .	115	13	68	1,500	0	0
Sligo, . . . . .	19	—	—	—	—	—
Strokestown, . . . . .	24	1	—	90	0	0
Thomastown, . . . . .	72	60	—	5,992	0	0
Thurles, . . . . .	167	60	—	5,730	0	0
Tipperary, . . . . .	1,066	443	—	42,640	0	0
Trillick, . . . . .	420	223	—	19,632	0	0
Trim, . . . . .	330	170	65	21,012	10	0
Tulla, . . . . .	276	184	—	12,086	3	6
Tullamore, . . . . .	287	104	—	11,100	0	0
Ulingford, . . . . .	78	46	—	4,000	0	0
Waterford, . . . . .	438	167	—	18,000	0	0
Wexford, . . . . .	392	222	—	27,277	0	0
Youghal, . . . . .	381	215	—	22,575	0	0
Total, . . . . .	22,998	11,510	1,226	£1,206,849	2	5

Following the course adopted in previous Reports, we now give tables showing what has been done by sanitary authorities under the improvement schemes authorized, and what is proposed to be done under further improvement schemes.

Table I. shows that out of the 11,510 houses authorized, 8,083 have been provided, and 7,947 of these actually let, and that 916 others are at present in process of crection.

Table II. shows that further improvement schemes have been, or are, we understand, about to be, submitted to us, embracing 2,573 cottages at an estimated cost of about £314,610.

TABLE I.—RETURN showing what has been done under improvement schemes authorized.

UNIONS.	No. of Electoral Divisions in which the erection of houses has been authorized.	Number of Houses						Rent (Weekly.)
		Authorized.	Built.	In progress.	Not yet commenced.	Abandoned.	Actually let.	
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.								
Co. ANTRIM.								
Ballycastle, . . . .	8	8	.	.	8	.	.	.
Ballymena, . . . .	6	18	12	.	6	.	2	2s.
Co. CAVAN.								
Balleiborough, . .	5	13	15	.	.	.	15	1s.
Cavan, . . . . .	12	23	7	13	3	.	4	1s.
Co. MONAGHAN.								
Carrikmacross, . .	7	14	.	.	14	.	.	.
Total for Ulster, .	33	78	34	13	31	.	21	.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.								
Co. CLARE.								
Corofin, . . . . .	6	9	9	.	.	.	9	11s. 6d.
Borris, . . . . .	17	121	74	11	67	1	71	1s.
Banistymen, . . . .	13	37	.	20	6	1	.	.
Killduffery, . . . .	11	53 and 3 to be repaired.	12	23	7 and 3 to be repaired.	8	12	16d.
Kilrush, . . . . .	17	31	.	.	31	.	.	.
Scarriff, . . . . .	12	35	35	.	.	.	31	1s.
Tulla, . . . . .	17	134	68	30	10	36	67	8d.
Co. CORK.								
Bandon, . . . . .	18	123 and 11 to be repaired.	109 and 9 repaired.	6	1	6 and 3 to be repaired.	116	1s.
Cloeskilly, . . . .	13	139	121	.	2	5	121	1s.
Cork, . . . . .	23	286 and 1 to be repaired.	175	8	78 and 1 to be repaired.	57	174	1s.
Dunmanway, . . . .	15	167	177	4	.	6	171	10d.
Ferry, . . . . .	21	157	127	19	8	3	110	9d.
Kanturk, . . . . .	32	326	221	2	.	3	321	10d.
Kinsale, . . . . .	13	43	39	.	33	.	30	1s.
Macroom, . . . . .	25	438	291	2	123	19	291	7s. 6d. and 10d.
Mallow, . . . . .	19	116 and 1 to be repaired.	83 and 1 repaired.	16	7	4	84	1s.

TABLE I.—RETURN showing what has been done under improvement schemes authorized—continued.

UNIONS.	No. of Electoral Divisions in which the erection of houses has been authorized.	Number of Houses						Rent (19Feb/9).
		Authorized.	Built.	In progress.	Not yet commenced.	Abandoned.	Actually let.	
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—continued.								
Co. CORK—continued.								
Middleton, . . . .	19	200	196	.	.	2	196	1s.
Millstreet, . . . .	19	128	108	.	15	.	108	8d.
Midleton, . . . .	17	125 and 6 to be re-paired.	124 and 3 re-paired.	11 and 2 re-pairing.	15	13	123	1s.
Skibbereen, . . . .	22	202 and 5 to be re-paired.	163 and 5 re-paired.	40	47	6	108	9d.
Skull, . . . .	3	12	12	.	1	.	19	9d.
Youghal, . . . .	14	218	125	30	44	12	113	11d.
Co. KERRY.								
Dingle, . . . .	8	30	.	.	10	.	.	.
Killarney, . . . .	57	121	62	35	10	4	62	1s.
Lisowal, . . . .	31	138	72	19	33	7	77	11½d.
Trillick, . . . .	28	222 and 1 to be re-paired.	160 and 1 re-paired.	.	31	26	161	9d.
Co. LIMERICK.								
Green, . . . .	20	134 and 3 to be re-paired.	127 and 3 re-paired.	.	.	7	120	9d.
Oliver, . . . .	15	181	60	80	6	6	60	10½d.
Kinsale, . . . .	28	542 and 2 to be re-paired.	285	.	178 and 2 to be re-paired.	72	280	10d. and 1s.
Limerick, . . . .	32	263	259	22	28	44	268	11d.
Newcastle, . . . .	47	105 and 5 to be re-paired.	243 and 5 re-paired.	7	1	14	242	8d. and 10½d.
Bathkeola, . . . .	18	102	142	.	.	10	142	8½d.
Co. TIPPERARY.								
Borrisokane, . . . .	8	41	32	.	1	8	31	1s. 1d.
Carrick-on-Suir, . . . .	12	45 and 1 to be re-paired.	22	.	2 and 1 to be re-paired.	10	6	1s.
Castle, . . . .	34	260 and 2 to be re-paired.	191 and 2 re-paired.	6	17	62	103	10d., 11½d., and 1s. 1d.
Cloughra, . . . .	14	107 and 2 to be re-paired.	76	12	17 and 2 to be re-paired.	2	73	1s.
Clonmel, . . . .	11	51 and 5 to be re-paired.	45 and 5 re-paired.	3	.	6	47	1s.
Noreagh, . . . .	27	502	240	15	.	3	240	1s.
Roscrea, . . . .	2	8	.	2	.	.	.	.
Thurles, . . . .	12	60	20	6	21	1	20	1s.
Tipperary, . . . .	30	442	203	4	75	61	202	1s.
Co. WATERFORD.								
Dangarrine, . . . .	13	47	46	.	.	1	46	10d.
Kilmasnooth, . . . .	16	202	103	42	57	20	103	9d.
Lismara, . . . .	14	114	20	22	8	3	22	10d.
Waterford, . . . .	20	167	65	22	20	4	60	1s.
Total for Munster, . . . .	812	7,096 and 47 to be re-paired.	4,582 and 34 re-paired.	588 and 2 re-pairing.	960 and 2 to be re-paired.	520 and 2 to be re-paired.	4,522	.

TABLE I.—RETURN showing what has been done under improvement schemes authorized—continued.

UNIONS.	No. of Electoral Divisions in which the erection of houses has been authorised	Number of Houses						Rent (Weekly).
		Authorised.	Built.	In progress.	Not yet commenced.	Abandoned.	Actually let.	
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.								
Co. CARLOW.								
Carlow, . . . . .	38	295 and 3 to be repaired.	96 and 2 repaired.	23	35 and 1 to be repaired.	45	99	1s.
Co. DUBLIN.								
Balrothery, . . . .	12	83	46	10	24	3	46	1s., 1s. 5d., and 1s. 6d.
Dublin, North, . . .	6	69	56	10	.	14	36	1s. 6d. and 2s.
Dublin, South, . . .	3	26	26	.	.	.	26	
Co. KILDARE.								
Athy, . . . . .	28	126 and 2 to be repaired.	92 and 2 repaired.	11	4	18	94	1s.
Celbridge, . . . . .	12	56	26	3	26	1	25	1s. 1½d.
Nasa, . . . . .	24	164 and 5 to be repaired.	81 and 3 repaired.	2	38	.	68	1s.
Co. KILKENNY.								
Callan, . . . . .	14	35	23	2	1	9	23	8d.
Castlesomer, . . . .	4	23	20	2	.	1	20	1s.
Kilkenny, . . . . .	14	34	28	2	.	4	28	10d.
Thomastown, . . . .	19	60	51	2	7	.	51	8d.
Uringford, . . . . .	16	46	28	1	17	.	28	10d.
King's Co.								
Edenderry, . . . . .	8	25	16	2	8	.	15	1s.
Parsonstown, . . . .	11	42 and 4 to be repaired.	40 and 4 repaired.	.	.	2	42	1s. 6d. and 2s.
Tullamore, . . . . .	26	101	99	.	.	5	99	1s.
Co. LONGFORD.								
Ballymahon, . . . .	17	115	73	9	31	9	73	8d. and 9d.
Granard, . . . . .	26	96	85	9	1	1	84	11d.
Longford, . . . . .	13	87	45	.	41	1	43	11d.
Co. LOUTH.								
Ardee, . . . . .	12	167 and 3 to be repaired.	103	12	45	4 and 3 to be repaired.	168	1s. 2d.
Drogheda, . . . . .	12	206 and 6 to be repaired.	204 and 3 repaired.	1	9	5 and 3 to be repaired.	206	1s.
Dundalk, . . . . .	9	83 and 1 to be repaired.	38	.	12 and 1 to be repaired.	3	35	1s.
Co. MEATH.								
Dunshaughlin, . . . .	12	75	70	.	.	5	68	10d.
Kells, . . . . .	22	216	119	65	23	14	119	1s.
Navan, . . . . .	19	274	174	1	62	37	174	1s.
Oldcastle, . . . . .	14	166	153	1	.	12	149	1s.
Trim, . . . . .	25	169 and 1 to be repaired.	126 and 1 repaired.	28	7	8	127	1s.
QUEEN'S CO.								
Abbeyleix, . . . . .	9	25	.	24	.	1	.	.
Mountmelick, . . . .	24	85	29	.	36	2	29	1s.

TABLE I.—RETURN showing what has been done under improvement schemes authorized—continued.

UNIONS.	No. of Electoral Divisions in which the erection of houses has been authorized.	Number of Houses						Rent (Weekly).
		Authorized.	Built.	In progress.	Not yet commenced.	Abandoned.	Actually let.	
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—continued.								
Co. WESTMERE.								
Delvin, . . . .	19	189	122	10	28	24	122	1s.
Mullingar, . . . .	40	267	194	10	55	8	181	10d.
Co. WEXFORD.								
Killeshock, . . . .	27	156 and 0 to be repaired.	123 and 2 repaired.	6	4 and 2 to be repaired.	23	120	10d.
Gorey, . . . .	23	111	60	24	18	2	68	10d.
New Ross, . . . .	21	157	92	28	0	17	52	1s.
Wexford, . . . .	33	322	268	.	.	64	258	1s.
Co. WICKLOW.								
Ballinglass, . . . .	10	78 and 1 to be repaired.	65 and 1 repaired.	.	10	2	67	1s.
Rathdrum, . . . .	18	42	14	2	21	8	14	1s. 3d.
Shillagh, . . . .	5	49 and 12 to be repaired.	18	.	22 and 12 to be repaired.	3	18	1s.
Total for Leinster, .	261	4,360 and 45 to be repaired.	2,941 and 72 repaired.	310	690 and 18 to be repaired.	334 and 8 to be repaired.	2,934	.
PROVINCE OF CON-NAUGHT.								
Co. GALWAY.								
Ballinasloe, . . . .	8	8	2	1	5	.	2	1s. 9d.
Oort, . . . .	4	5	.	.	0	.	.	.
Loughrea, . . . .	2	10	10	.	.	.	10	1s. 3d. and 1s. 6d.
Co. LIMERICK.								
Carriek-on-Shannon, . .	7	10	0	.	.	1	0	1s.
Marshallhamilton, . .	4	17	17	.	.	.	17	1s. 1d. and 1s. 4d.
Mohill, . . . .	7	17	17	.	.	.	17	1s.
Co. ROSCOMMON.								
Roscommon, . . . .	2	2	1	2	.	.	1	1s.
Strokestown, . . . .	1	1	.	.	1	.	.	.
Co. SLIGO.								
Dromore West, . . . .	5	7	7	.	.	.	7	1s. 1½d.
Total for Connaught,	37	78	63	3	11	1	63	.
TOTAL FOR ALL IRELAND,	1,047	11,417 and 93 to be repaired.	8,017 and 56 repaired.	814 and 2 to be repaired.	1,801 and 27 to be repaired.	881 and 8 to be repaired.	7,547	.

TABLE II.—RETURN showing what is proposed to be done under new improvement schemes.

NOTE.—This list includes the applications shown as still pending in the table given at page 36.

UNIONS.	No. of Electoral Divisions comprised in the Schemes.	No. of Cottages proposed to be provided.	Estimated Cost.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.			
CO. ANTRIM.			£ s. d.
Ballycastle, . . . . .	3	6	600 0 0
Ballymoney, . . . . .	1	4	240 0 0
CO. CAVAN.			
Ballisborough, . . . . .	11	21	3,543 0 0
Total for Ulster, . . . . .	15	61	46,705 0 0
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.			
CO. CLARE.			
Killadysert, . . . . .	8	28	3,744 0 0
CO. CORK.			
Bantry, . . . . .	8	23	3,820 0 0
Glouaskilly, . . . . .	19	140	14,600 0 0
Cork, . . . . .	10	100	14,840 0 0
Fermoy, . . . . .	22	229	32,074 0 0
Macroona, . . . . .	13	48	5,280 0 0
Mallow, . . . . .	8	71	2,700 0 0
Millstreet, . . . . .	8	35	2,850 0 0
Skull, . . . . .	9	68	8,468 0 0
CO. LIMERICK.			
Croom, . . . . .	20	119	11,800 0 0
Kilmallock, . . . . .	27	265	47,157 0 0
Limerick, . . . . .	28	217	22,870 0 0
Rathkenja, . . . . .	15	73	9,750 0 0
CO. TIPPERARY.			
Clonmel, . . . . .	5	7	820 0 0
CO. WATERFORD.			
Dungarvan, . . . . .	15	87	6,840 0 0
Total for Munster, . . . . .	221	1,554	139,745 0 0



TABLE II.—RETURN showing what is proposed to be done under new improvement schemes—*continued*.

NOTE.—This list includes the applications shown as still pending in the table given at page 30.

UNIONS.	No. of Electoral Divisions comprised in the Schemes.	No. of Cottages proposed to be provided.	Estimated Cost.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.			
CO. CARLOW.			£ s. d.
Carlow, . . . . .	9	13	1,827 0 0
CO. KILDARE.			
Colbridge, . . . . .	3	4	550 0 0
Nass, . . . . .	9	23	3,000 0 0
CO. KILKENNY.			
Callan, . . . . .	10	74	8,403 0 0
Castlecomer, . . . . .	1	0	000 0 0
Kilkenny, . . . . .	9	54	5,400 0 0
Thomastown, . . . . .	14	25	2,500 0 0
Uringford, . . . . .	4	4	400 0 0
KING'S CO.			
Edenderry, . . . . .	9	22	2,750 0 0
Parsonstown, . . . . .	2	2	200 0 0
CO. LONGFORD.			
Ballymahon, . . . . .	9	43	5,848 0 0
Granard, . . . . .	22	81	8,100 0 0
CO. LOUTH.			
Drogheda, . . . . .	12	70	9,880 0 0
Dundalk, . . . . .	4	21	3,410 0 0
CO. MEATH.			
Dunshaughlin, . . . . .	10	27	3,610 0 0
Kells, . . . . .	19	108	14,376 0 0
Oldcastle, . . . . .	14	83	11,327 10 0
Trim, . . . . .	10	66	8,450 0 0
QUEEN'S CO.			
Mountmellick, . . . . .	12	22	2,207 8 0
CO. WESTMEATH.			
Athlone, . . . . .	12	60	5,712 0 0
Delvin, . . . . .	11	30	5,055 0 0
Mullingar, . . . . .	12	21	3,045 0 0
CO. WICKLOW.			
Baltinglass, . . . . .	8	7	880 0 0
Bathdrum, . . . . .	7	10	1,100 0 0
Total for Leinster, . . . . .	232	890	£111,936 18 6

TABLE II.—RETURN showing what is proposed to be done under new improvement schemes—*continued*.

NOTE.—This list includes the applications shown as still pending in the table given at page 36.

UNIONS.	No. of Electoral Divisions comprised in the Schemes.	No. of Cottages proposed to be provided.	Estimated Cost.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.			£ s. d.
Co. LESTRIM.			
Carrick-on-Shannon, . . .	10	22	2,200 0 0
Co. SLIGO.			
Dromore West, . . .	14	47	4,025 0 0
Total for Connaught, . . .	24	69	6,225 0 0
Total for all Ireland, . . .	499	2,675	£214,610 18 6

From the foregoing tables it will be seen that but very few Boards of Guardians in Ulster and Connaught have availed themselves of the Acts—and those only to a very limited extent—the total number of houses authorized to be provided in these two Provinces being only 156 (seventy-eight in each), while there have been 4,241 sanctioned for unions in Leinster, and no less than 7,113 in Munster. A map of Ireland, by poor law unions, is contained in the appendix\* showing the unions in which cottages have been authorized, and the number sanctioned in each case, as, also, the unions in which cottages are proposed but not yet authorized.

## THE HOUSING OF THE WORKING CLASSES ACT, 1890.

41. By this Act, which obtained the Royal Assent on the 18th of August last, previous Acts relating to the dwellings of Labourers and Artizans and to Labouring Classes lodging houses were consolidated, and the three Parts into which the Act is divided deal, respectively, with (I.) Unhealthy areas, (II.) Unhealthy dwelling houses, and (III.) Working class lodging houses. The operation of the Act, as applied to Ireland, will be found set forth in detail in a Circular† which we addressed to the several Urban and Rural sanitary authorities.

We have given our sanction to a loan of £4,600 being made to the Pembroke Township Commissioners for the erection of labourers' dwellings, in pursuance of the above mentioned Act. This loan, together with the sum of £92,921 19s. 8d. sanctioned since the passing of the Act of 1885, makes a total of £97,521 19s. 8d. sanctioned for the erection of labourers' dwellings by Urban sanitary authorities.

\* Facing page 122.

† See page 163.

## DEPARTMENTAL ARRANGEMENTS.

42. We have to express to your Excellency our deep sense of the loss which the Department has sustained by the retirement of Sir Henry Robinson, K.C.B., from the office of Vice-President of the Board. That office has been conferred on Mr. George Morris, who had been a Commissioner on the Board since 1880; Mr. Henry A. Robinson, one of the Board's Inspectors, has been appointed to succeed Mr. Morris as Commissioner, and Mr. Robert Agnew has been appointed Inspector in room of Mr. Robinson.

We have already referred to the fact that we received authority to appoint, temporarily, seven additional Inspectors, the appointments having become necessary in consequence of the largely increased duties arising from the existence of distress in the western and south-western districts. The Inspectors so appointed are—Major T. V. L. Kirkwood, Messrs. R. Bourke, R. Kelly, and P. Walsh; Major D. Rutledge Fair, Colonel C. Robertson, and Captain G. M. Eccles.

We have the honour to be

Your Excellency's obedient servants,

ARTHUR JAMES BALFOUR.

GEORGE MORRIS.

F. X. F. MACCABE.

H. A. ROBINSON.

# APPENDIX.

TO THE

## NINETEENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF

### THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND

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#### APPENDIX A.

ORDERS, CIRCULARS, AND CORRESPONDENCE UNDER  
THE POOR LAW ACTS AND OTHER ACTS NOT IN-  
CLUDED IN APPENDIX B OR C.

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##### I.—ORDERS.

No. 1.—GENERAL ORDER ASSESSING UPON UNIONS IN IRELAND the amounts payable by them, respectively, under the Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act.

To the GUARDIANS of the Poor of the several Unions named in the Schedule hereunto annexed; to the Treasurer of each of such Unions, and to all persons whom it may concern.

WHEREAS, by an Act passed in the Forty-second year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Queen Victoria, entitled "An Act for making better provision respecting Contagious and Infectious Diseases of Cattle and other Animals, and for other purposes," it is among other things enacted that on receipt of the Certificate of the Chief Secretary or Under Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland to the effect that a sum equivalent to a certain Poundage, to be specified in such Certificate, on the net annual value of the property in all the Unions in Ireland is required for the purposes of the Act, the Local Government Board shall, by order under their Seal, assess that sum on the several Unions in proportion to the net annual value of the property therein, and the said Board shall transmit copies of the Order to the Guardians and to the Treasurer of each Union:

AND WHEREAS by the said Act it is further enacted that on receipt of such Order the Treasurer of each Union shall, out of the Union funds, pay over the amount assessed on the Union to the Bank of Ireland, to be placed to the General Cattle Diseases Fund, and the Guardians of each Union shall debit the several Electoral Divisions with proportions of that sum according to the net annual value of the property therein:

AND WHEREAS it is provided by the said Act that no larger sum shall be levied under the said Act at any one time than shall be equivalent to a poundage of One Halfpenny in the Pound on the net annual value of the property in all the Unions, nor shall any larger sum be levied under the said Act in the whole than shall be equivalent, taken with any money before the commencement of the said Act carried to the Cattle Plague Account, to a poundage of Fourpence in the Pound on the net annual value of the property in all the Unions:

AND WHEREAS a Certificate under the hand of the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant, bearing date the Twentieth day of March One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety, has been received by Us, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in which it is certified that a sum of Fourteen Thousand Five Hundred and Forty-eight Pounds Nine Shillings and Four Pence, sterling, being equivalent to a rating of One Farthing in the Pound on the net annual value of the property in all the Unions in Ireland, is required for the purposes of the said Act:

NOW THEREFORE, in pursuance of the provisions of the said Act, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby assess the said sum of Fourteen Thousand Five Hundred and Forty-eight Pounds Nine Shillings and Four Pence upon the several Unions in Ireland, in proportion to the net annual value of the property in each Union according to the Valuation thereof now in force as follows; that is to say, we assess upon each Union the amount set opposite to its name in the Schedule hereunto annexed.

## SCHEDULE.

UNION.	Amount Assessed.	UNION.	Amount Assessed.
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Abbeyleix, . . . .	88 13 2½	Claremorris, . . . .	44 9 0½
Antrim, . . . .	130 0 3½	Clifden, . . . .	18 3 10
Ardee, . . . .	98 5 11	Clogheen, . . . .	60 1 2½
Armagh, . . . .	214 7 3	Clogher, . . . .	58 10 6½
Athlone, . . . .	92 1 4½	Clonakilty, . . . .	53 3 5½
Athy, . . . .	115 13 3	Clonsilla, . . . .	59 18 10
Bailieborough, . . . .	42 0 10½	Clonsilla, . . . .	74 13 0½
Ballina, . . . .	51 9 0½	Coleraine, . . . .	108 8 7½
Ballinasloe, . . . .	81 1 4½	Cookstown, . . . .	68 5 3½
Ballinrobe, . . . .	62 15 11	Cootehill, . . . .	76 6 10½
Ballycastle, . . . .	48 18 8½	Cork, . . . .	371 1 10½
Ballymahon, . . . .	64 7 9½	Corrofin, . . . .	21 5 0½
Ballymena, . . . .	135 3 2½	Croom, . . . .	65 12 2½
Ballymoney, . . . .	86 17 8½	Delvin, . . . .	55 4 6½
Ballyshannon, . . . .	52 13 6½	Dingle, . . . .	23 17 5½
Ballyvaughan, . . . .	20 11 6½	Donegal, . . . .	35 17 7½
Balrothery, . . . .	90 17 2½	Downpatrick, . . . .	185 7 4½
Baltinglass, . . . .	76 15 11½	Drogheda, . . . .	130 10 3½
Banbridge, . . . .	165 0 5½	Dromore West, . . . .	38 9 0½
Bandon, . . . .	76 18 3½	Dublin North, . . . .	424 8 1½
Bantry, . . . .	23 11 9½	Dublin South, . . . .	734 2 9½
Bawnboy, . . . .	41 14 10½	Dundalk, . . . .	114 1 1
Belfast, . . . .	619 4 6½	Dunfermawhy, . . . .	11 19 8
Belmullet, . . . .	11 5 8½	Dungannon, . . . .	99 9 8
Berrisokane, . . . .	43 6 9	Dungarvan, . . . .	55 14 5
Boyle, . . . .	77 8 5½	Dunnamaway, . . . .	35 0 8½
Caherciveen, . . . .	23 17 3½	Dunshaughlin, . . . .	110 3 9
Callan, . . . .	75 3 5½	Edenderry, . . . .	99 6 11½
Carlow, . . . .	166 6 4	Ennis, . . . .	77 7 10½
Carrickmacross, . . . .	52 9 3½	Enniscorthy, . . . .	115 12 0½
Carrick-on-Shannon, . . . .	50 4 2½	Enniskillen, . . . .	112 4 8½
Carrick-on-Suir, . . . .	81 16 5	Ennistymon, . . . .	38 10 0½
Cashel, . . . .	111 19 8½	Fermoy, . . . .	107 12 0½
Castlebar, . . . .	48 10 5½	Galway, . . . .	88 9 3½
Castleblayney, . . . .	78 16 9½	Glennamaddy, . . . .	33 1 5
Castlecumber, . . . .	33 8 2	Giant's, . . . .	21 5 11½
Castlederg, . . . .	27 14 11	Glin, . . . .	29 13 9½
Castlerock, . . . .	76 1 4½	Gorey, . . . .	83 16 2½
Castletown, . . . .	12 10 7½	Gort, . . . .	44 18 2½
Cavan, . . . .	118 18 3½	Granard, . . . .	89 6 5½
Celbridge, . . . .	119 7 6½	Inishowen, . . . .	40 13 5½

## SCHEDULE—continued.

UNION.	Amount Assessed.	UNION.	Amount Assessed.
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Irvinestown, . . . .	51 4 1½	Nenagh, . . . .	98 7 2
Kanturk, . . . .	80 10 1½	Newcastle, . . . .	65 16 7½
Kells, . . . .	100 11 10½	New Ross, . . . .	108 14 2½
Kenmare, . . . .	20 8 4½	Newry, . . . .	175 19 0½
Kilkeel, . . . .	46 9 7	Newtownards, . . . .	149 0 8½
Kilkenny, . . . .	103 19 0	Oldcastle, . . . .	65 6 7½
Killadysert, . . . .	26 9 2½	Omagh, . . . .	111 15 2½
Killala, . . . .	21 4 4½	Oughterard, . . . .	15 9 3½
Killarney, . . . .	80 2 10	Parsonstown, . . . .	106 18 6½
Kilmacthomas, . . . .	34 11 2	Portumna, . . . .	36 16 3½
Kilmallock, . . . .	142 19 2	Rathdown, . . . .	282 16 11½
Kilrush, . . . .	55 1 3½	Rathfrum, . . . .	133 13 2½
Kinsale, . . . .	62 10 0½	Rathkeale, . . . .	58 6 11½
Larne, . . . .	107 2 1	Roscommon, . . . .	67 4 3½
Letterkenny, . . . .	32 18 11	Roscrea, . . . .	95 3 8½
Limavady, . . . .	71 11 1	Scariff, . . . .	27 7 2½
Limerick, . . . .	205 1 9½	Shillelagh, . . . .	52 7 1½
Lisburn, . . . .	185 11 5½	Skibbereen, . . . .	49 2 9½
Lismore, . . . .	52 1 2½	Skull, . . . .	15 15 9½
Lisnakeen, . . . .	60 10 0½	Sligo, . . . .	103 7 3½
Listowel, . . . .	56 2 0½	Strabane, . . . .	112 9 8
Londonderry, . . . .	170 16 7½	Stranorlar, . . . .	31 13 7
Longford, . . . .	63 4 8½	Strokestown, . . . .	52 18 2½
Loughrea, . . . .	79 8 8	Swineford, . . . .	42 14 7½
Lurgan, . . . .	150 12 5½	Thomastown, . . . .	68 17 5½
Macroom, . . . .	88 15 8½	Thurles, . . . .	94 6 4½
Magherafelt, . . . .	98 1 8½	Tipperary, . . . .	148 17 5½
Mallow, . . . .	110 14 10½	Toberecurry, . . . .	42 9 4
Manorhamilton, . . . .	45 8 10½	Trillick, . . . .	91 6 4½
Midleton, . . . .	98 1 11	Trim, . . . .	113 11 8½
Milford, . . . .	31 4 11½	Tuam, . . . .	80 0 3½
Millstreet, . . . .	29 6 3½	Tulla, . . . .	34 16 1½
Mitchelstown, . . . .	81 3 2½	Tullamore, . . . .	88 14 3½
Mohill, . . . .	41 3 5½	Ulingford, . . . .	50 13 6
Monaghan, . . . .	98 18 10½	Waterford, . . . .	160 14 5½
Mount Bellew, . . . .	42 1 3½	Westport, . . . .	48 0 5½
Mountmelick, . . . .	108 19 3½	Wexford, . . . .	112 17 9½
Mullingar, . . . .	165 0 3	Youghal, . . . .	62 2 11
Naas, . . . .	159 11 4½		
Navan, . . . .	103 7 5½	Total, . . . .	£ 14,548 9 4

Sealed with our Seal this Fourteenth day of April, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety.

(Signed),

HENRY ROBINSON.

GEORGE MORRIS.

F. MACCABE.

ZETLAND.

We, Lawrence, Earl of Zetland, Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland, do hereby approve this Order.

By Command of His Excellency,

WEST RIDGEWAY.

**No. 2.—GENERAL ORDER ASSESSING upon CONTRIBUTORY UNIONS under the National School Teachers Act their respective proportions of Results Fees for the year ending 31st March, 1891.**

To the GUARDIANS of the POOR of the several Unions named in the Schedule to this Order; to the Treasurer of each of such Unions, and to all persons whom it may concern :

WHEREAS We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, have received from the Commissioners of National Education an estimate for the year ending the 31st day of March, 1891, of the full amount payable as Results Fees in respect of Pupils attending the National Schools in each of the Unions which have become contributory Unions under an Act passed in the Thirty-ninth year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Queen Victoria, entitled "An Act to provide for additional Payments to Teachers of National Schools in Ireland":

AND WHEREAS the Unions which have become contributory under the said Act are those of which the names are placed in the first column of the Schedule hereto :

AND WHEREAS by the said Act it is enacted that the Commissioners of National Education shall require the Local Government Board in every year to provide a sum equal to one-third of such full amount payable as Results Fees as aforesaid, and that the said Local Government Board shall thereafter provide such sum in the manner by the said Act prescribed; and the Local Government Board have received from the Commissioners of National Education a requisition to provide, in the year 1890-91, a sum equal to one-third of such full amount aforesaid :

AND WHEREAS it is by the said Act further enacted that upon the receipt of every such estimate the Local Government Board shall by an Order under their Seal assess upon each contributory union a sum equal to one-third of the full amount payable as results fees in respect of pupils attending the National Schools in such contributory union, and shall transmit a copy of such Order to the guardians and likewise to the treasurer of such contributory union, stating the amount so assessed on such contributory union :

AND WHEREAS it is by the said Act further enacted that forthwith on the receipt of such Order by the treasurer of any contributory union he shall, out of the funds then lying in his hands to the credit of the guardians of such union, or, if there shall be then no sufficient assets, out of the moneys next received by him and placed to the credit of such guardians, pay over the amount so assessed on such contributory union to the Bank of Ireland, to be there placed to the credit of the Commissioners of Education to a separate account, to be entitled "The Results Fees Account;" and that the guardians of such contributory union shall in their account with the electoral divisions of such contributory union debit each electoral division with its proportion of the said amount according to the net annual value for the time being of the property rateable to the rates for the relief of the destitute poor in each such division :

AND WHEREAS it is provided by the said Act that if in any financial year the sum provided by the Local Government Board in respect of any contributory union exceeds the amount required for the purposes of the Act in such year in respect of such contributory union, such overplus shall be carried to the credit of the next following financial year, and in such last-mentioned year only such sum shall be raised by assessment on such contributory union as shall be necessary in addition

thereto to make up the sum which would in the ordinary course under the said Act be required to be provided by the Local Government Board in respect of such contributory union in such next following year :

AND WHEREAS we have received from the Commissioners of National Education a statement of the surplus of previous assessments, as set forth in the fourth column of the Schedule hereto :

NOW THEREFORE, in pursuance of the powers vested in us by the said Act, We do hereby assess upon each of the unions named in the first column of the Schedule hereto the amount set opposite to its name in the fifth column, such sum being equal to one-third of such full amount payable as Results Fees as aforesaid by such union as set forth in the second column of the said Schedule, less the amount of surplus of previous assessments as set forth in the fourth column.

SCHEDULE.—CONTRIBUTORY POOR LAW UNIONS.

Name of Union.	Full amount of Results Fees payable to the Teachers of National Schools situated in Union. (Estimated.)	Amount equal to one-third of the full amount of estimated Results Fees.	Surplus of previous Assessments.	Amount assessed on each Union, being one-third of the full amount of estimated Results Fees less amount of surplus of previous Assessments.
1st Column.	2nd Column.	3rd Column.	4th Column.	5th Column.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Ballymahon, . . .	1,037 15 3	362 11 9	7 11 9	355 0 0
Ballyvaughan, . .	416 10 6	138 16 10	31 16 10	107 0 0
Bairdherry, . . .	1,202 4 8	400 14 10	81 14 10	309 0 0
Belfast, . . .	22,617 4 9	7,539 1 7	32 1 7	7,507 0 0
Castlesomer, . . .	1,086 13 9	355 11 3	13 11 3	342 0 0
Clogheen, . . .	1,730 4 0	573 8 0	58 8 0	515 0 0
Cloghor, . . .	1,137 0 0	379 0 0	—	379 0 0
Cork, . . .	10,001 16 9	3,333 18 11	309 18 11	3,024 0 0
Croom, . . .	1,228 16 9	408 18 11	87 18 11	321 0 0
Delvin, . . .	795 3 3	265 1 1	14 1 1	251 0 0
Downpatrick, . .	3,541 13 3	1,180 11 1	71 11 1	1,109 0 0
Dungannon, . . .	2,239 7 6	746 9 2	29 9 2	717 0 0
Edenderry, . . .	1,056 15 0	352 5 0	21 5 0	331 0 0
Gorey, . . .	933 0 0	311 0 0	—	311 0 0
Inishowen, . . .	1,529 2 6	509 14 2	57 14 2	452 0 0
Irvinestown, . .	1,168 2 3	389 7 5	37 7 5	352 0 0
Kells, . . .	1,637 0 3	542 6 9	65 6 9	487 0 0
Kilmallock, . . .	3,090 8 3	1,030 1 1	190 1 1	840 0 0
Milford, . . .	806 9 0	295 9 8	33 9 8	262 0 0
Mitchelstown, . .	1,649 5 9	549 15 3	19 15 3	530 0 0
Mullingar, . . .	2,312 9 9	737 9 11	38 9 11	699 0 0
Navan, . . .	1,686 13 6	562 4 6	54 4 6	508 0 0
Newry, . . .	3,279 8 0	1,093 2 8	87 2 8	1,006 0 0
Oldcastle, . . .	1,743 0 0	581 0 0	—	581 0 0
Rathfrum, . . .	1,905 0 0	635 0 0	—	635 0 0
Skibbereen, . . .	3,702 18 8	1,234 6 1	53 6 1	1,181 0 0
Strabane, . . .	2,038 14 3	676 4 9	25 4 9	651 0 0
Trim, . . .	1,335 2 0	445 0 8	61 0 8	404 0 0
Tullamore, . . .	1,630 7 3	543 9 1	107 9 1	496 0 0

Sealed with our Seal this Thirtieth day of May, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety.

(Signed),

HENRY ROBINSON.

GEORGE MORRIS.

F. MACCABE.

EDWD. SAXE-WEIMAR, *General.*

JOHN T. BALL, *L.J.*

We, the Lords Justices-General and General Governors of Ireland, do hereby approve this Order.

By Command of Their Excellencies,

WEST RIDGEWAY.

E 2



No. 3.—ORDER DECLARING the DAILY RATE of PAYMENT to be made by the GUARDIANS of the UNIONS of TRIM, DROGHEDA, DUNSHAUGHLIN, NAVAN and KELLS, to the Board of Management of the District School at Trim, for the maintenance of each child belonging to the said Unions, respectively.

To the GUARDIANS of the POOR of the Unions of Trim, Drogheda, Dunshaughlin, Navan, and Kells; and to all other persons whom it may concern:

WHEREAS by an Order under our Seal, bearing date the Twenty-fourth day of February, 1888, and addressed to the Guardians of the Poor of the Unions of Trim, Drogheda, Dunshaughlin, Navan, and Kells, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, have declared the said Unions to be combined for the maintenance and education of children not above the age of 15 years, being inmates of the Workhouses of the said Unions, respectively, and We have authorized the Guardians of the said Unions, respectively, as and when they may see fit, to send to a School (hereinafter referred to as the School) to be established for the purpose of the maintenance and education of such children, all such children not above the age of 15 years as may be admitted to the Workhouses of the said Unions, respectively, and to charge the cost of so sending and removing such children to the Electoral Division or to the Union at large, as the case may be, to which relief afforded to such children would by law be chargeable:

AND WHEREAS by our said Order We have amongst other things further Ordered and Directed that a Board of Management (hereinafter referred to as the Board of Management) be established for the conduct of the School; and that for each child belonging to the said Unions, respectively, who may be sent to the School, a certain sum per diem, to be paid and regulated from time to time in such manner as We shall direct, shall be paid to the Board of Management on account of the maintenance of such child in the School, and that such sum, and all other expenses incurred in reference to such child individually, shall be debited to the Electoral Division or Union, as the case may be to which relief afforded to such child would by law be chargeable:

AND WHEREAS it seems fit to Us to fix the daily rate of payment to be made to the Board of Management for each child belonging to the said Unions, respectively, who may be sent to the School as aforesaid:

NOW THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers given unto Us, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby Order, Direct, and Declare, that the daily rate of payment to be made by the Guardians of the Unions of Trim, Drogheda, Dunshaughlin, Navan, and Kells, to the Board of Management for the maintenance in the School of each child belonging to the said Unions, respectively, who may be sent to the School during each half year, shall be a sum equal to the daily average charge for the maintenance and clothing

of each child in the School as ascertained at the close of each half year, subject to any further regulation which may hereafter be made by Us in this behalf.

Sealed with our Seal this Ninth day of August,  
in the year of Our Lord One Thousand  
Eight Hundred and Ninety.

(Signed), HENRY ROBINSON.  
F. MACCABE.

EDWARD SAXE-WEIMAR, *General*.

HEDGES EYRE CHATTERTON.

We, the Lords Justices-General and General Governors of Ireland,  
do hereby approve this Order.

By command of Their Excellencies,  
W. S. B. KAYE.

No. 4.—GENERAL ORDER amending the GENERAL ORDER of the  
5th of February, 1849, prescribing rules and regulations  
for the MANAGEMENT of WORKHOUSES in IRELAND.

To the GUARDIANS of the POOR of the several Unions named in the  
Schedule hereunto annexed, and the Officers of the Workhouses  
of such Unions; and to all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS, in exercise of the powers vested in them by an Act  
passed in the second year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria,  
intituled "An Act for the more effectual Relief of the destitute Poor  
in Ireland," the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of  
the Poor in Ireland, by a General Order under their seal bearing date  
the fifth day of February, 1849, did prescribe Rules and Regulations for  
regulating the management of Workhouses in Ireland, and the duties of  
Workhouse Officers:

AND WHEREAS it is expedient that the said General Order should be  
amended as hereinafter provided:

NOW THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers vested in Us, We, the  
Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby repeal the regulations  
contained in Article 20 of the said General Order, and, in lieu of the  
regulations contained in that article, We do hereby order as follows:—

No pauper shall have or consume any tobacco, or any spirituous or  
fermented liquor, except where it is ordered in writing by the medical  
officer for any individual pauper of the sick, infirm, or lunatic classes,  
or for any pauper engaged at work of an offensive nature which may  
render tobacco or a stimulant necessary for the preservation of his

health. The Medical Officer shall set forth briefly in each case the reason for making such order, and his report on the subject shall be laid before the Board of Guardians at their next meeting.

Sealed with our Seal this Twenty-second day of October, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety.

(Signed),

HENRY ROBINSON.  
GEORGE MORRIS.  
F. MACCABE.

ASHBOURNE, C.  
BELMORE.

We, the Lords Justices-General and General Governors of Ireland, do hereby approve this Order.

By Command of Their Excellencies.

W. S. B. KAYE.

#### SCHEDULE.

Names of the Unions to which this Order applies.

[Each Union in Ireland.]

#### NO. 5.—GENERAL ORDER PRESCRIBING RULES and REGULATIONS under the SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

To the GUARDIANS of the POOR of the several Unions named in the Schedule hereunto annexed; to the Clerks of the said Unions; to the Treasurers thereof; and to all other persons whom it may concern;

WHEREAS, by Section 11 of the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890, it is enacted as follows:—

“11. The Local Government Board, with the consent of the Lord Lieutenant and the Treasury, may make general rules and regulations as regards,—

“(a) the times and manner of summoning and holding meetings of Guardians for the purposes of this Act:

“(b) the time within which applications are to be made under this Act:

“(c) the information to be given by Guardians to the Local Government Board in respect of the persons in the several Electoral Divisions in the Unions who are in need of, but are unable to procure, seed potatoes, and who the Guardians believe would be willing to purchase the same under this Act:

“(d) the forms of all estimates, circulars, notices, and receipts to be used by the Guardians under this Act:

“(e) the times at which sums received by Guardians as the price of seed paid for in cash are to be paid to the Board of Works:

“(f) any other matter or thing, whether similar or not to those before mentioned, in respect of which it may seem to the Local Government Board (with such consent as aforesaid) expedient to make rules and regulations for the purpose of carrying this Act into effect.”

AND WHEREAS We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, deem it expedient to make rules and regulations as regards the matters aforesaid:

Now THEREFORE We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby order as follows:—

**ARTICLE 1.** The times and manner of summoning and holding meetings of Guardians for the purposes of the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890 (hereinafter referred to as the Act), shall be subject to the regulations contained in our General Order, bearing date the 18th day of December, 1882, for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Boards of Guardians in Ireland.

Provided that:—

(1.) Immediately upon receipt of this Order, the Clerk of each Union shall by notice to each Guardian in the Form A hereinafter set forth, summon a special meeting of the Board of Guardians to be held on the day of ordinary meeting next following the receipt of this Order, for the purpose of considering whether there is in the Union any Electoral Division in which the occupiers of land are generally unable, through poverty and the extent of the failure of the potato crop, to procure an adequate supply of seed potatoes.

(2.) Should the Guardians of any Union, present at a meeting held under the foregoing proviso, consider that there is any Electoral Division in the Union in which the occupiers of land are generally unable for the reasons aforesaid to procure an adequate supply of seed potatoes, they shall forthwith adopt a resolution, in the Form B hereinafter set forth, to the effect that at a meeting to be held on that day fortnight they shall apply for a loan under the Act for the use of such Electoral Division or Divisions; and it shall thereupon be the duty of the Clerk of the Union to at once proceed as follows:—

(a) He shall issue to each Guardian of the Union a notice, in the Form C hereinafter set forth, of the meeting at which it is proposed to apply for a loan.

(b) He shall cause to be posted throughout the Electoral Division or Divisions for the use of which it is proposed to apply for a loan, a notice, in the Form D hereinafter set forth, informing occupiers and cultivators of land in such Electoral Division or Divisions that the Guardians propose to apply for a loan under the Act, and that those who desire to purchase seed potatoes thereunder should apply to the Guardian or Guardians of the Division in which they reside, or to the Relieving Officer of the District in which the Electoral Division is situate should the office of Guardian for the Division be vacant, or the Guardian or Guardians therefor be unable or unwilling to act by reason of illness, absence, or other cause.

(c) He shall transmit to the Guardian or Guardians of the Electoral Division or Divisions for the use of which it is proposed to apply for a loan a supply of requisition lists, in the Forms E hereinafter set forth, in which shall be submitted to the Board of Guardians the names of and other prescribed particulars regarding the persons who desire to purchase seed. The requisition lists, when duly filled with the necessary particulars regarding the persons for whom seed is required, shall be returned to the Clerk of the Union by the Guardian or Guardians of each Electoral Division concerned on or before the day of the meeting at which the amount of the loan to be applied for is to be determined. Should the office of Guardian for any Electoral Division be vacant, or the Guardian or Guardians therefor be unable or unwilling to act by reason of illness, absence, or other cause, the requisition lists shall be sent to and returned by the Relieving Officer of the district in which the Electoral Division in question is comprised.

In considering the requisition for the purpose of determining the amount of the loan to be applied for for each Electoral Division, the Guardians shall keep in view that they may not sell seed potatoes to any cultivator of land under sub-section (c) of section 5 of the Act, except they receive an application, in the Form F hereinafter set forth, from the tenant of such land or the occupying owner thereof.

ARTICLE 2. The time within which applications are to be made to Us for loans under the Act shall be not later than the 31st day of January, 1891.

ARTICLE 3. Applications to Us for loans under the Act must be accompanied by:—

1. Lists of the persons to whom the Guardians making the application propose to sell seed potatoes. Separate lists must be furnished for each Electoral Division, in the Forms G hereinafter set forth, and, if possible, be signed by the Guardian or Guardians of the Division. Each list shall also be signed by the Clerk of the Union, and shall be further vouched by the signature of the Poor Rate Collector or Relieving Officer of the district in which the Electoral Division is comprised who shall be held strictly responsible for the accuracy of the particulars contained in the list.

2. An estimate, in the Form H hereinafter set forth, showing the sum which the Guardians propose to borrow in respect of each Electoral Division, and the several other particulars prescribed in the form.

Provided, that Boards of Guardians shall at all times afford Us such further information as We may require in respect of the persons to whom they propose to sell seed potatoes.

ARTICLE 4. All sums received by Boards of Guardians as the price of seed paid for in cash shall be paid to the Board of Works by cheque forwarded on the day of ordinary meeting of the Board of Guardians next following the receipt of such sums by them. With each cheque so forwarded the Clerk of the Union shall transmit to the Board of Works an account, in the Form I hereinafter set forth, of the sums included in such cheque.

ARTICLE 5. Notice that the Guardians are prepared to issue seed potatoes under the Act shall be given to each person who is to be supplied therewith, in the Form J hereinafter set forth, and, in cases where the seed is issued to cultivators under sub-section (c) of section 5 of the Act, further notice of such issue shall be given, in the Form K hereinafter set forth, to the tenant or occupying owner on whose application the seed is being supplied.

ARTICLE 6. No seed potatoes supplied by Guardians under the Act shall be delivered to any person other than the occupier or cultivator of the land in which the seed is to be sown, nor without the production by such occupier or cultivator of the notice received by him in the said Form J, nor without an acknowledgment of the receipt of the seed being obtained from such occupier in the Form L 1, or cultivator in the Form L 2, hereinafter set forth. For the purpose of properly identifying such occupiers and cultivators the Poor Rate Collector of each Electoral Division, or, should he be incapacitated by illness or otherwise, such person as the Guardians may appoint to act in his stead, shall attend the distribution of seed for that Division; and the Guardians shall take all such further steps as may be necessary or desirable for the purpose of such identification.

ARTICLE 7. Immediately after the distribution of seed in any Electoral Division, the Guardians shall forthwith publish lists, in the Form M hereinafter set forth, showing the persons in the Division to whom seed has been supplied and the other particulars prescribed in the form.

ARTICLE 8. The manner in which the notices in the Forms D and M prescribed by this Order shall be published shall be according to the accustomed mode of giving public notice in Electoral Divisions, namely, by posting such notices on or near to the principal doors of every Church or Chapel in the Division to which it refers.

ARTICLE 9. No part of a loan obtained for one Electoral Division may, under any circumstances, be applied to the use of another Electoral Division, and no portion of such loan shall be expended for any purpose or purposes other than those authorized by the Act.

PROVIDED that We may hereafter make any such further regulation in regard to any matter or thing herein contained as We may deem fit.

### FORM A.

#### SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

To A.B., Guardian of the Poor of the \_\_\_\_\_ Union.

SIR,—At a meeting of the Guardians of the Poor of the \_\_\_\_\_ Union, to be held at \_\_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock, the Guardians will, under the provisions of the above Act, take into consideration the question whether the occupiers of land in any Electoral Division or Divisions of the Union are generally unable, through poverty and the failure of the potato crop, to procure an adequate supply of seed potatoes.

You are hereby requested to attend such meeting at the above-mentioned time and place.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 189 \_\_\_\_\_  
Clerk of the Union.

### FORM B.

We, the Board of Guardians of the \_\_\_\_\_ Union, do hereby resolve that we consider that the occupiers of land in the Electoral Division (or Divisions) of \_\_\_\_\_ are generally unable, through poverty and the extent of the failure of the potato crop, to procure an adequate supply of seed potatoes, and that we shall, at a meeting to be held on this day fortnight, apply to the Local Government Board for Ireland for a loan under the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890, for the use of the said Electoral Division (or Divisions), the amount of the loan to be applied for for the said Electoral Division (or each of the said Electoral Divisions) to be such as we shall determine at that meeting.

### FORM C.

#### SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

To A.B., Guardian of the Poor of the \_\_\_\_\_ Union.

SIR,—At a meeting of the Guardians of the Poor of the \_\_\_\_\_ Union, to be held at \_\_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock, the Guardians will take into consideration the amount of the loan to be applied for under the above Act for the use of the Electoral Division (or Divisions) of \_\_\_\_\_

You are hereby requested to attend such meeting at the above-named time and place.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_  
Clerk of the Union.

## FORM D.

## NOTICE.

\_\_\_\_\_ Union.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Electoral Division.

## SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

The Board of Guardians propose to make application to the Local Government Board for Ireland for a loan under the above Act, for the purpose of providing a supply of seed potatoes for sale to occupiers of land in the Electoral Division.

In order to obtain such loan the Guardians must satisfy the Local Government Board that the occupiers of land in the Division are generally unable, through poverty and the failure of the potato crop, to procure an adequate supply of seed potatoes.

Should the loan be granted the Guardians will be prepared to sell seed potatoes to occupiers and cultivators of land in the \_\_\_\_\_ Electoral Division, subject to the following provisions:—

1. They may sell to any occupier of land valued at not more than Fifteen Pounds a quantity of seed potatoes not exceeding twelve cwt.

2. They may sell to any person who cultivates for his own use any land under a contract made by him with the tenant of the land for the purpose of growing potatoes, a quantity of seed potatoes not exceeding six cwt. No such sale shall be made except upon the application of the tenant of the land, or occupying owner, and upon his agreeing to pay to the Guardians the price of the seed so sold in the same manner as if the seed had been sold to him.

3. No seed potatoes shall be sold to any occupier of land, the rateable value of which exceeds Fifteen Pounds, and no seed shall be sold for less than the net price paid by the Guardians for it, including all expenses incurred for carriage, storage, or otherwise in providing such seed for sale, but an abatement of one-fifth shall be made in the price of all seed which is paid for in cash on delivery.

4. No seed potatoes shall be sold to any person unless the Guardians, or such persons as the Local Government Board may nominate in that behalf, are satisfied that the land into which the seed is to be put has been properly prepared, and is ready for sowing.

Payment of the amount due to the Guardians from each person indebted to the Guardians on account of any purchase of seed potatoes shall be made by two equal instalments, and each instalment shall be levied either as part of the poor rate or by a special rate.

Provided that no person shall be entitled to make any deduction from his rent on account of any such special rate.

The first of such special rates shall be made by the Guardians at the same time as the first ordinary rate made for the relief of the poor in the Union after the 1st day of August, 1891, and the second of such special rates shall be made by the Guardians at the same time as the first ordinary rate for the relief of the poor made in the Union after the 1st day of August, 1892.

Any person desiring to purchase seed under the conditions above-mentioned, should make application to the Guardian of the Electoral Division in which he resides, before the \_\_\_\_\_ January, 1891, but if the office of Guardian for this Electoral Division be vacant, or if, by reason of absence, illness, or other cause, the Guardian of the division be unable or unwilling to act, the application should be made to the Relieving Officer of the district in which the Electoral Division is comprised.

Clerk of Union.

Board Room,

## FORM E 1.

## SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

List of Occupiers (Section 5, sub-section a) for whom Seed Potatoes are required.

— Electoral Division.

No. in Rate Book.	Townland.	Valuation.	Name of Occupier.	Quantity of Seed required.
		£ s. d.		

## FORM E 2.

## SEED POTATOES (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

— Electoral Division.

List of Cultivators (Section 5, sub-section c), for whom Seed Potatoes are required.

Townland.	Tenant or occupying owner of land on whose application the seed is proposed to be sold.			Name of cultivator to whom seed is proposed to be sold.	Quantity of seed.
	No. in Rate Book.	Valuation.	Name.		
		£ s. d.			

## FORM F.

— Union.

— Electoral Division.

No. in Rate Book of applicant's holding.	Townland.	Name of Tenant or occupying owner.	Name of cultivator for sale of seed to whom application is made.

I am the tenant (or occupying owner) of the holding above referred to, and I hereby make application to the Board of Guardians of the Union that the said Guardians do sell to above named,  
 cwt. of seed potatoes, which I declare the said  
 has contracted with me to sow on the above-described



holding for his own use. And I promise to pay to the said Board of Guardians the net price paid by them for such seed, including all expenses incurred for carriage, storage, or otherwise in providing it for sale.

Dated this       day of                  189 .  
\_\_\_\_\_ \*Tenant (or occupying owner).  
\_\_\_\_\_, Clerk of the Union.

\*NOTE.—If the tenant or occupying owner be an infant, lunatic, or married woman not capable of contracting, this document must be signed by a surety in addition to the tenant or occupying owner.

## FORM G 1.

LIST OF OCCUPIERS TO WHOM IT IS PROPOSED TO SELL SEED POTATOES.

\_\_\_\_\_ Union.

Electoral Division.

No. in Rate Book.	Name of Occupier.	Townland.	Valuation.	Quantity of Seed Potatoes to be sold.
Col. 1.	Col. 2.	Col. 3.	Col. 4.	Col. 5.
			£ s. d.	

I am Poor Rate Collector (or Relieving Officer of the district in which the above-named Electoral Division is comprised, and I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the particulars entered in this list are in every respect correct, and that the occupiers named in Col. 2 of the list are themselves unable to procure an adequate supply of seed potatoes.

\_\_\_\_ Poor Rate Collector  
(or Relieving Officer).

\_\_\_\_\_. Guardian of the Division.

Clerk of the Union.

## FORM G 2

LIST OF CULTIVATORS TO WHOM IT IS PROPOSED TO SELL SNEED POTATOES.

Union.

Electoral Division.

No. in Rate Book of person named in Col. 2.	Name of tenant or occupy- ing owner of land on whose application the Guardians propose to sell Seed Potatoes to the person named in Col. 2.	Name of cultivator to whom it is proposed to sell Seed.	Townland.	Quantity of Seed Potatoes proposed to be sold.
Col. 1.	Col. 2.	Col. 3.	Col. 4.	Col. 5.

I am Poor Rate Collector (or Relieving Officer) of the district in which the above-named Electoral Division is comprised, and I hereby certify that, to the



## FORM J.

\_\_\_\_\_ Union.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Electoral Division.

To \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Townland.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Post Town.

You are hereby informed that the Guardians of the \_\_\_\_\_ Union are prepared to deliver to you \_\_\_\_\_ cwt. of seed potatoes on your applying in person at the depot \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_ between the hours of \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock \_\_\_\_\_ m. and \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock \_\_\_\_\_ m.

It will be necessary for you to produce this Notice. Without it you will not receive the seed.

\_\_\_\_\_ Clerk of the Union.

## FORM K.

\_\_\_\_\_ Union.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Electoral Division.

To \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Townland.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Post Town.

You are hereby informed that it has this day been notified to cultivator of portion of your holding in the Townland of \_\_\_\_\_, to whom the Guardians of the above-named Union have agreed to sell \_\_\_\_\_ cwt. of seed potatoes upon your application and upon your agreeing to pay to the Guardians the price of such seed, that the Guardians are prepared to deliver the seed to him on his applying in person at the depot, on \_\_\_\_\_ between the hours of \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock \_\_\_\_\_ m. and \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock \_\_\_\_\_ m.

\_\_\_\_\_ Clerk of the Union.

## FORM L 1.

## SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

\_\_\_\_\_ Union.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Electoral Division.

No. in Rate Book.	Townland.	Valuation.	Name of Occupier.		
		£      s.      d.			

I, being the occupier of the above-described holding, do hereby acknowledge that I have received from the Guardians of \_\_\_\_\_ Union \_\_\_\_\_ cwt. of seed potatoes, under the above Act, for which I promise to pay the said Guardians the sum of \_\_\_\_\_ Pounds \_\_\_\_\_ Shillings and \_\_\_\_\_ Pence.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 189 .

\_\_\_\_\_ Witness of delivery. \_\_\_\_\_ \*Occupier.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Clerk of Union.

\*If the occupier be an infant, lunatic, or married woman not capable of contracting, this document must be signed by a surety in addition to the occupier.

## FORM L 2.

## SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

\_\_\_\_\_ Union.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Electoral Division.

Col. 1. Townland.	Col. 2. Tenant or occupying owner on whose application seed potatoes have been sold to cultivator named in Col. 3.		Col. 3. Name of cultivator to whom seed potatoes have been sold.
	No. in Rate Book.	Name.	

I, being cultivator of a portion of land on the above described holding, do hereby acknowledge that I have received from the Guardians of the Union, \_\_\_\_\_ cwt. of seed potatoes under the above Act, sold to me by the Guardians on the application of the above-named tenant or occupying owner of the land.

\_\_\_\_\_ \*Cultivator.

\_\_\_\_\_ Witness of delivery.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Clerk of the Union.

\*NOTE.—If the cultivator be an infant, idiotic, or married woman not capable of contracting, this document must be signed by a surety in addition to the cultivator.

## FORM M.

\_\_\_\_\_ Union.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Electoral Division.

## SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that, under the provisions of the above-mentioned Act the Guardians of the \_\_\_\_\_ Union have supplied the under-mentioned occupiers and cultivators of land with seed potatoes to the value set opposite their respective names.

Name.	Townland.	Value of seed potatoes sold.		
		£	s	d

Any objection in regard to the above-mentioned particulars should be addressed in writing to the Guardians of the Union, at the Workhouse, \_\_\_\_\_, within one month from the date of this Notice.

\_\_\_\_\_ Clerk of the Union.

## SCHEDULE.

Names of the Unions to which this Order applies.

[Each Union in Ireland].

Sealed with our Seal, this Twenty-second day of  
December, in the year of Our Lord One  
Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety.

(Signed),                      ARTHUR JAMES BALFOUR.  
   GEORGE MORRIS.  
   F. MACCABE.

### ZETLAND.

WE, LAWRENCE, EARL OF ZETLAND, Lord Lieutenant General and  
General Governor of Ireland, do hereby approve this Order.

By His Excellency's Command,

WEST RIDGEWAY.

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NO. 6.—GENERAL ORDER extending the TIME within which  
APPLICATIONS for LOANS might be made under the Seed  
Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890.

TO the GUARDIANS of the POOR of the several Unions named in the  
Schedule hereto; to the Clerks of the said Unions; to the Treasurers thereof; and to all other Persons whom it may concern:

WHEREAS, by Section 11 of the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890 (hereinafter referred to as the Act), it is enacted that the Local Government Board, with the consent of the Lord Lieutenant and the Treasury, may make general rules and regulations as regards, amongst other things, the time within which applications are to be made under the Act:

AND WHEREAS, by Article 2 of a General Order under our Seal bearing date the Twenty-second day of December, 1890, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, did prescribe that the time within which applications might be made to Us for Loans under the Act should be not later than the 31st day of January, 1891, reserving power to ourselves to make any such further regulation in reference to any matter therein contained as We might deem fit:

AND WHEREAS We deem it fit and expedient to extend the time so prescribed in so far as regards the Unions named in the Schedule hereto:

NOW THEREFORE We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby order and declare that the time within which applications may be made to Us for loans under the Act by the Guardians of the Poor of the Unions named in the Schedule hereto, shall be not later than the Twentieth day of February, 1891, anything in our said Order of the Twenty-second day of December, 1890, to the contrary notwithstanding.

## SCHEDULE.

Names of the Unions to which this Order applies.

Athy. Ballinglass. Belmullet. Carlow. Castlesomer.	Ballyborough. Clonsmel. Glenties. Granard. Mountmelick.	Navan. Castletown. New Ross. Oughterard.	Rathkeale. Strokestown. Tobercurry. Kinnallock.
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Scaled with our Seal, this Second day of February,  
in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight  
Hundred and Ninety-one.

(Signed),                      GEORGE MORRIS.  
F. MACCABE.

## ZETLAND.

WE, LAWRENCE, EARL OF ZETLAND, Lord Lieutenant-General and  
General Governor of Ireland, do hereby approve this Order.

By His Excellency's Command,  
W. S. B. KAYE.

An Order was made on the 21st of February, 1891, in similar terms,  
extending, to the 20th of March, the time within which applications for  
loans under the Act might be made by the Guardians of the following  
Unions, viz :—

Bawnboy. Cathel. Dromore West.	Kenmare. Killala. Milford.	Parsonstown. Scariff. Thomastown.	Thurles. Uringford.
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A further Order was made on the 10th of March, extending, to the  
2nd of April, the time within which applications for loans might be  
made by the Guardians of the Unions of :—

Athlone. Ballinrobe. Ballyshannon. Bandon. Boyle. Carrick-on-Suir. Castleres.	Castletown. Dunfannaghy. Cavan. Clifden. Cork. Rena. Galway.	Killedyserf. Killala. Killarney. Kinnallock. Longrea. Mohill. Newcastle.	Rathkeale. Roscrea. Stranorlar. Strokestown. Tum. Tulce.
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and, upon the passing of the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1891,  
the following order was made extending, to the 15th of April, 1891, the  
time within which application might be made for a loan by the Board  
of Guardians of any Union in Ireland.

**No. 7.—GENERAL ORDER** extending the TIME within which APPLICATIONS for LOANS might be made under the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890, as Amended by the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1891.

To the GUARDIANS of the POOR of the several Unions named in the Schedule hereto; to the Clerks of the said Unions; to the Treasurers thereof; and to all other Persons whom it may concern:

WHEREAS, by the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1891 (hereinafter referred to as the Amending Act), it is enacted as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1891, and shall be read and construed as one with the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890 (hereinafter referred to as "the principal Act").

2. Sub-section (c) of sub-section (1) of section five of the principal Act is hereby repealed from the words "but no such sale" to the end of the sub-section, as regards all sales heretofore and hereafter made under the provisions thereof; provided that upon any such sale it shall be lawful for the Guardians to obtain such security as they may think sufficient for the payment of the price of the seed sold.

AND WHEREAS, by Section 11 of the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), it is enacted that the Local Government Board, with the consent of the Lord Lieutenant and the Treasury, may make general rules and regulations as regards, amongst other things, the time within which applications are to be made under the principal Act:

AND WHEREAS, by Article 2 of a General Order under our Seal bearing date the Twenty-second day of December, 1890, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, did prescribe that the time within which applications might be made to Us for loans under the principal Act should be not later than the 31st day of January, 1891, reserving power to ourselves to make any such further regulation in reference to any matter therein contained as We might deem fit:

AND WHEREAS by General Orders under our Seal bearing date the Second day of February, 1891, the Twenty-first day of February, 1891, and the Tenth day of March, 1891, We did make further regulations in reference to the time within which applications might be made to Us for loans under the principal Act by the Guardians of the Poor of the Unions named in the Schedules to the said three last-mentioned Orders, respectively.

AND WHEREAS We deem it fit and expedient to further regulate the time within which applications may be made to Us for loans under the principal Act, as amended by the amending Act, by the Guardians of the Poor of the Unions named in the Schedule hereto:

NOW THEREFORE We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby order and declare that the time within which applications may be made to Us for loans under the principal Act, as amended by the amending Act, by the Guardians of the Poor of the Unions named in the Schedule hereto, shall be not later than the Fifteenth day of April, 1891, anything in our said General Orders of the Twenty-second day of

December, 1890, Second day of February, 1891, Twenty-first day of February, 1891, and Tenth day of March, 1891, to the contrary notwithstanding.

AND We do hereby rescind so much of our said General Order of the Twenty-second day of December, 1890, as may be repugnant to, or inconsistent with, the provisions of the amending Act.

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### SCHEDULE.

Names of the Unions to which this Order applies.

[Each Union in Ireland.]

Sealed with our Seal, this Twenty-sixth day of March, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-one.

(Signed),

GEORGE MORRIS.

F. MACCABE.

H. A. ROBINSON.

ZETLAND.

WE, LAWRENCE, EARL OF ZETLAND, Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland, do hereby approve this Order.

By His Excellency's Command,

W. S. B. KAYE.

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No. 8.—GENERAL ORDER fixing the SCALE of PAYMENT of CLERKS and COLLECTORS of POOR RATE of the several Poor Law Unions in Ireland under the Parliamentary Registration Expenses (Ireland) Act, 1890.

To the GUARDIANS of the POOR of the several Poor Law Unions in Ireland; to the Clerks and Collectors of Poor Rates of the said Unions; and to all other persons whom it may concern:

WHEREAS, by Section 1, Sub-sections 1 and 2, of the Parliamentary Registration Expenses (Ireland) Act, 1890, it is enacted that:—

(1.) The Clerks and Collectors of Poor Rates of the several Poor Law Unions in Ireland shall be paid for their services and for expenses incurred by them in execution of the duties required to be discharged by them respectively in carrying into effect the provisions of the Representation of the People Acts as that expression is defined in section eight of the Representation of the People Act, 1884, for which payment is not provided by the said Acts.

(2.) The Local Government Board for Ireland may from time to time make orders, and, when made, revoke, alter, or amend the same, and make new orders instead of any orders revoked, fixing a scale according to which the payment for such services and expenses shall be made.



AND WHEREAS We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, deem it expedient to make an Order fixing a scale according to which the payment for the services and expenses aforesaid shall be made.

NOW THEREFORE We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby Order that the scale according to which the Clerks and Collectors of Poor Rates of the several Poor Law Unions in Ireland shall be paid for their services and for expenses incurred by them in execution of their said duties, respectively, shall be as follows, viz. :—

#### SCALE.

1. The Clerk of each Union shall be paid at the rate of One Pound, sterling, for each hundred ratings in such Union up to ten thousand such ratings, and at the rate of Ten Shillings for each hundred such ratings over ten thousand ratings; together with a sum of Ten Shillings and Sixpence for each day on which he may necessarily be in attendance at the revision courts in execution of his duties aforesaid.

2. Each Collector of Poor Rates shall be paid at the rate of Fifteen Shillings for each hundred ratings in the district for which he is Collector; together with a sum of Seven Shillings and Sixpence for each day on which he may necessarily be in attendance at the revision courts in execution of his duties aforesaid.

Provided, that the Clerks and Collectors of Poor Rates of the North and South Dublin Unions shall receive no such payment in respect of ratings comprised within the Municipal District of Dublin.

Scaled with our Seal, this Tenth day of February, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-one.

(Signed),

GEORGE MORRIS.  
F. MACCABE.

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#### II.—CIRCULARS.

##### No. 1.—HOSPITAL NURSES.

Local Government Board, Dublin,

10th April, 1890.

SIR,—The attention of the Local Government Board for Ireland has been drawn to the subject of the qualifications of nurses placed in charge of workhouse infirmaries and fever hospitals, and as some cases have recently come under their notice in which untrained and inexperienced persons have been elected to these offices, and at salaries which no qualified nurse would accept, the Local Government Board deem it necessary to address Boards of Guardians on the subject.

The conditions under which the sick poor are placed when suffering from severe illness in their own homes are so unfavourable to their recovery that every inducement ought to be held out to them to seek in the workhouse hospitals the daily medical supervision and treatment calculated to alleviate their sufferings and to hasten their restoration.

to health, while the speedy admission to a fever hospital of a patient suffering from illness of an infectious character is requisite for the protection of the community at large as affording the best means for preventing the spread of disease. The sick poor cannot be expected willingly to seek treatment in workhouse hospitals if they have not confidence in the qualifications and efficiency of the nurses in charge. In all acute diseases, but in an especial degree in continued and eruptive fevers which are all of an infectious type, the chances of recovery depend to a very great extent upon the nursing, and the duties entrusted to workhouse hospital nurses are of such a character that it is not to be expected that persons possessing neither training nor experience can perform them in a satisfactory manner; it should also be borne in mind that while incapable nurses are gradually acquiring some knowledge of their work the sick poor under their charge must pass through much unnecessary suffering. The highest skill and attention on the part of the medical officer may be neutralized by the ignorance and incapacity of the nurse charged with the duty of carrying out his instructions and of informing him of those important changes in the condition of patients which an unskilled nurse will fail to observe and appreciate.

The Local Government Board therefore hope that whenever vacancies for nurses occur Boards of Guardians will bear in mind the great importance of electing trained and experienced persons, and that they will offer such salaries as may induce qualified applicants to present themselves as candidates. The Local Government Board would express their earnest hope that this subject will receive the careful attention of Boards of Guardians.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

## No. 2.—TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION ACT, 1889.

Local Government Board,  
Dublin, 14th May, 1890.

SIR,—With reference to their circular letter of the 11th of November last with which a copy of the "Technical Instruction Act, 1889," 52 & 53 Vic., cap. 76, was forwarded to the Sanitary Authority for their information, I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to request that you will be so good as to state whether the Sanitary Authority have taken any action under the Act.

If any action has been taken by the Sanitary Authority you will be good enough to furnish the Board with a statement of the particulars of the aid given by them out of the local rate to technical or manual instruction, showing the extent to which, and the terms on which, such aid was given, together with full information as to the action of the Sanitary Authority, generally, under the provisions of the Act mentioned.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Executive Sanitary  
Officer to each Sanitary  
Authority, Urban and Rural.

## No. 3.—POOR LAW ACTS (IRELAND) AMENDMENT ACT, 1890.

Local Government Board,  
Dublin, 28th August, 1890.

SIR,—I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to forward herewith, for the information of the Board of Guardians, a copy of the Poor Law Acts (Ireland) Amendment Act, 1890, 53 & 54 Vict., c. 30.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

## ENCLOSURE TO THE FOREGOING.

POOR LAW ACTS IRELAND (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1890.  
53 & 54 VIC., CHAPTER 30.

AN ACT TO AMEND THE POOR LAWS OF IRELAND IN RELATION  
TO RATING.

[4th August, 1890].

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short title. 1. This Act shall be cited as the Poor Law Acts (Ireland) Amendment Act, 1890.

Liability of 2.—(1.) When after the passing of this Act any poor rate has been made for  
ratepayer. a particular period, and the owner or occupier of any rateable property, who is rated in respect thereof to such poor rate, ceases to be the owner or occupier of such property before the end of such period, and has not paid the poor rate, it shall be lawful for the board of guardians of the poor law union in which the property is situated to determine that such owner or occupier shall be liable to a portion only of the poor rate payable for the whole of such period proportionate to the portion of such period during which he remained owner or occupier, and thereupon he shall notwithstanding anything in any of the Acts now in force for the relief of the destitute poor in Ireland, be liable to pay such portion only: Provided, however, that the amount of such portion shall not be leviable by distress and sale of any goods or chattels other than those of the person who has ceased to be such owner or occupier as aforesaid.

(2.) In any such case, if any other person, before the end of the period for which the poor rate was made, becomes the owner or occupier of the property, such person shall pay a portion of the poor rate payable for the whole of such period proportionate to the portion of such period between his becoming such owner or occupier and the end of such period, and the same shall be recovered from him in the same manner as if he had been originally rated for such property.

(3.) Subject to the provisions of this section the portions of any poor rate which shall become payable under the provisions of this Act shall and may be collected and levied, sued for and recovered, by such and the same ways and means as the entire poor rate might have been collected, levied, sued for, and recovered if this Act had not passed.

Application 3. This Act shall not apply to any poor rate made for any poor law union or  
of Act. part of a poor law union situate in the city of Dublin, within the meaning  
12 & 13 assigned to those words by the Act of the twelfth and thirteenth years of the  
Vic. c. 91. reign of Her present Majesty, chapter ninety-one.

NO. 4.—PARLIAMENTARY REGISTRATION EXPENSES (IRELAND) ACT,  
1890.

Local Government Board,  
Dublin, 30th August, 1890.

SIR,—I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to forward herewith, for the information of the Board of Guardians, a copy of the Parliamentary Registration Expenses (Ireland) Act, 1890, 53 & 54 Vic., c. 58.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

ENCLOSURE to the FOREGOING.

PARLIAMENTARY REGISTRATION EXPENSES (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

An Act to make better provision for the payment of Clerks of Unions and Collectors of Poor Rates for services in carrying into effect the Acts relating to the Registration of Parliamentary Voters in Ireland. [18th August, 1890].

Be it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1.—(1.) The clerks and collectors of poor rates of the several poor law unions in Ireland shall be paid for their services and for expenses incurred by them in execution of the duties required to be discharged by them respectively in carrying into effect the provisions of the Representation of the People Acts as that expression is defined in section 8 of the Representation of the People Act, 1894, for which payment is not provided by the said Acts.

Payment of  
Union  
Officers  
according to  
fixed scale.  
43 Vic. c. 5.

(2.) The Local Government Board for Ireland may from time to time make orders, and, when made, revoke, alter, or amend the same, and make new orders instead of any orders revoked, fixing a scale according to which the payment for such services and expenses shall be made.

(3.) In fixing such scale regard shall be had to the various duties which are required to be performed by such clerks and collectors respectively under the said Acts with respect to the preparation of the voters' lists for the revision, and to their attendance at the revision courts, and to the distances which it may be necessary for them to travel for such purposes respectively.

(4.) All sums which shall become payable to any such clerk or collector, according to the scale in force for the time being, shall be paid to him by the Board of Guardians of the Union within a reasonable time in each year after the close of the sittings of the revision court for the Parliamentary borough or county, or division of a county, as the case may be, in which the poor law union is situated, out of any funds applicable to the general purposes of the Union, and shall be paid to such person in addition to any salary or remuneration payable to him for the discharge of any other duties besides those required by the said Acts, but, as regards the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety, after deducting all sums paid to any such clerk or collector by any Board of Guardians as a compensation for the duties mentioned in sub-section one of this section discharged during the year ending the thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety, and after that date no payment in respect of such duties shall be made in any year to any clerk or collector except under the scale to be fixed in pursuance of this Act.

2. This Act may be cited as the Parliamentary Registration Expenses (Ireland) Short title Act, 1890.

**No. 5.—SCALE of REMUNERATION of CLERKS of UNIONS and COLLECTORS of POOR RATE for duties under the REPRESENTATION of the PEOPLE ACTS.**

Local Government Board,  
Dublin, 13th February, 1891.

SIR,—I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to forward, herewith, to be laid before the Board of Guardians, a copy of an Order\* which the Board have made under the Parliamentary Registration Expenses (Ireland) Act, 1890, fixing a scale according to which the clerks and collectors of poor rates of the several poor law unions in Ireland shall be paid for their services and for expenses incurred by them in execution of their duties under the Representation of the People Acts.

As regards the payment of the officers referred to for the duties discharged by them under the Acts in question during the year ended the 31st of December last, I am to direct the Guardians' attention to the provision contained in sub-section 4 of section 1 of the Parliamentary Registration Expenses Act, above mentioned, respecting the sums payable for that year.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,  
THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

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**No. 6.—WORKHOUSE RULES.**

Local Government Board,  
Dublin, 17th November, 1890.

SIR,—I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to forward, herewith, for the information of the Board of Guardians, a copy of an Order† which the Board have made repealing the regulations contained in article 20 of their General Order of the 5th of February, 1849, and prescribing other regulations in lieu thereof.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,  
THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

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**No. 7.—NATIONAL SCHOOL TEACHERS (IRELAND) ACT.**

Local Government Board,  
Dublin, 31st December, 1890.

SIR,—In pursuance of the 4th Section of "The National School Teachers (Ireland) Act, 1875," the Local Government Board for Ireland transmit to you herewith, to be laid before the Board of Guardians of every Union, the notice which they are required by that section to transmit, on or before the 1st day of January, to the Guardians of every Union which shall not at such time be a contributory union within the meaning of the Act.

\* See page 67.

† See page 53.

The notice now transmitted, as in the case of the notice which was transmitted on the 31st December, 1889, requires the Guardians within forty days from the receipt thereof to inform the Local Government Board whether, for the purpose of increasing the remuneration of the Teachers of National Schools within the Union, they are willing to make their Union a contributory Union within the meaning of the Act, and the Guardians will observe therefore that by the present notice they are now called upon, in pursuance of the requirement of the Act, to decide whether they will become contributory for the year 1891-92 (that is for the year commencing on the 1st April next), and subsequent years, until the resolution to contribute be legally revoked.

The Board forwarded with their Circular of the 30th August, 1875, a copy of the Act, and of various other documents relating to this subject, and they desire to refer the Board of Guardians to that Circular and the documents which accompanied it, for any information which they may require before replying to the enclosed notice.

The Board have to add that the Commissioners of National Education have furnished them with an estimate of the probable amount which will be payable by the Guardians of the several Unions in results fees to Teachers of National Schools within the respective Unions for the year 1891-92, and the liability which, according to this estimate, the Guardians will incur by making their Union a contributory one is not expected to exceed £

In the event of the Guardians resolving to become a contributory union within the meaning of the Act, you should, immediately upon the passing of such resolution, forward a copy of the same signed by the chairman as well as by yourself to the Commissioners of National Education, and to the Local Government Board, in accordance with the terms of section 6 of the Act.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Clerk

Union,

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#### ENCLOSURE to the FOREGOING.

##### NOTICE.

In pursuance of section 4 of "The National School Teachers (Ireland) Act, 1875," 38 and 39 Vic., c. 96.

The Guardians of \_\_\_\_\_ Union are hereby required, within forty days after the receipt hereof, to inform the Local Government Board for Ireland whether, for the purpose of increasing the remuneration of the Teachers of National Schools within the Union, they are willing to become a contributory Union within the meaning of "The National School Teachers (Ireland) Act," (38 and 39 Vict., c. 96).

By order of the Board,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

31st December, 1890.

## No. 8.—CENSUS OF IRELAND, 1891.

## I.—LETTER to CLERKS of UNIONS.

Local Government Board,  
Dublin, 31st March, 1891.

SIR,—The Local Government Board for Ireland desire to draw the attention of the Board of Guardians and their officers to the importance of taking measures to insure the filling, with as much accuracy as possible, of the returns required by the Census (Ireland) Act (53 & 54 Vic., c. 46) which provides for the taking of the Census of Ireland on the night of Sunday, the 5th of April next.

The 3rd Section of the Act provides that the Master of the Workhouse shall act as the enumerator of the inmates thereof, and shall be bound to conform to such instructions as shall be sent to him by the authority of the Lord Lieutenant for obtaining the returns required by the Act, so far as may be practicable with respect to such inmates.

The Board will forward a copy of this Circular to the Master of the Workhouse for his information and guidance.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

## II.—LETTER to MASTERS of WORKHOUSES.

Local Government Board,  
Dublin, 31st March, 1891.

SIR,—The Local Government Board for Ireland forward herewith, for your information and guidance, a copy of a circular letter which they have this day addressed to the several Boards of Guardians drawing their attention to the importance of taking measures to insure the accurate filling up of the Census returns of the workhouses; and the Board desire to impress upon you, as the enumerator of the inmates of the workhouse, the importance of filling the returns with as much accuracy as possible.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Master of the Workhouse  
of each Union.

## SEED POTATOES.

No. 9.—INSTRUCTIONS relative to the GENERAL ORDER prescribing RULES and REGULATIONS under the SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

Local Government Board,  
Dublin, 23rd December, 1890.

SIR,—The Local Government Board for Ireland desire to inform the Board of Guardians that an Act has been passed at the instance of Her Majesty's Government giving power, in certain cases, to the Guardians

to provide a supply of Seed Potatoes for occupiers and cultivators of land in Electoral Divisions where they may be unable, through poverty and in consequence of the failure of the potato crop this year, to procure a supply for themselves.

The Act also contains power, under the conditions specified in section 5, and certain other conditions as to supervision, inspection, &c., which will be subsequently communicated, for the issue of loans, to be secured upon the rates of the Union, for the purchase of such seed.

The Local Government Board have, with the consent of the Lord Lieutenant and the Treasury, made Rules and Regulations in accordance with the provisions of the Act, pursuant to which they require (1) that, immediately upon the receipt of such Regulations by the Clerk of the Union, he shall summon, by a special notice to each Guardian, a meeting of the Board of Guardians to be held on the day of ordinary meeting next following the receipt of the Regulations, for the purpose of considering whether there is in the Union any Electoral Division in which the occupiers of land are generally unable, "through poverty and the extent of the failure of the potato crop," to procure an adequate supply of seed potatoes; and (2) that, should the Guardians, at the meeting referred to, be of opinion that for the reasons mentioned they should apply for a loan for any Electoral Division or Divisions, a second special meeting of the Guardians should be summoned for that day fortnight, of which due notice should be given to each Guardian, in order to ascertain to what extent a supply of seed is required in the various Electoral Divisions of the Union, and to determine the amount of the loan which should be applied for.

The Guardian of each Electoral Division, in respect of which it is proposed to apply for a loan, should immediately be supplied by the Clerk of the Union with blank requisition forms, as prescribed in the Regulations, to contain the names and full description of persons entitled to receive, and who may desire to obtain seed; and these forms, completed and signed by each Guardian, should be submitted to the Board of Guardians at the second meeting above referred to.

If the office of Guardian for any Electoral Division be vacant, or if, by reason of absence, illness, or other cause, the Guardian of the Division be unable or unwilling to act, the requisition forms should be supplied to the Relieving Officer of the District in which the Electoral Division is comprised, and they should be completed and signed and submitted by him to the Board of Guardians. The Guardians will therefore give the necessary instructions to the Relieving Officer in any case of this kind which may arise.

To assist the Guardian of each Electoral Division in preparing the lists of those persons in his Electoral Division entitled to, and who may require to obtain seed, a form of notice has been prescribed which should be circulated and posted in each Electoral Division, with the object of informing those interested of the provisions of the Statute, and of the course they should adopt to have such applications as they may make brought before the Board of Guardians in proper time.

If the Guardians, at the first meeting above referred to, consider that a loan will be required for any Division or Divisions, the Clerk of the Union should inform the Local Government Board *by the first post thereafter*, stating the number of Divisions in respect of which it is intended to make application for such loan, in order that a supply of forms of requisition and of notice may be sent to him.

In the preparation of the requisition lists of each Electoral Division,



and subsequently when the same come before the Board of Guardians for consideration, the Guardians are specially desired to bear in mind that seed can only be sold by them under the conditions specified in the Act.

The lists when prepared should be returned to the Clerk of the Union on or before the day fixed by the Guardians for the consideration of the question as to the amount of loan to be applied for. When the Guardians shall have determined the amount of loan required an estimate should be prepared in the prescribed form, and be transmitted to the Local Government Board, showing the sum the Guardians desire to borrow in respect of each or any Electoral Division. The Guardians will observe that it is provided in Article 2 of the Regulations, that applications for loans under the Act must be made not later than the 31st day of January next.

In framing the estimate the expense of carriage, storage, and distribution should be allowed for. On receiving the estimate it shall have the attention of this Board, who will address the Board of Guardians again on the subject.

The accompanying Memorandum has been prepared, giving all the information available as to the varieties of potatoes which are known to be suitable for Ireland.

A copy of the Act referred to and of the Regulations made by the Board thereunder are forwarded herewith for the information of the Board of Guardians.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

#### ENCLOSURE to the FOREGOING.

#### MEMORANDUM ON SEED POTATOES.

The reports received by the Irish Government from those employed to make special inquiry throughout those districts which have suffered most from the potato blight during the season of 1890 indicate that in addition to the exceptional atmospheric conditions of the past season which has been followed by blight in different localities in Great Britain as well as in Ireland, in the latter country, in the west, south-west and north-west, where the blight has been worse, the following causes have also largely contributed to produce exceptionally bad results:—

- 1st. Want of change of seed.
- 2nd. Repeatedly planting potatoes in the same ground.
- 3rd. Undrained land.
- 4th. Bad cultivation, resulting in foul land.
- 5th. Late planting, cutting the seed into too small sets, and keeping the smallest potatoes in the crop for seed.
- 6th. Improper storage and pitting of seed potatoes.

To assist in remedying this want it is intended to place it in the power of the Guardians to provide a change of seed for occupiers rated at £15 or under, and for inhabitant occupiers in these districts in which such holders will be unable to provide themselves with proper seed.

Valuable information relative to the purchase of seed for Ireland has been obtained from the reports supplied by the Assistant Commissioners and valuers employed by the Irish Land Commission, and also from gentlemen of large

Causes of  
the  
potato  
failure.

Want of  
change of  
seed.

experience and recognised authority as producers and sellers of potatoes. The substance of the information so received may be stated as follows :—

The Government are advised that it should be impressed upon those upon whom the responsibility of selecting new seed is imposed that before making a selection the following matters should receive full consideration :—

- 1st. That the variety selected should be one that would probably be accepted by those for whom it is intended.
- 2nd. That a sufficient quantity of the varieties selected can be purchased in the market without causing an extraordinary rise in price.
- 3rd. That there is reason to believe that the varieties selected are suitable for the district to which it is intended to import them.
- 4th. That the seed should come from a district where the blight has not prevailed, and that it should be obtained from one kind of soil to be planted in another; seed from sandy sharp gravelly soil for moory soil; from clay or heavy soil for change to light sandy soil; and from boggy soils to heavy clays; if possible it is better to change seed from a later district to an earlier one.

Questions to be considered before selection of seed.

Seed should be obtained from districts free from blight.

With respect to champions, while they have succumbed over the western coast of Ireland, still in many parts of the country and in Great Britain where the land has been fairly dry, the treatment fair, and the seed good, the results have been favourable.

The Champion.

At present there appears to be no potato which can be had in the market in sufficient quantities to replace the champion, and which would be likely to prove as generally popular in Ireland. Consequently, although it may not be considered to be so robust or disease-resisting as when first introduced, it is probable that for some years to come it can be generally and safely used in Ireland. In England the champion has been largely replaced by the magnum bonum in the districts south of York, therefore, the purchasing area for champion seed is much smaller now than formerly, and it is also smaller than that for the magnum bonum; consequently, a large demand will raise the price. The reports received show that as good champion seed can be purchased this year in the north of Ireland as in England or Scotland. In all districts the champion has been somewhat stricken by disease.

Difficulty of obtaining a substitute for the Champion.

As good Champion seed can be bought in north of Ireland as in north of England or Scotland.

The Magnum Bonum.

It appears that of all varieties the magnum bonum is the potato which has established itself most in public estimation in the United Kingdom generally during the last few years. At present it is grown nearly all over England, very largely in the south of Scotland, and is also making way in the north-east of Ireland, and in the counties of Derry, Antrim, Down, and Louth. It could probably be purchased for seed in large quantities in any one of the districts named. It has not hitherto been grown to any extent in the west of Ireland, so that it is not yet possible to make a final judgment as to its suitability to the conditions of soil, cultivation, and climate which prevail in those districts. In all other parts of the country where it has been tried it has proved to be more capable of resisting disease than the champion.

Its good points are :—

- 1st. A heavy cropper, though not so good as the champion.
- 2nd. Shallow eyes which cause little waste.
- 3rd. One of the best keeping potatoes that is grown, being as good for food after spring as earlier in the year. It is a better eating potato than the champion during the summer months.
- 4th. It does not tend to sprout early as does the champion, consequently the tuber is not weakened before planting.

Good points of the Magnum Bonum.

The objections urged against the magnum bonum as a general use potato are :—

Objections to Magnum Bonum.

As compared with the champion :—

- 1st. It is not so firm and floury; so palatable; or so starchy.
- 2nd. When grown in peaty, and wet, boggy, moory lands, it is liable to produce a rather soft waxy tuber.

On the whole, the Government is advised that while a sufficient quantity might advantageously be planted to provide food from the beginning of March

to the month of October following, this potato can hardly be yet substituted for the champion for the main crop.

A considerable number of new varieties have also been introduced of late years by leading seedsmen. Many of these are direct crosses from the *magnum bonum*, and it is exceedingly probable from all accounts received that some of these varieties will eventually take the place of the *magnum bonum*, but the quantities at present grown are so small that any extra demand for them would probably cause such a rise in price as to make the cost quite beyond that which it would be advisable for the Guardians to pay for seed; if however, any such varieties could be obtained in moderate quantities and introduced into Ireland, being sold for cash by the Guardians to occupiers who are prepared to take, say, a stone of seed potatoes for experiment, there is no doubt that the money would prove well spent. The information which is obtainable in Ireland with respect to these new varieties is too limited to permit a definite opinion to be derived therefrom, as they have been generally grown under circumstances which place them quite out of the range of the ordinary cultivator of potatoes, and in comparing them with champions it is possible that had they been subjected to as bad treatment as the champion seed has frequently received, the results might have been very different.

Some early varieties should be obtained for spring use.

It would probably be judicious in purchasing seed for districts where the food supply may be limited to obtain a moderate quantity of an early variety, as a small proportion of early potatoes would, no doubt, be of great use to small occupiers whose feeding supply during the winter may be limited.

Seed bought should have been grown in the United Kingdom.

In all probability, large quantities of seed will be offered which have been grown in Germany, France, and America. Previous experience of such imported seed has shown it to be very unreliable, and the results proved in many cases disastrous.

Subject to what has been stated, the following varieties of potato have also been recommended, many of which are only to be had in small quantities in certain districts.

Drum.

A new variety; like *magnum bonum*; introduced from Scotland; moderate quantities to be had in England, Ireland, and Scotland.

Irish Whites.

Second early variety; a large, long, rather coarse potato, with deep eyes and white flesh; has proved a very good disease-resister and abundant cropper; grows well in any soil; very good keeper; sets well in late summer; has been grown largely in Antrim and Derry for many years.

Scotch Whites, Kemps, or Cruffles.

Very good early varieties; grown largely in north and east of Ireland; early potatoes suited to good dry soil; more liable to disease than champions or Irish whites.

The General and the Colonel.

Varieties introduced by General Nugent, of Portaferry, splendid croppers; reported as absolutely free from disease; rather soft; keep well; apparently crossed from *magnum bonum*; moderate quantities available in the north of Ireland.

Skerry Blue.

An old and popular variety in Ulster; reported as resisting disease much better than the champion, but producing small tubers this year, a capital fleshed potato; good for eating; keeps well; deep eyes; to be had all over Ulster.

Flounders.

A good early; does well in bog; or any soil; not a good disease-resister; largely grown in west and south of Ireland; Flounders are blighted almost everywhere, but as they matured early were not very much damaged.

Sutton's Abundance. Sutton's Seedling.

Varieties introduced by Messrs. Sutton, of Reading; the former a cross between "*Magnum Bonum*" and "*Beauty of Hebron*"; the latter a cross between "*Magnum Bonum*" and "*Fox's Seedling*"; are good eating potatoes; good croppers; and good disease-resisters; they both come to maturity much earlier than the champion, and are better fleshed than the *magnum bonum*.

Sutton's Satisfaction. Sutton's Best of All. Sutton's Nonsuch. Sutton's Matchless. Bloomer.

Messrs. Sutton have introduced a number of other crosses. Sutton's Satisfaction, Sutton's Best of all, Sutton's Nonsuch, Sutton's Matchless, all of which are reported in England as good disease-resisters; Sutton's "*Abundance*" and "*Satisfaction*" have given excellent results where tried in Ireland.

A variety which has been grown in Kilrush district of Clare for twenty years; in appearance somewhat like the skerry; deep eyes; reddish skin; suits well in deep dry bog and crops heavily on any good soil; almost absolutely disease-proof; may be planted in January; matures in July;

good to eat till October; unfit for food after 1st November acquiring then a bitter taste; good for cattle; keeps well.

Largely grown in the north of Ireland; not disease-resisting; suit well in Rocks, poor and boggy land.

Very good early variety in good land; not at all suited for wet climate or Regent's damp cold land; very subject to disease; to be had nearly everywhere.

Where there is suitable accommodation for storing attached to the union workhouse, old warehouses, mill cellars, or any building in which potatoes could be preserved from the frost, or where arrangements could be made to store in pits, it would be advisable to purchase and store the potatoes as early as possible, a saving in cost would probably be effected thereby. By purchasing and securing the potatoes at once any possibility of the contracts not being fulfilled in spring would be avoided, and the Guardians would be enabled to proceed with the distribution at the earliest date considered necessary, and thus avoid risk of waiting for seed to be delivered at that period. It would also enable the Guardians to purchase seed for present delivery from farmers who would not be prepared to contract for spring delivery, even at a higher price.

Suggestions for purchasing early and storing.

Early distribution recommended.

If the course recommended cannot be followed, the Guardians should endeavour to obtain present contracts for delivery in spring, and by advertising for tenders, or in any other way securing contracts without delay, they would have thus ample opportunity to feel the market and avoid purchasing at panic-prices at the end of the season as was done in 1880.

Contracts, advertising for tenders.

The Government propose to appoint Inspectors to advise the Guardians in the selection of seed, in the choice of districts from which it should come, with reference to storage, and for inspection of seed, to ensure its being true to quality, and as far as possible to guarantee its coming from the localities in which it was said to be grown.

Inspectors to assist in purchase.

The Government are prepared to supply sacks to the Guardians at cost price. Sacks to contain 2 cwt. each are recommended.

The "resting spores" of the fungus which reproduce the potato disease can withstand great extremes of heat, cold, and wet, and will live for at least three years in the ground, or in any suitable vegetable matter, old potato sets being a favourite resting place; awaiting certain favourable atmospheric conditions to develop. After a season where disease had prevailed, the ground where potatoes were grown will be full of those resting spores, and although, if the following season be favourable the resting spores might not be developed, still the risks that would be run are very great, and a potato crop should not be repeated in the same land oftener than is absolutely necessary within a period of at least six or eight years. The old rotten sets and rotting potatoes are favourite homes of the resting spores of the fungus. Therefore it is desirable to burn all the old stalks; and if they are not burnt, under no circumstances whatever to place them on the manure heap which will be used for manuring next season's potatoes.

Special reasons why the same land should not be again used for potatoes after a season of blight.

Old stalks should be burned.

The new seed, when purchased, should be planted in fresh land as early as possible.

Early planting advised.

The seeds should be planted in well-drained and naturally dry soil, extreme moisture is almost invariably fatal to the constitution of the potato. The land should be fairly, but not too heavily manured. Farm-yard manure, mixed with artificial, is recommended.

If potatoes before being pitted are dusted over with lime it will assist to preserve them and will not injure them either for food or for seed.

Pitting, lime-dusting.

Unless the land is fairly cultivated and kept free from weeds, no matter how good the fresh seed may be, it must rapidly deteriorate.

Cultivation.

Further information will be supplied on any special points on application to the Agricultural Department, Irish Land Commission.

## No. 10.—ADVERTISEMENTS for TENDERS for the SUPPLY of SEED POTATOES.

Local Government Board,  
Dublin, 7th January, 1891.

SIR,

Adverting to their circular letter of the 23rd ultimo on the subject of the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890, the Local Government Board for Ireland desire to state that in the event of the Board of Guardians deciding to invite tenders for the supply of seed potatoes under the Act, they should insert a public notice inviting such tenders once in the "General Advertiser" newspaper, and the Board trust the Guardians will comply with this request.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,  
THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

## No. 11.—REGULATIONS issued by the INSPECTORS appointed under SECTION 8 of the SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

Local Government Board,  
Dublin, 8th January, 1891.

SIR,

Adverting to their circular letter of the 23rd ultimo on the subject of the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890, the Local Government Board for Ireland now forward for the information of the Board of Guardians a copy of regulations issued by the inspectors appointed under section 8 of the Act, respecting the purchase and inspection of seed potatoes.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,  
THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

## ENCLOSURE to the FOREGOING.

## SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

## REGULATIONS issued by the INSPECTORS appointed under Section 8.

## 1.—PURCHASE.

When applications come into the Local Government Board they will be forthwith submitted to the Inspectors for their observations on Form II.\* If approved, such approval will be endorsed on Form II. The Local Government Board will then, if they approve of the application, notify to the Board of Guardians that the same has passed, or make such other communication as the circumstances shall require. When the application has been approved the Board of Guardians should at once advertise for tenders in Form N. The Board of Guardians will immediately after the last day fixed by them for receiving tenders, send all tenders received to the Local Government Board, and will state which tenders they propose to accept. The tenders will then be submitted to the Inspectors by the Local Government Board for approval. The Guardians will, as soon as possible, be informed whether the tenders which

\* This Form is that referred to in Article 3 (2) of the Rules and Regulations† made by the Local Government Board under the Act.

† See page 54.

they propose to accept are approved of. The special attention of the Board of Guardians is called to the fact that they should carefully consider the place at which it is desirable to take delivery as the subsequent inspection will take place there. Seed must be supplied in bags containing 1½ cwt. or 2 cwt. The size of the bag fixed by the Board of Guardians must be stated in Advertisement, Form N.

The Board of Guardians will supply printed forms of tender in Form O, in which the blanks left for place and dates of delivery, and weight of bags, must be filled in previous to their being printed. Tenders which are not sent in on the prescribed Form O will not be approved by the Inspectors.

## 2.—INSPECTION.

All completed contracts are to be notified to the Inspectors, who will arrange for inspection at the place of delivery specified in Contract Note.

(Signed),

THOMAS S. PORTER, } *Inspectors.*  
THOMAS MACAFEE. }

## Form N.

## SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1900.

The Board of Guardians of    UNION will, up to  
o'clock on    day, the    day of    1891,  
receive Tenders for the supply of Seed Potatoes for delivery at  
from    to    1891, in new bags  
to contain (a)    cwt. each, subject to the following conditions:—

(d) Guards to state here whether bags are to contain 1 1/2 or 2 cwt.

The person tendering must state the variety of seed offered, the district in which the seed was grown, and the quantity of each variety that can be supplied.

The seed must be true to kind and free from disease, sound, and in good condition. All seed must be dressed or hand-picked to pass over a  $1\frac{1}{4}$ -in. riddle.

Tenders must be sent in on printed forms of tender, which may be had on application to the Clerk of the Union.

## FORM OF TENDER O.

## SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1990.

I	hereby agree to supply to the Board of				
Guardians of *	Union				
Tons	at	per ton, bags included, grown in			County.
Do.	at	do.	do.	do.	do.
Do.	at	do.	do.	do.	do.
Do.	at	do.	do.	do.	do.
Do.	at	do.	do.	do.	do.
To be delivered free of all charges at*					between the†
day of *		and the*		day of *	

1891, subject to the following conditions:—

All varieties to be true to kind, free from disease, in good and sound condition when delivered, and to be dressed or handpicked to pass over 1½-inch riddle.

Potatoes to be supplied in new bags containing cwt. each.  
Payment in fourteen days from date of delivery.

† The Guardians must here insert whether the bags are to contain 14 or 25ct.

## No. 12.—DOCUMENTS required in connection with APPLICATIONS for LOANS.

## SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

Local Government Board,

Dublin, 22nd January, 1891.

SIR,—The attention of the Local Government Board for Ireland has been drawn to the delay which has taken place in some instances in forwarding to this office the documents specified in Article 3 of the General Order of the 22nd ultimo, under the above Act, when applications for loans have been made by Boards of Guardians, and the Board request that in future all applications for such loans may be accompanied by the documents referred to, and that a certified copy of the resolution of the guardians applying for the loan may be attached to the form of estimate (H).

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Clerk of the

——— Union.

## No. 13.—BILL to amend the SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

Local Government Board,

Dublin, 16th March, 1891.

SIR,—I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to transmit herewith, for the information of the Board of Guardians, a copy of a Bill now before Parliament for the purpose of amending the "Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890."

Immediately on receipt of this letter you are required to issue a notice to each Guardian of the Union summoning a special meeting of the Board of Guardians for the purpose of considering and determining whether any and, if so, what steps shall be taken by them in pursuance of the provisions of the Bill.

The special meeting, so to be summoned by you, is to be held on the day of the Guardians' ordinary meeting next following the receipt of this letter, except such next following day of ordinary meeting falls within three days after the day of receipt hereof, in which case the special meeting should be held on the third day (or on the following Monday if the third day be a Sunday) after such day of ordinary meeting.

The Board of Guardians assembled at the special meeting should adopt a formal resolution determining what steps, if any, shall be taken by them in pursuance of the provisions of the Bill; and it will be your duty to transmit to the Local Government Board, *by next post thereafter, without fail*, a certified copy of such resolution.

I am, sir, your obedient servant;

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

## ENCLOSURE TO THE FOREGOING.

A BILL TO AMEND THE SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND)  
ACT, 1890.

A.D. 1891.

Be it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1891, Short title and construction and shall be read and construed as one with the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890 (hereinafter referred to as "the principal Act").

2. Sub-section (c) of sub-section (1) of section five of the principal Act is hereby repealed from the words "but no such sale" to the end of the sub-section as regards all sales heretofore and hereafter made under the provisions thereof; provided that upon any such sale it shall be lawful for the Guardians to obtain such security as they may think sufficient for the payment of the price of the seed sold. Amendment of sec. 5 of principal Act.

No. 14.—EXTENSION OF TIME for making APPLICATIONS for LOANS  
under the SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACTS, 1890 and 1891.

Local Government Board,

Dublin, 26th March, 1891

SIR,—Adverting to their circular letter of the 16th instant forwarding, for the information of the Board of Guardians, a copy of a Bill to amend the Seed Potatoes Supply (Ireland) Act, 1890, I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to state that the Bill has now received the Royal Assent, and I am to transmit herewith a copy of a General Order\* which the Board have made, with the consent of the Lord Lieutenant and the Treasury, extending the time within which the Guardians may apply for loans under the Seed Potatoes Supply Acts to the 15th of April next.

I am at the same time to point out that the terms of the Board's General Order of the 22nd of December last are to be complied with except in so far as they are repugnant to or inconsistent with the provisions of the amending Act.

Notice should be given to each member of the Board of Guardians of any meeting at which the question of applying for a loan is to be considered.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary

The Clerk of each Union.

\* See page 66.



No. 15.—REGULATIONS, INSTRUCTIONS, &c., issued by INSPECTORS appointed under Section 8 of the SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

(I).—ADVERTISEMENTS FOR TENDERS FOR SUPPLY OF SEED POTATOES.

SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

Regulation issued by Inspectors under Section 8.

Irish Land Commission, Dublin,  
9th January, 1891.

SIR,

The Boards of Guardians who decide to apply for loans to enable them to supply seed potatoes under the above Act whenever they advertise for tenders in the form N prescribed in the Regulations\* already issued by us are hereby required to insert on each such occasion a copy of such advertisement in the "General Advertiser" newspaper, as well as in such other newspapers as the guardians may select.

We are, sir, your obedient servants,

THOMAS S. PORTER, }  
THOMAS MACAFEE, } *Inspectors.*

To the Clerk of each Union.

(II).—SUPPLY AND SIZE OF SACKS.

SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

Regulations issued by Inspectors under Sec. 8.

Irish Land Commission, Dublin,  
9th January, 1891.

SIR,

With reference to the memorandum on seed potatoes issued with the circular letter† of the Local Government Board of the 23rd ultimo, we have to inform you that, as it appears that considerable delay would result if sacks be not supplied by the contractors, the paragraph on page 4 of the memorandum referred to is hereby cancelled, and the Board of Guardians must in all contracts include the supply of new sacks by contractors. It is recommended that even if it should be desired that 1½ cwt. of potatoes is to be contained in each sack, the sacks should be of a 2 cwt. size as being more useful to the purchaser for other purposes than when of the former size. We have also to request that the Board of Guardians will endeavour to arrange that all supplies of seed for the Union shall be received as nearly as possible at the same time, so that the work of inspection may be carried out economically.

We are, sir, your obedient servants,

THOMAS S. PORTER, }  
THOMAS MACAFEE, } *Inspectors.*

To the Clerk of each Union.

\* See pages 80-81.

† See page 74.

## (III.) ADVERTISEMENTS for TENDERS.—VARIETIES of 'SEED.

Irish Land Commission,

Dublin, 14th January, 1891.

SIR,—Adverting to the regulations already issued by us we beg leave to inform you, for the information of the Board of Guardians, that if the Board advertised for tenders previous to receiving the regulations issued by us with respect to advertisements we do not desire them to advertise again in the prescribed Form N, unless the Board think it advisable to do so, but the Board of Guardians should insist upon the condition set forth in Form O being included in all tenders previous to their being accepted.

Advertis-  
ments.

As considerable delay may in some cases occur if the Guardians do not advertise for tenders previous to sending in Form H in the Schedule to the General Order issued by the Local Government Board on 22nd December, 1890, Boards of Guardians may, when the circumstances of the case do not admit of such delay, advertise for and consider tenders previous to sending in Form H. All future advertisements should appear in the prescribed Form N.

We observe that in almost all tenders which have hitherto come before us the district in which the potatoes have been grown is not distinctly stated, such information being very general, thus—"North of Ireland," "Scotch," or "English." Such terms we consider much too vague. The Guardians should insist upon its being stated in tenders in what counties the seed was grown, and should bear in mind that seed from the western counties of Scotland in many cases would be quite as bad for distribution in Ireland as the average seed procurable in this country. No better seed can be procured of the Champion variety than in the counties of Derry, Antrim, Down, and Louth. We observe that many tenders specify that the seed to be supplied must be Scotch or Irish; this we consider an unnecessary restriction, as large quantities of thoroughly sound seed of the Champion and Magnum Bonum varieties can be procured in England at prices considerably lower than present Scotch quotations. In fact, the result of the restrictions put on by Boards of Guardians has been to cause a remarkable rise and unsteady feeling in Scotch markets, and the present prices appear to be unduly inflated as regards Scotch quotations. Champion seed for Ireland should not be purchased in the South of England. Although we consider it inadvisable to purchase seed in the South of England for Ireland generally, yet we believe that early varieties, or second early varieties, might with advantage be purchased from healthy districts in the South of England for planting in the early districts in the South-west of Ireland.

Districts in  
which po-  
tatoes have  
been grown.English  
potatoes.

We have had very favourable reports of a popular English variety known as "Beauty of Hebron." This variety is largely grown in the South of England, and the seed could probably be procured at very reasonable prices as compared with quotations for Champions. The quotations for "Beauty of Hebron" in the London market (Monday, January 12th), were 80s. to 100s. per ton; Imperators, 75s. to 100s.; Regents, 80s. to 100s.; best York Magnum Bonum, 85s. to 110s. The "Beauty of Hebron" has been tried in many parts of Ireland on a moderate scale, and the results have been very encouraging from districts so widely apart as Cork and Fermanagh. It has proved a good keeper, a good eating potato, and would seem to be a remarkably good variety to introduce for early crop previous to the Champion potatoes

Beauty of  
Hebron.

coming in, and at present quotations it would appear that "Beauty of Hebron" could be purchased *l. o. r.* in Ireland at a less price than Champions.

Importation from Scotland.

Enormous quantities, that is to say, thousands of tons of Champion potatoes have been shipped from the North of Ireland to Scotland during the last two months. Large quantities of these potatoes have been stored in sacks under conditions anything but favourable to their good keeping for purposes of seed. We would, therefore, advise that in no case should tenders be accepted from Scotland, except from the Eastern counties, such as Perth, Fife, Forfar, Moray, Aberdeen, and Berwickshire.

Foreign seed.

The Inspectors will not, under any circumstances, approve of purchases of potatoes for seed from America, Germany, France, or Sweden, or any other FOREIGN country.

We are, Sir,

(Signed),

Your obedient servants,

THOMAS S. PORTER,

WILLIAM F. BAILEY,

} *Inspectors.*

To the Clerk of each Union.

#### (IV.)—INSPECTION OF SEED POTATOES.

SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

Inspection.

Irish Land Commission, Dublin,  
17th January, 1891.

Sir,

The Inspectors will arrange for the inspection of potatoes at the place of delivery, provided the arrangements made by the Guardians as to delivery permit them to do so with the staff at their disposal. The Guardians should arrange for delivery, so that inspection of all potatoes for one union can be carried out without undue delay. Clerks of Unions are requested to notify District Inspectors as to dates of delivery at the earliest possible moment.

If the Guardians wish to have potatoes inspected previous to shipment, the Inspectors will arrange to have such inspection carried out if it appears to be feasible and advisable, provided that the terms of the contract admit of such inspection. The Guardians should understand that the regulations for inspection laid down by the Inspectors do not prevent the Guardians adopting any measures they may think advisable as to inspection or otherwise.

Your obedient servants,

WILLIAM F. BAILEY,

THOMAS S. PORTER.

To the Clerk of each Union.

#### (V.)—INSTRUCTIONS FOR STORING POTATOES IN SACKS.

24th January, 1891.

If potatoes are required to be kept in sacks for a short time previous to distribution, store sacks in a dry house.

Set the sacks straight on end, piled one on the top of another, three sacks or four sacks high.

Don't lean sacks against a damp wall, but put a good wisp of straw between sacks and wall, to keep the damp off, and let air pass freely.

Don't lay sacks on their sides.

Leave a space of at least two feet between every fourth row of sacks.

Potatoes will keep safely like this for a few weeks, if carefully watched.

To the Clerk of each Union.

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(VI.)—INSTRUCTIONS AS TO INSPECTION, STORAGE, AND DISTRIBUTION.

Irish Land Commission,

24, Upper Merrion-street,

Dublin, 27th January, 1891.

Clerks of Unions should keep District Inspectors informed of all tenders accepted, and also of place and date of shipment proposed by contractor, in order that proper arrangements shall be made for the inspection and storage of seed.

Clerks of Unions should also notify the Inspectors at the Land Commission, Dublin, immediately upon their being advised by contractors as to place and date of shipment.

The Inspectors will endeavour to have all shipments of potatoes from Scotland inspected before shipment. To do this the Inspectors must receive ample notice, as above required.

The District Inspector will make all necessary arrangements with the Boards of Guardians for inspection at the place of delivery agreed upon in the contract note. The Guardians should provide necessary assistance.

The Boards of Guardians should have in readiness proper places for the storage of potatoes until the time of distribution. Whilst in store the potatoes should be turned out of the sacks and kept in heaps of moderate height—say four to five feet—with spaces between the heaps to permit the potatoes to be turned regularly and carefully examined whilst in store. The store should be a dry, cool house or shed, in which the potatoes can be kept free from frost, and with little liability to heat. If no suitable building is available as a store, potatoes may be pitted in the usual manner. The Guardians should be most careful to arrange that there shall be proper supervision of the potatoes whilst in store; and in storing, should see that the various kinds are in the order required.

The arrangements for distribution of seed should be completed without delay.

Printed notices posted throughout the union should inform applicants where and when seed will be distributed for different Electoral Divisions.

In entering into arrangements with the District Inspectors as regards the distribution of seed potatoes, the Clerk of the Union should make such regulations as will permit him and the other officials of the union (such as the Poor Rate Collector and Relieving Officer of the district) to be present at the time and place of distribution. On giving the seed to the parties entitled, on the production by them of the notices in the

Forms J and K, prescribed by the General Order\* of the Local Government Board of December 22nd, 1890, the Clerk of the Union should require that an endorsement be made on the prescribed form of receipt (Forms L 1 and L 2), which endorsement should be signed by the persons witnessing delivery (who, if possible, should be the Poor Rate Collector, the Relieving Officer, or the Guardian of the division) certifying that he knows the persons to whom the seed was delivered. This endorsement is intended to secure the identification of the person who obtained the seed, and prevent subsequent repudiation. The endorsement may be in the following form:—

"I certify that I know the said . . . . .  
(Signed), . . . . ."

Boards of Guardians should be cautious not to purchase more seed than is likely to be required. It seems probable that in many cases occupiers may refuse to accept large quantities of seed at a high price.

(Signed), WILLIAM F. BAILEY,  
THOMAS S. PORTER.

#### (VII.)—INSTRUCTIONS AS TO PURCHASE OF SEED.

24 Upper Merrion-street, Dublin,  
2nd February, 1891.

SIR,

We wish to direct the attention of the Guardians of your Union to the responsibility which devolves on them in entering into contracts for large supplies of seed potatoes having regard to the high prices now prevailing. They should bear in mind that many of the occupiers of land who applied for supplies of seed did so when the prices were lower than they now are. Some of these persons may hesitate to take the potatoes when they become aware of the high prices they will have to pay for them. We therefore think that the Guardians, now that they are in a position to estimate approximately the price at which seed can be sold, should ascertain from those who have made applications for seed potatoes whether they are still anxious to take the amount originally applied for before contracts are entered into for the delivery of large supplies of potatoes. The Guardians will act wisely in at present purchasing the minimum amount of seed potatoes required for the Union, and so avoid the risk of repudiation on the part of applicants, which would cause much difficulty and cost, and perhaps involve troublesome legal proceedings in the future.

I am, sir,

Your obedient servant,  
J. NEWCOMEN MOSTYN.

To the Clerk of each Union.

\*See page 54.

## (VIII.)—HINTS ON POTATO CULTURE.

Irish Land Commission,

SEED POTATOES SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

## MEMORANDUM.

The following simple rules as to potato culture, expressed in popular language, have been issued by the Agricultural Department of the Irish Land Commission to all Boards of Guardians applying for loans under the Seed Supply Act. It is intended to distribute them to the recipients of seed potatoes, and it is hoped that the circulation of such a document, which offers suggestions on the cultivation of the potato and the selection and management of the seed, may be of use, particularly where the success of that crop is a matter of such vital importance to the poorer occupiers.

By Order,

February 19th, 1891.

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Please hang this up in your House.

IRISH LAND COMMISSION.—AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT

## HINTS ON POTATO CULTURE.

*Seed*

1. Keep the seed as cool as possible in Spring, by storing in a cool house, or turning frequently whilst in the pit, to avoid sprouting; *because* the first eyes are the strongest and best, and if broken off, the next eyes are weaker, and don't produce such good crops.

2. Reject any seed which looks diseased; *don't* even use the part that appears sound, *because* the spawn, which reproduces disease, lives through the winter in the potato, and will develop in favourable weather.

3. Cut the sets a few days before planting; *don't* put them in heaps, but spread them out on a dry floor, and dust them over with air-slacked lime, letting the sets take up as much lime as will stick. This allows the cut surface to dry and harden before planting, and helps to protect from disease, *because* the spawn, which reproduces the disease, can live in the ground a long time, and finds easy entrance into the freshly cut moist surface, especially when the sets are planted on warm, moist dung.

4. *Don't* cut the sets very small, *because* by doing so enough nourishment is not left to support the young plant, and a sickly plant will not resist disease.

5. *Don't* plant the sets very close, *because* the more the air can play about the stalks the healthier the plant will be.

6. Plant early, so that the tubers may be well developed before the period at which blight usually sets in, *because* the blight always produces the worst effect on the crop when young.

7. "*Don't* put all your eggs in one basket," but try planting a small quantity of well-known disease-resisting varieties: for instance, the *Magnum-Bonum* is a heavy cropper, very disease-resisting, and though

rather soft in the early season as compared with the Champion, it keeps well right through the summer.

8. Don't use the very smallest tubers for seed, *because* they are often not fully grown, and therefore will not produce good results. You would not use the lightest and smallest oats for seed, why do so with potatoes?

9. Change seed frequently, and always select seed from a perfectly different class of land to that for which it is required: merely getting seed from a distance is of slight importance compared with getting sound seed from a different class of land.

### *Cultivation.*

10. Keep the crop very clean, use the grubber and the hoe frequently, *because* by doing so you keep the plant healthy, and avoid its being choked with weeds, which help the disease to spread.

11. Always try to plant on fresh ground on which Potatoes have not been grown for several years, *because* the spawn which reproduces disease can live for several years in the ground, and could affect the sets as stated in No. 3.

12. Earth up repeatedly with fine, dry earth after each hoeing or grubbing, *because* the coating of earth prevents a great deal of the fungus from reaching the Potato when it falls from the leaves; the coating of earth also protects the Potato from injury by slugs, vermin, birds, &c., and recollect that the disease enters the Potato most easily where the skin is broken.

13. Recollect that the Potato requires potash. On most arable land 3 cwt. to 5 cwt. of kainit per Irish acre is of great benefit.

14. To produce its full effect on the crop, kainit should be spread in the autumn before planting.

15. Those who only grow small quantities of Potatoes for eating would do well to try cropping every alternate row with carrots, parsnips, or some such crop, so as to let the Potato drills be as airy as possible.

16. It is better to use a moderate dressing of farm-yard manure, with a small dressing of artificial manure, rather than a heavy dressing of farm-yard manure alone, *because* the warmth produced by a heavy dressing of farm-yard manure encourages slugs, worms, &c., which injure the tubers, whilst the artificial manure helps to keep them away.

17. If disease shows itself, earth up well at once, so as to leave say four inches of fine dry earth over the tubers, *because* the earth-coating protects the tubers from spawn falling from the leaves.

### *Harvesting.*

18. Potato disease is not produced by thunder or electricity; the fungus spawn is living in the soil where Potatoes were previously planted, and in old decayed potatoes, stalks, weeds, &c., in which it is carried over from one year to another; so avoid storing up seeds of fungus by burning all such rubbish, and don't plant Potatoes repeatedly in the same ground, *because* there is great liability of infection from the sources mentioned.

19. Thoroughly dry Potatoes before storing, and, if possible, dress them over with air-slaked lime. This has been found to be most beneficial in preserving them, and even to check the spread of disease in

partially diseased Potatoes, and it does not injure the Potatoes for eating or for seed; about one bushel of lime will do for twenty-five bushels of Potatoes.

20. Don't pit Potatoes when damp; if pitted damp, pick them all over again on a fine, dry day, and pit again when quite dry; a damp pit is most favourable for spreading disease amongst the pitted Potatoes.

21. On no account cover the Potato pits with old stalks, *because* the old stalks are a favourite home for the spawn which reproduces disease.

22. In 1890, other circumstances being similar, the following conditions produced the best results:—

Frequent change of seed,	Early planting,
Using good seed,	Good cultivation,
Not cutting the sets very small,	Well-drained land.
Planting in fresh ground,	

In the above directions the word "Spawn" has been used to indicate those portions the Potato fungus called "spores" and "mycelium" which propagate the disease.

### III.—CORRESPONDENCE, &c.

#### DISTRESS.

#### No. 1.—SUPPLY OF FUEL TO POOR PERSONS.

##### LETTER to the BOARDS of GUARDIANS of certain UNIONS.

Local Government Board, Dublin,  
2nd January, 1891.

SIR,—The Local Government Board for Ireland desire to acquaint the Board of Guardians of ——— Union that they have reason to believe, from representations made to them, that severe distress, arising from a scarcity of fuel, is likely to prevail during the present winter and ensuing spring in certain localities in the Union, and the Board therefore deem it necessary to bring the subject under the notice of the Board of Guardians in order that measures may be taken to provide for cases where serious results might be caused by the want of this necessary article.

As the Guardians are aware, the Government are dealing in various ways with a large amount of distress, arising from the failure of this year's potato crop, from funds provided by the Imperial Exchequer. They do not, however, feel called upon to deal with a turf famine, and they are of opinion that the Guardians themselves should be prepared to meet any demand resulting from this particular form of distress in the isolated localities where such a contingency may be found to arise.

To enable the Guardians to deal with cases of the kind referred to, they are hereby permitted, for a period of two calendar months from the date of this letter, unless the Local Government Board shall meanwhile revoke this authority, either wholly or with reference to any particular person or class of persons, to defray from the rates of the Union any necessary and reasonable expenditure which may be incurred by them in providing fuel for those poor persons residing in their Union whose health might be seriously imperilled by their inability to procure fuel for themselves, and the existing restrictions with respect to the administration of out-door relief may be regarded as being provisionally relaxed pending legislation\* on the subject, in so far as, but only in so far as, the supply of fuel to such persons is concerned.

\* Relief in fuel was not given, under the authority of this letter, by any of the Boards of Guardians to which the letter was addressed, and, consequently, necessity for legislation on the subject did not arise.



Any expenditure incurred by the Guardians under the authority of this letter must be charged in the Union accounts in the same manner as the ordinary out-door relief expenditure.

I am, &c.,

D. J. MACSHEAHAN,

Assistant Secretary.

To the Clerk †——— Union.

NO. 2.—REPORT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE LORD LIEUTENANT OF THE FAILURE OF THE POTATO CROP AND THE CONDITION OF THE POORER CLASSES IN THE WEST OF IRELAND.

Local Government Board,

SIR, Dublin, 16th February, 1891.

The Local Government Board for Ireland desire to state that they have had conferences with their Inspectors and have received reports from them, from time to time, as to the failure of the potato crop and the condition and prospects of the poorer classes throughout the country, and the Board submit the following observations for the information of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant:—

I.

State of potato crop and general harvest, and the condition of the poorer classes.

(v.) Districts affected.

The districts in which the disease has appeared comprise about one-half of Ireland. On light dry soils with a limestone substratum and on well-drained lands the potato crop was in some places excellent and generally not very far short, but in cold, wet, inferior lands and in mountain districts the failure everywhere was very serious. In the eastern counties of Ulster the crop was generally a good one; in Leinster and part of Munster it was fair, except in a few localities; but westward of an imaginary line drawn from Derry to Kinsale, and on to the shores of the Atlantic, the blight extended, spreading and increasing in severity until its worst effects were manifested along the whole extent of the seaboard from Donegal to West Cork. It would, moreover, appear from the Inspectors' reports that it is in those parts of the West where chronic poverty prevails and where the potato is the staple food of the people that the failure has been most complete.

(b.) Estimate of loss.

Owing to the remarkable unevenness of the crop in every district, the Inspectors have felt some difficulty in estimating the extent of the loss, but their reports appear to point to the conclusion that in the western unions the crop was from one-half to one-third of the average yield, while in some of the most congested districts, such as Kilcar in Donegal, Belmullet, Achill, and Louisburg in Mayo, Connemara, Galway, and parts of West Cork, the crop was hardly one-fourth of the usual return.

(c.) Cause of failure.

The same causes of failure are everywhere noted. The old champion seed, the disease-resisting properties of which have greatly weakened of

† This letter was addressed to the Clerks of the Unions of Belmullet, Diogle, Donaghly, Glenties, Kenmare, and Oughterard. On the 10th of January a letter, in similar terms, was addressed to the Clerks of the Unions of Clifden, Keshistymon, Newcastle, Scariff, and Tulla, and, on the 17th of January, to the Clerk of Ennistymon Union. A similar letter was addressed to the Guardians of the Caheriveen and Ballyvaughan Unions on the 7th and 18th of February, respectively, the period during which the Guardians were authorized to provide fuel in each of these two cases being six months. By letters dated the 9th of March, the Boards of Guardians of the Belmullet and Clifden Unions were authorized to administer relief in fuel in accordance with the terms of the above letter for a further period of two calendar months from that date.

late years, planted late in worn out and badly cultivated lands, made no growth against the heavy rains and want of sunshine. The young plants were killed, the stalks, struck by the blight, decayed into the ground, and the bulk of the tubers that escaped the disease failed to mature. In this respect the failure of the crop this year differs altogether from that of 1879. Contrasting the reports now received with those made by our Inspectors in 1879 we find that in 1879, while the disease injured nearly half the crop in every part of Ireland, the potatoes that were saved, though inferior in some districts, were usually saleable and fit for consumption. This year the failure was serious only in the western unions, and, although the weight of the crop was not much below that of 1879, about one-third of the tubers raised was neither suitable for food nor saleable in the market, and, at the date of this report, latest advices to hand show that in the poorest districts the supply is nearly exhausted.

The reports received as to the corn crops are generally favourable; a good deal still remains unthreshed among the small holdings in the West, and the price is about fifteen per cent. higher than last year. In parts of Donegal and Limerick some damage was occasioned by the heavy rains. Green crops are everywhere reported to be fully equal to the average. (d.) General harvest.

The occupiers of small holdings are stated to have in every district the usual quantity of cattle, sheep, and fowl. Pigs are very scarce, as they were disposed of before Christmas at reduced prices, the people having no prospect of being able to feed them. The migratory labourers returned with their earnings in November after a good season, and the other resources of the people, such as fishing, kelp making, and home industries, were last season productive of about the usual profit. Some of the Inspectors have noted that as the people had a succession of three prosperous years they are less indebted to the shopkeepers than they have been for many years past. (e.) Resources of the people.

In brief, the substance of the Inspectors' reports appears to be this—that apart from the potato crop the small farmers are well circumstanced, but they are confronted with a greater scarcity of potatoes than they have experienced for over thirty years, and this fact will cause distress in each locality according to the extent to which the people rely for subsistence upon the potato.

The time when the people were entirely dependent on the potato has long gone by, and, in every part of the West, bread, tea, stirabout, milk, and sometimes salt fish or eggs, form items of daily consumption. Some of the Inspectors estimate the loss of the potato crop to be equivalent to the loss of the mid-day meal and a portion of the supper for part of the year, and this estimate may probably be taken to apply to the greater part of all the western unions where the small holders have other resources besides the land. But there are certain congested districts in the western counties where exceptional poverty prevails, and where the occupiers of land endeavour to live altogether on the produce of their small holdings, and in these localities, where life is a struggle at the best of times, the potato is the mainstay of the people, and its loss would mean a much more serious deprivation. In districts thus situated the people are usually able to obtain food on credit during the two or three months immediately preceding the harvest, but this year credit has been demanded at a much earlier period, and, although the shopkeepers are willing to advance goods late in the season, when they are in a position to form some opinion as to the harvest prospects, they are reluctant to do so at present while uncertainty exists as to how the people will be situated when the present crisis is passed.

## II

II. Relief  
measures.  
(a) Poor  
Relief  
statutes.

The Local Government Board annex a return showing the number of persons in receipt of poor relief in the distressed unions at the close of each week from the 1st November to the 7th inst. It will be observed that the out-door relief has increased by about 4,450 persons during the three months, and that of this number over 1,300 belong to the four unions of Clifden, Westport, Belmullet, and Clonakilty. The average poor-rate in these unions is in Clifden, 3s. 5d.; in Westport, 1s. 10d.; in Belmullet, 3s. 4d.; and in Clonakilty, 1s. 8d. Relief works are in operation at the present time in fourteen unions, viz.:—Glenties, Killala, Belmullet, Westport, Bellina, Clifden, Ballinrobe, Oughterard, Galway, Skibbereen, Bantry, Skull, Clonakilty, and Castletown, the total number employed being about 7,000. These figures do not, however, represent the extent of the distress throughout the country, as the construction of the Light Railways in the congested districts is giving employment to several thousand people, many of whom would otherwise become a charge upon the poor rates.

(b) Relief  
Works.

In districts where no such employment is available the numbers relieved out of the workhouse or on relief works will afford some indication of the destitution which prevails, inasmuch as the Inspectors consider that the precautionary measures adopted for confining the employment to the necessitous families are efficient, and enable the works to be carried out with a minimum of abuse. Many of the Inspectors report that they find the relief works are in themselves a test of destitution, as, owing to the low rate of wages and the amount of work exacted, only persons who are really destitute are willing to work. This is not the case, however, in a few of the very poor districts, where there is much chronic poverty and no employment of the ordinary kind at any time available. In these localities the people, though not destitute, would be glad to earn even small wages upon relief works.

(c.) Seed  
Potatoes.

The Board also annex a return showing the proceedings under the Seed Potatoes Supply Act up to the present date.

Applications for loans amounting to over £276,000 have been made by 105 unions. The amount advanced under the Seed Supply Act of 1880 was £396,306 to 153 unions; but, although there seems no reason to doubt that the seed is in many localities as urgently needed this year as it was in 1880, the falling off in the total amount applied for may be attributed to the fact that the Guardians are acting under greater restrictions and with more caution than characterised their proceedings on the former occasion.

(d.) Turf  
supply.

The Board received early intimation that a deficiency of turf was to be apprehended in some districts, that the supply coming to market was very short, and the price probably beyond the reach of the poorer classes. Under these circumstances, and further taking into consideration the threatened severity of the winter, it was deemed advisable to place certain Boards of Guardians in a position to deal with any distress which might be occasioned from want of fuel. The Board, therefore, with the authority of Government, have permitted the Guardians of thirteen unions, where scarcity of fuel was anticipated, to defray from the rates any necessary expenditure in granting out-door relief in fuel to poor persons whose health might be imperilled by their inability to procure it for themselves, but, up to the present, Guardians have not in any instance found it necessary to exercise the power thus provisionally placed within their discretion.

## III.

The reports of the Inspectors show that as yet the distress has been confined to a few of the most congested districts in the West, and to the labouring classes and fishermen in the South who depend on the produce of their allotments to help them over the winter months until the fishing and spring work commence; but it is anticipated that the pressure for relief will become more general from the present time until the beginning of April. After that date a falling off in the numbers to be relieved may be expected as the migratory labourers will leave the country, the food supply of the people round the coast will be increased by the fishing, and the spring work will afford employment to the labourers. It is well here to note that the Inspectors are of opinion that the people will not be deterred from going to England or pursuing their ordinary avocations by the prospect of obtaining employment on relief works.

Conclusions

The Local Government Board, in view of the possible increased demand for relief, have caused the Boards of Guardians, where necessary, to strengthen their relief staffs; and the Relieving Officers are instructed to visit every division in their district each week and watch closely the condition of the poor, and the Inspectors are satisfied that relief in cases of sudden or urgent necessity is within easy reach of the poor in all parts of the country.

A return is appended to this report giving information in detail concerning the unions which have been most affected by the failure of the potato crop.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

The Under Secretary,  
Dublin Castle.

## APPENDIX.

APPENDIX TO THE  
(1.) Number of Persons

COUNTIES AND UNIONS.	Numbers in Workhouses at close of week ended														
	1st Nov., 1892.	3rd Nov., 1892.	15th Nov., 1892.	22nd Nov., 1892.	29th Nov., 1892.	6th Dec., 1892.	13th Dec., 1892.	20th Dec., 1892.	27th Dec., 1892.	3rd Jan., 1893.	10th Jan., 1893.	17th Jan., 1893.	24th Jan., 1893.	31st Jan., 1893.	7th Feb., 1893.
<b>DONEGAL.</b>															
Inishowen, . . . . .	105	107	105	109	117	120	122	124	120	119	118	120	122	121	121
Dunfashagh, . . . . .	32	33	33	34	36	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	37	35	34
Glenties, . . . . .	96	97	102	103	101	95	95	98	97	96	98	103	109	99	101
Stranorlar, . . . . .	50	56	53	59	50	55	59	58	58	59	71	71	71	71	71
Donegal, . . . . .	48	56	57	50	59	52	57	56	53	55	57	55	56	52	52
<b>LEITRIM.</b>															
Monaghanhamilton, . . . .	116	114	121	119	124	125	128	127	120	121	122	127	124	129	125
Carrick-on-Shannon, . . . .	144	148	148	150	154	154	158	147	147	146	140	150	152	159	151
<b>CAVAN.</b>															
Bawnboy, . . . . .	64	57	60	57	63	66	63	67	68	69	73	70	70	57	61
<b>ROSCOMMON.</b>															
Boyle, . . . . .	212	206	212	206	203	222	200	200	195	201	201	208	207	209	208
Shrookstown, . . . . .	122	117	112	115	118	118	124	129	113	111	110	114	119	121	121
Castleroe, . . . . .	195	196	201	203	209	203	203	190	195	202	202	215	225	212	221
<b>SLIGO.</b>															
Sligo, . . . . .	256	218	222	224	223	257	259	256	205	203	279	273	280	286	291
Tobbercurry, . . . . .	98	88	101	105	105	109	104	108	101	97	94	102	100	101	101
Dromore West, . . . . .	59	52	52	63	55	64	64	62	90	61	60	53	41	59	51
<b>MAYO.</b>															
Ballina, . . . . .	162	152	145	159	172	177	181	173	156	161	169	170	179	188	191
Killala, . . . . .	56	57	55	61	57	59	58	56	55	58	58	53	45	54	51
Belmullet, . . . . .	99	95	97	99	94	96	95	93	94	97	90	92	93	96	91
Westport, . . . . .	170	165	165	169	159	170	176	175	175	165	170	170	170	171	171
Castlebar, . . . . .	71	72	71	75	75	74	74	73	71	70	78	82	85	87	81
Swineford, . . . . .	179	179	188	189	188	191	195	197	180	184	190	190	192	194	191
Glenties, . . . . .	110	112	117	124	124	121	124	128	120	118	118	118	125	129	125
Ballinrobe, . . . . .	169	157	157	168	174	180	176	172	181	172	174	172	177	178	173
<b>GALWAY.</b>															
Orinda, . . . . .	100	100	126	104	109	101	104	101	200	108	110	108	105	128	121
Oughterard, . . . . .	82	85	84	83	84	82	86	85	85	85	84	86	85	89	81
Galway, . . . . .	547	553	550	550	508	572	475	564	505	555	570	555	552	550	561
Gort, . . . . .	172	170	192	191	183	182	182	178	174	181	174	174	182	186	182
Loughrea, . . . . .	180	184	188	183	183	182	189	187	186	186	186	186	183	185	180
Ballinasloe, . . . . .	237	241	246	248	245	247	252	248	240	252	259	270	264	265	260
Mount Bellew, . . . . .	89	89	85	90	89	88	91	84	82	83	84	80	82	81	81
Glennamaddy, . . . . .	104	107	107	109	107	110	110	104	202	104	108	112	112	110	112
Tuam, . . . . .	202	197	201	204	193	194	193	201	185	195	196	190	197	196	200
<b>CLARE.</b>															
Ballyvaughan, . . . . .	83	87	85	90	103	108	93	90	95	94	99	96	98	97	91
Ennistymon, . . . . .	246	251	245	248	245	247	249	245	258	252	250	245	250	257	259
Kilrush, . . . . .	608	608	619	628	624	621	622	620	618	613	609	610	615	620	623
Kiladysera, . . . . .	113	114	114	115	115	117	118	118	118	118	120	122	122	121	127
Tulla, . . . . .	181	181	182	180	182	182	185	177	174	174	175	182	172	174	179
Scriff, . . . . .	116	108	112	111	112	111	109	107	110	119	109	117	111	117	123
<b>KERRY.</b>															
Dingle, . . . . .	174	174	171	177	181	177	181	174	172	170	175	180	182	184	187
Kemare, . . . . .	99	100	91	85	90	90	80	86	86	90	83	94	94	89	75
<b>CORK.</b>															
Castletown, . . . . .	82	83	81	79	77	75	75	78	71	72	73	74	78	80	82
Bantry, . . . . .	80	83	84	85	84	84	83	92	98	86	85	87	88	90	87
Dunmanway, . . . . .	92	94	92	91	91	92	98	96	97	98	102	99	105	104	101
Skull, . . . . .	78	82	79	82	79	78	74	74	73	73	73	74	77	77	81
Shibbereen, . . . . .	245	247	245	244	243	252	257	257	258	255	257	252	259	263	260
Glonskilly, . . . . .	182	179	187	192	202	210	211	209	204	212	217	216	220	227	231
Kanturk, . . . . .	372	378	389	378	381	369	389	387	378	383	384	392	401	399	391

FOREGOING REPORT.  
in Receipt of Relief.

Numbers in receipt of Out-Door Relief at close of week ended															COUNTIES AND UNIONS.	
1st Nov. 1890.	8th Nov. 1890.	15th Nov. 1890.	22nd Nov. 1890.	29th Nov. 1890.	6th Dec. 1890.	13th Dec. 1890.	20th Dec. 1890.	27th Dec. 1890.	3rd Jan. 1891.	10th Jan. 1891.	17th Jan. 1891.	24th Jan. 1891.	31st Jan. 1891.	7th Feb. 1891.		
															DONEGAL.	
248	248	248	248	248	248	248	248	248	241	242	243	242	241	241	241	Inishowen. Dunfennagh. Gleneties. Stranorlar. Donegal.
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
78	78	84	82	88	84	85	89	87	100	104	107	108	118	118	118	
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	6	6	6	8	8	
40	41	66	59	55	53	40	37	35	32	36	31	33	32	42	42	
															LEITRIM.	
181	180	180	180	180	180	181	180	184	184	188	184	184	184	188	188	Manorhamilton. Currick-on-Shannon.
262	262	260	260	260	270	283	267	267	276	280	318	286	280	282	282	
															CAYAN.	
190	190	187	190	188	185	190	189	190	188	184	163	160	165	165	165	Bawnboy.
															ROSCOMMON.	
280	283	287	287	288	288	270	285	288	287	270	278	277	267	267	267	Boyle. Strokestown. Castleroe.
222	207	206	208	209	208	212	213	200	212	212	211	211	211	210	210	
251	228	218	203	208	210	212	220	207	208	208	211	211	210	210	210	
															SLIGO.	
261	265	267	267	268	268	268	268	268	268	268	268	268	268	268	268	Sligo. Tobereury. Dromore West.
212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	
177	177	177	177	180	180	181	181	200	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	
															MAYO.	
428	440	437	438	467	467	431	439	481	431	418	427	436	431	432	432	Ballina. Kilbally. Belmullet. Westport. Castlebar. Swinsford. Claremorris. Ballinrobe.
201	202	201	200	200	204	212	214	214	214	217	214	214	214	214	214	
88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	
89	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	
208	201	201	202	202	202	202	202	202	202	202	202	202	202	202	202	
246	257	248	248	248	248	248	248	248	248	248	248	248	248	248	248	
278	282	282	282	282	282	282	282	282	282	282	282	282	282	282	282	
260	262	262	262	262	262	262	262	262	262	262	262	262	262	262	262	
															GALWAY.	
211	211	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	Clifton. Oughterard. Galway. Gort. Loughrea. Ballinasloe. Mount Bellew. Glennasmaddy. Team.
19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	
218	218	218	218	218	218	218	218	218	218	218	218	218	218	218	218	
224	221	221	224	224	224	224	224	224	224	224	224	224	224	224	224	
227	227	227	227	227	227	227	227	227	227	227	227	227	227	227	227	
27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	
70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	
252	252	252	252	252	252	252	252	252	252	252	252	252	252	252	252	
267	267	267	267	267	267	267	267	267	267	267	267	267	267	267	267	
															CLARE.	
-	-	-	-	-	-	17	17	17	17	17	17	23	22	40	40	Ballyvaughan. Ennistymon. Kilrush. Kiladysart. Tulla. Scartiff.
177	187	206	204	248	281	257	265	297	302	328	337	331	343	342	342	
205	201	208	205	205	205	205	205	205	205	205	205	205	205	205	205	
218	218	211	209	208	208	207	208	208	212	218	220	222	212	212	212	
181	181	180	180	180	180	188	188	188	188	187	187	180	160	161	161	
80	77	77	81	81	90	93	98	98	94	86	113	118	91	137	137	
															KERRY.	
25	24	23	24	24	70	78	72	72	70	72	74	74	79	81	81	Dingle. Kenmare.
236	253	255	406	401	407	421	430	430	428	430	360	383	280	283	283	
															CORK.	
207	206	200	210	212	212	180	180	180	186	187	144	149	147	140	140	Castletown. Bantry. Dunmanway. Skell. Sibberville. Glonskilly. Kantark.
202	198	200	205	198	192	229	281	260	277	303	278	285	276	276	276	
270	260	262	305	318	314	312	336	314	315	311	313	327	325	324	324	
272	262	262	262	262	312	312	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	
272	272	272	272	272	312	312	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	
272	272	272	272	272	312	312	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	
272	272	272	272	272	312	312	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	
272	272	272	272	272	312	312	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	
272	272	272	272	272	312	312	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	

## (2.) LOANS UNDER SEED POTATOES

## A.—Amounts applied for

UNIONS.	No. of Electoral Divisions in respect of which Loans have been applied for.	Amount applied for by Guardians, 1891.
<b>PROVINCE OF ULSTER.</b>		
<b>Co. CAVAN.</b>		
Balleborough, . . . .	10	800 0 0
Bawnboy, . . . .	20	812 0 0
Cavan, . . . .	Union.	2,700 0 0
<b>Co. DONEGAL.</b>		
Ballyshannon, . . . .	20	8,247 0 0
Donegal, . . . .	17	1,636 0 0
Dunfanaghy, . . . .	6	406 0 0
Glenties, . . . .	Union.	6,036 0 0
Inishowen, . . . .	13	876 0 0
Letterkenny, . . . .	8	200 0 0
Milford, . . . .	5	198 12 0
Stranorlar, . . . .	Union.	800 0 0
<b>Co. FERMANAGH.</b>		
Enniskillen, . . . .	17	1,632 0 0
Lisnaskea, . . . .	4	77 6 8
Total Ulster, 13 Unions,		18,920 18 8
<b>PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.</b>		
<b>Co. CLARE.</b>		
Ballyvaghan, . . . .	Union.	1,250 0 0
Corrofin, . . . .	Union.	1,475 0 0
Foels, . . . .	Union.	3,406 8 0
Enniskymoe, . . . .	19	8,096 0 0
Killybegs, . . . .	Union.	1,726 2 6
Kilrush, . . . .	Union.	4,800 0 0
Scriff, . . . .	17	1,898 16 0
Tulla, . . . .	Union.	1,360 0 0
<b>Co. CORK.</b>		
Bandon, . . . .	Union.	1,857 7 8
Bantry, . . . .	Union.	4,500 0 0
Castletown, . . . .	Union.	8,408 19 0
Clonakilty, . . . .	Union.	5,029 17 6
Cork, . . . .	27	2,580 0 0
Dunmanway, . . . .	15	5,000 0 0
Ferry, . . . .	Union.	2,890 18 0
Kanturk, . . . .	Union.	4,904 0 0
Kinsale, . . . .	Union.	2,000 0 0
Macroom, . . . .	24	5,197 15 0
Mallow, . . . .	Union.	4,000 0 0
Milketon, . . . .	Union.	2,158 0 0
Millstreet, . . . .	Union.	5,069 0 0
Mitchelstown, . . . .	Union.	8,491 5 0
Skibbereen, . . . .	Union.	8,173 4 0
Skull, . . . .	Union.	4,000 0 0
Youghal, . . . .	Union.	2,223 8 11

## SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1850.

by Boards of Guardians.

UNIONS.	No. of Electoral Divisions in respect of which Loans have been applied for.	Amount applied for by Guardians, 1851.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER— continued.		£ s. d.
Co. KERRY.		
Cahiriveen. . . . .	Union.	7,088 10 0
Dingle, . . . . .	Union.	5,475 1 9
Kenmare, . . . . .	Union.	5,000 0 0
Killarnoy, . . . . .	Union.	8,195 0 0
Listowel, . . . . .	Union.	5,761 0 0
Trillick, . . . . .	Union.	10,000 0 0
Co. LIMERICK.		
Croom, . . . . .	Union.	1,321 0 0
Glin, . . . . .	—	5,000 0 0
Kilmallock, . . . . .	Union.	4,102 16 0
Limerick, . . . . .	Union.	6,000 0 0
Newcastle, . . . . .	Union.	3,806 0 0
Co. TIPPERRARY.		
Carriek-on-Suir, . . . . .	9	170 0 0
Clogheen, . . . . .	13	1,278 8 0
Clonmel, . . . . .	4	437 0 0
Nenagh, . . . . .	Union.	4,362 8 6
Roscrea, . . . . .	27	1,585 16 8
Tipperary, . . . . .	Union.	4,581 0 0
Co. WATERFORD.		
Dungarvan, . . . . .	Union.	2,951 18 9
Kilmacthomas, . . . . .	15	840 9 8
Lismore, . . . . .	Union.	1,385 0 0
Waterford, . . . . .	14	400 0 0
Total Munster, 46 Unions,		165,061 6 1
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.		
Co. CARLOW.		
Carlow, . . . . .	16	1,843 0 0
Co. KILKENNY.		
Castlecomer, . . . . .	Union.	788 8 0
Thomastown, . . . . .	7	80 6 0
King's Co.		
Edenderry, . . . . .	4	150 0 0
Parsonstown, . . . . .	24	962 10 0



## (2.) LOANS UNDER SEED POTATOES

A.—Amounts applied for

UNIONS.	No. of Electoral Divisions in respect of which Loans have been applied for.	Amount applied for by Guardians, 1891.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER— <i>continued.</i>		£ s. d.
Co. LONGFORD.		
Ballymahon, . . . . .	Union.	1,024 8 0
Granard, . . . . .	30	2,298 0 0
Longford, . . . . .	16	2,631 3 0
Co. LOUTH.		
Drogheda, . . . . .	8	380 0 3
Co. MEATH.		
Kells, . . . . .	10	400 0 0
Navan, . . . . .	11	860 16 0
Oldcastle, . . . . .	13	900 0 0
Trim, . . . . .	18	500 0 0
QUEEN'S Co.		
Abbeyfeix, . . . . .	4	130 0 0
Mountmelick, . . . . .	3	355 10 0
Co. WESTMIDLAND.		
Athlone, . . . . .	31	1,000 0 0
Co. WEXFORD.		
New Ross, . . . . .	37	1,428 8 9
Co. WICKLOW.		
Baltinglass, . . . . .	23	1,029 10 0
Rathdrum, . . . . .	7	264 0 0
Total Leinster, 19 Unions,		16,626 0 0
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.		
Co. GALWAY.		
Ballinasloe, . . . . .	19	825 12 0
Clifden, . . . . .	Union.	5,000 0 0
Galway, . . . . .	25	5,000 0 0
Glennasmaddy, . . . . .	Union.	2,297 0 0
Gort, . . . . .	Union.	1,804 5 0
Loughrea, . . . . .	Union.	3,226 0 0
Mount Bellow, . . . . .	13	1,204 8 0
Oughterard, . . . . .	Union.	3,280 0 0
Portumna, . . . . .	Union.	1,128 0 0
Tuam, . . . . .	23	3,000 0 0

## SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

by Boards of Guardians—con.

UNIONS.	No. of Electoral Divisions in respect of which Loans have been applied for.	Amount applied for by Guardians, 1891.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT-- <i>continued.</i>		£ s. d.
Co. LEITRIM.		
Carrick-on-Shannon, . . . .	Union.	2,070 12 0
Manorhamilton, . . . .	Union.	4,192 0 0
Mohill, . . . .	Union.	1,714 0 0
Co. MAYO.		
Ballina, . . . .	Union.	1,990 0 0
Ballinrobe, . . . .	17	1,122 17 6
Belmullet, . . . .	Union.	4,332 0 0
Castlbar, . . . .	Union.	2,533 6 8
Claremorris, . . . .	Union.	1,600 0 0
Swineford, . . . .	Union.	5,632 0 0
Westport, . . . .	Union.	7,724 0 0
Co. ROSCOMMON.		
Boyle, . . . .	Union.	3,000 0 0
Castlerea, . . . .	18	3,000 0 0
Roscommon, . . . .	Union.	1,200 0 0
Strokestown, . . . .	17	1,314 12 6
Co. SLIGO.		
Dromore West, . . . .	14	2,500 0 0
Sligo, . . . .	Union.	3,500 0 0
Tobacurry, . . . .	20	1,884 16 0
Total Connaught, 27 Unions,		£76,114 9 8

## SUMMARY OF PROVINCES.

PROVINCE.	No. of Unions in respect of which Applications have been made.	Amount applied for by Guardians, 1891.
		£ s. d.
ULSTER, . . . .	13	18,920 18 8
MUNSTER, . . . .	46	165,061 6 1
LEINSTER, . . . .	19	16,626 0 0
CONNAUGHT, . . . .	27	76,114 9 8
TOTAL IRELAND,	105	276,722 14 5

## (2.) LOANS UNDER SEED POTATOES

## B.—Unions in which Loans

UNIONS.	Amount recom- mended to Board of Works.	UNIONS.	Amount recom- mended to Board of Works.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.		PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—con.	
Co. CAVAN.	£ s. d.	Co. KERRY.	£ s. d.
Bailieborough, .	800 0 0	Caherciveen, .	7,068 10 0
Bawnboy, .	812 0 0	Dingle, .	5,476 1 9
Cavan, .	2,700 0 0	Listowel, .	5,761 0 0
		Trillick, .	10,000 0 0
Co. DONEGAL.		Co. LIMERICK.	
Ballyshannon, .	8,247 0 0	Croom, .	1,821 0 0
Donegal, .	1,686 0 0	Kilmallock, .	4,102 16 0
Dunfinghy, .	406 0 0	Newcastle, .	3,806 0 0
Letterkenny, .	209 0 0		
Millford, .	198 12 0	Co. TIPPERARY.	
Stranorlar, .	300 0 0	Carriek-on-Suir, .	170 0 0
Co. FERMANAGH.		Clogheen, .	1,276 8 0
Enniskillen, .	1,682 0 0	Clonmel, .	437 0 0
Lisnaskea, .	77 6 8	Nenagh, .	4,302 8 6
		Roscrea, .	1,585 16 8
Total, 11 Unions,	£12,008 18 8	Tipperary, .	4,581 0 0
		Co. WATERFORD.	
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.		Dungarvan, .	2,951 18 9
Co. CLARE.		Lismore, .	1,335 0 0
Ballyvaughan, .	1,239 0 0	Waterford, .	400 0 0
Corrofin, .	1,475 0 0		
Ennis, .	3,406 8 0	Total, 37 Unions,	£125,935 15 4
Kilrush, .	3,237 10 0		
Tulla, .	1,800 10 0	PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.	
Co. CORK.		Co. CARLOW.	
Bandon, .	1,857 7 3	Carlow, .	1,113 0 0
Bantry, .	3,992 0 0		
Castletown, .	3,180 16 0	Co. KILKENNY.	
Clonakilty, .	5,023 17 8	Castlecomer, .	788 8 0
Cork, .	2,580 0 0	Thomastown, .	80 6 0
Fermoy, .	2,890 16 0		
Kanturk, .	4,904 0 0	King's Co.	
Kinsale, .	2,000 0 0	Parsonstown, .	962 10 0
Macroom, .	5,197 15 0		
Mallow, .	4,000 0 0	Co. LONGFORD.	
Middleton, .	2,158 0 0	Ballymahon, .	1,024 8 0
Millstreet, .	5,089 0 0	Granard, .	2,298 0 0
Mitchelstown, .	3,491 5 0	Longford, .	2,631 3 0
Skibbereen, .	8,173 4 0		
Skull, .	4,000 0 0		
Youghal, .	2,223 6 11		

## SUPPLY (IRELAND) ACT, 1890.

have been Recommended.

UNIONS.	Amount recom- mended to Board of Works.	UNIONS.	Amount recom- mended to Board of Works.
<b>PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—con.</b>		<b>PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—con.</b>	
<b>Co. LOUTH.</b>	<b>£ s. d.</b>	<b>Co. LEITRIM.</b>	<b>£ s. d.</b>
Drogheda, . . .	380 0 3	Carrick-on-Shannon, .	2,079 12 0
<b>Co. MEATH.</b>		Manorhamilton, . .	4,192 0 0
Kells, . . . . .	210 0 0	Mohill, . . . . .	1,704 7 6
Navan, . . . . .	800 16 0		
Oldcastle, . . . .	889 14 0	<b>Co. MAYO.</b>	
Trim, . . . . .	440 0 0	Ballina, . . . . .	1,990 0 0
<b>QUEEN'S Co.</b>		Ballinrobe, . . . .	1,122 17 6
Mountmelick, . . .	355 10 0	Belmullet, . . . . .	4,382 0 0
<b>Co. WEXFORD.</b>		Castlebar, . . . . .	2,532 6 8
New Ross, . . . .	1,428 8 9	Claremorris, . . . .	1,800 0 0
<b>Total, 14 Unions,</b>	<b>£12,912 4 0</b>	Swincford, . . . . .	5,682 0 0
		Westport, . . . . .	7,724 0 0
<b>PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.</b>		<b>Co. ROSCOMMON.</b>	
<b>Co. GALWAY.</b>		Boyle, . . . . .	2,958 10 0
Ballinasloe, . . . .	825 12 0	Roscommon, . . . .	1,110 15 0
Chiddan, . . . . .	5,000 0 0	Strokestown, . . . .	1,814 12 6
Glennamaddy, . . .	2,297 0 0		
Gort, . . . . .	1,804 5 0	<b>Co. SLIGO.</b>	
Mount Bellew, . . .	1,264 8 0	Sligo, . . . . .	2,500 0 0
Oughterard, . . . .	3,050 0 0	Tobercurry, . . . .	1,884 16 0
Tuam, . . . . .	3,000 0 0	<b>Total, 22 Unions,</b>	<b>£60,920 2 2</b>

## SUMMARY OF PROVINCES.

PROVINCE.	No. of Unions.	Amount recom- mended to Board of Works.
		<b>£ s. d.</b>
ULSTER, . . . . .	11	12,008 18 8
MUNSTER, . . . . .	37	125,985 16 4
LEINSTER, . . . . .	14	12,912 4 0
CONNAUGHT, . . . .	22	60,920 2 2
<b>TOTAL, IRELAND,</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>£211,777 0 2</b>

## (3).—SUMMARY of INFORMATION received by the LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIONS which have been most affected

County.	Union.	Average Poor Rate.	Electoral Divisions where the worst effects were manifested.	Poor Rate in these Electoral Divisions.	Extent of failure in these Electoral Divisions.
		s. d.		s. d.	
DONEGAL.	Donegal.	0 11	Townswally, . Binhans, . Bannysken, .	0 10 1 2 0 10	From one-half to two-thirds of crop lost.
Do.	Danfahaghy.	1 11	Dunlavy, . Magheradougher, . Meenashady, . Gortahork, .	2 4 2 2 2 6 1 6	do.
Do.	Glenties.	2 2	Every division considerably affected. Worst divisions: Kilgobly, . Glencolumbkille, . Kilcar, .	 2 0 2 0 2 8	From one-fourth to nine-tenths lost.
Do.	Inishowen.	1 8	Carthage, . Dunally, . Straid, . Mintias, .	2 0 1 8 1 8 1 2	From one-third to one-half lost.
Do.	Stranorlar.	0 10	Claghan, . Ahtapasta, . Golund, .	1 0 1 0 0 8	About one-half.
LEITRIM.	Carrick-on-Shannon.	1 6	Gloontoom, . Kilmore, . Aghacashol, .	1 2 1 2 1 4	From half to two-thirds of crop lost.
Do.	Manorhamilton.	1 4	Mahannah, . Gloontoom, . Glenfarn, . Garvagh, . Killyclogher, .	1 4 0 0 1 1 1 2 1 0	About half crop lost.
CATYK.	Bawnboy.	1 1	About the same results throughout the union.	-	About one-half the crop lost.
SLIGO.	Dromore West.	0 11	Bancroway, . Dromore, . Enskoy, . Mullaighernae, . Aghris, . Ballymacurkey, .	0 10 0 10 0 10 0 10 1 4 1 4	From one-half to two-thirds lost.
Do.	Sligo.	1 8	Lisadill, East, . do., West, . Cliffney, North, . do., South, .	0 8 1 11 1 8 0 10	do.
Do.	Tobercurry.	1 6	Glendarragh, . Breenanagh, . Kilmacaige, . Aghara, . Agharry, East, . Bannada, .	0 10 1 8 1 10 1 0 3 0 3 4	do.
MAYO.	Ballina.	1 11	Attymona, East, . do., West, . Kilgarvan, . Ballymount, . Scraben, .	1 11 1 8 1 10 1 8 2 8	do.

NOTE.—By "usual" quantity of live stock is meant the amount

BOARD for IRELAND as to the CONDITION of the POORER CLASSES in  
by the FAILURE of the POTATO CROP.

State of other Crops.	Turf Supply.	Other resources of the People.	Valua- tion of the Union. 1882.	Popula- tion of the Union. 1881.
			£	
Good, but some- what damaged by rain.	Small supply; qua- lity bad.	About the usual quantity cattle, sheep, pigs, fowl. Home industries—Knit- ting, embroidery, &c., below average. Railway works now open.	24,503	21,813
Fair, . . .	Sufficient; quality fair.	Usual quantity of cattle, sheep, pigs; much disease among fowl last season; fishing, help making, labour in Eng- land and Scotland up to average; home industries rather below.	11,493	16,721
Fair; oats much damaged in some places.	Sufficient, except in a few localities.	Usual quantity of cattle, sheep, and fowl; pigs scarce; home industries rather below average.	26,443	27,381
Fair, . . .	Sufficient, . . .	Usual quantity of cattle and sheep; pigs and fowl scarce; fishing; Scotch earnings up to average last season; home industries below average.	29,093	31,404
Fair, . . .	Insufficient in many districts.	Usual quantity of stock; Scotch earn- ings last year up to average; home industries fair.	30,413	17,449
Good, . . .	Bad quality; insuf- ficient in places.	Usual quantity of cattle, sheep, and fowl; pigs scarce.	43,133	36,951
do, . . .	Bad quality; scarce.	Do, . . . do,	42,653	30,133
Fair, . . .	Scarce, . . .	Do, . . . do,	40,063	21,181
Good, . . .	Ample, . . .	Usual amount of live stock and fowl; last season's earnings in England fully up to average.	24,916	17,549
do, . . .	Sufficient, except in Inntermurray Is- land.	Usual quantity of live stock and fowl; last season's fishing fair to average; season commences about May; rail- way works in progress.	26,269	46,963
do, . . .	Sufficient, . . .	Usual quantity of live stock; pigs scarce; last season's earnings in Eng- land up to average; railway works now in progress.	40,732	25,721
do, . . .	Sufficient, . . .	Usual quantity of live stock and fowl; pigs very scarce; railway works in progress.	49,314	30,720

which the people are possessed of in ordinary years.

## (3).—SUMMARY of INFORMATION received by the LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIONS which have been most affected

County.	Union.	Average Poor Rate.	Electoral Divisions where the worst effects were manifested.	Poor Rate in those Electoral Divisions.	Extent of failure in these Electoral Divisions.
		s. d.		s. d.	
MAYO, . .	Ballinrobe, . .	1 2	Ballinaculla, . . Ballyovey, . . Cappaghdauff, . . Cwoubra, . .	1 10 1 10 2 2 2 9	From one-third to one-half crop lost.
Do., . .	Behanillet, . .	3 4	Nearly the same results all over Union.	—	About three-fourths of crop lost.
Do., . .	Castlebar, . .	1 3	Addergoole, . . Ballynagaraher, . . Cloonkeen, . . Tawynngry, . .	1 9 1 2 1 6 1 3	About one-half crop lost.
Do., . .	Claremorris, . .	1 6	Murneen, . . Bekan, . . Culnaculla, . .	1 2 1 6 1 4	do., .
Do., . .	Killala, . .	1 4	Ballycastle, . . Beldergmore, . . Lackan, North, . . Do., South, . .	1 7 1 9 1 2 1 4	Nearly two-thirds lost.
Do., . .	Swineford, . .	2 0	Much the same results throughout Union.	—	do., .
Do., . .	Westport, . .	1 10	Clare Island, . . Achill, . . Dooega, . . Shervemore, . . Allimore, . . Emingh, . . Loughs, . . Kilballyn, . . Kilgeover, . .	2 0 4 0 4 0 2 8 2 4 1 8 2 1 1 7 1 1	About five-sixths of crop lost in Achill Island, Clare Island, and Inisturk. In other divisions from one-half to two-thirds lost.
ROSCOMMON, . .	Boyle, . .	1 8	Tivannagh, . . Kilcolagh, . . Mantua, . . Kilfree, . . Oulmore, . .	1 0 1 9 1 8 1 0 1 10	About one-half of crop lost.
Do., . .	Castleroe, . .	1 0	Ballyhadarreen, . . Artagh, North, . . Do., South, . . Fairymount, . . Edmondstown, . .	1 0 1 6 1 8 2 0 0 8	More than one-half crop lost.
Do., . .	Strokestown, . .	1 9	Roskey, . . Kilvaekan, . . Annaghmore, . .	2 0 1 7 2 6	do., .
GALWAY . .	Ballinasloe, . .	1 4	Ballydangan, . . Oterowreegh, . . Cloonbarren, . . Cullagh, . . Creagh, . . Moore, . .	1 10 2 2 2 2 1 6 2 0 1 8	From one-third to one-half lost.

BOARD for IRELAND as to the CONDITION of the POORER CLASSES in  
by the FAILURE of the POTATO CROP—continued.

State of other Crops.	Turf Supply.	Other resources of the People.	Valua- tion of the Union. 1889.	Popula- tion of the Union. 1881.
Fair, . . .	Sufficient; quality inferior.	Usual amount of cattle, sheep, pigs, and fowl; rather good class of cattle.	£ 93,827	28,180
do., . . .	Ample and good, .	Rather more than usual quantity of live stock; pigs scarce; fishing last season fair; cod and ling fishing be- gins in March. Fishing in full swing from May.	10,816	16,451
Good, . . .	Sufficient, . . .	Usual quantity of live stock and fowl; pigs scarce; earnings last year in England fair.	41,874	32,372
do., . . .	do., . . .	Occupiers of small holdings have usual amount of live stock; pigs scarce; migratory labourers had an excellent season; railway works in progress.	43,723	21,926
do., . . .	Sufficient and good,	Usual quantity of live stock, &c.; fish- ing up to average last year; season commences in May; railway works now open.	20,868	10,186
do., . . .	do., . . .	Usual quantity of live stock and fowl; pigs very scarce; migratory labourers had an excellent season; large num- bers employed on railway works.	41,048	53,714
do., . . .	Sufficient, but in- ferior in quality.	Usual quantity of live stock and fowl; pigs rather scarce; fishing and earn- ings in England last year up to aver- age; large numbers employed on railway works.	44,155	40,574
do., . . .	Sufficient, and fair quality.	Usual quantity of live stock, fowl, &c.; pigs scarce; very good class of cattle.	75,326	41,315
do., . . .	Ample, . . .	Usual quantity of cattle, sheep, and fowl; pigs scarce; English earnings last year equal to average; occupiers of small holdings have a valuable class of cattle.	73,085	42,443
Very good, .	Ample and good, .	Usual quantity of cattle, sheep, &c.; occupiers of small holdings have very few pigs.	50,613	21,734
Fair average, .	Good and sufficient,	Usual quantity of live stock, &c.; sale of turf unusually profitable.	77,310	22,320



(3.)—SUMMARY of INFORMATION received by the LOCAL GOVERNMENT  
UNIONS which have been most affected

County.	Union.	Average Poor Rate.	Electoral Divisions where the worst effects were manifested.	Poor Rate in these Elec- toral Divisions.	Extent of failure in these Electoral Divisions.
		s. d.		s. d.	
GALWAY.	Clifden.	2 5	Nearly same re- sults all over the Union.	—	Nearly three- fourths lost, and more in islands.
Do.	Galway.	2 0	Barnagh. . . . Purbough. . . . Kilennamin. . . . Solerna. . . . Spiddale. . . . Intishmore. . . .	1 6 2 6 2 0 2 0 1 10 2 5	About one-half crop lost.
Do.	Glenamaddy.	1 9	Much the same results all over Union.	—	do.
Do.	Gort.	1 9	do.	—	About one-third of the crop lost.
Do.	Loughrea.	1 3	Derrylnur. . . . Loughastorick. . . . Woodford. . . .	2 0 2 2 3 2	From one-third to one-half of crop lost.
Do.	Mount Bellew.	1 2	Much the same results over the Union.	—	About one-third of crop lost.
Do.	Oughterard.	2 2	Canna. . . . Geranna. . . . Grampoun. . . . Lettermore. . . . Turlingh. . . .	6 0 4 0 4 6 4 6 4 6	Nearly three- fourths of crop lost.
Do.	Tuam.	1 6	Killoon. . . . Bychill. . . . Dunmore. . . . Milltown. . . . Levally. . . . Clonbern. . . .	1 0 1 1 1 9 1 4 1 11 1 2	From one-third to one-half.
CLARE.	Ballyvaghan.	2 3	Abbey. . . . Drumcrochy. . . . Derreen. . . . Glenisagh. . . . Oughtmama. . . .	2 8 2 10 2 11 3 0 2 5	About one-half.
Do.	Bunistymon.	2 0	Kilfenora. . . . Bunistymon. . . . Liscannor. . . . Milltown Malbay. Moy. . . . Ballyvaikla. . . . Ballyween. . . .	2 0 2 10 2 4 2 8 2 2 2 2 1 8	About three-fifths of crop lost.
Do.	Killadysert.	2 3	Liscasey. . . . Clondogad. . . .	2 10 2 10	do.
Do.	Kilrush.	2 2	Moyarta. . . . Moyera. . . . Glenmore. . . . Oghmumphy. . . . Kilnihil. . . . Cooraclare. . . . Kilballyowen. . . . Buhona. . . . Tullig. . . .	2 11 2 0 2 5 2 7 2 9 3 1 2 1 2 8 2 8	About two-thirds of the crop lost.

BOARD for IRELAND as to the CONDITION of the POORER CLASSES in  
by the FAILURE of the POTATO CROP—*continued.*

State of other Crops.	Turf Supply.	Other resources of the People.	Value of the Union. 1889.	Popu- lation of the Union. 1881.
Fair; oat crop rather inferior.	Sufficient; quality inferior.	Usual quantity of stock and poultry; pigs rather scarce; kelp-making, fishing, and sale of turf about equal to the average; railway works now in progress.	£ 17,464	24,359
Generally good.	Supply fair; quality rather inferior.	Usual quantity of live stock and fowl; fishing and kelp-making up to aver- age; sale of turf profitable this year; railway works in progress.	68,518	43,101
Good average.	Good and sufficient.	Usual quantity of live stock and fowl; fairly good class of cattle; price and demand fair.	81,748	13,974
do.	Sufficient; quality inferior.	do. do. . . .	43,110	14,012
Fair. . . .	Supply somewhat short.	do. do. . . .	76,345	21,327
do. . . .	Sufficient, but in- ferior in quality.	do. do. . . .	40,382	17,815
Almost up to the average.	Sufficient, but rather inferior.	Usual quantity of live stock and fowl; fishing and kelp-making last season up to average; sale of turf unusually profitable; railway works in pro- gress.	14,845	20,704
Well up to aver- age.	Fairly good and sufficient.	Usual quantity of live stock and fowl; migratory labourers had a fair season.	70,708	29,813
Very good.	Sufficient, but in- ferior in quality.	Usual quantity of live stock and fowl; fishing season good.	10,713	5,564
About up to the average.	Sufficient, but badly saved.	About the usual quantity of live stock and fowl; pigs rather scarce; fishing and kelp-making about up to the average.	36,911	21,768
do.	Sufficient, and fairly well saved.	About the usual amount of live stock and fowl; pigs scarce.	28,380	11,830
Fair average crop.	do. . . .	About usual quantity of live stock and fowl; pigs rather scarce; fishing about up to average; regular season commences in April; long line fishing has begun.	63,350	38,025

## (3).—SUMMARY of INFORMATION received by the LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIONS which have been most affected

County.	Union.	Average Poor Rate.	Electoral Divi- sions where the worst effects were manifested.	Poor Rate in these Elec- toral Divisions.	Extent of failure in these Electoral Divisions.
		s. d.		s. d.	
CLARE. . .	Scariff, . . .	2 1	Cappaghano, . . . Cloonaskor, . . . Boherglass, . . . Corlea, . . . Cahermurphy, . . .	3 3 1 12 2 2 2 7 3 3	About two-fifths of crop lost.
Do. . .	Tulla, . . .	1 11	Glendree, . . . Kilnannon, . . . Newgrove, . . . Caher, . . . Kilnanna, . . . Loughan, . . .	2 3 1 4 2 2 1 4 2 3 2 3	From half to three-fourths of crop lost.
KERRY, . .	Dingle, . . .	3 3	Much the same results all over Union.	—	About one-third of crop lost.
Do. . .	Kemmaro, . . .	3 2	do. . . .	—	do. . . .
CONN. . .	Bantry, . . .	1 9	Kilnaskan, . . . Dunras, West, . . . Roe, . . . Glengarriff, . . .	2 6 1 11 2 2 2 1	Less than one-half crop lost.
Do. . .	Castletown, . . .	2 9	Addergoole, . . . Coomagh, . . . Kilnasherin, . . .	2 3 4 6 2 3	About one-half crop lost.
Do. . .	Cloonkilty, . . .	1 3	Courtmacsherry, . . . Templeomalus, . . . Ardfield, . . . Abbeymahon, . . . Butlerstown, . . .	2 3 2 0 1 6 1 11 1 3	From one-half to three-fourths crop lost.
Do. . .	Dunmanway, . . .	1 9	About the same result over the Union.	—	About one-half crop lost.
Do. . .	Kanturk, . . .	2 7	About the same results through- out Union.	—	Over one-half crop lost.
Do. . .	Skibbereen, . . .	2 0	Myross, . . . Castletown, Sth., . . . Tullinagh, . . . Aghadown, South, . . .	2 1 2 2 2 9 3 2	About one-half crop lost.
Do. . .	Skull, . . .	2 7	Dunnamna, . . . Goloon, . . . Toormore, . . .	2 4 2 3 2 3	do. . . .

BOARD for IRELAND as to the CONDITION of the POORER CLASSES in  
by the FAILURE of the POTATO CROP—continued.

State of other Crops.	Turf Supply.	Other resources of the People.	Valua- tion of the Union, 1889.	Popula- tion of the Union, 1881.
Very good,	Sufficient, but not well saved.	Usual quantity of live stock and fowl; pigs scarce; class of cattle inferior.	£ 23,568	13,394
Fairly good,	do. . . .	do. do. . . .	23,441	13,261
Good, . . .	Insufficient in some localities,	Quantity of live stock and fowl rather above the usual amount; fishing about up to average; regular season commences in March.	22,519	20,142
do. . . .	do. . . .	do. do. Railway works in progress.	19,601	15,790
do. . . .	Plentiful, . . .	Rather below the usual quantity of live stock and fowl; last season's fishing fair; fishing commences in March.	22,546	16,229
Fairly good,	Quality good, . .	do. do. . . .	13,022	13,614
Good, . . .	Very little turf in this Union.	Migratory labourers had fair season; usual quantity of live stock and fowl; pigs scarce; fishing up to average.	21,043	23,049
Good; oat crop somewhat injured by weather.	Rather short, . .	Usual quantity of live stock and fowl.	23,023	17,423
About equal to average.	Rather short; badly saved.	Usual quantity of live stock, fowl, &c.	77,294	20,024
Good, . . .	Turf not much used,	Quantity of live stock and fowl some- what below usual amount; railway works now in progress.	47,173	21,280
do. . . .	Good and plentiful,	Usual quantity of live stock and fowl; fishing last season up to average; regular fishing season commences at end of March.	12,129	13,229

## SEED POTATOES SUPPLY

No. 3--TABLE showing the amount of LOANS APPROVED under the

UNIONS.	Amount Approved.	UNIONS.	Amount Approved.
<b>PROVINCE OF ULSTER.</b>		<b>PROVINCE OF MUNSTER--con.</b>	
<b>Co. CAVAN.</b>	<b>£ s. d.</b>	<b>Co. KERRY.</b>	<b>£ s. d.</b>
Bailieborough, .	800 0 0	Caherdavin, .	7,063 10 0
Bawnboy, .	812 0 0	Dingle, .	5,476 1 9
Cavan, .	2,700 0 0	Kenmare, .	5,400 0 0
		Killarney, .	8,420 19 0
<b>Co. DONEGAL.</b>		Listowel, .	5,761 0 0
Ballyshannon, .	3,247 0 0	Trillick, .	10,000 0 0
Donegal, .	1,636 0 0		
Dunfanaghy, .	406 0 0	<b>Co. LIMERICK.</b>	
Glenties, .	5,593 4 0	Croom, .	1,821 0 0
Inishowen, .	876 0 0	Glin, .	2,999 4 0
Letterkenney, .	200 0 0	Kilmallock, .	4,102 16 0
Milford, .	235 16 0	Limerick, .	4,809 9 4
Stranorlar, .	300 0 0	Newcastle, .	3,806 0 0
		Rathkeale, .	825 12 10
<b>Co. FERMANAGH.</b>			
Enniskillen, .	1,632 0 0	<b>Co. TIPPERARY.</b>	
Lisnaskea, .	77 6 8	Carrick-on-Suir, .	170 0 0
<b>Total, 13 Unions,</b>	<b>£18,515 6 8</b>	Cashel, .	314 0 0
		Clogheen, .	1,276 8 0
<b>PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.</b>		Clonmel, .	437 0 0
<b>Co. CLARE.</b>		Nenagh, .	4,362 8 0
Ballyvaghan, .	1,230 0 0	Roscrea, .	1,085 16 8
Corrofin, .	1,475 0 0	Tipperary, .	4,531 0 0
Ennis, .	3,400 8 0		
Ennistymon, .	2,222 0 0	<b>Co. WATERFORD.</b>	
Killadysert, .	1,725 0 0	Dungarvan, .	2,951 18 0
Kilrush, .	8,237 10 0	Kilmacthomas, .	617 12 2
Scariff, .	1,898 16 0	Lismore, .	1,835 0 0
Tulla, .	1,300 10 0	Waterford, .	400 0 0
		<b>Total, 48 Unions,</b>	<b>£158,807 8 4</b>
<b>Co. CORK.</b>			
Bandon, .	1,857 7 8	<b>PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.</b>	
Bantry, .	3,992 0 0	<b>Co. CARLOW.</b>	
Castletown, .	8,408 19 0	Carlow, .	1,113 0 0
Clonakilty, .	5,029 17 6		
Cork, .	2,530 0 0	<b>Co. KILDARE.</b>	
Dunmanway, .	3,310 16 8	Athy, .	100 0 0
Ferney, .	2,890 16 0		
Kanturk, .	4,904 0 0	<b>Co. KILKENNY.</b>	
Kinsale, .	2,000 0 0	Castlemoyle, .	788 8 0
Macroom, .	5,197 15 0	Thomastown, .	100 6 0
Mallow, .	4,000 0 0	Urlingford, .	819 15 0
Middleton, .	2,158 0 0		
Milstreet, .	5,069 0 0	<b>KING'S Co.</b>	
Mitchelstown, .	8,491 5 0	Parsonstown, .	1,125 10 0
Skibbereen, .	8,173 4 0		
Skull, .	4,000 0 0		
Youghal, .	2,223 6 11		

## (IRELAND) ACTS, 1890 AND 1891.

Provisions of the above-mentioned Acts up to 31st March, 1891.

UNIONS.	Amount Approved.	UNIONS.	Amount Approved.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—con.		PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.	
Co. LONGFORD.	£ s. d.	Co. GALWAY.	£ s. d.
Ballymahon, . . .	1,024 8 0	Ballinasloe, . . .	825 12 0
Granard, . . .	2,296 0 0	Clifden, . . .	5,000 0 0
Longford, . . .	2,681 8 0	Glennasmaddy, . . .	2,297 0 0
		Gort, . . .	1,804 5 0
Co. LOUTH.		Mount Bellew, . . .	1,204 8 0
Drogheda, . . .	380 0 3	Oughterard, . . .	3,050 0 0
		Portumna, . . .	1,128 0 0
Co. MEATH.		Tuam, . . .	3,600 0 0
Kells, . . .	210 0 0	Co. LUTHER.	
Navan, . . .	360 16 0	Carrick-on-Shannon, . . .	2,070 12 0
Oldcastle, . . .	839 14 0	Manorhamilton, . . .	4,192 0 0
Trim, . . .	440 0 0	Mohill, . . .	1,704 7 6
QUEEN'S CO.		Co. MAYO.	
Abbeyleix, . . .	87 0 0	Ballina, . . .	1,900 0 0
Mountmellick, . . .	648 6 0	Ballinrobe, . . .	1,122 17 6
		Belmullet, . . .	4,332 0 0
Co. WESTMEATH.		Castlebar, . . .	2,533 6 8
Athlone, . . .	1,600 0 0	Claremorris, . . .	1,600 0 0
		Killala, . . .	625 0 0
Co. WEXFORD.		Swineford, . . .	5,082 0 0
New Ross, . . .	1,428 8 0	Westport, . . .	7,724 0 0
		Co. ROSCOMMON.	
Co. WICKLOW.		Boyle, . . .	2,958 10 0
Baltinglass, . . .	1,029 10 0	Castlerea, . . .	2,626 0 0
Total, 19 Unions,	£16,524 5 0	Roscommon, . . .	1,110 15 0
		Strokestown, . . .	1,314 12 0
		Co. SLEIGO.	
		Dromore West, . . .	1,495 11 0
		Sligo, . . .	3,500 0 0
		Toberecurry, . . .	1,884 16 0
		Total, 26 Unions,	£67,694 13 2

## SUMMARY OF PROVINCES.

PROVINCE.	No. of Unions.	Amount approved
		£ s. d.
ULSTER, . . . . .	13	18,615 6 8
MUNSTER, . . . . .	48	158,897 8 4
LEINSTER, . . . . .	19	16,524 5 0
CONNAUGHT, . . . . .	26	67,694 13 2
TOTAL, IRELAND, . . . . .	106	£261,541 10 2

## PROBATE DUTIES GRANT.

No. 4.—REGULATION under Section 4 of the Probate Duties (Scotland and Ireland) Act, 1888, altering Regulations under that Section made on the 21st of March, 1889.

By the Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland.

ZETLAND.

WHEREAS, by the "Probate Duties (Scotland and Ireland) Act, 1888," section 4, it is amongst other things provided that the sums paid or distributed under that Act in Ireland shall be paid and distributed in such manner, and in accordance with such Regulations, as the Lord Lieutenant for Ireland from time to time makes :

AND WHEREAS Regulations for the purpose aforesaid were accordingly made on the 21st day of March, 1889, which it is now deemed advisable to alter :

NOW, THEREFORE, We, Laurence, Earl of Zetland, Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland, in pursuance of the powers vested in Us by the said Act, do hereby order and direct that paragraph 6 of the said Regulations be cancelled, and that the following paragraph be substituted therefor, and the Regulations therein contained shall be observed in the payment and distribution of sums payable to the several Boards of Guardians and Road Authorities in Ireland under the provisions of the said Acts :

6. In each subsequent year the Local Government Board shall, as soon after the 31st day of March as may be practicable, ascertain and submit to the Lord Lieutenant a statement showing the amount of the Grant to which each Board of Guardians and Road Authority is entitled in respect of the financial year ending on that day, such amounts to be calculated in the manner provided in section 3 of the said Act, and when such Grants shall have been approved by the Lord Lieutenant, payment thereof shall be made in the manner provided in the Regulation made by us on the 16th day of April, 1889. In the event, however, of its being notified at any time before the 31st day of March that a portion of the Grant for the year ending on that day is available for distribution, the Local Government Board may submit to the Lord Lieutenant a statement showing the proportion of the sum so available to which each Board of Guardians and Road Authority is entitled, the calculation being made in the manner provided in section 3 of the said Act, and when such proportions on account of the Grant shall have been approved by the Lord Lieutenant, payment of the same shall be made in the manner provided in the aforesaid regulation. In such cases as those last mentioned, when the balance of the Grant shall have been ascertained, the Local Government Board shall submit a further statement showing the portion of such balance to which each Board of Guardians and Road Authority is entitled, and when the Lord Lieutenant shall have approved the sums set forth therein, payment of the same shall be made in like manner as the payment on account.

Given at Her Majesty's Castle of Dublin,  
this 23rd day of January, 1891.

By His Excellency's command,

W. S. B. KAYE.

No. 5.—SCHEDULE of SUMS authorized to be paid to the Guardians of Unions in Ireland in respect of the Probate Duties Grant for the Year ended the 31st of March, 1890.

Union.	Amount.	Union.	Amount.
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Abbeyleix, . . . .	613 4 5	Donegal, . . . .	371 3 0
Antrim, . . . .	631 14 4	Downpatrick, . . . .	644 19 9
Ardee, . . . .	608 16 0	Drogheda, . . . .	751 19 0
Armagh, . . . .	775 13 6	Drumore, West, . . . .	301 19 9
Athlone, . . . .	631 14 4	Dublin, North, . . . .	3,051 4 7
Athy, . . . .	800 4 1	Dublin, South, . . . .	4,277 13 5
Bailieborough, . . . .	348 4 7	Duodalk, . . . .	600 0 6
Ballina, . . . .	424 12 7	Duofanaghy, . . . .	243 5 7
Ballinasloe, . . . .	671 18 7	Dungannon, . . . .	487 7 2
Ballinrobe, . . . .	479 8 4	Dungarvan, . . . .	617 12 11
Ballycastle, . . . .	352 2 11	Dunmanway, . . . .	392 1 2
Ballymahon, . . . .	352 13 1	Dunshaughlin, . . . .	472 17 8
Ballymena, . . . .	764 8 4	Edenderry, . . . .	608 16 0
Ballymoney, . . . .	445 2 9	Ennis, . . . .	718 11 6
Ballyshannon, . . . .	368 6 8	Enniscorthy, . . . .	752 7 1
Ballyvaghan, . . . .	205 9 7	Enniskillen, . . . .	186 0 1
Balrothery, . . . .	706 10 3	Ennistymon, . . . .	384 16 5
Ballinglass, . . . .	513 18 0	Fermoy, . . . .	696 9 2
Banbridge, . . . .	501 2 1	Galway, . . . .	871 7 7
Bandon, . . . .	524 15 2	Glennamaddy, . . . .	307 12 4
Bantry, . . . .	313 4 11	Glenties, . . . .	446 14 11
Bawnboy, . . . .	328 10 6	Glin, . . . .	268 14 9
Belfast, . . . .	3,091 5 7	Gorey, . . . .	502 4 9
Belmullet, . . . .	343 18 3	Gort, . . . .	438 14 1
Borrisokane, . . . .	301 19 9	Granard, . . . .	595 2 6
Boyle, . . . .	630 2 2	Inishowen, . . . .	456 7 11
Cahersiveen, . . . .	433 1 6	Irvinestown, . . . .	354 5 3
Callan, . . . .	562 3 1	Kanturk, . . . .	706 2 2
Carlow, . . . .	909 19 7	Kells, . . . .	626 17 10
Carriekmacross, . . . .	330 18 9	Kenmare, . . . .	436 5 10
Carriek-on-Shannon, . . . .	506 5 2	Kilcock, . . . .	326 10 4
Carriek-on-Suir, . . . .	594 18 7	Kilkenny, . . . .	947 7 6
Cashel, . . . .	718 11 6	Kilnadyert, . . . .	261 15 6
Castlebar, . . . .	379 3 10	Kilnala, . . . .	250 2 8
Castleblayney, . . . .	452 7 6	Killorney, . . . .	868 2 2
Castlecumber, . . . .	498 4 4	Kilmacthomas, . . . .	372 15 2
Castlederg, . . . .	263 14 8	Kilmallock, . . . .	1,284 15 0
Castlereagh, . . . .	518 6 6	Kilrush, . . . .	538 16 7
Costletown, . . . .	260 15 6	Kinsale, . . . .	508 5 5
Cavan, . . . .	724 4 1	Larne, . . . .	524 7 1
Celbridge, . . . .	585 1 6	Letterkenny, . . . .	353 7 0
Claremorris, . . . .	373 19 4	Limavady, . . . .	449 19 3
Clifden, . . . .	457 12 1	Limerick, . . . .	1,723 9 1
Clogheen, . . . .	462 0 6	Lisburn, . . . .	611 4 3
Clogher, . . . .	359 17 10	Lisnora, . . . .	497 0 3
Clonmilkity, . . . .	342 3 11	Lisnakea, . . . .	375 19 6
Clones, . . . .	349 0 8	Listowel, . . . .	491 15 8
Clonmel, . . . .	807 8 10	Londonderry, . . . .	812 13 5
Coleraine, . . . .	523 11 0	Longford, . . . .	445 18 10
Cookstown, . . . .	493 15 11	Loughrea, . . . .	423 16 6
Cootehill, . . . .	425 16 9	Lurgan, . . . .	780 18 1
Cork, . . . .	3,167 0 9	Macroom, . . . .	621 5 3
Corrofin, . . . .	229 4 1	Magherafelt, . . . .	488 11 4
Croom, . . . .	537 4 5	Mallow, . . . .	811 1 3
Devin, . . . .	536 5 5	Monaghan, . . . .	443 18 8
Dingle, . . . .	511 17 9	Midleton, . . . .	694 17 0



## SCHEDULE—continued.

Union.	Amount.	Union.	Amount.
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Milford, . . . .	421 16 4	Scariff, . . . .	367 18 8
Millicrest, . . . .	307 10 7	Shillelagh, . . . .	398 1 10
Mitchelstown, . . . .	388 0 9	Skibbereen, . . . .	599 11 0
Mohill, . . . .	508 5 5	Skull, . . . .	239 13 2
Moisaghinn, . . . .	511 1 8	Sligo, . . . .	764 16 4
Mount Bellew, . . . .	336 11 4	Strabane, . . . .	621 6 4
Mountmelick, . . . .	783 6 4	Stranorlar, . . . .	360 5 10
Mullingar, . . . .	840 16 4	Srookstown, . . . .	357 17 7
Nans, . . . .	989 12 0	Swinesford, . . . .	546 17 6
Navan, . . . .	551 14 0	Thomastown, . . . .	469 13 4
Nenagh, . . . .	671 18 7	Thurles, . . . .	707 6 4
Newcastle, . . . .	527 19 6	Tipperary, . . . .	774 9 4
New Ross, . . . .	944 3 2	Toberecurry, . . . .	357 1 6
Newry, . . . .	930 9 9	Tralee, . . . .	823 2 6
Newtownards, . . . .	594 14 6	Trim, . . . .	575 8 5
Oldcastle, . . . .	525 11 3	Tuan, . . . .	612 16 5
Omagh, . . . .	741 8 11	Tulla, . . . .	349 8 9
Oughterard, . . . .	354 13 3	Tullamore, . . . .	574 12 4
Parsonstown, . . . .	667 2 1	Ullingford, . . . .	404 10 6
Portlanna, . . . .	295 19 1	Waterford, . . . .	1,263 8 9
Rathdown, . . . .	1,340 12 10	Westport, . . . .	600 10 4
Rathfriland, . . . .	796 3 8	Wexford, . . . .	604 5 9
Rathkeale, . . . .	508 13 5	Youghal, . . . .	585 1 6
Roscommon, . . . .	479 10 3		
Roscrea, . . . .	534 10 8	Total, . . . .	£99,871 8 9

No. 6.—SCHEDULE of SUMS authorized to be paid to Road Authorities in Ireland, in respect of the Probate Duties Grant for the year ended the 31st of March, 1890.

Road Authority.	Amount.
	£ s. d.
The undermentioned Grand Juries, viz.:—	
Antrim County, . . . .	5,527 3 6
Armagh do., . . . .	2,168 2 5
Carlow do., . . . .	992 19 7
Carrikfergus, County of the Town, . . . .	178 6 11
Cavan County, . . . .	1,554 15 6
Clare do., . . . .	3,058 11 10
Cork do., . . . .	7,642 15 7
Donegal do., . . . .	2,904 19 6
Down do., . . . .	4,846 8 4
Drogheda, County of the Town, . . . .	73 18 6
Dublin County, . . . .	3,604 18 4
Fermanagh do., . . . .	1,692 8 10
Galway do., . . . .	2,205 6 8
Galway, County of the Town, . . . .	77 18 10
Kerry County, . . . .	3,792 19 8
Kildare do., . . . .	1,842 4 5
Kilkenny do., . . . .	2,257 0 6
Kilkenny, County of the City, . . . .	54 17 4
King's County, . . . .	1,487 12 11

## SCHEDULE—continued.

Road Authority.		Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
The undermentioned Grand Juries, viz.:—				
Leitrim County,	.	940	1	0
Limerick do.,	.	3,273	8	7
Londonderry do.,	.	2,586	4	9
Longford do.,	.	650	1	0
Louth do.,	.	1,356	13	4
Mayo do.,	.	2,067	15	6
Meath do.,	.	1,960	4	5
Monaghan do.,	.	1,787	4	10
Queen's do.,	.	1,876	10	8
Roscommon do.,	.	1,758	9	5
Sligo do.,	.	1,408	7	7
Tipperary County, North Riding,	.	1,877	18	5
Do. South do.,	.	2,229	11	9
Tyrone County,	.	4,465	10	6
Waterford do.,	.	2,285	1	3
Waterford, County of the City,	.	3	0	8
Westmeath County,	.	1,302	3	3
Wexford do.,	.	2,380	12	0
Wicklow do.,	.	1,502	14	0
Cork City Corporation,		1,803	4	4
Dublin City do.,	.	6,831	0	9
Limerick City do.,	.	731	7	7
Ballymena Urban Sanitary Authority,	.	101	19	5
Belfast City Corporation,	.	4,638	14	7
Blackrock Township Commissioners,	.	192	12	11
Bray do., do.,	.	130	12	4
Carlow Urban Sanitary Authority,	.	82	15	9
Clonmel do., do.,	.	110	19	0
Clontarf Township Commissioners,	.	86	3	9
Dalkey do., do.,	.	54	2	10
Drumcondra do., do.,	.	167	15	3
Dundalk Urban Sanitary Authority,	.	197	10	1
Dungarvan Town Commissioners,	.	38	16	11
Enniskillen do.,	.	79	10	3
Formoy Urban Sanitary Authority,	.	41	15	2
Galway Town Commissioners,	.	162	13	3
Killiney and Ballybrack Urban Sanitary Authority,	.	55	16	10
Kilmainham Township Commissioners,	.	103	15	10
Kingstown do., do.,	.	480	16	3
Londonderry City Corporation,	.	613	17	6
Lurgan Urban Sanitary Authority,	.	122	2	5
Newry Town Commissioners,	.	223	7	3
Pembroke Township Commissioners,	.	435	11	0
Queenstown Town Commissioners,	.	82	3	8
Rathmines and Rathgar Township Commissioners,	.	488	16	10
Sligo Town Corporation,	.	140	16	2
Thurles Urban Sanitary Authority,	.	43	14	0
Tralee do., do.,	.	93	7	0
Wexford do., do.,	.	61	18	2
Total,	.	£90,871	8	9

## GRANT FOR LABOURERS' COTTAGES.

No. 7.—LETTER from the ASSISTANT UNDER SECRETARY of the  
LORD LIEUTENANT to the LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD.

Chief Secretary's Office,

Dublin Castle, 7th November, 1890.

SIR,

With reference to previous correspondence, I am directed by the Lords Justices to transmit copy of a letter from the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury in reply to a letter addressed to Their Lordships from this office on the 21st August relative to the arrangements for dealing with the Parliamentary Vote of £40,000 in aid of the liabilities of Boards of Guardians in Ireland under the Labourers (Ireland) Acts.

Their Excellencies will be glad to learn whether the proposed arrangements meet the views of the Local Government Board, and, if so, the suggestion that the responsible officer of your Board should communicate direct with the Treasury Officer of Accounts with a view to settlement of details might be at once given effect to.

I am, sir,

Your obedient servant,

The Secretary,  
Local Government Board.

W. S. B. KAYE.

ENCLOSURE to the foregoing.

Treasury Chambers,  
6th November, 1890.

SIR,

The Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury have had before them Sir William Kaye's letter of the 21st August last respecting the arrangements for dealing with the sum of £40,000 voted in Parliament last session in aid of the liabilities of Boards of Guardians in Ireland under the Labourers (Ireland) Acts, and I am to request you to submit to His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant the following observations on the subject.

In the case of Boards of Guardians who have not hitherto put the Labourers Acts into operation, My Lords think that the amounts due should be carried to a separate deposit account in the hands of the Paymaster-General, such account to be operated on by the Local Government Board, subject to regulations to be approved by this Board. The results of such operations would have to be embodied in a special account to be rendered, in due course, to the Comptroller and Auditor-General. My Lords suggest that the Local Government Board should communicate with their Officers of Accounts with a view to settling the details of such an arrangement.

In cases where expenditure under the Acts has been already incurred, the exact application of each Union's share remains to be determined. My Lords would, on general grounds, have recommended that such share should be applied in reduction of the capital liability of the Union in respect of loans under the Acts, but in the special circumstances of the case they would not be unprepared to agree to arrangements which would give more immediate relief to the rates, viz.:—That a sum not exceeding the net liability of the Union for the present year under the Acts should be paid over to it direct, the balance, if any, being applied in reduction of the capital liability.

I am, &c.,

The Chief Secretary,  
Dublin Castle.

(Signed),

FRANK MOWATT.

No. 8.—LETTER from the LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD to the  
ASSISTANT UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT.

Local Government Board Dublin.

13th November, 1890.

SIR,

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 7th instant (No. 16966) forwarding, for the information of the Board, a copy of a letter from the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury relative to the distribution of the grant of £40,000 voted during the last Session of Parliament in aid of the liabilities of Boards of Guardians in Ireland under the Labourers (Ireland) Acts.

As regards the application of each Union's share of the grant in question in cases where expenditure under the Acts has been already incurred, the course mentioned in the Treasury letter by which immediate relief would be given to the rates, namely, that a sum not exceeding the net liability of each such Union under the Acts for the present year should be paid over to the Union direct, the balance, if any, being applied in reduction of the capital liability of the Union in respect of loans under the Acts, is quite in accord with the views of the Board, and they would be glad to receive the sanction of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury to this arrangement. The Board would wish to be informed, at the same time, whether the balances which under this arrangement shall be applied towards the reduction of the capital liabilities of Unions in respect of loans under the Acts should be paid to the Commissioners of Public Works, from whom the loans were obtained, or to the Guardians themselves for transmission to the Commissioners.

Upon receiving an intimation of their Lordships' approval of the arrangement referred to, the Board will take the necessary steps for the purpose of ascertaining the liabilities, for the present year, of the Unions which have taken action under the Acts, with a view to the payment to them of the amounts to which they are entitled.

As regards Boards of Guardians who have not hitherto put the Labourers Acts into operation, the proposal that the shares of such Guardians shall be carried to a deposit account in the hands of the Paymaster General, to be operated on by the Local Government Board as occasion may arise, subject to regulations to be approved of by the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, also meets the views of the Board, and the Board will in due course prepare and submit a draft of such regulations for their Lordships' approval.

I am sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

Sir W. S. B. Kaye, C.B., &c., &c., &c.,  
Dublin Castle.

No. 9.—LETTER from the ASSISTANT UNDER SECRETARY of the  
LORD LIEUTENANT to the LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD.

Chief Secretary's Office,  
Dublin Castle,

SIR, 22nd November, 1890.

With reference to your letter of the 13th instant, and to previous correspondence on the subject of the mode of disbursing the grant of £40,000 in aid of the liabilities of Boards of Guardians under the Labourers Acts, I am directed by the Lords Justices to transmit copy of a further letter from the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, and I am to say that it is very desirable that the further steps necessary for the disbursement should be pressed forward as rapidly as possible, and Their Excellencies feel that they can rely upon the Local Government Board to do so.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,  
W. S. B. KAYE.

The Secretary,  
Local Government Board.

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ENCLOSURE TO THE FOREGOING.

Treasury Chambers,  
21st November, 1890.

SIR, The Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury have had before them Sir William Kaye's letter of the 14th instant and enclosure from the Local Government Board on the subject of the mode of disbursing the grant of £40,000 in aid of the liabilities of Boards of Guardians under the Labourers Acts.

In reply I am to request you to inform His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, that My Lords are glad to learn that the Local Government Board concur generally in their proposals upon this subject.

With reference to the question whether the sums available under the approved arrangement in reduction of the capital liabilities of Unions under the Acts should be paid to the Commissioners of Public Works direct or through the Boards of Guardians, I am to say that the former course appears preferable, and is, in Their Lordships' opinion, consistent with the terms of the Resolution in Committee of Supply granting the sum for this service. My Lords therefore think that the sums in question should be paid direct to the Board of Works by the Local Government Board, care being taken to show, on the documents recording the transactions, the amounts applicable to the reduction of the debts of each local authority. My Lords have communicated with the Board of Works upon this branch of the subject.

My Lords will be ready to consider the regulations for dealing with the deposit account when submitted by the Local Government Board.

I am, &c.,  
(Signed), R. E. WALBY.

The Chief Secretary,  
Dublin Castle.

No. 10.—REGULATIONS for dealing with the "DEPOSIT ACCOUNT" referred to in the foregoing correspondence, as approved by the COMMISSIONERS of HER MAJESTY'S TREASURY.

Parliamentary Grant in aid of the liabilities incurred or to be incurred by Boards of Guardians in Ireland under the Labourers (Ireland) Acts.

The following regulations apply to cases in which Boards of Guardians are not, under the arrangements approved by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury for dealing with the Grant, entitled to receive their respective shares during the financial year in which the Grant is voted :—

1. A Deposit Account, to be called "The Labourers Cottages Grant Deposit Account," shall be opened in the books of the Paymaster General in Dublin.

2. When the Local Government Board for Ireland shall have paid to Boards of Guardians who have obtained loans or instalments of loans for the purpose of carrying out the Acts and to the Commissioners of Public Works all sums on account of the Grant which, under the arrangements approved by the Treasury, may be paid by them in aid of Guardians' net liabilities under the Acts for the year payable from the rates or in reduction of Guardians' capital liabilities in respect of loans under the Acts, they shall pay over the balance of the Grant to the Paymaster General to be placed by him to the credit of the said Board in the said Deposit Account, and shall transmit, at the same time, a schedule showing the respective proportions of the balance payable, subject to the condition set forth in Regulation No. 5 hereafter, to the Boards of Guardians whose shares or portions of whose shares are included in such balance.

3. The balance to be so paid over to the Paymaster General shall include :—

(a.) The shares of all Boards of Guardians who have not up to the end of the financial year in which the Grant is voted obtained any instalment or instalments of a loan or loans for the purpose of carrying out the Acts; and

(b.) The balance of the share of the Grant in each case in which the capital liability of a Board of Guardians in respect of loans under the Acts together with its net liabilities for the year payable from the rates is less than its full share of the Grant.

4. No payment shall be made from the Deposit Account in respect of the share of any Board of Guardians included therein until such Board of Guardians shall have received from the Commissioners of Public Works an instalment or instalments of a loan for the purpose of carrying out the Acts.

5. When a Board of Guardians whose share or portion of whose share is included in the Deposit Account shall have received an instalment or instalments of a loan from the Commissioners of Public Works for the purpose of carrying out the Acts—that is, a loan other than a loan merely for the payment of preliminary expenses in connection with an improvement Scheme or Schemes proposed under the Acts but subsequently abandoned—the Accounting Officer of the Local Government Board for Ireland may, with the authority of the said Board under their official seal, make an order or orders on the Paymaster General for payment to the Commissioners of Public Works of a sum or sums not exceeding

such share or portion of a share or such smaller amount as may be necessary to repay to the Commissioners the amount due to them by the Guardians.

6. The Local Government Board for Ireland shall notify to the Board of Guardians concerned the amount of each such remittance made by them to the Commissioners of Public Works in reduction of the capital liability of the Guardians in respect of loans under the Acts.

7. All sums remaining in the Deposit Account after the expiration of three years from the termination of the financial year in respect of which the Grant was made, and which shall not have become payable to Boards of Guardians within that time in pursuance of the foregoing regulations, shall be disposed of as may hereafter be determined.

No. 11.—LETTER to BOARDS of GUARDIANS who had been authorized to provide Cottages under the Labourers Acts.

Local Government Board, Dublin,  
29th November. 1890.

SIR,

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to request that you will furnish them, without delay, in the accompanying form, with particulars as to the liability of your Union under the Labourers (Ireland) Acts for the year ending the 25th of March, 1891.

Only such sums as are payable from the rates should be included in the return as liabilities in the year mentioned.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Clerk of the

Union.

ENCLOSURE TO THE FORGOING.

## -UNION.

Statement of Liability, &c., under the Labourers (Ireland) Acts for the year ending the 25th of March, 1891.

Amount of Installments of Loans, with Interest, payable to Commissioners of Public Works during the year.	Taxes (other than Poor Rate) on Cot- tages.	Ground Rent of plots (if any).	Repairs of Cottages (if the exact cost of re- pairs cannot be given, the esti- mated cost may be entered in this col.)	Other ex- penses (if any) payable from the Rates.	Total Liability.	Amount still payable to the Guardians in respect of Cot- tages which has been let.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.

*Clerk of Union.*

Date \_\_\_\_\_

No. 12.—TABLE showing the particulars of the disbursement of the Labourers Cottages' Grant of £40,000 in accordance with the arrangements made by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury.

UNIONS.	Guardians full share of Grant.	Paid to Guardians direct to meet net liabilities under the Labourers Acts during the year ended 31st March, 1891.	Paid to Commissioners of Public Works to be applied in reduction of Guardians' capital liability in respect of loans under the Labourers Acts.	Transferred to Deposit Account in the hands of the Paymaster-General.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Abbeyleix, . . . . .	245 19 9	17 13 10	229 6 11	—
Antrim, . . . . .	283 8 2	—	—	253 8 2
Ardee, . . . . .	244 4 3	244 4 3	—	—
Armagh, . . . . .	511 3 1	—	—	351 3 1
Athlone, . . . . .	253 8 2	—	—	253 8 2
Athy, . . . . .	320 19 10	320 19 10	—	—
Bathycorough, . . . . .	180 13 6	56 17 4	82 16 6	—
Ballina, . . . . .	170 8 9	—	—	170 6 9
Ballinasloe, . . . . .	399 10 9	43 7 9	253 3 0	—
Ballinrobe, . . . . .	192 5 6	—	—	192 5 6
Ballycastle, . . . . .	133 4 9	—	—	133 4 9
Ballymahon, . . . . .	141 9 8	141 9 8	—	—
Ballymena, . . . . .	302 12 9	29 13 10	273 18 11	—
Ballymoney, . . . . .	173 11 3	—	—	173 11 3
Ballyshannon, . . . . .	147 18 1	—	—	147 18 1
Ballyvaughan, . . . . .	82 8 0	—	—	82 8 0
Beltrothery, . . . . .	583 3 2	264 4 4	10 3 10	—
Bellingham, . . . . .	303 2 11	180 14 9	25 8 2	—
Banbridge, . . . . .	237 2 4	—	—	237 2 4
Bandon, . . . . .	310 10 0	310 10 0	—	—
Bantry, . . . . .	125 13 1	—	—	125 13 1
Bawnboy, . . . . .	131 16 9	—	—	131 16 9
Belfast, . . . . .	1,225 0 1	—	—	1,225 0 1
Belmont, . . . . .	145 19 7	—	—	145 19 7
Borrisokane, . . . . .	121 2 9	43 0 4	73 2 8	—
Boyle, . . . . .	232 16 8	—	—	232 16 8
Caberciveon, . . . . .	173 14 6	—	—	173 14 6
Callan, . . . . .	215 10 1	73 14 6	152 13 7	—
Carlow, . . . . .	325 0 7	189 7 9	173 12 10	—
Carrickmacross, . . . . .	132 16 1	—	—	132 16 1
Carrick-on-Shannon, . . . . .	208 1 7	5 14 6	196 7 2	—
Carrick-on-Suir, . . . . .	239 1 0	182 0 0	76 13 0	—
Cashel, . . . . .	338 5 0	268 5 0	—	—
Castiblar, . . . . .	152 2 2	—	—	152 2 2
Castleblinney, . . . . .	131 9 4	—	—	131 9 4
Castledown, . . . . .	190 17 1	04 7 0	135 10 1	—
Castlederg, . . . . .	161 16 8	—	—	161 16 8
Castlereagh, . . . . .	267 18 8	—	—	267 18 8
Castletown, . . . . .	112 11 10	—	—	112 11 10
Cavan, . . . . .	240 10 1	82 17 8	256 12 6	—
Celbridge, . . . . .	234 13 11	27 12 0	207 1 11	—
Claremorris, . . . . .	150 0 0	—	—	150 0 0
Clifden, . . . . .	183 11 3	—	—	183 11 3
Clontarf, . . . . .	168 6 9	168 6 9	—	—
Clough, . . . . .	144 7 4	—	—	144 7 4
Clonsilla, . . . . .	137 8 8	137 8 8	—	—
Clones, . . . . .	140 9 3	—	—	140 9 3
Clonsilla, . . . . .	143 17 11	188 12 2	165 8 8	—
Coleraine, . . . . .	210 0 4	—	—	210 0 4
Cookstown, . . . . .	198 1 7	—	—	198 1 7
Cootahill, . . . . .	170 16 8	—	—	170 16 8
Cork, . . . . .	1,270 8 6	304 19 3	503 8 10	—
Corrofin, . . . . .	31 18 10	84 18 9	57 3 1	—
Croom, . . . . .	215 10 0	315 10 0	—	—
Delvin, . . . . .	143 18 4	143 18 4	—	—
Dingle, . . . . .	205 5 9	4 9 5	92 0 0	—
Donagall, . . . . .	148 17 8	—	—	148 17 8
Downpatrick, . . . . .	358 14 7	—	—	358 14 7
Drogheda, . . . . .	301 12 0	301 12 0	—	—
Dromore, West, . . . . .	121 2 9	4 18 10	115 6 11	—
Dublin, North, . . . . .	1,225 19 6	258 7 8	925 11 9	—
Dublin, South, . . . . .	1,718 18 11	—	1,718 18 11	—
Dundalk, . . . . .	276 16 11	109 3 8	167 12 6	—
Dunshaughly, . . . . .	97 11 9	—	—	97 11 9
Dungannon, . . . . .	191 10 0	—	—	191 10 0
Dungarvan, . . . . .	267 16 3	184 18 3	82 17 1	—
Dunmanway, . . . . .	187 6 8	187 6 8	—	—
Dunshaughlin, . . . . .	189 18 10	189 18 10	—	—



No. 13.—TABLE showing the particulars of the disbursement of the Labourers Cottages' Grant of £40,000 in accordance with the arrangements made by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury—*continued*.

UNIONS.	Guardians full share of Grant.	Paid to Guardians direct to meet net liabilities under the Labourers Acts during the year ended 25th March, 1891.	Paid to Commissioners of Public Works to be applied in reduction of Guardians' capital liability in respect of loans under the Labourers Acts.	Transferred to Deposit Accounts in the hands of the Paymaster-General.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Blonderry, . . .	244 4 3	—	244 4 3	—
Buns, . . .	248 5 0	204 13 0	83 12 0	—
Baniscortay, . . .	301 10 0	301 10 0	—	—
Baniskillen, . . .	275 3 8	—	—	275 3 8
Banistymon, . . .	154 7 4	11 6 0	143 1 4	—
Formoy, . . .	279 7 7	279 7 7	—	—
Galway, . . .	349 10 11	—	—	349 10 11
Glennasmaddy, . . .	123 7 11	—	—	123 7 11
Glenties, . . .	179 4 2	—	—	179 4 2
Glin, . . .	147 18 4	147 18 4	—	—
Gorey, . . .	201 5 4	201 5 4	—	—
Gort, . . .	175 15 8	—	—	175 15 8
Granard, . . .	238 14 7	238 14 7	—	—
Inishowen, . . .	183 1 7	—	—	183 1 7
Irvinestown, . . .	142 2 2	—	—	142 2 2
Kantark, . . .	283 5 0	283 5 0	—	—
Kells, . . .	251 5 5	251 5 5	—	—
Kenmare, . . .	175 0 3	—	—	175 0 3
Kilkeel, . . .	120 10 7	—	—	120 10 7
Kilkeenny, . . .	380 0 7	103 5 11	275 17 8	—
Killadysort, . . .	155 0 2	55 5 5	40 14 8	—
Killala, . . .	100 6 7	—	—	100 6 7
Killarney, . . .	244 4 5	90 2 3	253 15 2	—
Kilmaclough, . . .	149 10 7	149 10 7	—	—
Kilmallock, . . .	515 7 3	515 7 3	—	—
Kilrush, . . .	216 2 11	—	—	216 2 11
Kinsale, . . .	202 17 0	54 2 7	149 14 2	—
Larne, . . .	210 6 9	—	—	210 6 9
Letterkenny, . . .	133 14 5	—	—	133 14 5
Limerick, . . .	180 10 0	—	—	180 10 0
Limerick, . . .	691 6 11	691 6 11	—	—
Lisburn, . . .	245 3 7	—	—	245 3 7
Lisnacro, . . .	199 7 5	199 7 5	—	—
Lisnakea, . . .	155 10 4	—	—	155 10 4
Lisnawel, . . .	197 5 6	157 5 5	—	—
Londonderry, . . .	325 15 11	—	—	325 15 11
Longford, . . .	173 17 8	173 17 8	—	—
Loughrea, . . .	170 0 3	15 10 0	154 4 3	—
Lurgan, . . .	313 5 0	—	—	313 5 0
Macroom, . . .	210 4 3	210 4 3	—	—
Magherafelt, . . .	180 19 8	—	—	180 19 8
Malloy, . . .	325 7 0	325 7 0	—	—
Manorhamilton, . . .	178 1 7	61 1 4	127 0 3	—
Millaton, . . .	278 14 8	278 14 8	—	—
Millford, . . .	163 4 2	—	—	163 4 2
Millstreet, . . .	147 8 7	147 8 7	—	—
Mitchelstown, . . .	155 13 2	155 13 2	—	—
Moahill, . . .	243 17 9	50 11 0	173 6 3	—
Monaghan, . . .	205 0 4	—	—	205 0 4
Mountbellew, . . .	125 0 3	—	—	125 0 3
Mountcullick, . . .	214 4 5	48 7 4	235 17 1	—
Minlingar, . . .	327 5 8	327 5 8	—	—
Nass, . . .	205 15 4	109 2 2	235 15 1	—
Navan, . . .	221 5 2	221 5 2	—	—
Nenagh, . . .	200 10 9	200 10 9	—	—
Newcastle, . . .	211 15 10	211 15 10	—	—
New Ross, . . .	216 5 4	98 8 4	247 15 0	—
Newry, . . .	375 5 1	—	—	375 5 1
Newtownards, . . .	288 11 4	—	—	288 11 4
Oldcastle, . . .	210 14 5	210 14 5	—	—
Omagh, . . .	297 8 5	—	—	297 8 5
Oughtorard, . . .	142 5 5	—	—	142 5 5
Parsonstown, . . .	207 12 1	50 15 0	215 12 1	—
Portlanna, . . .	118 14 5	—	—	118 14 5
Rathdown, . . .	537 15 8	—	—	537 15 8
Rathfriland, . . .	319 7 7	44 19 10	274 10 5	—
Rathfriland, . . .	204 1 0	204 1 0	—	—
Rosecommon, . . .	191 19 0	8 2 0	183 15 8	—

No. 12.—TABLE showing the particulars of the disbursement of the Labourers Cottages' Grant of £40,000 in accordance with the arrangements made by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury—*continued*.

Unions.	Guardians full share of Grant.	Paid to Guardians direct to meet net liabilities under the Labourers Acts during the year ended 25th March, 1891.	Paid to Commissioners of Public Works to be applied in reduction of Guardians' capital liabilities in respect of loans under the Labourers Acts.	Transferred to Deposit Account in the hands of the Paymaster-General.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Recreen, . . . . .	254 10 8	—	—	254 10 8
Reardiff, . . . . .	147 11 10	135 8 6	12 3 4	—
Shillelagh, . . . . .	139 13 10	74 15 10	64 18 0	—
Skibbereen, . . . . .	240 10 1	240 10 1	—	—
Skull, . . . . .	96 2 9	80 10 3	65 12 6	—
Sligo, . . . . .	200 10 0	—	—	200 10 0
Strabane, . . . . .	240 4 8	—	—	240 4 8
Sirranorian, . . . . .	144 10 7	—	—	144 10 7
Strokestown, . . . . .	143 11 2	—	—	143 11 2
Swineford, . . . . .	210 7 3	—	—	210 7 3
Thomastown, . . . . .	188 8 1	137 4 0	51 3 4	—
Thurles, . . . . .	283 14 8	43 10 5	234 4 3	—
Tipperrary, . . . . .	310 18 8	310 18 8	—	—
Tolacorurry, . . . . .	143 4 9	—	—	143 4 9
Tralee, . . . . .	330 3 9	330 3 9	—	—
Trim, . . . . .	236 16 6	236 16 6	—	—
Tulla, . . . . .	245 10 6	—	—	245 10 6
Tulla, . . . . .	140 3 3	140 3 3	—	—
Tullamore, . . . . .	230 10 1	230 10 1	—	—
Urringford, . . . . .	102 6 3	41 14 6	110 10 11	—
Waterford, . . . . .	806 13 4	284 10 8	222 8 11	—
Westport, . . . . .	208 11 3	—	—	208 11 3
Wexford, . . . . .	206 9 6	206 9 6	—	—
Youghal, . . . . .	234 13 11	234 13 11	—	—
Total, . . . . .	£40,000 0 0	£13,183 0 8	£9,940 12 11	£14,500 6 5

No. 13.—INSTRUCTIONAL CIRCULAR as to Mode of CREDITING, in the UNION ACCOUNTS, the SUMS PAID to BOARDS of GUARDIANS out of the LABOURERS COTTAGES GRANT.

Local Government Board, Dublin,  
7th February, 1891.

SIR,

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to inform you, with reference to the grant recently forwarded to the Guardians in aid of their liabilities under the Labourers (Ireland) Acts in the year ending the 25th of March, 1891, that this sum should be credited to such Electoral Divisions of the Union as are included in any area or areas of charge fixed for expenses under the Acts, in proportion to their respective net liabilities for the year in question.

The net liabilities for the year will, of course, be the sums chargeable on the rates for repayment of loans, for ground rent, taxes, repairs of cottages, insurance, &c., less the amount of rent received for the cottages and plots and any other credits that may arise during the year.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Clerk of the

Union.

## APPENDIX B.

## MEDICAL CHARITIES ACT AND VACCINATION ACTS.

## I.—CIRCULAR.

## COMMITTEES of MANAGEMENT of DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.

Local Government Board, Dublin,  
24th March, 1891.

SIR,

The Local Government Board for Ireland desire to call your attention to the circular of the Poor Law Commissioners, dated the 21st of March, 1862, relating to the annual appointment of dispensary committees and wardens, and to the extracts from previous circulars appended thereto, and they request that you will take the necessary steps, as pointed out in the circular referred to, to place before the Board of Guardians, after the annual election of guardians, a correct list of the members of the Board entitled under section 7 of the Medical Charities Act (14 & 15 Vic., cap. 68), to be members of the respective dispensary committees in the union. The Guardians should then, in each case in which it may be necessary to do so, elect a sufficient number of ratepayers possessing the qualifications prescribed by the section mentioned, so that the number of members of each committee shall amount to the number authorized by sealed Order.

This ought to be done by resolution and recorded on the minutes.

If it should appear from the Returning Officer's return of the election that there are any vacancies in the office of guardian, the Board of Guardians should elect only such a number of qualified ratepayers to serve on the dispensary committees as would be necessary if the number of guardians were complete, so that the persons who may be returned to supply the vacancies may become members of the respective committees upon which they may be qualified and entitled to act.

As soon as the committee shall have been completed for any dispensary district, you should give notice to each member thereof of the day upon which the election of chairman and vice-chairman and other honorary officers for the year will take place, in accordance with articles 6 & 7 of the Dispensary Regulations of 3rd November, 1885.

The Board enclose three copies of a form for a return of officers of the several dispensary committees in the union to enable you to make the return in duplicate to this office and to retain a copy for the use of the Board of Guardians, and they request that you will procure the necessary information with the least possible delay and then forward the return to this office.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

## II.—CORRESPONDENCE, &amp;c.

No. 1.—Report from Dr. T. J. STAFFORD, Medical Inspector, on an Outbreak of Small Pox in Belfast, Ballymena, and Magherafelt.

GENTLEMEN,

Belfast, 18th April, 1891.

I beg to submit the following report upon an outbreak of small pox in Belfast city, in Ballymena town, and Magherafelt rural district.

I have included all three sanitary districts in one report owing to the disease having, I believe, a common origin.

On the 4th of February, 1891, three cases of small pox were admitted Origin. to the workhouse hospital in Belfast; the patients were three young women, sisters, residing at 93 Whitla-street, in the city, and carrying on there the trade of lodging and eating-house keepers.

C. R., the eldest girl, gave me the following account of her illness before her admission to hospital, and her history was confirmed by her sisters.

Up to the 28th of January, 1891, she was in good health; she was on that day seized with headache, vomiting, and pain in the back. On the 1st of February she remarked a rash upon her face and arms. On the 2nd of February both her sisters felt ill, and on the 4th all three were removed to hospital suffering from small pox.

In reply to inquiries as to how she could have contracted the disease she informed me that on the 13th of January a sailor lad, named R. M., just returned from sea, had come to lodge in their house; he complained on his arrival of feeling unwell, but was not confined at any time to his bed. He showed (C. R. states) her sisters and herself some curious spots upon his face, head, and arms, which spots made their appearance one or two days after his arrival.

On the 17th R. M. went on a visit to some friends in Ballymena and did not return until the 24th; when he saw the rash on her face, she asserts that he remarked the spots were very like those from which he suffered, and that "he must have smitten her." C. R. was in the habit of making his bed every day and cleaning his room.

On the 6th of February I had an opportunity of seeing and examining M—: history. R. M., æt. 19, who gave the following account of himself:—

Is a sailor; originally a native of Castledawson, County Londonderry, and lately employed as a seaman on board the "Cape Colonna."

The "Cape Colonna" left Calcutta on the 13th of October, 1890, carrying a general cargo and 28 hands. The vessel called at Suez and Port Said, but Genoa, on the 19th of December, was the first port at which the men were permitted to go ashore. On the 23rd the ship left Genoa and arrived at Marseilles on the 24th, where they spent Christmas, and remained until the 27th. The sailors all visited the city and spent most of their time on shore. On January the 9th the "Cape Colonna" reached Newport, Monmouthshire, and was paid off on the 10th. All hands were quite well and free from disease during the whole voyage. R. M. states he did not make any purchases of clothing or anything else during the trip. From the 10th to the 12th he stayed at the Sailors' Home, Cardiff, and on the morning of the 13th he arrived in Belfast, journeying via Liverpool, and he at once secured lodgings at No. 93 Whitla-street.

After his arrival he complained of headache and sore throat, and on the 15th observed some spots upon his face and hairy scalp; these he

describes as being "full of clear fluid, and drying up and scaling within a few days."

On the 17th January he visited some friends in Ballymena staying there until the 22nd.

He denied having gone to Castledawson, his native place, but this afterwards learned was untrue; save in this instance, I think his statement was truthful and accurate.

Ballymena  
outbreak.

On the 19th of February three cases of small pox were reported from Ballymena town; the disease attacked three young men, shop assistants in Mr. A——'s drapery establishment. I was unable to get any further clue to the origin of these cases, save that R. M., I was informed, had, in company with a tailor residing in Henry-street, visited Mr. A——'s shop on the morning of the 19th of January and then chose materials for some clothing he was having made; the three assistants who subsequently suffered from small pox were in the shop on the occasion of M.'s visit, and, although he was attended to by a fourth assistant, still they were all in close proximity to him during the time he stayed in the shop—about half-an-hour. The assistant who served R. M. does not seem to have contracted the disease, but the other three young men, one month later, developed small pox. These three young men occupied the same sleeping apartment and seem to have complained of the initial symptoms almost simultaneously.

Magherafelt  
outbreak.

During my inquiries at Ballymena I elicited the information that R. M. visited Castledawson in the Magherafelt Union, and in the neighbourhood of Castledawson, in the midst of a rural district, small pox next appeared. The following history of its origin was given me by Dr. Thompson of Bellaghy:—

"R. M., a sailor, came on a visit to Mr. M. his uncle's house (situated between Castledawson and Magherafelt) on Tuesday, the 20th of January, and stayed there all night sleeping with his uncle, a man of forty-three years of age, and his cousin a little boy of five years \* \* the inmates of the house noticed sore places on his head, forehead, and wrists. \* \* A mason named J. from near Magherafelt was working at Mr. M.'s at this time and had a short conversation with the sailor; J. was employed on the 21st and 22nd putting a grate in the fire-place of the room in which R. M. had slept."

J. went home on the evening of the 22nd of January; he complained of illness on the 31st, and died on the 12th of February from a very severe attack of confluent small pox.

J.'s case was followed by several of his immediate neighbours and friends suffering from variola, constituting the Magherafelt outbreak.

Conclusions  
as to origin.

This history is on the whole conclusive, and leaves very little doubt as to how, and by whom, the disease was introduced and communicated.

R. M. we find in Marseilles (where small pox, I understand, is at present epidemic) on the 27th of December: on the 15th January he is said to have suffered from a fully developed vesicular eruption; on the 3rd of February three girls in the house in which he lodged are found suffering from small pox.

A month after his visit to Ballymena small pox broke out in a house where he purchased clothing (too long an incubation period for the disease to have been directly transmitted from R. M. to the shop assistants, but the clothing handled by him was of course capable of retaining, and conveying the infection at a later date), but, if there be a doubt as to the medium in Ballymena, there can be no question as to the results of R. M.'s visit to the rural district of Magherafelt.

I append a tabulated statement showing the results of vaccination or re-vaccination in each case.

In examining No. I. table, which relates to Belfast, the first thing that strikes one is the large number of Constabulary who have suffered from the disease. Of 22 cases treated in hospital, 9 were policemen, and, of these 9, eight came from one barrack, five of these being men sleeping in the apartment occupied by a constable suffering from the disease. It appears that this constable contracted the disease whilst on duty in a street where it was subsequently shown that small-pox existed.

Re-vaccination of the Police.

It will be observed that none of these policemen had been re-vaccinated, and I understand it has not hitherto been the practice in the Royal Irish Constabulary to re-vaccinate the men on joining the force. The duties of the police necessitate their so frequently coming in contact with those suffering from infectious diseases, that I think it is alike due to the men and to the public that they should be protected, by the operation of re-vaccination, from contracting small pox.

An examination of the tables is interesting as regards the immunity it shows that efficient primary vaccination confers upon children.

Primary vaccination.

It will be observed that only in one instance (Magherafelt, table III.) was a child under 12 years known to have suffered from small-pox in the present outbreak, and in this instance the child had only recently arrived in this country from America, and bore no trace of a vaccination mark although it was alleged that there three unsuccessful attempts had been made to perform the operation.

In many instances children were directly exposed to the contagion, as, for instance, in the case already mentioned, where a boy of 5 years of age slept in the same bed as M——, at Castledawson, at a period when M——, as was proved by J——'s contracting the disease, was in a condition to impart the infection. This child was fortunately particularly well vaccinated a little more than four years previously.

Again, in a house in Lepper-street, Belfast, where a young girl, going about whilst suffering from modified small pox, although she communicated the disease to three adults in the house in which she resided, did not convey it to several young children, all of whom were well vaccinated, and whom she was in the habit of taking in her arms, carrying about and generally associating with.

In reference to re-vaccination, it will also be observed that only two patients who had been efficiently re-vaccinated contracted the disease, and in these cases the attack was of the mildest type.

Value of re-vaccination.

The tables also show that in adults where primary vaccination marks were clear and numerous, showing that the operation had been properly performed, the disease, when it did attack a patient, was of a mild nature. On this subject Dr. Currie, of Ballymena, writes :—

Value of distinct and multiple vaccination marks.

"The first three cases had each been vaccinated in infancy, but not re-vaccinated. Two of them bore two well-defined marks each, and had extremely mild attacks; the third had an ill-defined single scar on his arm, and his was a severe confluent case. This would seem to indicate that insufficient vaccination is followed by a severe attack of small pox, and vice versa."

I think, so far as these tables go, this opinion is amply borne out, and although I would deprecate any decided opinion being arrived at from a limited number of cases, such as we have here to deal with, still these cases may be considered as an addition to the overwhelming mass of evidence in favour of vaccination and generally endorsing this view. At a period when an organised attempt is being made in certain portions of England to discredit vaccination, all evidence on the subject is of value, though in Ireland, where the people are, with hardly a single exception, favourable to the operation and thorough believers in its efficacy, a defence of the practice is unnecessary.

K

Lessons of epidemic.

The lessons, I think, taught by this outbreak are :—(a) That children who had been efficiently vaccinated did not suffer as children. (b) That adults bearing typical marks of vaccination or re-vaccination did not suffer from a severe form of the disease. (c) That modified forms of the disease, such as R— M—'s case (who I may mention was vaccinated in his youth, and bore two fair marks) are not necessarily followed in those to whom they are communicated by mild attacks of small pox, but that the mildness or severity of the disease is rather dependent upon personal idiosyncrasies and effectual or non-efficient vaccination.

Sanitary authorities and their officers.

I have no doubt that the manner in which the disease was grappled with by the various sanitary authorities and their officers, and the large amount of re-vaccination so promptly performed by the public vaccinators, upon the appearance of small pox, have had much to do with the very limited hold that the visitation has so far obtained, either in Belfast, Ballymena, or Magherafelt.

My best thanks are due to Dr. Seaton Reid, of Belfast, Dr. Veary, of Magherafelt, and Dr. Currie, of Ballymena, for the accurate notes supplied to me of cases under their care. To Dr. Whittaker, Medical Superintendent Officer of Health, and Mr. Conway Scott, C.E., Executive Sanitary Officer, both of Belfast, I am indebted for their considerate courtesy in keeping me supplied with information concerning the spread of the disease and minute histories of the circumstances of individual cases.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

T. J. STAFFORD,

Medical Inspector.

To the Local Government Board.

### ENCLOSURES TO THE FOREGOING. BELFAST.

TABLE I.—RETURN of SMALL POX, 1891, from 4th February to 31st March.

No.	Name.	Age.	Occupation.	Vaccinated or Re-vaccinated.	Character of Vaccination Marks.	Type of Disease.	Result.
1	O.O.	30	Constable, R.I.C.	Vaccinated.	One small mark.	Semi-confident.	Cured.
2	W.	26	Constable, R.I.C.	Vaccinated.	One good mark.	Mild case.	Cured.
3	R.	39	Constable, R.I.C.	Vaccinated.	Two good marks.	Mild case.	Cured.
4	L.	30	Constable, R.I.C.	Vaccinated.	Two good marks.	Mild case.	Cured.
5	P.	28	Constable, R.I.C.	Vaccinated.	One fair mark.	Semi-confident.	Cured.
6	Q.	32	Constable, R.I.C.	Vaccinated.	One good mark.	Mild case.	Cured.
7	B.	23	Constable, R.I.C.	Vaccinated.	One good mark.	Attack nearly over, mild case.	Cured.
8	M.G.	31	Servant.	Vaccinated.	One good mark.	Attack uncertain.	Cured.
9	S.	14	Message boy.	Re-vaccinated but did not take.	One good mark.	Mild case.	Cured.
10	M.	24	Felt worker.	Vaccinated.	One small mark.	Medium intensity.	Cured.
11	C.	31	Constable, R.I.C.	Vaccinated.	One bad mark.	Confident.	Died.
12	H.	29	Constable, R.I.C.	Re-vaccinated but did not take.	Two small marks.	Confident.	Cured.
13	M.	24	Coal discharger.	Vaccinated.	One fair mark.	Semi-confident.	Cured.
14	R.	24	House keeper.	Vaccinated.	Two good marks.	Mild case.	Cured.
15	L.	23	House keeper.	Vaccinated.	Two good marks.	Mild case.	Cured.
16	R.	18	House keeper.	Vaccinated.	Two good marks.	Mild case.	Cured.
17	S.	21	Weaver.	Vaccinated.	One good mark.	Confident.	Cured.
18	S.	16	Weaver.	Vaccinated.	One good mark.	Mild case.	Cured.
19	C.	16	Weaver.	Vaccinated.	One good mark.	Mild case.	Cured.
20	Q.	14	Weaver.	Vaccinated.	One good mark.	Mild case.	Cured.
21	C.	22	Cleaner.	Vaccinated.	One good mark.	Mild case.	Cured.
22	M.M.	23	Nurse.	Vaccinated.	Two good marks.	Mild case.	Cured.

## BALLYMENA.

TABLE II.—RETURN of Small Pox, 1891, from 19th February to 31st of March.

No.	Name.	Age.	Occupation.	Vaccinated or Re-vaccinated.	Character of Vaccination Marks.	Type of Disease.	Result.
1	R. M.,	23	Shop assistant,	Vaccinated,	One imperfect mark.	Severe confluent case.	Recovered.
2	J. B.,	20	Shop boy,	Vaccinated,	Two well defined marks.	Very mild case.	Recovered.
3	W. M.,	18	Shop boy,	Vaccinated,	Two well defined marks.	Very mild case.	Recovered.
4	Miss W.,	-	In draper's,	-	-	Left Ballymena in, went home to co. Derry, removed to care of Dr. Vesey. — at Magherafelt Union.	Recovered.
5	S. B.,	36	Farmer,	Vaccinated,	One imperfect mark.	Mild case,	Recovered.
6	S. M.,	60	Stone mason,	Vaccinated,	Owing to the copious eruption cannot at present discover any mark.	Very severe confluent case.	Recovering.

## MAGHERAFELT UNION.

TABLE III.—RETURN of Small Pox, 1891, from 2nd February to 31st March.

No.	Name.	Age.	Occupation.	Vaccinated or Re-vaccinated.	Character of Vaccination Marks.	Type of Disease.	Result.
1	R. J.,	21	Mason,	Vaccinated,	No mark visible.	Severe confluent case and throat complication.	Died.
2	E. W.,	20	Shop assistant,	Vaccinated,	One small mark.	Severe confluent case.	Recovering, but still under treatment.
3	E. M.,	26	Charwoman,	Vaccinated,	One good mark.	Mild case,	Cured.
4	G. O'N.,	43	Road contractor,	Re-vaccinated, twice.	One mark, not good.	Mild case,	Cured.
5	M. B.,	9	Shopkeeper's daughter,	Said to have been vaccinated three times in America. Niece to J. Case, No. 1.	No mark.	Mild case,	Cured.
6	W. J.,	22	Mason,	Re-vaccinated, but did not take.	Two poor marks.	Severe confluent case.	Died.
7	J. J.,	20	Farm labourer,	Re-vaccinated successfully.	Two good marks and two marks modified.	Mild attack,	Cured.
8	T. J.,	28	Farm labourer,	Re-vaccinated successfully.	One old mark good and deep.	Modified attack.	Cured.
9	M. J.,	16	Farmer's daughter,	Vaccinated six times as an adult, but did not take; not vaccinated in youth.	No mark.	Confluent case.	Recovering.
10	D. L.,	26	Farmer's son,	Re-vaccinated successfully in two places.	Two good distinct marks.	Very mild attack.	Cured.



No. 2.—REPORT from DR. T. J. STAFFORD, Medical Inspector,  
on ETHER DRINKING in the North of Ireland.

Belfast, April 18th, 1891.

GENTLEMEN,

In accordance with the instructions contained in your letter, No. 14,756, I have made inquiry into the alleged prevalence of the use of Ether as an intoxicant in certain portions of the North of Ireland, and I have the honour to submit a report upon the subject.

*Ether.*

Ether chemically represented by  $C_4H_{10}O$ , is prepared from alcohol by treatment with sulphuric acid, slaked lime, and chloride of calcium, and re-distillation—this is known as Sulphuric Ether, and is the form in which the drug is usually prescribed as a stimulant and antispasmodic in medicine. Ether for anæsthetic purposes—or so called pure ether—is prepared from the sulphuric ether by further distillation and treatment with chloride of calcium. For manufacturing purposes, however, a methylated ether is used in certain trades, where a solvent is required for organic bodies; this form is prepared from the methylated spirit on account of its cheapness. Thus the pure drug is sold in the market at 5s. per pound, whilst the methylated ether may be purchased at 1s. 6d., and it is in this latter form we find it consumed as a favourite stimulant in certain districts of the northern province.

*Origin of the Habit.*

Many theories are advanced to explain the origin of the habit of drinking ether, but to my mind the most plausible theory is that which ascribes it to the following cause:—

About the year 1848, at a period when cholera was epidemic in Ireland, a certain so-called "Doctor," it is said, came from Glasgow, and opened a chemist's shop in Draperstown, where the vice undoubtedly originated; he appears to have prescribed ether as a preventative for cholera, and administered it in small draughts of about one drachm at a time, or as they were called in the vernacular, a "Nick," i.e., up to the first gradation or "nick" in the measure glass. The remedy seems to have become rapidly popular in the village and its neighbourhood, and from being considered as a specific in cholera it came to be used in other diseases, and eventually as an intoxicant. This appears to me as a not unlikely history of the origin of the habit, and is but another example of the use of a great medicinal remedy, when improperly prescribed and popularised, degenerating into a vice.

I have before me an able paper "On the use of Ether as an Intoxicant in the North of Ireland," by Mr. Harry N. Draper, F.C.S., published in "*The Medical Press and Circular*" of the 16th of February, 1870, from which I quote the following extract:—"Instances are quoted by Pareira where it (ether) was taken in large doses, but in these cases it was employed for the relief of physical suffering. One is that of the chemist, Briquet, who took a pint of ether daily to alleviate the intense agony caused by internal inflammation. Another is that of a gentleman who was in the habit of taking two ounces daily for the relief of asthma. An example of the use of ether as an intoxicant is given by Taylor (*On Poisons*, 1st Ed., p. 435). In this case a young man was in the habit

of taking large doses of the fluid, which he obtained at different chemists' shops. Its effect was so like that of alcohol intoxication that he was brought before a magistrate and charged with drunkenness.

What real ground for the belief there may be I know not; but there is a widespread popular idea that ether is used as a stimulant by women of the higher ranks of society. The existence of the practice was, for example, alluded to in the *Daily Telegraph* only a few weeks since."

It will be observed that ether-drinking is therefore no new vice, and that as far back as twenty-one years ago, public attention was directed to its existence in the counties of Londonderry and Tyrone.

#### *Extent of the Habit.*

The extent to which the drug has been used as an intoxicant is most difficult to determine with any degree of accuracy; but my information, systematically collected from medical officers of dispensaries practising in the ether-drinking districts, clergymen, magistrates, and police, in fact all those most qualified from their education and local knowledge to gauge the extent of the vice, will, I think, be found to be a fair estimate.

The chief centres for the sale of the drug have been Cookstown, Maghera, Magherafelt, Omagh, Moneymore, and Draperstown. The area served by them is, roughly speaking, within a line drawn near the village of Kilrea westward, so as to include Garvagh and touch Dungiven; then southward by Plum Bridge, Gortin, Curriekmon, and Pomeroy to the western shore of Lough Neagh, near Coalisland; thence due north along the lake shore to Kilrea. It is necessarily impossible to draw a hard and fast line in a case of this sort, and whilst there may have been individual cases of ether drinking outside this area, I believe it has only been used to a very limited extent. I am also aware that within this boundary there are many districts, whole parishes, where, although the habit was indulged in many years ago, it has, by the action of the clergy, been completely stamped out. I was informed upon excellent authority that the Gortin district had about ten years ago been noted as an ether-drinking district, and to so great an extent was the drug used that the Courthouse during Petty Sessions was almost unbearable from the fumes of ether; but for the last ten years the use of the drug as an intoxicant has almost become unknown, owing to the decided action taken by the parish priests in suppressing it.

I am satisfied that in most districts there has been a steady decline in the consumption of the drug, a result mainly attributable to the influence of clergymen over their respective flocks; but in some of the more remote parts of the country I believe there had, unfortunately, been an increase, previous to the Order in Council scheduling ether as a poison. Since this Order, I can state, as the result of personal information and as the almost universal opinion of those best in a position to judge, that the practice has almost completely ceased. It will, therefore, be unnecessary for me to notice at any length a recent article in "*The Times*" of the 27th of March—in which a very circumstantial and statistical account is given of the number of gallons consumed annually and the proportion of ether drinkers to the rest of the population. It will be sufficient for me to say that my investigations lead me to differ very largely from the estimate of "*The Times*" correspondent. I cannot help thinking that the communication in

question greatly exaggerated the extent of the vice, and was, in fact, generally more remarkable for its sensationalism than for its accuracy.

On this point I quote one of many assurances received from local sources. A professional gentleman, writing from Draperstown, says:—

"The amount sold annually is about 144 gallons (*"The Times"* correspondent placed it at 2,600 gallons); four or five years ago there was probably three times this amount. There was gross exaggeration in *"The Times"* and various papers; but it was better to allow it to go unchallenged as something was required to be done to restrain its sale, and the exaggeration hastened the doing of it."

I do not quite agree with my correspondent that the end in this instance justified the means, as at the period when the article was published ether drinking had been practically suppressed by the action of the Executive in classing it amongst the poisons. But passing from this, I may be permitted here to point out that whilst it only requires sustained action and watchfulness on the part of the local authorities to effectually stamp out the habit of drinking ether, there still is a danger that the methylated spirit itself may come to be used instead. To show that this fear is not altogether groundless, I may mention that in my inquiries I have ascertained that in a particular rural district of the Ballymena Union, county of Antrim, methylated spirit is largely used as a stimulant amongst the farming and labouring classes. It may, therefore, be advisable for the Government to take some steps to prevent an equally degrading habit arising after the suppression of ether drinking. A suggestion of Mr. Ledlie's to add a certain percentage of naphtha, a peculiarly nauseous and evil-smelling compound, to either alcohol or methylated spirit, appears worthy of consideration, as whilst permitting the alcohol as treated to be used at a cheap rate for trade purposes it would possibly prevent its being consumed as a stimulant.

### *Classes addicted to the Habit.*

The classes chiefly addicted to the habit are the small farmers in remote country districts, and the fishermen along the shore of Lough Neagh. Such people when they come to fairs or markets were in the habit of taking draughts of ether in the chemists' and grocers' shops in the towns and then carrying home with them a pint or half pint of the liquid, not merely as an intoxicant but as a valuable medicine for diseases of their cattle, so that it must not be assumed that all the ether sold in the towns was necessarily consumed by the people as a stimulant, as I believe a considerable quantity was used as a medicine for cattle.

In some districts, noticeably the country around Magherafelt, women seem to be more, or certainly as much, addicted to the vice as men, though in very few instances does it seem to be indulged in to excess, but rather taken as an "unfailing remedy" for *flatulent dyspepsia*; in fact the very high estimation in which this drug is held for relieving what may be described as the prevalent disease amongst the poorer classes in this portion of Ireland adds considerably to the difficulty in checking its abuse as a stimulant. In the Magherafelt district I also found that children were given ether by their parents for every trifling ailment, the drug being freely diluted with water.

In computing the number of gallons used annually, or the number of consumers in each district, there is considerable difficulty in arriv-

ing even at an approximate calculation, but from the evidence I have received from local sources I believe that where "*The Times*" correspondent estimates by the thousand we would be much nearer the mark in substituting hundreds for thousands, and even then, in most instances, a judicious division by two or three would bring us considerably nearer to the truth. But whatever may be the correct computation of the numbers engaged in the practice, or the quantities consumed, there can be no doubt that a degrading vice existed to no small extent in portions of the counties of Londonderry and Tyrone.

#### *The Method and Dose.*

The amount taken at each draught by experienced drinkers is about a tablespoonful, and this quantity is taken without either holding the nose, as described by some, or by taking water afterwards; the uninitiated individual is obliged either to dilute the ether by adding water or follow the draught with a mouthful of water and holds his nose during the operation. One draught seems to do no more than cause a pleasant feeling of warmth about the stomach, and slight lightness of the head, the effects wear off with remarkable rapidity and are invariably accompanied by gaseous eructations; where large doses are taken, and if the gas does not find an exit, there is much discomfort and enormous distention of the stomach and general tympanitic condition of the abdomen.

#### *Diseases arising from drinking Ether.*

My inquiries on this branch of the subject have been rather of a negative nature. I have not been able to hear positively of any organic disease produced by the abuse of the drug. Medical men speak of a peculiar anæmic condition following its use in confirmed ether drinkers, also of acute and chronic gastritis, a chronic catarrhal condition of the stomach.

I have heard and seen it stated that insanity has been largely increased by the habit. I have carefully inquired into the truth of this statement, but I cannot find that it is founded upon good grounds. Insanity, or the recognition of it, has increased very much in all districts, but the so-called "infected area" or ether districts have not in my opinion suffered more than districts equally populous elsewhere. I am borne out in this view by the medical superintendent of the Londonderry County Asylum, who states—"Insanity, so far as the admissions to this asylum are concerned, is no way increased above that of other institutions of the same kind; many of my patients have drunk ether, but I could not say their insanity was caused by this habit. Insanity has increased in other parts of my district just as much where there is no ether drinking; at the same time my opinion is that it must be injurious to the nervous system. I do not know of any case in my books where the medical officer states ether to be the 'primary cause' of illness."

From Omagh Asylum I have received a similar expression of opinion—thus both the district asylums, either of which must naturally receive any case of insanity from the ether drinking country, have never had an admission as a patient of a person of whom it could be said that his or her mental condition was the result of over indulgence in the ether habit.

The researches of M. Claude Bernard and Dr. Harley go to prove that ether when taken in repeatedly large quantities has the effect of

producing artificial diabetes, if presented to the portal vein and its tributaries for absorption, but when it enters the circulation by way of the lungs, as in inhalation, it has no such effect. The number of ether drinkers I have been able to examine have been too few to enable me to say much on this branch of the subject. The medical men practising within the "infected area" have not noticed any such phenomena, but it has been mentioned to me as a curious fact by some medical men that the people in this part of the country appear to be rather afraid of "Diabetes" and to know of the disease, and frequently request to have their urine tested for sugar.

M. Bernard,\* when further contrasting the action of alcohol and of ether upon the alimentary canal, states that whilst alcohol arrests secretion, ether excites the functions of the abdominal viscera. No doubt ether produces a copious secretion of saliva, and I believe also, as M. Bernard points out, a copious flow of the gastric juice.

The effect which is most frequently described by medical men and others is the rapid tympanitic distention caused by an overdose of the drug. Dr. Thompson, F.R.C.S.I. (of Omagh), kindly narrated to me the history of a fatal case of ether drinking.

A habitual ether drinker, when engaged in some harvest work, took an unusually large draught from a bottle without measuring the amount. When Dr. Thompson saw him some hours subsequently he was deeply narcotised—comatose in fact—and was suffering from enormous tympanitic distention of the abdomen; he never recovered consciousness, and died in less than twelve hours. There was no post-mortem examination made.

The following cases of known ether drinkers, though they add little to our knowledge of the subject, are not without interest :—

CASE I.—Mary G—, (æt. 45, a hawker of ether), a poorly nourished anæmic looking woman, informed me that she was in the habit of selling and drinking ether for seven or eight years. She generally took four draughts every day; a draught is about a tablespoonful. At first one draught had the effect of making her head feel light, but after some time it had no more effect upon her than so much water, except that it warmed her, and got up the wind for her, and made her sleep at night. She never had a headache or sick stomach after it; it did not affect her kidneys; she prefers ether to whiskey, "it is much wholesomer," she can take it without water; she knew a man who could drink half a pint in the day. Herself and two girls once drank a wine-glassful of ether after dinner, all three swelled up in two minutes, and their clothes burst—"only they rifted off the wind they would have burst." She never knew any harm come from drinking ether, it is a very useful medicine for shortness of breathing and wind on the stomach. This woman did not, as far as I could judge, suffer from any disease.

CASE II.—Mrs. M—, æt. 50, apparently a healthy woman, sold ether in the country and drank it also for some years; she was in the habit of using it as a medicine to get the wind off her stomach; never in her opinion did her any harm; she has often seen children take it when mixed with water; a regular drinker could take a draught every hour. This woman was quite healthy.

CASE III.—M<sup>r</sup> N—, an ether seller, sold most about Christmas and Easter, and during harvest time. The people around Tobbermore drink it freely, especially the women; has seen it given to children. A regular drinker would drink about six draughts a day.

CASE IV.—J. T—, æt. 35, formerly was in the habit of drinking ether; he could drink a wine-glassful at a time without being drunk, he would merely feel light in the head for about five minutes; it had the effect of giving

\* *Leçons sur les effets des substances Toxiques* par M. Bernard,

him an appetite. If you could not take your breakfast and took a draught of ether you would sit down and eat plenty, you would never have a headache or sick stomach after drinking it, as you would from whiskey. He swelled up on one occasion after taking a drink of ether, he swelled all in a minute and nearly burst, only the wind came up he would have died. He gave up the habit then. This man was quite healthy and strong.

The difficulty of getting cases to examine must be my apology for the incompleteness of this portion of my report; although in the various districts I visited there were certain notorious habitues, there was a rooted objection on the part of these people to submit to examination or give any information upon the subject.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

T. J. STAFFORD, Medical Inspector.

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## APPENDIX C.

### ORDERS, CIRCULARS, &c., UNDER SANITARY ACTS.

#### I. ORDERS.

NO. 1.—GENERAL ORDER prescribing REGULATIONS with reference to SHIPS having on board RUGS from SPAIN.

To all COAST-GUARDS and OFFICERS of CUSTOMS in IRELAND; to the BOARDS of GUARDIANS of UNIONS, severally acting as Sanitary Authorities on any part of the Coast of Ireland; to all Masters of Ships; and to all other Persons whom it may concern.

WHEREAS Cholera is now prevalent in certain parts of Spain, and it is expedient that regulations should be made with reference to ships having on board bales of rugs from that country.

AND WHEREAS the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Customs have signified their consent to the regulations herein contained so far as the same apply to the Officers of Customs.

NOW THEREFORE, we, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do, by this our order, and in exercise of the power conferred on us by the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, and by the Public Health Act, 1889, and every other power enabling us in this behalf, make the following regulations, and declare that they shall be enforced and executed by the several authorities specified in the schedule to our order, dated the 16th day of July, 1883:—

#### *Definitions.*

Article 1. In this order—

The term "ship" includes vessel or boat.

The term "Coast-Guard" includes any person belonging to the Coast-Guard having authority from the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

The term "Officer of Customs" includes any person acting under the authority of the Commissioners of Customs.

The term "master" includes the officer or person for the time being in charge or command of a ship.

The term "Sanitary Authority" means with respect to the seas, rivers, and waters within the limits described in column 1 of the schedule annexed to the said order of the 16th day of July, 1883, the Guardians of the Poor of the Unions named in column 2 of the said schedule, opposite to the descriptions of the said limits respectively, except the Newport Union. The Westport Union shall be substituted for the Newport Union in column 2 of the said schedule for the purposes of the said order and of this order.

The term "port" means a port established for the purposes of the laws relating to the customs of the United Kingdom.

The term "medical officer of health" includes any duly qualified medical practitioner appointed by a Sanitary Authority to act in the execution of the said order of the 16th day of July, 1883.

Article 2. From and after the date of this order, and until the 31st day of December next, no rags from Spain shall be delivered overside, except for the purpose of export, nor landed in any port or place in Ireland.

Article 3. If any rags shall be delivered overside or landed in contravention of this order, they shall, unless forthwith exported, be destroyed by the person having control over the same, with such precautions as may be directed by the medical officer of health of the Sanitary Authority within whose jurisdiction or district the same may be found.

Article 4. All masters of vessels, consignees, and other persons having control of any rags prohibited under this order from being delivered overside, except for the purpose of export, or landed, are required to obey these regulations.

Article 5. All Officers of Customs are empowered to prevent the delivery overside or landing of rags in contravention of this order.

Article 6. It shall be the duty of the Sanitary Authority to take proceedings against masters of ships, consignees, or other persons having control over any rags, who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to obey or carry out, or shall obstruct the execution of any of these regulations.

Given under our hands and seal of office  
this Fifteenth day of September, in the  
year of our Lord One Thousand Eight  
Hundred and Ninety.

(Signed),

GEORGE MORRIS.

F. MACCABE.

NOTICE.—The Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, provides by section 148 that any person wilfully neglecting, or refusing to obey or carry out, or obstructing the execution of any regulation made under that section, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding *Fifty Pounds*.

**NO. 2.—GENERAL ORDER** prescribing RULES and REGULATIONS for the treatment of persons affected with CHOLERA arriving in any vessel, and for preventing the spread of the disease.

To the COAST-GUARD and OFFICERS of CUSTOMS in IRELAND; to the BOARDS of GUARDIANS of UNIONS; to the TOWN COUNCILS; and to the Commissioners, severally acting as Sanitary Authorities on any part of the Coast of Ireland; to all Masters of Ships; to all Pilots; and to all other Persons whom it may concern.

WHEREAS We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, are empowered by section 148 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, from time to time to make, alter, and revoke such regulations as to us may seem fit, with a view to the treatment of persons affected with cholera and preventing the spread of cholera, as well on the seas, rivers, and waters of the United Kingdom, and on the high seas within three miles of the coasts thereof, as on land; and may declare by what authority or authorities such regulations shall be enforced and executed:

AND WHEREAS, by section 3 of the Public Health Act, 1889, it is enacted that regulations of the Local Government Board for Ireland made in relation to cholera and choleraic diarrhoea, in pursuance of section 148 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, may provide for such regulations being enforced and executed by the Officers of Customs, as well as by other authorities and officers, and, without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred by the said section, may provide for the detention of vessels and of persons on board vessels, and for the duties to be performed by pilots, masters of vessels, and other persons on board vessels; provided that the regulations, so far as they apply to the Officers of Customs, shall be subject to the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Customs:

AND WHEREAS, by an Order dated the 16th day of July, 1883, we prescribed rules and regulations with a view to the treatment of persons affected with cholera, and for preventing the spread of the disease, and it is expedient that such Order should be revoked, and that further regulations should be prescribed, as hereinafter mentioned, to which the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Customs have signified their consent so far as such regulations apply to the Officers of Customs:

NOW THEREFORE, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby revoke the aforesaid Order, except in so far as it may apply to any proceedings now pending, and we do, by this our Order, and in exercise of the power conferred on us by the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, as amended and extended by the Public Health Act, 1889, and every other power enabling us in that behalf, make the following regulations, and declare that they shall be enforced and executed by the authorities hereinafter named:—

*Definitions.*

**Article 1.**—In this Order—

The term "ship" includes vessel or boat.

The term "coast-guard" includes any person belonging to the coast-guard having authority from the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.



The term "Officer of Customs" includes any person having authority from the Commissioners of Customs.

The term "master" includes the officer, pilot, or other person for the time being in charge or command of a ship.

The term "cholera" includes choleraic diarrhoea.

The term "sanitary authority" means, with respect to the seas, rivers, and waters within the limits described in column 1 of the schedule hereunto annexed, the guardians of the poor of the unions named in column 2 of the said schedule opposite to the descriptions of the said limits, respectively.

The term "port" means a port established for the purposes of the laws relating to the customs of the United Kingdom.

The term "medical officer of health" includes any duly qualified medical practitioner appointed by a sanitary authority to act in the execution of this Order.

For the purposes of this Order, every ship shall be deemed infected with cholera in which there is or has been during the voyage or during the stay of such ship in a port in the course of such voyage any case of cholera.

### *I.—Regulations as to Detention by the Coast-Guard and Officers of Customs.*

Article 2.—If any coast-guard or Officer of Customs, on the arrival of any ship, ascertain from the master of such ship or otherwise, or have reason to suspect, that the ship is infected with cholera, he shall detain such ship, and order the master forthwith to moor or anchor the same in such position as such coast-guard or Officer of Customs shall direct; and thereupon the master shall forthwith moor or anchor the ship accordingly.

Article 3.—Whilst such ship shall be so detained no person shall leave the same.

Article 4.—The coast-guard or Officer of Customs detaining any ship as aforesaid shall forthwith give notice thereof, and of the cause of such detention, to the proper sanitary authority.

Article 5.—Such detention by the coast-guard or Officer of Customs shall cease as soon as the ship shall have been duly visited and examined by the medical officer of health, or, if the ship shall upon such examination be found to be infected with cholera, as soon as the same shall be moored or anchored, in pursuance of article 10 of this Order.

Provided, that if the examination be not commenced within twelve hours after notice given as aforesaid, the ship shall, on the expiration of the said twelve hours, be released from detention.

### *II.—Regulations as to Sanitary Authorities.*

Article 6.—Every sanitary authority, as defined by this Order, within whose district persons are likely to be landed from any ship coming foreign shall, as speedily as practicable, with the approval of the Chief Officer of Customs of the port, fix some place where any ship may be moored or anchored, for the purpose of article 10 of this Order; and shall make provision for the reception and treatment of cholera patients and persons suffering from illness removed under articles 13 and 14. The place to be fixed as aforesaid where any ship may be moored or anchored

for the purpose of Article 10, shall be some place within the jurisdiction or district of the sanitary authority, unless the Local Government Board otherwise consent, in which case the place so fixed shall, for the purposes of this Order, be deemed to be within such jurisdiction or district.

Provided that where, in pursuance of the above cited Order, places have been duly fixed for the mooring or anchoring of ships for the like purpose, such places shall be deemed to have been so fixed in pursuance of this Order.

Article 7.—The sanitary authority, on notice being given to them by the coast-guard or an Officer of Customs, under this Order, shall forthwith cause the ship in regard to which such notice shall have been given to be visited and examined by their medical officer of health for the purpose of ascertaining whether she is infected with cholera.

Article 8.—The medical officer of health, if he have reason to believe that any ship coming or being within the jurisdiction or district of the sanitary authority, whether examined by the coast-guard or an Officer of Customs or not, is infected with cholera, shall, or if she have come from a place infected with cholera, may, visit and examine such ship, for the purpose of ascertaining whether she is so infected, and the master of such ship shall permit the same to be so visited and examined.

Article 9.—If the medical officer of health, on making such examination as aforesaid (whether under Article 7 or under Article 8), shall be of opinion that the ship is infected, he shall forthwith give a certificate in duplicate in the following form, or to the like effect, and shall deliver one copy to the master, and retain the other copy or transmit it to the sanitary authority. He shall also give to the Local Government Board for Ireland information as to the arrival of the ship, and such other particulars as that Board may require.

*Certificate.*

day of 189

Sanitary Authority of

I hereby certify that I have examined the ship of , now lying in the port of [or detained at ] and that I find that she is infected with cholera.

*Medical Officer of Health* [or medical practitioner appointed by the sanitary authority].

Article 10.—The master of any ship so certified to be infected with cholera shall thereupon moor or anchor her at the place fixed for that purpose under Article 6, and she shall remain there until the requirements of this order have been duly fulfilled.

Article 11.—No person shall leave any such ship until the examination hereinafter mentioned shall have been made.

Article 12.—The medical officer of health shall, as soon as possible after any such ship has been certified to be infected with cholera, examine every person on board the same, and in the case of any person suffering from cholera or from any illness which the medical officer of health suspects may prove to be cholera, shall certify accordingly; and any person who shall not be so certified by him shall be permitted to land immediately on giving to the medical officer of health his name and place of destination, stating, where practicable, his address at such place.

The name and address of any such person shall forthwith be given by the medical officer of health to the executive sanitary officer of the sanitary authority, and such executive sanitary officer shall thereupon transmit the same to the local authority of the district in which the place of destination of such person is situate.

In this article the term "local authority" means any urban or rural sanitary authority.

Article 13.—Every person certified by the medical officer of health to be suffering from cholera shall be removed, if the condition of the patient admit of it, to some hospital or other suitable place appointed for that purpose by the sanitary authority; and no person so removed shall leave such hospital or place until the medical officer of health shall have certified that such person is free from the said disease.

If any person suffering from cholera cannot be removed, the ship shall remain subject, for the purposes of this Order, to the control of the medical officer of health; and the infected person shall not be removed from or leave the ship, except with the consent in writing of the medical officer of health.

Article 14.—Any person certified by such medical officer of health to be suffering from any illness which such officer suspects may prove to be cholera, may either be detained on board the ship for any period not exceeding two days, or be taken to some hospital or other suitable place appointed for that purpose by the sanitary authority, and detained there for a like period, in order that it may be ascertained whether the illness is or is not cholera.

Any such person who, while so detained, shall be certified by the medical officer of health to be suffering from cholera, shall be dealt with as provided by Article 13 of this Order.

Article 15.—The medical officer of health shall, in the case of every ship certified to be infected, give directions, and take such steps as may appear to him to be necessary for preventing the spread of the infection, and the master of the said ship shall forthwith carry into execution such directions as shall be so given to him.

Article 16.—In the event of any death from cholera taking place on board of such ship while detained under article 10, the master shall as directed by the sanitary authority or the medical officer of health, either cause the dead body to be taken out to sea and committed to the deep, properly loaded to prevent its rising, or shall deliver it into the charge of the said authority for interment, and the said authority shall thereupon have the same interred.

Article 17.—The master shall cause any articles that may have been soiled with cholera discharges to be destroyed, and the clothing and bedding and other articles of personal use likely to retain infection which have been used by any person who may have suffered from cholera on board such ship, or who, having left such ship, shall have suffered from cholera during the stay of such ship at any place, to be disinfected or (if necessary) destroyed; and, if the master shall have neglected to do so before the ship arrives in port, he shall forthwith, upon the direction of the sanitary authority, or the medical officer of health, cause the same to be disinfected or destroyed, as the case may require; and if the said master neglect to comply with such direction within a reasonable time, the sanitary authority shall cause the same to be carried into execution.

Article 18.—The master shall cause the ship to be disinfected, and every article therein, other than those last described, which may probably be infected with cholera, to be disinfected or destroyed, according to the directions of the medical officer of health.

Article 19.—Every medical officer of health employed by a sanitary authority under this Order shall be paid by such sanitary authority such remuneration for his services as the Local Government Board for Ireland may direct or approve.

Article 20.—All expenses which may be incurred by any board of guardians in carrying out the provisions of this Order shall be defrayed out of a common fund to be contributed, in such proportions as the Local Government Board for Ireland shall from time to time order, by the sanitary authorities of the urban and rural sanitary districts, as defined by the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, which, or any part of which, abut on the port within which the provisions of this Order are to be enforced and executed by such board of guardians.

III.—*Flag to be hoisted by Ships infected with Cholera.*

Article 21.—The master of every ship infected with cholera shall, when within three miles of the coast of any part of Ireland, cause to be hoisted the Commercial Code signal Q, being a yellow flag, under the national ensign, and shall keep the same displayed during the whole of the time between sunrise and sunset.

Given under our hands and seal of office this Sixth day of December, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety.

(Signed),      GEORGE MORRIS.  
F. MACCABE.

NOTICE.—The Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, provides, by section 148, that any person wilfully neglecting or refusing to obey or carry out or obstructing the execution of any regulation made under that section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding *Fifty Pounds*.

[SCHEDULE.]

## SCHEDULE.

Column I.	Column II.
<b>PORT OF DUBLIN.</b>	
1. From Delvin River, South, to Portmarnock Point (county of Dublin).	Balrothery Union.
2. From Portmarnock Point, South, to the Bailey Lighthouse.	North Dublin Union.
3. From the Bailey Lighthouse to Merriem Graveyard at the south-eastern extremity of Donnybrook Electoral Division in South Dublin Union.	South Dublin Union.
4. From the south-eastern extremity of Donnybrook Electoral Division in South Dublin Union to Killinearrig (county Wicklow), the south-eastern extremity of Dolgany Electoral Division in Rathdown Union.	Rathdown Union.
5. From Killinearrig to the south-eastern extremity of the county of Wicklow at Kilmurry, Lower, including Wicklow and Arklow Harbours.	Rathdrum Union.
6. From Kilmurry, Lower, to Courtown Harbour (county Wexford).	Gorey Union.
<b>PORT OF WEXFORD.</b>	
1. Courtown Harbour to the south-eastern extremity of Ballyduboy, in Gorey Union.	Gorey Union.
2. From Ballyduboy to the south-eastern extremity of Ballyvalloo, Lower, in Ennisceorthy Union.	Ennisceorthy Union.
3. From Ballyvalloo, Lower, to Carnsore Point, thence westward to Bannow Bay, including Wexford Harbour and Bannow Bay, and all bays and rivers within the said limits.	Wexford Union.
<b>PORT OF NEW ROSS.</b>	
From Bannow Bay to Saint Mullin's, on the River Barrow,	Waterford Union.
<b>PORT OF WATERFORD.</b>	
1. The Port of Waterford within Waterford Harbour and the River Suir, and so far as the same extends westward to the south-western extremity of Whitefield, near Kilmurray Island.	Waterford Union.
2. From Whitefield westward to Ballyvoyle Head, . . .	Kilmacthomas Union.
3. From Ballyvoyle Head southward to Ballymacart Head, including Dungarvan Harbour.	Dungarvan Union.
<b>PORT OF YOUGHAL.</b>	
From Ballymacart Head to Ring Point (county Cork), including Youghal Bay and Harbour.	Youghal Union.
<b>PORT OF CORK.</b>	
1. From Ring Point to eastern point of entrance to Cork Harbour.	Midleton Union.
2. Cork Harbour and all bays and rivers within it, . . .	Cork Union.
3. From western point of entrance to Cork Harbour to eastern point of entrance to Courtmacsherry Bay, including Kinsale Harbour.	Kinsale Union.
4. From eastern point of entrance to Courtmacsherry Bay to Galley Head, including Clonakilty Bay and Courtmacsherry Bay westward to Galley Head.	Clonakilty Union.

## SCHEDULE—continued.

Column I.	Column II.
<b>PORT OF SKIBBEREEN.</b>	
1. From Galley Head to Leigheloon, on the eastern coast of Roaring Water Bay.	Skibbereen Union.
2. From Leigheloon to Sheep's Head, including Roaring Water and Donnanus Bays.	Skull Union.
3. The part of Bantry Bay eastward of a line drawn from Sheep's Head on the south to Shot Head on the north.	Bantry Union.
4. The part of Bantry Bay to the westward of the said line to Dursley Head, thence northward to Kilkatherine Point.	Castletown Union.
5. The Kenmare River from Kilkatherine Point, south, to Lamb's Head, north.	Kenmare Union.
<b>PORT OF TRALEE.</b>	
1. From Lamb's Head westward and northward to Camphas Point.	Cahereaveen Union.
2. Castlemaine Harbour at the Head of Dingle Bay, . . . . .	Killarney Union.
3. Dingle Bay, thence northward to the entrance to Tralee Bay.	Dingle Union.
4. Tralee Bay, thence northward to Castleshaannon, . . . . .	Tralee Union.
5. Castleshaannon to Beale Point, . . . . .	Listowel Union.
<b>PORT OF LIMERICK.</b>	
1. The part of the River Shannon from Limerick westward to a line drawn from Aughtlish Point on the south to Ballymacrory Point on the north.	Limerick Union.
2. The part of the said river westward of the said line, and eastward of a line drawn from Tarbert Lighthouse on the south to Kilkerin Point on the north.	Glin Union.
3. The part of the said river westward of the line from Tarbert Lighthouse to Kilkerin Point, to Loop Head, thence northward to the River Annagh.	Kilrush Union.
4. From the River Annagh northward to Hag's Head.	Ennistymon Union.
<b>PORT OF GALWAY.</b>	
1. From Hag's Head northward to Galway Bay, . . . . .	Ennistymon Union.
2. Galway Bay, . . . . .	Galway Union.
3. From Galway Bay northward to Killery Harbour, including the said Harbour.	Clifden Union.
<b>PORT OF WESTPORT.</b>	
1. From Killery Harbour northward to Tullaghan Bay, not including the said bay, but including Clew Bay, together with the waters about Inishark and Chra Islands and all water inland from Bull's Mouth to Murranny.	Westport Union.
2. From Tullaghan Bay northward to Stags of Broadhaven, including Bays of Tullaghan, Blacksod, Broadhaven, and all other bays and water within the said limits, together with the waters about the Inishkea Islands.	Belmullet Union.
<b>PORT OF BALLINA.</b>	
1. From Stags of Broadhaven to Benbeg, at Glinsk, . . . . .	Belmullet Union.
2. From Benbeg to entrance to Killala Bay on the west, . . . . .	Killala Union.
3. Killala Bay, including Ballina Harbour, . . . . .	Ballina Union.

## SCHEDULE—continued.

Column I.	Column II.
PORT OF SLIGO.	
1. From Kinnebaragh (county Sligo) to the entrance of Sligo Bay on the south.	Dromore West Union.
2. Sligo Bay and all bays and water inland from the entrance to the said bay, thence northward to the Duff River.	Sligo Union.
3. From Duff River to the western extremity of the northern boundary of Mullnacross (county Donegal).	Ballyshannon Union.
4. From Mullnacross to the mouth of Corker River, at the head of M'Swyne's Bay, including the said bay and all other bays within the said limits.	Donegal Union.
5. From the entrance to M'Swyne's Bay on the west, westward and northward, to the entrance to Gweedore River (county Donegal), including all bays within the said limits.	Glenties Union.
PORT OF LONDONDERRY.	
1. From Gweedore River, northward and eastward, to Lough Bridge at the southern extremity of Sheep Haven, including the said haven and bays and water within the said limits.	Dunfarghy Union.
2. From the entrance to Sheep Haven Bay on the east, eastward to the entrance to Lough Swilly on the west, including all water lying inland within the said limits.	Milford Union.
3. That part of Lough Swilly which lies westward of a line drawn from the middle point of the entrance of the lough through the middle of the lough until the said line touches a line drawn from the south-eastern extremity of Milford Union to the north-eastern extremity of Letterkenny Union.	Milford Union.
4. That part of Lough Swilly which lies eastward of the said line, until the said line is touched by a line drawn at right angles to it from the south-western extremity of Inishowen Union.	Inishowen Union.
5. That part of Lough Swilly which lies within the three lines above mentioned, and the shore line of Londonderry Union.	Londonderry Union.
6. That part of Lough Swilly which lies southward of the above-mentioned line drawn from the south-eastern extremity of Milford Union to the north-eastern extremity of Letterkenny Union.	Letterkenny Union.
7. From the entrance to Lough Swilly on the east to the entrance to Lough Foyle on the west, including all bays and water within the said limits.	Inishowen Union.
8. Lough Foyle and thence to Down Hill Sands, . . . . .	Londonderry Union.
PORT OF COLERAINE.	
1. From Down Hill Sands eastward to the north point of the boundary between Ardihannon and Aird (Glenn's Causeway).	Coleraine Union.
2. From the said point eastward and southward to Glendun River (Ousebun Bay).	Ballycastle Union.
PORT OF BELFAST.	
1. From Glendun River to Glengariff River (Red Bay), . . . . .	Ballycastle Union.
2. From Glengariff River to the entrance to Belfast Lough on the north, including Larne Lough.	Larne Union.
3. Belfast Lough, . . . . .	Belfast Union.

## SCHEDULE—continued.

Column I.	Column II.
<b>PORT OF BELFAST—continued.</b>	
4. From the entrance to Belfast Lough on the south to the south-eastern extremity of Ratalagh, opposite to Little Plough Rock.	Newtownards Union.
5. From Ratalagh southward to St. John's Point, including Strangford Lough.	Downpatrick Union.
<b>PORT OF NEWRY.</b>	
1. From St. John's Point westward to eastern extremity of southern boundary of Murlough, Upper.	Downpatrick Union.
2. From Murlough, Upper, southward to entrance to Carlingford Lough on the north.	Kilkeel Union.
3. Carlingford Lough, . . . . .	Newry Union.
<b>PORT OF DUNDALK.</b>	
Cooley Point southward to Dunany Point, . . . . .	Dundalk Union.
<b>PORT OF DROGHEDA.</b>	
Dunany Point southward to Dolvin River, . . . . .	Drogheda Union.

**No. 3.—GENERAL ORDER PRESCRIBING FORMS under the HOUSING of the WORKING CLASSES ACT, 1890 (53 & 54 Vict. c. 70).**

To the several URBAN SANITARY AUTHORITIES for the time being in IRELAND. And to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS by the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, are constituted the Confirming Authority for every Improvement Scheme made by an Urban Sanitary Authority in Ireland in pursuance of Part I. of that Act;

And whereas by Section 27 of the same Act it is enacted that the Confirming Authority may by Order prescribe the Forms of Advertisements and Notices under Part I. of that Act; and that it shall not be obligatory on any persons to adopt such Forms, but the same, when adopted, shall be deemed sufficient for all the purposes of that Part of the said Act:

NOW THEREFORE, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do, by this Our Order, prescribe the Forms of Advertisements and Notices hereinafter set out, and declare that they may be adopted by any Urban Sanitary Authority in Ireland for the purposes of Part I. of the said Act.

**I.—FORM OF ADVERTISEMENT.**

The Urban Sanitary District of

Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890.

53 & 54 Vict. c. 70.

*Advertisement of an Improvement Scheme.*

Notice is hereby given that , being the Sanitary Authority for the Urban Sanitary District of , have in pursuance of the Housing of the



Working Classes Act, 1890, made a Scheme for the improvement of the area or areas the limits of which are stated in the Schedule hereunder, and which contains or contain by estimation—

A copy of the said Scheme, accompanied by maps distinguishing the lands proposed to be taken compulsorily, and by particulars and estimates, has been deposited at \_\_\_\_\_ and may be seen at all reasonable hours.

The place of deposit must be within the area or in the vicinity thereof. See sect. 7 (a) of the Act.

#### SCHEDULE.

The area to which this Scheme relates is bounded as follows:—on the north by \_\_\_\_\_ on the south by \_\_\_\_\_ on the east by \_\_\_\_\_ on the west by \_\_\_\_\_

or

The area to which the Scheme relates is bounded by a line commencing (set out the entire linear boundary):

or

The area to which the Scheme relates consists of the following streets and other places or parts thereof:

(Signed)

Town Clerk, or Clerk to the  
(as the case may be).

Dated \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_.

#### II.—FORM OF NOTICE TO OWNERS AND LESSEES.

The Urban Sanitary District of \_\_\_\_\_

Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890.

53 & 54 Vict. c. 70.

*Notice to owner or reputed owner, lessee or reputed lessee, of intention to take lands compulsorily under an Improvement Scheme.*

To \_\_\_\_\_

TAKES NOTICE that a petition is about to be presented by the \_\_\_\_\_, being the Sanitary Authority for the Urban Sanitary District of \_\_\_\_\_, to the Local Government Board for Ireland in pursuance of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, praying that an Order may be made confirming an Improvement Scheme whereby it is proposed to take compulsorily the lands described in the Schedule hereunder, in which lands you are believed to be interested, as owner or reputed owner, or lessee or reputed lessee.

You are therefore hereby required to return to me on or before the day of \_\_\_\_\_ next an answer in writing whether you dissent or not in respect of the taking of the lands described in the said Schedule.

A copy of the said Scheme, accompanied by maps distinguishing the lands proposed to be taken compulsorily, and by particulars and estimates, has been deposited at \_\_\_\_\_ and may be seen at all reasonable hours.

#### SCHEDULE referred to in the foregoing Notice.

Name of Street, Court, Alley, or other Place.	Description of Lands* proposed to be taken.	Owner or reputed Owner.	Lessee or reputed Lessee.	Occupier.

The place of deposit must be within the area or in the vicinity thereof. See sect. 7 (a) of the Act.

\* "Lands" includes messuages, tenements, hereditaments, houses and buildings of any tenure, and any right over land.

(Signed)

Town Clerk, or Clerk to the  
(as the case may be).

Dated \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_.

## III.—FORM OF NOTICE TO OCCUPIERS.

The Urban Sanitary District of

Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890.

53 &amp; 54 Vict. c. 70.

*Notice to occupier or occupiers (not being owners, or reputed owners, or lessees or reputed lessees) of an intention to take lands compulsorily under an Improvement Scheme.*

To A.B., the occupier of the

or

[To the occupier or occupiers of the house] which in the Schedule hereunder is described as the lands proposed to be taken

TAKE NOTICE that a petition is about to be presented by the [ ] , being the Sanitary Authority for the Urban Sanitary District of [ ] to the Local Government Board for Ireland in pursuance of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, praying that an Order may be made confirming an Improvement Scheme whereby it is proposed to take compulsorily the lands described in the Schedule hereunder.

A copy of the said Scheme, accompanied by maps distinguishing the lands proposed to be taken compulsorily, and by particulars and estimates, has been deposited at [ ] and may be seen at all reasonable hours.

The alternative address within these brackets is available only where the property to be taken is a house.

The place of deposit must be within the area or in the vicinity thereof. See sect. 7 (a) of the Act.

\* "Lands" includes messuages, tenements, hereditaments, houses and buildings of any tenure, and any rights over land.

## SCHEDULE referred to in the foregoing Notice.

Name of Street, Court, Alley, or other place,	Description of Lands* proposed to be taken.

(Signed)

Town Clerk, or Clerk to the  
(as the case may be).

Dated      day of

Sealed with Our Seal, this Tenth day of March, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-one.

(Signed),

GEORGE MORRIS.

F. MACGABE.

Date of publication in the *Dublin Gazette*, 10th March, 1891.

## II.—CIRCULARS.

## NO. 1.—INFECTIOUS DISEASE (PREVENTION) ACT, 1890.

(53 and 54 Vict., c. 34).

Local Government Board, Dublin,  
25th September, 1890.

SIR,—The Local Government Board for Ireland forward herewith for the information of the Sanitary Authority a reprint of the "Infectious Disease (Prevention) Act, 1890," which received the Royal Assent on the 4th ultimo.

The Sanitary Authority will observe that, under the provisions of Section 3, this Act or any of its Sections may be adopted within the district of the Sanitary Authority by resolution passed in the manner set forth in that Section, and, when adopted, the provisions of the Act shall apply to the infectious diseases mentioned in the Infectious Disease (Notification) Act, 1889, viz.:—small-pox, cholera, diphtheria, membranous croup, erysipelas, scarlatina, and the fevers known as typhus, typhoid, enteric, relapsing, continued, or malarial. The Act may also be applied to any other infectious disease in the same manner as the Notification Act of 1889. The present Act, however, contains in Section 21 the important provision that any resolution adopting all or any of the Sections of the Act may be rescinded, either wholly or as regards any of the adopted Sections, by resolution of the Local Authority.

It is well known that local outbreaks of certain infectious diseases, especially scarlatina, diphtheria, and enteric or typhoid fever, have arisen from consumption of milk supplied from infected premises, and Section 4 of the Act confers additional powers upon the Sanitary Authority of any district for dealing with this form of danger to the public health.

Section 5 arms Sanitary Authorities with more extensive powers for quickly dealing with premises and articles requiring cleansing and disinfection than those contained in Section 137 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878. Section 6 provides for the disinfection of bedding, clothing, and other articles by the Sanitary Authority.

Section 7 imposes a penalty upon every person occupying a house or part of a house in which any person has within the preceding six weeks suffered from any infectious disease, who, on ceasing to occupy the house or part of the house, fails to have it and all articles therein liable to retain infection properly disinfected. The penalty extends also to every person who, on being questioned by the owner or any intending occupier of such house or part of a house, knowingly makes a false answer as to the fact of such infectious disease having occurred therein.

Sections 8, 9, 10 and 11 provide against the danger of the spread of infectious disease from bodies of persons who have died from such disease.

Section 12 empowers a justice of the peace to make an order directing the detention in hospital, at the cost of the Sanitary Authority, of any person suffering from infectious disease who being then in hospital

would not on leaving be provided with lodging or accommodation in which proper precautions could be taken to prevent the spreading of the disorder by such person.

Section 13 requires the disinfection of infectious refuse matters before being thrown into ashpits, &c.

Section 15 imposes upon the Sanitary Authority adopting the provisions of the Act the important obligation of providing, free of charge, temporary shelter or house accommodation with any necessary attendants for the members of any family in which any infectious disease has appeared, who have been compelled to leave their dwellings for the purpose of enabling such dwellings to be disinfected by the Sanitary Authority.

The remaining Sections of the Act deal, amongst other things, with powers of entry, penalties and their recovery, and expenses incurred under the Act, which last, in the case of a Rural Authority, are declared to be general expenses.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Executive Sanitary Officer  
of each Urban and Rural Sanitary District.

## NO. 2.—PROVISIONAL ORDERS.

Local Government Board, Dublin,

26th September, 1890.

SIR,

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to state that their attention has been called by the Chairman of Ways and Means to the inconvenience which is occasioned by the late introduction of Provisional Order Confirmation Bills into the House of Commons. The Board, therefore, deem it desirable to fix a day before which all applications for Provisional Orders under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, or the recently enacted Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, should be made, if it is wished to have the Order confirmed during the ensuing Session. They have accordingly named the 1st of January as the last day on which such applications should be made to them, subject to this exception, viz.:—That where the application is for an Order to put in force the compulsory powers of the Lands Clauses Acts, or to confirm an improvement scheme under Part I. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, and the advertisements were not published until November instead of September or October, the application may be received not later than the 1st of February.

It should be borne in mind, however, that the dates above mentioned are only fixed as the latest at which applications for Provisional Orders can be received. It is not the intention of the Board to interpose any obstacle to these applications being made at earlier periods: on the contrary, where any Sanitary Authority propose to apply for a Provisional Order, the Board would wish them to make their application as soon as they are in a position to furnish the requisite particulars.

*Latest dates for receipt of applications for provisional orders.*

*Applications may be made earlier*

De-ability  
of having  
advertis-  
ements  
published  
before  
November.

It is to be observed that under Section 203 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, Sanitary Authorities have power to issue the necessary advertisements in September, followed by notices served in October, or to issue advertisements in October, followed by notices in November, and it is desirable that, if practicable, they should avail themselves of this power of taking proceedings at the earliest date. The same observation applies to applications under Part I. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act.

Delay by  
Sanitary  
Authority  
in issuing  
notice of  
Confirmation  
Bill.

In every year a *Sessional Standing Order* applicable to that year is made by the House of Lords, fixing a date after which Bills for confirming Provisional Orders may not be introduced or proceeded with in that House. The date varies in each Session, being fixed with reference to the commencement of the Session, and the time for the Easter vacation, and it is probable that a somewhat similar Order will be made by the House of Commons during next Session. In cases in which the Sanitary Authorities have exercised promptitude in publishing their advertisements, serving their notices, and presenting their petitions, the Local Government Board can secure that the Bills for confirming any Provisional Orders that may subsequently be made on such petitions shall be presented in the House of Lords at such a time as to comply with the Sessional standing order referred to. But where in any year the preliminary proceedings of the Sanitary Authority are deferred until the latest dates permitted under the Public Health Act or Part I. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, there is danger that the Sessional Standing Order may operate to forbid the introduction of a Bill during that year.

Date for  
receipt in  
cases where  
Lands  
Classes  
Acts not  
involved.

It is particularly important that applications for Provisional Orders, not relating to the purchase and taking of lands otherwise than by agreement (*e.g.*, the constitution of Urban Sanitary Districts, the transfer of Grand Jury powers, the alteration or repeal of Local Acts, the formation of United Districts, &c.), should be made at the earliest date practicable. These applications often require much consideration, and the Board are able to give more attention to them in the autumn than is possible during the earlier part of the year. It would prove a material assistance to the Board if all applications for Provisional Orders of this kind were sent in before the 1st of November.

New Stand-  
ing Order  
—Urban  
Sanitary  
Districts.

The Board also wish to draw special attention to the new Standing Orders of both Houses of Parliament, which require that in any case where it is proposed by a Provisional Order to authorise the compulsory taking, in any Urban Sanitary District, of ten or more houses occupied either wholly or partially by persons belonging to the labouring class as tenants or lodgers, the Sanitary Authority shall deposit with the Board, and also with the Clerk of the Parliaments, and at the Private Bill Office, on or before the 31st day of December, a statement of the number, description, and situation of such houses, the number (so far as can be ascertained) of the persons residing therein, and a copy of so much of the plan (if any) as relates thereto.

A advertise-  
ments to be  
in the same  
month.

It is desirable to bear in mind also that Section 203 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act provides that the advertisements shall be published during *three successive weeks* in the months of September, October, or November, and it is necessary that the three weeks in which the publication takes place should all be included in the same month, whichever of these above mentioned is selected for the purpose. The same observation applies to applications under the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890.

Moreover, the notices to the owners, lessees, and occupiers of the lands which it is proposed to purchase, must in all cases be given in the month immediately following that in which the advertisements are published.

Notices in month succeeding advertisements.

In some cases the deposit of a plan of the proposed undertaking, which is required by Sub-section (2) of Section 203, is not made until after the advertisement referred to in that enactment has been published, but the Board are advised that the deposit should always be made at such time as to enable the plan to be seen at all reasonable hours at the prescribed place as soon as the first of the advertisements is issued.

Plan to be deposited concurrently with appearance of first advertising-month.

The Board may take this opportunity of observing that, if the Sanitary Authority intend to apply for a Provisional Order to enable them to purchase lands compulsorily in connection with proposed Works of Sewerage or Water Supply, some of which will lie outside their district, they will probably find it convenient to satisfy the requirements of Sections 35 and 64 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, when they are issuing the necessary advertisements in respect of the application for a Provisional Order. If this course is taken it will have the effect of preventing the delay which is occasioned at a subsequent stage of the proceedings in cases where, after the Provisional Order is confirmed, advertisements and notices under the Sections in question have to be issued before the works for which the land is required can be commenced. Section 63 also should be complied with, where it is intended to construct a reservoir to hold more than 100,000 gallons of water.

Sewerage or waterworks outside district. Requirements to be satisfied.

The Board forward herewith a Memorandum of Instructions which they have caused to be prepared relating to applications for Provisional Orders, and which should be carefully perused. Much unnecessary expense to the Sanitary Authority in the preliminary proceedings, and subsequent delays and difficulty, will be avoided if the instructions are duly attended to by the Sanitary Authority and their officers and any professional advisers whom they may employ.

Memorandum of instructions to be duly attended to.

Where an Urban Sanitary Authority propose to apply for a Provisional Order for Gas purposes under the Gas and Water Works Facilities Acts, special regulations under those Acts must be complied with, copies of which can be had on application.

Orders relating to gas undertakings.

I am, sir,

Your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Executive Sanitary Officer  
of each Sanitary Authority,  
Urban and Rural.

## ENCLOSURE to the foregoing.

## MEMORANDUM OF INSTRUCTIONS.

APPLICATIONS FOR PROVISIONAL ORDERS UNDER THE PUBLIC HEALTH (IRELAND) ACT, 1878, AND PART III. OF THE HOUSING OF THE WORKING CLASSES ACT, 1890, TO PUT IN FORCE THE LANDS CLAUSES ACTS WITH RESPECT TO THE PURCHASE OF LANDS OTHERWISE THAN BY AGREEMENT.

## PETITION.

1. The application must be made by a petition,\* under the seal of the Sanitary Authority, containing the particulars required by sub-section 3 of section 203 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878. It must state the lands intended to be taken, in a schedule which should correspond with the Book of Reference mentioned in instruction 4.

2. The petition should be presented not later than the 1st of January if the advertisements of the proposal were published in September or October, and not later than the 1st of February if they were published in November.

## PLAN.

3. The petition should be accompanied by a plan† showing the properties which are to be taken, with a distinctive number marked on each property corresponding to the numbers in the Book of Reference, and coloured so as to distinguish the lands, or lands covered with water, or water proposed to be taken, with the area of each marked in statute acres, roods, and perches.

## BOOK OF REFERENCE.

4. The plan should be accompanied by a Book of Reference, in which the nature of each property to be taken, the number it bears on the plan, the townland and parish in which it is situate, and the names of the owner, or reputed owner, lessee, or reputed lessee, and occupier should be clearly set out.

## CARRIAGE OF SEWERS OR WATER-MAINS.

5. Where it is only intended to carry sewers or water-mains through lands, such lands should not be included in the petition, or set out in the Book of Reference, as Sanitary Authorities are empowered by sections 18 and 64 [subject to sections 35, 36, and 37, where these sections apply], to carry sewers and water-mains through lands without a Provisional Order.

## LOAN.

6. If a loan is required to carry out the purposes in respect of which the lands are proposed to be taken, application for such loan should be made when the petition is presented on the following form:—

“Application by \_\_\_\_\_, acting as the \_\_\_\_\_ Sanitary Authority, for the sanction of the Local Government Board to a loan of £ \_\_\_\_\_ for the purpose of \_\_\_\_\_

\* “Petition.” This should be written on folio foolscap paper, on one side only, be signed by the chairman of the sanitary authority and countersigned by their executive sanitary officer, and sealed with their seal. In the case of Town Commissioners not sanitary authorities and without a common seal, the petition should be signed by two or more members of their body and countersigned by their clerk.

† It is desirable that this plan should be on a scale of not less than one inch to every two hundred feet, so as to be suitable for after proceedings under 14 and 15 Vic., cap. 70, sec. 4, if the Order be issued and confirmed. This plan need not show more of the undertaking than the lands required to be purchased, and not way-leaves. In the case of Part III. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, it is advisable that the plan should be on a scale of one inch to every eighty-eight feet.

‡ Urban or Rural, as the case may be.





13. Where the effect of the proposed repeal or alteration of the Local Act will be to extend the provisions of the Local Act beyond the district or districts within the limits of such Act, or to exclude the whole or a portion of any such district from the application of such Act, a Map showing clearly the proposed alterations should also be forwarded.

*Applications for Provisional Orders altering Sanitary Districts, transferring Grand Jury Powers, authorizing the formation of United Districts, and transferring Burial Grounds.*

14. The petition or application should be adopted by a resolution of the Town or Township Commissioners, or the Sanitary Authority or Sanitary Authorities making the application, at a meeting specially convened to consider the question, and a copy of the notice summoning the meeting and a copy of the resolution should be forwarded to the Board.

15. The petition must be presented not later than the 1st of January, and it is very desirable that it should be sent in before the 1st of November.

16. The petition should set forth the grounds upon which the application is made.

*Applications for Provisional Orders relating to Gas Undertakings.*

17. The proceedings are regulated by the Gas and Waterworks Facilities Acts and the Regulations of the Local Government Board framed thereunder, copies of which can be obtained on application to the Board.

*Applications for Provisional Orders to confirm Improvement Schemes under Parts I. and II. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890.*

PART I.

18. The application must be made by a petition under the Seal of the Sanitary Authority, containing the particulars required by Section 8 of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890.

19. The petition must be presented not later than the 1st of January if the advertisements of the Scheme were published in September or October, and not later than the 1st of February if they were published in November.

20. The petition should be accompanied by copies of the resolution, the official representation, and the improvement scheme, including maps, particulars, and estimates.

21. The maps\* should show the area and acreage included in the improvement scheme, distinguishing the lands proposed to be taken compulsorily. The several properties should be numbered consecutively on the maps, so as to correspond with the Book of Reference.

The maps should be accompanied by a Book of Reference, in which the description of each property to be taken, the number it bears on the maps, the parish, street, &c., in which it is situate, and the names of the owner, or reputed owner, lessee, or reputed lessee, and occupier, should be clearly stated.

22. There must be a statutory declaration showing that the requirements of Section 7 of the Act with respect to advertisements and notices and the deposit of the copy of the Scheme therein mentioned have been complied with, and that the petition states the names of the owners or reputed owners, and lessees or reputed lessees, who have dissented in respect of the taking of their lands. The declaration must be stamped with a half-crown impressed stamp, and copies of the newspapers containing the advertisements and also of the forms of notices should be annexed as "exhibits." The declaration should specify in which of the modes mentioned in Section 7 of the Act the notices have been served, and so far as relates to such notices it should be made by the persons who served them.

23. See Instruction 8 as to deposit of plans in Parliament.

\* It is desirable that the maps should be on a scale of not less than five feet to one mile.

## PART II.

Orders made by the Local Government Board under Part II. of the Act sanctioning schemes for areas comprising houses closed by closing Order, or, for the demolition or reconstruction and re-arrangement of buildings dangerous or prejudicial to health, the site of which is too small to be dealt with under Part I., will in some instances require confirmation by Parliament. [Sec. 39 (5)].

The instructions given in regard to Schemes under Part I. of the Act will, with the necessary modifications, also apply to cases arising under Part II.

The following is a copy of the 203rd section of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, referred to in the above instructions:—

203. With respect to the purchase of lands, or of any of the other properties aforesaid (herein included under the term "lands"), by a Sanitary Authority for the purposes of this Act, the following regulations shall be observed; (that is to say),

- (1.) The Lands Clauses Acts shall be incorporated with this Act, except the provisions relating to access to the special Act, and except section one hundred and twenty-seven of the Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845 :

- (2.) The Sanitary Authority before putting in force any of the powers of the said Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking of land otherwise than by agreement, shall

Publish once at the least in each of three consecutive weeks in the month of November in some newspaper or newspapers circulating in their district an advertisement describing shortly the purposes in respect of which the lands are proposed to be taken, naming a place where a plan of the proposed undertaking may be seen at all reasonable hours, and stating the denominations and quantity of lands that they require; and shall further

Serve a notice in the month of December on every owner or reputed owner, lessee or reputed lessee, and occupier of such lands, defining in each case the particular lands intended to be taken, and requiring an answer stating whether the person so served assents, dissents, or is neuter in respect of the taking such lands :

- (3.) On compliance with the provisions of this section with respect to advertisements and notices, and not sooner than fourteen days after the service of the last-mentioned notices, the Sanitary Authority may, if they think fit, present a petition under their seal to the Local Government Board. The petition shall state the lands intended to be taken, and the purposes for which they are required; and the names of the owners, lessees, and occupiers of lands who have assented, dissented, or are neuter in respect of the taking such lands, or who have returned no answer to the notice; it shall pray that the Sanitary Authority may, with reference to such lands, be allowed to put in force the powers of the Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking of lands otherwise than by agreement, and such prayer shall be supported by such evidence as the Local Government Board requires.
- (4.) On the receipt of such petition, and on due proof of the proper advertisements having been published, and notices served, the Local Government Board shall take such petition into consideration, and may either dismiss the same, or direct a local inquiry as to the propriety of assenting to the prayer of such petition; but until such inquiry has been made no provisional order shall be made affecting any lands without the consent of the owners, lessees, and occupiers thereof.
- (5.) After the completion of such inquiry the Local Government Board may, by provisional order, empower the Sanitary Authority to put in force, with reference to the lands referred to in such order, the powers of the Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking of lands otherwise than by agreement, or any of them, and either absolutely or with such conditions and modifications as the Board may

think fit, and it shall be the duty of the Sanitary Authority to serve a copy of any order so made in the manner and on the person in which and on whom notices in respect of such lands are required to be served.

Provided that the notices by this section required to be given in the months of November and December may be given in the months of September and October, or of October and November, but in either of such last-mentioned cases an inquiry preliminary to the provisional order to which such notices refer, shall not be held until the expiration of one month from the last day of the second of the two months in which the notices are given; and any notices or orders by this section required to be served on a number of persons having any right in, over, or on lands in common, may be served on any three or more of such persons on behalf of all such persons.

The following are copies of Sections 7 and 8 of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, referred to in the above instructions:—

### *Confirmation of Scheme.*

7. Upon the completion of an improvement scheme the local authority shall—

- (a.) publish, during three consecutive weeks in the month of September, or October, or November, in some one and the same newspaper circulating within the district of the local authority, an advertisement stating the fact of a scheme having been made, the limits of the area comprised therein, and naming a place within such area or in the vicinity thereof where a copy of the scheme may be seen at all reasonable hours; and
- (b.) during the month next following the month in which such advertisement is published serve a notice on every owner or reputed owner, lessee or reputed lessee, and occupier of any lands proposed to be taken compulsorily, so far as such persons can reasonably be ascertained, stating that such lands are proposed to be taken compulsorily for the purpose of an improvement scheme, and in the case of any owner or reputed owner, lessee or reputed lessee, requiring an answer stating whether the person so served dissents or not in respect of taking such lands;
- (c.) Such notice shall be served—
  - (i.) by delivery of the same personally to the person required to be served, or if such person is absent abroad, or cannot be found, to his agent, or if no agent can be found, then by leaving the same on the premises; or,
  - (ii.) by leaving the same at the usual or last known place of abode of such person as aforesaid; or,
  - (iii.) by post addressed to the usual or last known place of abode of such person.
- (d.) One notice addressed to the occupier or occupiers without naming him or them, and left at any house, shall be deemed to be a notice served on the occupier or on all the occupiers of any such house.

8.—(1). Upon compliance with the foregoing provisions with respect to the publication of an advertisement and the service of notices, the local authority shall present a petition, if it relates to any part of the county or city of London, to a Secretary of State, and if it relates to any other place, to the Local Government Board, praying that an order may be made confirming such scheme.

(2.) The petition shall be accompanied by a copy of the scheme, and shall state the names of the owners or reputed owners, lessees or reputed lessees, who have dissented in respect of the taking their lands and shall be supported by such evidence as the Secretary of State or Local Government Board, according to the circumstances of the case (in this part of this Act referred to as the confirming authority,) may from time to time require.

(3.) If, on consideration of the petition and on proof of the publication of the proper advertisements and the service of the proper notices, the confirming authority think fit to proceed with the case, they shall direct a local inquiry to be held in, or in the vicinity of, the area comprised in the scheme, for the purpose of ascertaining the correctness of the official representation made as to the area and the sufficiency of the scheme provided for its improvement, and any local objections to be made to such scheme.

(4.) After receiving the report made upon such inquiry, the confirming authority may make a provisional order declaring the limits of the area comprised in the scheme and authorising such scheme to be carried into execution.

(5.) Such provisional order may be made either absolutely or with such conditions and modifications of the scheme as the confirming authority may think fit, so that no addition be made to the lands proposed in the scheme to be taken compulsorily, and it shall be the duty of the local authority to serve a copy of any provisional order so made in the manner and upon the persons in which and upon whom notices in respect of lands proposed to be taken compulsorily are required by this part of this Act to be served, except tenants for a month or a less period than a month.

(6.) A provisional order made in pursuance of this section shall not be of any validity unless and until it has been confirmed by Act of Parliament; and it shall be lawful for the confirming authority, as soon as conveniently may be, to obtain such confirmation, and any Act confirming any provisional order made in pursuance of this part of this Act, with such modifications as may seem fit to Parliament, shall be a public General Act of Parliament, and is in this part of this Act referred to as the confirming Act.

(7.) The confirming authority may make such order as they think fit in favour of any person whose lands were proposed by the scheme to be taken compulsorily for the allowance of the reasonable costs, charges, and expenses properly incurred by him in opposing such scheme.

(8.) All costs, charges, and expenses incurred by the confirming authority in relation to any provisional order under this part of this Act shall, to such amount as the confirming authority think proper to direct, and all costs, charges, and expenses of any person to such amount as may be allowed to him by the confirming authority in pursuance of the aforesaid power, shall be deemed to be an expense incurred by the local authority under this part of this Act, and shall be paid to the confirming authority and to such person respectively, in such manner and at such times and either in one sum or by instalments as the confirming authority may order, with power for the confirming authority to direct interest to be paid at such rate not exceeding five pounds in the hundred by the year as the confirming authority may determine, upon any sum for the time being due in respect of such costs, charges, and expenses as aforesaid.

(9.) Any order made by the confirming authority in pursuance of this section may be made a rule of a superior court, and be enforced accordingly.

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The following are copies of the Standing Orders of Parliament referred to in the above instructions :—

Standing Order No. 39 (House of Commons):—

"Whenever plans, sections, or books of reference are deposited in the case of an application to any public department, for a Provisional Order or a Provisional Certificate, duplicates of the said documents shall, at the same time, be deposited in the Private Bill Office; provided that with regard to such deposits as are so made at any public department after the prorogation of Parliament, and before the 30th day of November in any year such duplicates shall be so deposited on the 30th day of November."

Standing Order No. 39 (House of Lords) requires a similar deposit in the Office of the Clerk of the Parliaments. If, however, the deposits are made at any public department after the prorogation of Parliament and before the 30th day of November, the duplicates may be lodged with the Clerk of the Parliaments before the 30th day of November.

Standing Order No. 38 (House of Commons):—

"In the case of any Bill which contains power to take compulsorily or by agreement in any parish in the metropolis twenty or more houses, or as regards England and Wales, exclusive of the metropolis, in any city, borough, or other Urban Sanitary District, or in any parish or part of a parish, not being within an Urban Sanitary District, or in Scotland in any district within the meaning of the Public Health (Scotland) Act, 1867, or in Ireland in any Urban Sanitary District, as defined by the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, ten or more houses, occupied either wholly or partially by persons belonging to the labouring class, as defined by Order 183a, as tenants or lodgers, or which revives or extends any such power, the promoters shall deposit in the Private Bill Office and at the Office of the Central Authority, as defined in Order 183a, on or before the 31st day of December, a statement of the number, description, and situation of such houses, the number (so far as can be ascertained) of persons residing therein, and a copy of so much of the plan (if any), as relates thereto; this Standing Order shall not apply where a statement in pursuance of this Standing Order was deposited in respect of the Act, the powers of which are proposed to be revived or extended."

Standing Order No. 38 (House of Lords) requires a similar deposit in the Office of the Clerk of the Parliaments.

Standing Orders 183a of the House of Commons, and 111 of the House of Lords, contain the following definitions:—

"The expression 'Labouring Class' includes mechanics, artisans, labourers, and others working for wages, hawkers, costermongers, persons not working for wages but working at some trade or handicraft without employing others except members of their own family, and persons, other than domestic servants, whose income does not exceed an average of thirty shillings a week, and the families of any of such persons who may be residing with them:

"The expression 'Central Authority' means as regards the Metropolis the Secretary of State for the Home Department, and as regards England and Wales, exclusive of the Metropolis, the Local Government Board; as regards Scotland the Secretary for Scotland, and as regards Ireland the Local Government Board for Ireland."

Local Government Board, Dublin,

24th September, 1890.

### NO. 3.—PUBLIC HEALTH ACTS AMENDMENT ACT, 1890.

Local Government Board,

Dublin, 21st October, 1890.

SIR,—I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to forward herewith, for the information of the Sanitary Authority, a copy of the "Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1890," which received the Royal Assent on the 18th of August last.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Executive Sanitary Officer  
of each Sanitary District, Urban and Rural.

## No. 4.—OPEN SPACES ACT, 1890.

Local Government Board,

Dublin, 24th October, 1890.

Sir,

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to transmit to you, herewith, for the information of the Sanitary Authority, a copy of the "Open Spaces Act, 1890," 53 and 54 Vic. cap. 15.

The Board forwarded to the Sanitary Authority, with a letter dated the 16th of February, 1888, a copy of the "Open Spaces Act, 1887," and, also, copies of the provisions of the Metropolitan Open Spaces Acts, 1877 and 1881, which are extended to sanitary districts by that Act.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Executive Sanitary Officer  
of each Sanitary District, Urban and Rural.

## No. 5.—CHOLERA REGULATIONS.

LETTER TO SANITARY AUTHORITIES OF RURAL DISTRICTS on the  
COAST OF IRELAND.

Local Government Board, Dublin,

10th December, 1890.

Sir,

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to advert to section 148 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, under which they are empowered to make regulations with a view to the treatment of persons affected with Cholera and preventing the spread of the disease both on land and water.

Doubts having arisen as to the extent of the powers conferred on the Board by this section as respects authorities and vessels, it was provided by the Public Health Act, 1889 (52 & 53 Vict. c. 64), that regulations made by the Board in relation to Cholera in pursuance of the enactment above mentioned might provide for such regulations being enforced and executed by the officers of Customs as well as by other authorities and officers, and for the detention of vessels and of persons on board vessels, and for the duties to be performed by pilots, masters of vessels, and other persons on board vessels.

Under these circumstances the Board have thought it desirable to revoke the Order issued by them in 1883 with a view to the treatment of persons affected with Cholera and preventing the spread of the disease, and to prescribe fresh regulations on the subject. Copies of the new Order\* are enclosed. It has been so framed as to apply to every Sanitary Authority named in column 2 of the Schedule annexed to the Order.

In the main the regulations prescribed by the new Order are the same as those previously in force, and the only points to which it appears requisite to draw attention are the following.

Under Article 6 of the Order it is the duty of every Sanitary Authority named in the Schedule referred to, within whose district persons are likely to be landed from any ship coming foreign, to fix some place where any ship certified to be infected with Cholera may be

\* See page 180.

moored or anchored. A proviso has been added to the Article to the effect that where, in pursuance of the Order now revoked, places have already been fixed for the like purpose, such places shall be deemed to have been so fixed for the purpose of the Order now issued.

Article 9 requires the Medical Officer of Health, after examining a ship infected with Cholera, to forward to the Board information as to the arrival of the ship, and such other particulars as they may require.

Under Article 12 any person on board a ship affected with Cholera, who is not certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be suffering from Cholera or from any illness which the Medical Officer of Health may suspect to be Cholera, is to be permitted to land on giving to the Medical Officer of Health his name and the place of his destination, and, also, where practicable, his address at such place. Having obtained this information, it will be the duty of the Medical Officer of Health forthwith to report the same to the Executive Sanitary Officer of the Sanitary Authority, who is required thereupon to transmit the particulars to the Local Authority of the district in which the place of destination is situate. By the term "Local Authority" in the Article is meant any Urban or Rural Sanitary Authority.

The Board think it important that a Local Authority should be made aware that a person has come into their district, who, though not himself certified as being infected with Cholera, has come from an infected ship, and the Board trust that the requirements of this Article will be strictly complied with.

By Article 21 the master of every ship infected with Cholera is required, when within three miles of the coast, to cause to be hoisted the Commercial Code Signal Q, being a yellow flag, under the national ensign, and to keep the same displayed during the whole of the time between sunrise and sunset.

The term "master," as will be seen from Article 1 of the Order, includes the officer, pilot, or other person for the time being in charge of a ship.

The Order is, of course, designed for the protection of the Irish shores from the introduction of Cholera, and, as cases of the disease are now occurring on the Continent, the Board trust that Sanitary Authorities on the sea-board will use the utmost vigilance in seeing that the provisions of the Order are efficiently and strictly complied with.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Executive Sanitary Officer  
of the Sanitary Authority.

#### NO. 6.—CHOLERA REGULATIONS.

LETTER to SANITARY AUTHORITIES of URBAN DISTRICTS on the COAST  
OF IRELAND.

Local Government Board, Dublin,  
10th December, 1890.

SIR,

The Local Government Board for Ireland transmit herewith, for the information of the Urban Sanitary Authority, a copy of an Order\* which they have deemed it advisable to issue with a view to provide, as far as possible, against the introduction of Cholera into the country, and,

\* See page 139.

also, to arrest its progress should any cases be found in vessels arriving on the coast of Ireland, by making the necessary arrangements for the prompt treatment of such cases.

The Order now enclosed revokes a similar Order issued by the Board in 1883, but it will be observed that the Regulations prescribed by the new Order are, in the main, the same as those previously in force.

The Urban Sanitary Authority will see by the terms of the Order that the duty of taking the necessary steps under it is imposed upon the Boards of Guardians named in column 2 of the Schedule to the Order, being, with the alteration consequent upon the amalgamation of the late Newport with the Westport Union, the same authorities as those named in the Schedule to the former Order above referred to.

A copy of a circular\* which the Local Government Board have sent to the Boards of Guardians mentioned is also enclosed.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Executive Sanitary Officer,  
 ————— Urban Sanitary Authority.

# NO. 7.—HOUSING OF THE WORKING CLASSES ACT, 1890.

53 & 54 VICT., CAP. 70.

Local Government Board, Dublin,

11th March, 1891.

SIR,

With the view of simplifying the laws in force respecting the dwellings of the working classes, the Local Government Board for England, during last Session of Parliament, introduced a measure consolidating the various statutory enactments bearing upon this important subject. The Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, consolidating and amending the Acts relating to artisans' and labourers' dwellings and the housing of the working classes received the Royal Assent on the 18th of August last, and the provisions of that Act are dealt with and explained in the accompanying Memorandum, which, with some alterations and additions rendered necessary for its application to Ireland, is in substance the same as that addressed by the English Local Government Board to local authorities throughout England.

The Local Government Board for Ireland think it desirable to direct the special attention of *Urban Sanitary Authorities* to the following points:—

First—A great change has been made in the procedure for putting in force the compulsory powers of purchase of unhealthy areas (Part I.) especially in that no traverse is allowed if the sum awarded is under £1,000.

Second—The Arbitrator's award of compensation for the demolition or acquisition of unhealthy or obstructive houses under Part II, is final.

Third—The limits of rating under any Act are removed for the purposes of Parts I. and II.

\* See page 161.



Fourth—Government loans may be obtained for the purposes of the Act at very low rates of interest.

Fifth—In all lettings of dwellings to the working classes there shall be implied a condition that the house is, at the commencement of the holding, in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation.

The attention of *Rural Sanitary Authorities* is requested to the fact that they are responsible for the carrying out of Part II. in respect of any town in their district, if the town is not an Urban Sanitary district, although such town may have Town Commissioners. Their attention is also directed to the second, fourth, and fifth points already referred to.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To the Executive Sanitary Officer  
of each Sanitary District, Urban and Rural.

ENCLOSURE to the foregoing.

#### I.—MEMORANDUM TO URBAN SANITARY AUTHORITIES.

##### MEMORANDUM ON the HOUSING OF the WORKING CLASSES ACT, 1890. (53 & 54 Vict., c. 70.)

This Act, which has consolidated and amended the Acts relating to artisans' and labourers' dwellings and the housing of the working classes, is divided into seven parts and seven schedules.

#### PART I.

##### UNHEALTHY AREAS.

Part I. deals with unhealthy areas and the schemes to be carried out by local authorities for their improvement. Its provisions are for the most part taken from the Artisans' and Labourers' Dwellings Improvement Acts, 1875 to 1883, commonly known as Cross' Acts. They have, however, amended these Acts in certain respects.

Under section 3 of the Artisans' and Labourers' Dwellings Improvement Act, 1875, where the houses, courts, and alleys in an unhealthy area were not absolutely unfit for human habitation, it was necessary that the official representation of the medical officer of health, or medical superintendent officer of health (if any), on which the improvement scheme was to be based, and of the truth of which the local authority were required to be satisfied before making the scheme, should be to the effect that diseases indicating a generally low condition of health had been from time to time prevalent within the unhealthy area, and that such prevalence might reasonably be attributed to sanitary defects. Under the present Act (section 4) it will not be necessary that the representation should allege the actual prevalence of disease. Instead of this, it must state that the sanitary defects in the area are dangerous or injurious to the health of the inhabitants either of the buildings in the area or of the neighbouring buildings.

The law relating to the assessment of compensation payable under an improvement scheme in respect of any house or premises situate in an unhealthy area has been amended by section 21 (2), which provides that in such cases evidence shall be receivable by the arbitrator to prove—

- (1st.) That the rental of the house or premises was enhanced by reason of the same being used for illegal purposes, or being so over-crowded as to be dangerous or injurious to the health of the inmates; or
- (2ndly.) that they are in such a condition as to be a nuisance within the meaning of the Acts relating to nuisances (which are defined by section 2 as meaning as respects any urban sanitary district is

Ireland the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, and as including any local Act which contains any provisions with respect to nuisances in that place), or are in a state of defective sanitation, or are not in reasonably good repair; or

- (3rdly.) that they are unfit, and not reasonably capable of being made fit for human habitation;

and that if the arbitrator is satisfied by such evidence, then the compensation—

- (a.) shall in the first case, so far as it is based on rental, be based on the rental which would have been obtainable if the house or premises were occupied for legal purposes, and only by the number of persons whom they were under all the circumstances of the case fitted to accommodate without such overcrowding as is dangerous or injurious to the health of the inmates; and
- (b.) shall in the second case be the amount estimated as the value of the house and premises if the nuisance had been abated, or if they had been put into a sanitary condition, or into reasonably good repair, after deducting the estimated expense of abating the nuisance or putting them into such condition or repair, as the case may be; and
- (c.) shall in the third case be the value of the land, and of the materials of the buildings thereon.

Further amendments are made in the Artizans' and Labourers' Dwellings Improvement Acts by Part IV. and the Second Schedule to the present Act. These amendments will be explained below.

Section 27 of the new statute, which re-enacts a similar provision in section 26 of the Artizans' and Labourers' Dwellings Improvement Act, 1875, empowers the Local Government Board by order to prescribe the forms of advertisements and notices to be used under Part I. of the Act. The Board have accordingly issued an order prescribing the requisite forms, and two copies of it are enclosed. It is not obligatory on any persons to adopt the forms; but when adopted they are to be deemed sufficient for all the purposes of this Part of the Act.

## PART II.

### UNHEALTHY DWELLINGS.

Under Part II. sanitary authorities have very important powers and duties in relation to the closing and demolition of dwelling-houses unfit for human habitation, the pulling down and the acquisition of the sites of obstructive buildings, and the making and carrying out of schemes for the improvement of areas which are too small to be dealt with under Part I. of the Act.

#### *Houses unfit for Human Habitation.*

Section 30 makes it the duty of the medical officer of health\* of every district to represent to the sanitary authority any dwelling-house which appears to him to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation. This officer should keep himself informed of the conditions injurious to health existing in the district, and consequently, as a general rule, he should in the performance of his ordinary duties have no difficulty in obtaining the information necessary to enable him to make these representations on his own motion. An additional duty is imposed on him by section 31 to forthwith inspect any dwelling-house in respect of which four or more householders living in or near the street in which such house is situate complain that it is in a condition so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation. In these cases he is to transmit to the sanitary authority the complaint and his opinion thereon; and if he is of opinion that

\*The term medical officer of health includes in Ireland the medical superintendent officer of health, if the sanitary authority have appointed such an officer.

the dwelling-house is in the condition alleged, he is required by the Act to represent the same to the sanitary authority. The absence of any such complaint will not, however, excuse him from inspecting any dwelling-house and making a representation thereon to the sanitary authority.

Section 32 expressly declares that it shall be the duty of every sanitary authority to cause to be made from time to time inspection of their district with a view to ascertain whether any dwelling-house therein is in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation, and if on the representation of their medical officer of health or any of their officers, or information given to them, it appears that any dwelling-house is in such state, to forthwith take the proceedings against the owner or occupier for closing it under sections 107, 110, 111, and 113 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878.

Having regard to the above enactments, it may not unreasonably be hoped that the attention of the sanitary authority will be drawn by their officers or otherwise to every dwelling-house in their district which is unfit for human habitation. Where this has been done, the Act, as has already been explained, makes it the duty of the authority to forthwith take the necessary steps for causing the dwelling-house to be closed.

Under the sections of the Public Health Act above referred to, it has hitherto been necessary that the proceedings should be taken with a view to the abatement of a nuisance, and that the works requisite to abate the nuisance complained of should be specified. This, however, will no longer be the case. Section 32 (2) authorizes summary proceedings to be taken for the express purpose of causing the dwelling-house to be closed, and appropriate forms are contained in the Fourth Schedule to the Act, which may be used for this purpose.

The closing order will prohibit the using of the premises for the purpose of human habitation until, in the judgment of the court, they are rendered fit for that purpose. In making it the court may impose a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds, and may authorize a reasonable allowance to be paid by the sanitary authority to every occupying tenant on account of his expenses in removing from the dwelling-house. The amount of this allowance will be a civil debt due from the owner of the dwelling-house to the sanitary authority, and will be recoverable summarily.

Where a closing order has been made in respect of any dwelling-house, and has not been determined by a subsequent order, the sanitary authority, if of opinion that the house has not been rendered fit for human habitation, and that the necessary steps are not being taken with all diligence to render it so fit, and that the continuance of any building being or being part of the dwelling-house is dangerous or injurious to the health of the public, or of the inhabitants of the neighbouring dwelling-houses, are required by section 33 to pass a resolution that it is expedient to order the demolition of the building.

A notice of this resolution must be served on the owner, specifying the time (not less than one month from the service of the notice) and the place appointed by the sanitary authority for the further consideration of the resolution; and any owner will be at liberty to attend and to state his objections to the demolition.

If upon the consideration of the resolution and the objections the sanitary authority decide that it is expedient so to do, then unless an owner undertakes to execute forthwith the works necessary to render the dwelling-house fit for human habitation, and executes the same within a limited period, the authority are required by the Act to order the demolition of the building.

Where such an order has been made, any person aggrieved by it may appeal against it to the next court of quarter sessions, but subject to the appeal, and to the power given by section 47 of the Act to a court of summary jurisdiction to enlarge the time allowed for the demolition of the building, the owner must within three months after service of the order proceed to take down and remove the building, and on his default the sanitary authority are required themselves to proceed to do this, and to sell the materials, and after deducting the expenses incident to the taking down and removal of the building, to pay over the balance of money, if any, to the owner.

Where a building has been taken down and removed under the above provisions, no house or other building or erection may be erected on all or any part of the site of the building which is dangerous or injurious to health. Full power is given to the sanitary authority to enforce compliance with this requirement.

### *Obstructive Buildings.*

Under section 38, if a medical officer of health finds that any building in his district, although not itself unfit for human habitation, is so situated that, by reason of its proximity to or contact with any other buildings, it stops ventilation, or otherwise makes or conduces to make such other buildings to be in a condition unfit for human habitation or dangerous or injurious to health, or prevents proper measures being carried into effect for remedying any nuisance injurious to health or other evils complained of in respect of such other buildings, he is required to represent to the sanitary authority the particulars relating to the building, at the same time stating that in his opinion it is expedient that it should be pulled down. Any four or more inhabitant householders of the district may make a similar representation to the sanitary authority.

On receiving any such representation, the sanitary authority are required to cause a report to be made to them respecting the circumstances of the building and the cost of pulling it down and acquiring the land, and to take the representation and report into consideration. If they desire to proceed, they must cause a copy both of the representation and the report to be sent to the owner of the land on which the obstructive building stands, with notice of the time and place appointed by them for the consideration thereof, and the owner will be at liberty to attend and state his objections, after hearing which the sanitary authority must make an order, either allowing the objections or directing that the obstructive building shall be pulled down. This order will be subject to an appeal to the court of quarter sessions in like manner as an order of the sanitary authority for the demolition of a dwelling-house unfit for human habitation.

Where no appeal is made against the order of the sanitary authority for pulling down an obstructive building, or an appeal is made, and either fails or is abandoned, the lands on which the obstructive building is erected may be purchased by the sanitary authority, unless the owner, within a month after notice to purchase them has been served on him, declares that he desires to retain the site of the obstructive building, and undertakes either to pull down the building or to permit the sanitary authority to pull it down, in which case he will retain the site and will receive compensation from the sanitary authority for the pulling down of the building.

For the purpose of the purchase of the site, the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts, with respect to the purchase and taking of lands otherwise than by agreement, are, with certain modifications, incorporated with this Part of the Act, the period within which such powers may be exercised being limited to one year after the date of the order for the pulling down of the building, or if such order was appealed against, after the date of its confirmation. It will not, however, be competent for the owner to insist on his entire holding being taken, where part only is proposed to be taken as obstructive, and such part, can, in the opinion of the arbitrator to whom the question of disputed compensation is submitted, be severed from the remainder of the house or manufactory without material detriment thereto. But compensation may be awarded in respect of the severance of the part proposed to be taken in addition to the value of that part.

Where in the opinion of the arbitrator the demolition of an obstructive building adds to the value of other buildings, for the benefit of the inhabitants of which it has been pulled down, he is required to apportion so much of the compensation to be paid for the demolition as may be equal to the increase in value of the other buildings among such buildings, and the amount so apportioned to each is to be deemed private improvement expenses incurred in respect to it, and the provisions of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, with respect to such expenses and to private improvement rates are made applicable.

Where the owner retains the site or any part thereof, the necessary powers are given to the sanitary authority to prevent any house or other building or erection which would be dangerous or injurious to health or an obstructive building from being erected thereon. Where the lands are purchased, the authority are required to pull down the obstructive building or such part thereof as may be obstructive, and to keep as an open space the whole site or so much of it as may be required to be kept open for the purpose of remedying the nuisance or other evils caused by the obstructive building. They may, moreover, dedicate any of the land thus acquired as a highway or other public place, and with the assent of the Board they may sell such portion of the site as is not required for any of the above purposes.

### *Schemes for Re-construction.*

The provisions in this Part of the Act relating to schemes for the improvement of insanitary areas are contained in section 39, which requires the sanitary authority to cause schemes to be prepared for this purpose in any of the following cases, that is to say—

(a.) Where an order for the demolition of a building has been made in pursuance of the enactments above referred to, and it appears to the authority that it would be beneficial to the inhabitants of the neighbouring dwelling-houses if the site were used for all or any of the following purposes, that is to say, either—

- (i.) Dedicated as a highway or open space, or
- (ii.) Appropriated, sold, or let for the erection of dwellings for the working classes, or
- (iii.) Exchanged with other neighbouring land which is more suitable for the erection of such dwellings, and on exchange will be appropriated, sold, or let for such erection; or

(b.) Where it appears to the sanitary authority that the closeness, narrowness, and bad arrangement or bad condition of any buildings, or the want of light, air, ventilation, or proper conveniences, or any other sanitary defect in such buildings is dangerous or prejudicial to the health of the inhabitants either of those buildings or of any neighbouring buildings, and that the demolition or the reconstruction and re-arrangement of the buildings or of some of them is necessary to remove these evils, and that the area comprising the buildings, and the yards, outhouses, and appurtenances thereof, and the site, is too small to be dealt with as an unhealthy area under Part I. of the Act.

The provisions of the Act relating to the preparation, confirmation, and carrying into effect of these schemes are less elaborate than those relating to schemes under Part I. No preliminary official representations and advertisements are required with respect to them. Notice of them may at any time after their preparation be served on the owners or reputed owners, lessees, or reputed lessees, and occupiers, and when they have been sanctioned by the Board they will require no confirmation if the sanitary authority are able to agree for the purchase of the whole area comprised in any scheme. Where no such agreement can be made, notice of the order sanctioning the scheme must be published in the "Dublin Gazette," and be served on the owners of every part of the area, any one of whom within two months after such publication may petition the Board against the order; and it is only in cases where a petition is presented and not withdrawn that the order will require the confirmation of Parliament. In other cases, when the two months have expired, the Board are required to confirm the order, and it will come into operation and have effect as if it were enacted in the Act.

Where the Bill for confirming the order is opposed in Parliament, the Committee of either House to whom the Bill is referred are required to take into consideration the circumstances under which the opposition is made, and whether or not it was justified, and to award costs accordingly.

The order may incorporate the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts; the period within which the land must be acquired being three years after the

date of the confirmation of the order, but the compensation payable in respect of the lands purchased must in case of difference be settled by arbitration in manner provided by this Part of the Act.

### *Settlement of Compensation.*

Section 41 provides that in all cases in which the amount of any compensation is, in pursuance of this Part of the Act, to be settled by arbitration, either in connexion with the pulling down of an obstructive building and the acquisition of its site or in the carrying out of an improvement scheme, the amount of such compensation shall be settled by an arbitrator to be appointed and removable by the Board, whose award will be final and binding on all parties.

In settling the amount the estimate is to be based on the fair market value, as estimated at the time of the valuation being made of the buildings and land, and the several interests therein, due regard being had to the nature and then condition of the property, and the probable duration of the buildings in their existing state, and to the state of their repair, and without any additional allowance in respect of compulsory purchase; and the arbitrator is to have regard to and make an allowance in respect of any increased value which in his opinion will be given to other dwelling-houses of the same owner by the alteration or demolition by the sanitary authority of any buildings.

Evidence will be receivable by the arbitrator to prove that the rental of the dwelling-house was enhanced by reason of the same being used for illegal purposes, or being so over-crowded as to be dangerous or injurious to the health of the inmates, or that the dwelling-house is in a state of defective sanitation, or is not in reasonably good repair, or that it is unfit and not reasonably capable of being made fit for human habitation; and if the arbitrator is satisfied by such evidence, the compensation is to be estimated on the same principles as those which regulate the assessment in similar cases of compensation payable in respect of property acquired for the purposes of improvement schemes under Part I. of the Act.

The arbitrator may, by one award, settle the compensation payable in respect of all or any of the dwelling-houses included in one or more orders made by the sanitary authority, but he may, and if the sanitary authority request him so to do must, from time to time, make an award respecting a portion only of the disputed cases brought before him. It will therefore be competent for the authority, if they think it desirable, to obtain an award on one or more test cases.

The arbitrator may, where he thinks fit, on the request of any party by whom any claim has been made before him, certify the amount of the costs properly incurred by such party in relation to the arbitration, and the amount of the costs so certified must be paid by the sanitary authority; but he must not give this certificate where he has awarded the same or a less sum than has been offered by the sanitary authority in respect of such claim before his appointment, and he need not give the certificate to any party where he considers that such party neglected, after due notice, to deliver to the authority a statement in writing within such time and containing such particulars as would have enabled the authority to make a proper offer of compensation before the appointment of the arbitrator.

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## PART III.

### WORKING CLASS LODGING HOUSES.

Part III. consolidates the Labouring Classes Lodging Houses Acts, 1851 to 1883, commonly known as Shaftesbury's Acts. This Part of the Act may be adopted by any urban sanitary authority for their district. When it has been adopted it empowers the urban sanitary authority to provide "lodging-houses for the working classes," which expression includes separate houses or cottages for the working classes, whether containing one or several tenements. For this purpose it empowers the authority to purchase or rent land, or, with the consent of the Treasury, to appropriate any land for the time being vested

in them or at their disposal, and on such land to erect any buildings suitable for lodging-houses for the working classes, and to convert any buildings into lodging-houses for those classes, and to alter, enlarge, repair, and improve the buildings, and to fit up, furnish, and supply them with the requisite furniture, fittings and conveniences. It also enables the urban sanitary authority to contract for the purchase or lease of any lodging-houses for the working classes already or hereafter to be built and provided, and, with the consent of the Treasury, to appropriate the same for the purposes of this Part of the Act, and to sell, with the consent of the Treasury, any land vested in them for these purposes, and to apply the proceeds in or towards the purchase of other more suitable lands.

## PART IV.

### SUPPLEMENTAL.

Part IV. contains various provisions supplemental to those in Parts I. to III. The attention of the sanitary authority may be especially drawn to the following of these provisions:—

Section 77 enables any person authorised by the sanitary authority, at all reasonable times of the day, on giving 24 hours' notice in writing to the occupier of his intention so to do, to enter any dwelling-house, premises, or building which the sanitary authority are authorised to purchase compulsorily under Part I. or Part II. of the Act, for the purpose of surveying and valuing the same.

Section 78 provides that where a building or any part of a building purchased by the sanitary authority in pursuance of a scheme under Part I. or Part II. of the Act is not closed by a closing order, and is occupied by any tenant whose contract of tenancy is for less than a year, the sanitary authority, if they require him to give up possession of such building or part for the purpose of pulling down the building, may make to him a reasonable allowance on account of his expenses in removing.

Section 80 requires separate accounts to be kept by the sanitary authority and their officers of their receipts and expenditure under each Part of the Act, and requires such accounts to be audited in the like manner and with the like power to the officer auditing the same, and with the like incidents and consequences, as the accounts of the sanitary authority are for the time being required to be audited by law.

Section 81 empowers the sanitary authority to appoint committees for the purposes of the Act.

Section 82 requires them, where they sell any land acquired by them for any of the purposes of the Act, to apply the proceeds of the sale for any purpose, including repayment of borrowed money, for which capital money may be applied and which is approved by the Board.

Section 83 provides for the advance of moneys to local authorities by the Commissioners of Public Works in Ireland, acting with the consent of the Treasury, at such rate of interest, not less than three pounds two shillings and sixpence per cent., as the Treasury may from time to time authorise as being in their opinion sufficient to enable such loans to be made without loss to the Exchequer.

Section 88 renders any member of the sanitary authority on summary conviction liable to a penalty not exceeding £50 if he votes upon any resolution or question, which is proposed or arises in pursuance of Part I. or Part II. of the Act, relating to any dwelling-house, building, or land in which he is beneficially interested.

## PART V.

This Part of the Act relates to its application to Scotland.

## PART VI.

Contains the provisions which shall have effect in the application of the Act to Ireland.

## PART VII.

## REPEAL AND TEMPORARY PROVISIONS.

This Part of the Act repeals the whole of the Artizans' and Labourers' Dwellings Improvement Acts, 1875 to 1885, the Artizans' Dwellings Acts, 1868 to 1885, and the Labouring Classes Lodging Houses Acts, 1851 to 1885, with the necessary savings and temporary provisions.

## THE FIRST SCHEDULE TO THE ACT.

This schedule contains a tabular statement of the several districts and local authorities for the purposes of the Act, and the local rates out of which the expenses of these authorities under the Act are to be defrayed. These rates in urban sanitary districts are the rates out of which the general expenses of the execution of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, are defrayed.

## THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

This schedule contains provisions with respect to the purchase and taking of lands otherwise than by agreement for the purposes of Part I. of the Act, and otherwise amending the Lands Clauses Acts in their application to such lands. They are for the most part the same as the corresponding provisions in the Artizans' and Labourers' Dwellings Improvement Acts, 1875 to 1885. They contain, however, some amendments, *e.g.*, provisions similar to those to which reference has been made with respect to the settlement of compensation under Part II. of the Act, enabling the arbitrator and requiring him, if the sanitary authority request him so to do, to from time to time make an award respecting a portion only of the disputed cases brought before him; and providing that he shall not be required to certify the amount of costs incurred by any party in relation to the arbitration in any case where he considers that such party neglected, after due notice, to deliver to the sanitary authority a statement in writing within such time and containing such particulars as would have enabled them to make a proper offer of compensation before the appointment of the arbitrator.

## THE THIRD SCHEDULE.

This schedule sets out the enactments applied by the Act for the purpose of proceedings for closing premises. In urban sanitary districts these enactments consist of parts of sections 107 and 110 and the whole of sections 111 and 113 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878.

## THE FOURTH AND FIFTH SCHEDULES.

These schedules contain forms which may be used for the purposes of the Act.

## THE SIXTH SCHEDULE.

This schedule sets out the purposes for which by-laws must be made under Part III. of the Act, where a local authority have established or acquired lodging-houses for the working classes.

## THE SEVENTH SCHEDULE.

This schedule contains a list of the enactments repealed by the Act.

It will be seen from the above statement that, besides consolidating the very numerous statutes in which the law relating to artizans' and labourers' dwellings and the housing of the working classes has hitherto been contained, and the complexity of which has necessarily to some extent diminished their utility, the present Act has made a large number of important amendments in that law. These amendments have very materially simplified the procedure to be taken by local authorities with a view to the closing and demolition of dwelling-houses unfit for human habitation; and have given facilities for the making and carrying out of schemes for the re-construction and re-arrangement of insanitary buildings on a smaller scale than those contemplated by the Artizans' and Labourers' Dwellings Improvement Acts, and by a less elaborate machinery than was contained in those Acts. They have provided safeguards against the payment of excessive compensation in respect of dwellings which have been allowed to get into a state of defective sanitation or into bad repair, or the rentals of which have been enhanced by over-crowding, or by the houses being used for illegal purposes. They have enabled the expenses of arbitrations to be diminished in certain cases;



and have exempted the local authorities from the payment of the expenses of owners in respect of arbitrations in cases where such particulars of claims have not been delivered prior to the appointment of the arbitrator as would have enabled the local authority to make proper offers of compensation. They have empowered courts of summary jurisdiction, when making orders for the closing of houses unfit for human habitation, to authorise the payment to the tenants of a reasonable allowance on account of their expenses in removing, which will be recoverable from the owners of the houses; and they have enabled the local authorities to make similar payments to the tenants of houses who are required to give up possession when the houses are to be pulled down for the purpose of improvement schemes. They have also made numerous other alterations in the law with a view to strengthening the hands of the local authorities and facilitating the due execution of the Act.

## II. MEMORANDUM TO RURAL SANITARY AUTHORITIES.

### MEMORANDUM ON THE HOUSING OF THE WORKING CLASSES ACT, 1890. (53 & 54 Vict. c. 70.)

This Act, which has consolidated and amended the Acts relating to artisans and labourers' dwellings and the housing of the working classes, is divided into seven parts and seven schedules.

#### PART I.

##### UNHEALTHY AREAS.

This Part of the Act, the provisions of which are for the most part taken from the Artizans' and Labourers' Dwellings Improvement Acts, 1875 to 1885, commonly known as Cross' Acts, does not apply to rural sanitary districts.

#### PART II.

##### UNHEALTHY DWELLINGS.

Under Part II. sanitary authorities have very important powers and duties in relation to the closing and demolition of dwelling-houses unfit for human habitation, the pulling down and the acquisition of the sites of obstructive buildings, and the making and carrying out of schemes for the improvement of insanitary areas.

##### *Houses unfit for Human Habitation.*

Section 30 makes it the duty of the medical officer of health or medical superintendent officer of health (if any) of every district to represent to the sanitary authority any dwelling-house which appears to him to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation. This officer should keep himself informed of the conditions injurious to health existing in the district; and consequently, as a general rule, he should in the performance of his ordinary duties have no difficulty in obtaining the information necessary to enable him to make these representations on his own motion. An additional duty is imposed on him by section 31 to forthwith inspect any dwelling-house in respect of which four or more householders living in or near the street in which such house is situate complain that it is in a condition so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation. In these cases he is to transmit to the sanitary authority the complaint and his opinion thereon; and if he is of opinion that the dwelling-house is in the condition alleged, he is required by the Act to represent the same to the sanitary authority. The absence of any such complaint will not, however, excuse him from inspecting any dwelling-house and making a representation thereon to the sanitary authority.

Section 32 expressly declares that it shall be the duty of every sanitary authority to cause to be made from time to time inspection of their district with a view to ascertain whether any dwelling-house therein is in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation, and if on the

representation of their medical officer of health or any of their officers, or information given to them, any dwelling-house appears to be in such state, to forthwith take the proceedings against the owner or occupier for closing it under sections 107, 110, 111, and 113 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878.

Having regard to the above enactments, it may not unreasonably be hoped that the attention of the sanitary authority will be drawn by their officers or otherwise to every dwelling-house in their district which is unfit for human habitation. Where this has been done, the Act, as has already been explained, makes it the duty of the authority to forthwith take the necessary steps for causing the dwelling-house to be closed.

Under the sections of the Public Health Act above referred to, it has hitherto been necessary that the proceedings should be taken with a view to the abatement of a nuisance, and that the works requisite to abate the nuisance complained of should be specified. This, however, will no longer be the case. Section 32 (2) authorises summary proceedings to be taken for the express purpose of causing the dwelling-house to be closed, and appropriate forms are contained in the Fourth Schedule to the Act, which may be used for this purpose.

The closing order will prohibit the using of the premises for the purpose of human habitation until, in the judgment of the court, they are rendered fit for that purpose. In making it the court may impose a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds, and may authorise a reasonable allowance to be paid by the sanitary authority to every occupying tenant on account of his expenses in removing from the dwelling-house. The amount of this allowance will be a civil debt due from the owner of the dwelling-house to the sanitary authority, and will be recoverable summarily.

Where a closing order has been made in respect of any dwelling-house, and has not been determined by a subsequent order, the sanitary authority, if of opinion that the house has not been rendered fit for human habitation, and that the necessary steps are not being taken with all diligence to render it so fit, and that the continuance of any building being or being part of the dwelling-house is dangerous or injurious to the health of the public, or of the inhabitants of the neighbouring dwelling-houses, are required by section 33 to pass a resolution that it is expedient to order the demolition of the building.

A notice of this resolution must be served on the owner specifying the time (not less than one month from the service of the notice) and the place appointed by the sanitary authority for the further consideration of the resolution; and any owner will be at liberty to attend and to state his objections to the demolition.

If upon the consideration of the resolution and the objections the sanitary authority decide that it is expedient so to do, then unless an owner undertakes to execute forthwith the works necessary to render the dwelling-house fit for human habitation, and executes the same within a limited period, the authority are required by the Act to order the demolition of the building.

Where such an order has been made, any person aggrieved by it may appeal against it to the next court of quarter sessions, but subject to this appeal, and to the power given by section 47 of the Act to a court of summary jurisdiction to enlarge the time allowed for the demolition of the building, the owner must within three months after service of the order proceed to take down and remove the building, and on his default the sanitary authority are required themselves to proceed to do this, and to sell the materials, and after deducting the expenses incident to the taking down and removal of the building, to pay over the balance of money, if any, to the owner.

Where a building has been taken down and removed under the above provisions, no house or other building or erection may be erected on all or any part of the site of the building which is dangerous or injurious to health. Full power is given to the sanitary authority to enforce compliance with this requirement.

#### *Obstructive Buildings.*

Under section 38, if a medical officer of health finds that any building in his district, although not itself unfit for human habitation, is so situate that by reason of its proximity to or contact with any other buildings, it stops

ventilation, or otherwise makes or conduces to make such other buildings to be in a condition unfit for human habitation or dangerous or injurious to health, or prevents proper measures being carried into effect for remedying any nuisance injurious to health or other evils complained of in respect of such other buildings, he is required to represent to the sanitary authority the particulars relating to the building, at the same time stating that in his opinion it is expedient that it should be pulled down. Any four or more inhabitant householders of the district may make a similar representation to the sanitary authority.

On receiving any such representation, the sanitary authority are required to cause a report to be made to them respecting the circumstances of the building and the cost of pulling it down, and acquiring the land, and to take the representation and report into consideration. If they desire to proceed, they must cause a copy both of the representation and the report to be sent to the owner of the land on which the obstructive building stands, with notice of the time and place appointed by them for the consideration thereof, and the owner will be at liberty to attend and state his objections, after hearing which the sanitary authority must make an order, either allowing the objections or directing that the obstructive building shall be pulled down. This order will be subject to an appeal to the court of quarter sessions in like manner as an order of the sanitary authority for the demolition of a dwelling-house unfit for human habitation.

Where no appeal is made against the order of the sanitary authority for pulling down an obstructive building, or an appeal is made, and either fails or is abandoned, the lands on which the obstructive building is erected may be purchased by the sanitary authority, unless the owner, within a month after notice to purchase them has been served on him, declares that he desires to retain the site of the obstructive building, and undertakes either to pull down the building or to permit the sanitary authority to pull it down, in which case he will retain the site and will receive compensation from the sanitary authority for the pulling down of the building.

For the purpose of the purchase of the site, the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts, with respect to the purchase and taking of lands otherwise than by agreement, are, with certain modifications, incorporated with this Part of the Act, the period within which such powers may be exercised being limited to one year after the date of the order for the pulling down of the building, or if such order was appealed against, after the date of its confirmation. It will not, however, be competent for the owner to insist on his entire holding being taken, where part only is proposed to be taken as obstructive, and such part can, in the opinion of the arbitrator to whom the question of disputed compensation is submitted, be severed from the remainder of the house or manufactory without material detriment thereto. But compensation may be awarded in respect to the severance of the part proposed to be taken in addition to the value of that part.

Where in the opinion of the arbitrator the demolition of an obstructive building adds to the value of other buildings, for the benefit of the inhabitants of which it has been pulled down, he is required to apportion so much of the compensation to be paid for the demolition as may be equal to the increase in value of the other buildings among such buildings, and the amount so apportioned to each is to be deemed private improvement expenses incurred in respect to it, and the provisions of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, with respect to such expenses and to private improvement rates are made applicable.

Where the owner retains the site or any part thereof, the necessary powers are given to the sanitary authority to prevent any house or other building or erection which would be dangerous or injurious to health or an obstructive building from being erected thereon. Where the lands are purchased, the authority are required to pull down the obstructive building or such part thereof as may be obstructive, and to keep as an open space the whole site or so much of it as may be required to be kept open for the purpose of remedying the nuisance or other evils caused by the obstructive building. They may, moreover, dedicate any of the land thus acquired as a highway or other public place, and with the assent of the Board they may sell such portion of the site as is not required for any of the above purposes.

*Schemes for Re-construction.*

The provisions of the Act relating to schemes for the improvement of insani-  
tary areas in rural sanitary districts are contained in section 39, which requires  
the sanitary authority to cause schemes to be prepared for this purpose in any  
of the following cases, that is to say—

(a.) Where an order for the demolition of a building has been made in pur-  
suance of the enactments above referred to, and it appears to the  
authority that it would be beneficial to the inhabitants of the  
neighbouring dwelling-houses if the site were used for all or any of  
the following purposes, that is to say, either—

- (I.) Dedicated as a highway or open space, or
- (II.) Appropriated, sold, or let for the erection of dwellings for the  
working classes, or
- (III.) Exchanged with other neighbouring land which is more  
suitable for the erection of such dwellings, and on  
exchange will be appropriated, sold, or let for such  
erection; or

(b.) Where it appears to the sanitary authority that the closeness, narrow-  
ness, and bad arrangement or bad condition of any buildings, or the  
want of light, air, ventilation, or proper conveniences, or any other  
sanitary defect in such buildings is dangerous or prejudicial to the  
health of the inhabitants either of those buildings or of any  
neighbouring buildings, and that the demolition or the recon-  
struction and re-arrangement of the buildings or of some of them  
is necessary to remove these evils.

When a scheme has been prepared in any of the above cases, it will be  
necessary before any further proceedings are taken in relation to it that  
notice of it should be served in manner provided by the Act on the owners or  
reputed owners, lessees or reputed lessees, and occupiers of any part of the  
area comprised therein. After this has been done, it is requisite that the  
local authority should petition the Board for an order sanctioning the scheme;  
and the Board, after local inquiry, may make an order sanctioning the scheme,  
either with or without conditions or modifications. When this order has  
been made, the sanitary authority may purchase by agreement the area  
comprised in the scheme as sanctioned; and if they agree for the purchase  
of the whole area, the order, save so far as it provides for the taking  
of land otherwise than by agreement, will take effect without confirmation.

Where no such agreement can be made, notice of the order must be  
published in the "Dublin Gazette," and be served on the owners of every  
part of the area, any one of whom within two months after such publication  
may petition the Board against the order; and it is only in cases where a  
petition is presented and not withdrawn that the order will require the  
confirmation of Parliament. In other cases, when the two months have  
expired, the Board are required to confirm the order, and it will come into  
operation and have effect as if it were enacted in the Act.

Where the Bill for confirming the order is opposed in Parliament the  
Committee of either House to whom the Bill is referred are required to take  
into consideration the circumstances under which the opposition is made, and  
whether or not it was justified, and to award costs accordingly.

The order may incorporate the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts; the  
period within which the land must be acquired being three years after the date  
of the confirmation of the order, but the compensation payable in respect of  
the lands purchased must in case of difference be settled by arbitration in  
manner provided by this part of the Act.

*Settlement of Compensation.*

Section 41 provides that in all cases in which the amount of any compensa-  
tion is, in pursuance of this part of the Act, to be settled by arbitration, either  
in connexion with the pulling down of an obstructive building and the  
acquisition of its site or in the carrying out of an improvement scheme, the  
amount of such compensation shall be settled by an arbitrator to be appointed  
and removable by the Board, whose award will be final and binding on all parties.

In settling the amount the estimate is to be based on the fair market value,  
as estimated at the time of the valuation being made of the buildings and

land, and the several interests therein, due regard being had to the nature and then condition of the property, and the probable duration of the buildings in their existing state, and to the state of their repair, and without any additional allowance in respect of compulsory purchase; and the arbitrator is to have regard to and make an allowance in respect of any increased value which, in his opinion, will be given to other dwelling-houses of the same owner by the alteration or demolition by the sanitary authority of any buildings.

Evidence will be receivable by the arbitrator to prove—

- (1st) that the rental of the dwelling-house was enhanced by reason of the same being used for illegal purposes, or being so overcrowded as to be dangerous or injurious to the health of the inmates; or,
- (2ndly) that the dwelling-house is in a state of defective sanitation, or is not in reasonably good repair; or,
- (3rdly) that it is unfit, and not reasonably capable of being made fit, for human habitation; and if the arbitrator is satisfied by such evidence, then the compensation—

- (a.) must, in the first case, so far as it is based on rental, be based on the rental which would have been obtainable if the dwelling-house was occupied for legal purposes, and only by the number of persons whom it was, under all the circumstances of the case, fitted to accommodate without such overcrowding as is dangerous or injurious to the health of the inmates; and
- (b.) must, in the second case, be the amount estimated as the value of the dwelling-house if it had been put in a sanitary condition, or into reasonably good repair, after deducting the estimated expense of putting it into such condition or repair; and
- (c.) must, in the third case, be the value of the land and of the materials of the buildings thereon.

The arbitrator may, by one award, settle the compensation payable in respect of all or any of the dwelling-houses included in one or more orders made by the sanitary authority, but he may, and if the sanitary authority request him so to do must, from time to time, make an award respecting a portion only of the disputed cases brought before him. It will, therefore, be competent for the authority, if they think it desirable, to obtain an award on one or more test cases.

The arbitrator may, where he thinks fit, on the request of any party by whom any claim has been made before him, certify the amount of the costs properly incurred by such party in relation to the arbitration, and the amount of the costs so certified must be paid by the sanitary authority; but he must not give this certificate where he has awarded the same or a less sum than has been offered by the sanitary authority in respect of such claim before his appointment, and he need not give the certificate to any party where he considers that such party neglected, after due notice, to deliver to the authority a statement in writing within such time and containing such particulars as would have enabled the authority to make a proper offer of compensation before the appointment of the arbitrator.

#### *Expenses and Borrowing.*

Any expenses incurred by a rural sanitary authority under this Part of the Act, other than expenses incurred in or incidental to proceedings for obtaining a closing order, must be charged as special expenses on the contributory place in respect of which they are incurred. The borrowing powers of the rural sanitary authority under the Public Health Act will be available for the purpose of raising sums required for purchase-money or compensation payable under any of the provisions above referred to. (Sections 42 and 43.)

### **PART III.**

**Does not apply to rural sanitary authorities in Ireland.**

## PART IV.

## SUPPLEMENTAL.

Part IV. contains various provisions supplemental to those in Parts I. to III. The attention of the rural sanitary authority may be especially drawn to the following of these provisions:—

Section 77 enables any person authorised by the sanitary authority, at all reasonable times of the day, on giving twenty-four hours' notice in writing to the occupier of his intention so to do, to enter any dwelling-house, premises, or building which the sanitary authority are authorised to purchase compulsorily under Part II. of the Act, for the purpose of surveying and valuing the same.

Section 78 provides that where a building or any part of a building purchased by the sanitary authority in pursuance of a scheme under Part II. of the Act is not closed by a closing order, and is occupied by any tenant whose contract of tenancy is for less than a year, the sanitary authority, if they require him to give up possession of such building or part for the purpose of pulling down the building, may make to him a reasonable allowance on account of his expenses in removing.

Section 80 requires separate accounts to be kept by the sanitary authority and their officers of their receipts and expenditure under each Part of the Act, and requires such accounts to be audited in the like manner and with the like power to the officer auditing the same, and with the like incidents and consequences as the accounts of the sanitary authority are for the time being required to be audited by law.

Section 81 empowers the sanitary authority to appoint committees for the purposes of the Act.

Section 82 requires them, where they sell any land acquired by them for any of the purposes of the Act, to apply the proceeds of the sale for any purpose, including repayment of borrowed money, for which capital money may be applied and which is approved by the Board.

Section 83 provides for the advance of moneys to local authorities by the Commissioners of Public Works in Ireland acting with the consent of the Treasury at such rate of interest, not less than three pounds two shillings and sixpence per cent., as the Treasury may from time to time authorise as being in their opinion sufficient to enable such loans to be made without loss to the Exchequer.

Section 88 renders any member of the sanitary authority on summary conviction liable to a penalty not exceeding £50 if he votes upon any resolution or question which is proposed or arises in pursuance of Part II. of the Act relating to any dwelling-house, building, or land in which he is beneficially interested.

## PART V.

This Part of the Act relates to its application to Scotland.

## PART VI.

Contains the provisions which shall have effect in the application of the Act to Ireland.

## PART VII.

## REPEAL AND TEMPORARY PROVISIONS.

This Part of the Act repeals the whole of the Artizans' and Labourers' Dwellings Improvement Acts, 1875 to 1885, the Artizans' Dwellings Acts, 1868 to 1885, and the Labouring Classes Lodging Houses Acts, 1851 to 1885 with the necessary savings and temporary provisions.

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## THE FIRST SCHEDULE TO THE ACT.

This schedule contains a tabular statement of the several districts and local authorities for the purposes of the Act, and the local rates out of which the expenses of these authorities under the Act are to be defrayed. These rates in rural sanitary districts are the rates out of which the special expenses of the execution of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, are defrayed.

## THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

Does not apply to rural sanitary authorities in Ireland.

## THE THIRD SCHEDULE.

This schedule sets out the enactments applied by the Act for the purpose of proceedings for closing premises. In rural sanitary districts these enactments consist of parts of sections 107 and 110 and the whole of sections 111 and 113 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878.

## THE FOURTH AND FIFTH SCHEDULES.

These schedules contain forms which may be used for the purposes of the Act.

## THE SIXTH SCHEDULE.

Does not apply to rural sanitary authorities in Ireland.

## THE SEVENTH SCHEDULE.

This schedule contains a list of the enactments repealed by the Act.

It will be seen from the above statement that, besides consolidating the very numerous statutes in which the law relating to artisans' and labourers' dwellings and the housing of the working classes has hitherto been contained, the present Act has made a large number of important amendments in that law, one effect of which has been to add very considerably to the powers and duties of rural sanitary authorities in connexion with the housing of the poor, especially in relation to the procedure to be taken with a view to the closing and demolition of dwelling-houses unfit for human habitation, and the making and carrying out of schemes for the re-construction and re-arrangement of insanitary buildings.

## III.—CORRESPONDENCE, &amp;c.

## No. 1. CHOLERA.

## LETTER TO MEDICAL INSPECTORS.

Local Government Board, Dublin,  
12th December, 1890.

SIR,—I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to inform you that there are some grounds for entertaining the hope that cholera, which has prevailed since May last in parts of Spain, and more recently in Egypt, may not visit the United Kingdom during the present year. It is well, however, to bear in mind that the first great epidemic of Asiatic cholera visited Ireland in the month of March, 1832, and that the epidemic of 1848 began in the month of December. It cannot, therefore, with safety be assumed that the winter months afford protection from this disease to the inhabitants of these islands. The history of former epidemics also teaches us that an autumn visitation falling upon European countries, although slight in extent, may be followed by a severe and widespread epidemic in the following year.

There is every reason to believe that the improved sanitary condition of large centres of population in Ireland, and, in particular, improved

public water supplies, largely diminish the chances that any future epidemic will approach in extent or severity those which prevailed in past years under less favourable conditions of public health.

In its progress from east to west it has been the habit of cholera to select the paths followed by human intercourse, and the disease has been found to travel at about the same rate as human beings. In the past it has frequently shown a preference for following the course of great rivers, and, in effecting a lodgment in countries having a seaboard, it has commonly first appeared in commercial seaports. On this subject the Board deem it advisable to remind you that in recent years the conditions governing human intercourse and the conveyance of commercial products have undergone material changes, and that such changes may exercise an important influence upon the manner in which cholera may in the future be expected to invade this portion of the United Kingdom.

The Board's "Cholera Order\*" of the 6th December makes provision for warning port nuisance authorities surrounding the coast of Ireland of the arrival of vessels from foreign ports with cases of cholera or suspicious illness on board, and in the principal customs ports provision has been made for the reception and isolation of any cases reaching our shores from abroad. There are, however, several ports upon the coasts of Ireland having a large traffic—by means of passenger steamers, steam colliers, and other vessels—with English, Scotch, and some Continental ports, and the Board think that if cholera reaches our shores it is not unlikely it may do so through the medium of such channels of communication. Under these circumstances, having regard to existing means of rapid transit by rail and steamer from large centres of population in England and abroad, it appears desirable to request your attention to the necessity for inquiring into the means at present existing for isolating and treating cases of cholera which may reach small ports on the Irish shores.

The Local Government Board request that you will make discreet inquiries on this subject, and that you will furnish them with a report respecting the various points on the shore within your district at which cases of cholera might be landed, and of the local facilities which have been provided, or which it may be desirable should be provided, with the view of preventing the danger to the public health inseparable from the transport of such cases to general hospitals situated in the midst of the population. The Board request that in your consultations with the officers of sanitary authorities upon this subject you will avoid creating any unnecessary alarm, but they desire at the same time to point out to you that all necessary precautions and arrangements ought to be considered beforehand, so as to avoid the injurious effects of panic and the danger to the public health of hasty and ill-considered measures being adopted in the event of the arrival of a case of cholera without any previous understanding as to the most suitable plan for the isolation and treatment of the patient.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, Secretary.

To each Medical Inspector.

\* See page 139.



No. 2.—Statement of Orders issued under the 25th Section of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1874, determining the Areas of Charge on which the Sanitary Expenses mentioned in each Order, respectively, are chargeable (in continuation of Statement in *Eighteenth Annual Report*, pages 94 to 105).

NAME OF ORDER, AND TOWN, PARISH, OR VILLAGE.	DATE OF ORDER.	EXPENSES TO WHICH ISSUED AS IN INDEMNITY.		AREA OF CHARGE.
		Water Supply, &c.	Drainage, &c.	
<b>Sanitary District:</b> Tough, . . . . .	21st December, 1874, .	—	Making-sewer-works,	The portion of the Township of Tough situate in the Ballinacorney Electoral Division, consisting of the Townlands described in the Order.
<b>Sanitary District:</b> Towns of Castleblayney, &c., . . . . .	10th November, 1874, .	Drainage pump, .	—	The Township of Castleblayney situate in the Castleblayney Electoral Division.
Village of Brinsford, . .	do, . . . . .	do, . . . . .	—	The Brinsford Electoral Division.
<b>Sanitary District:</b> North-west and Lower- town, in the Town of Ballygarra, . . . . .	26th April, 1874, . . .	—	Drainage works, .	The portion of the Township of Ballygarra consisting of the Townlands described in the Order, the said Township being situate in the Ballygarra Electoral Division.
Town of Castleblayney, .	21st July, 1874, . . .	—	Drainage, . . . . .	The portions of the Townships of Castleblayney and Tough consisting of the Townlands described in the Order, the said Townships being situate in the Castleblayney Electoral Division.
Willinghams, in the Town of Ballygarra, . . . . .	26th September, 1874, .	Drainage and sewerage works	—	The portion of the Township of Ballygarra consisting of the Townlands described in the Order, the said Township being situate in the Ballygarra Electoral Division.

<b>BRANDHAM Union:</b>					
Village of Cuckfield,	25th October, 1873,	Boasting pump,	—		The Townships of Tolly, Cuckfield, Gorse, Gorse, and Ballypherry, —the said Township of Tolly being situated in the Eastern General Division, and the remainder of the said Townships in the Western General Division.
<b>BRANDHAM Union:</b>					
Township of Ballypherry and Lismore,	18th January, 1874,	Providing water supply,	—		The Ballypherry General Division.
<b>BRANDHAM Union:</b>					
Workhouse, . . .	20th January, 1874,	—	Septic tank drainage,		The several General Divisions of the Union.
<b>BRECK Town:</b>					
Ballypherry, . . .	25th June, 1873,	Boasting pump,	—		The Ballypherry General Division.
<b>BRECK Town:</b>					
Elbrook, . . .	25th July, 1873,	Providing and maintaining policy,	—		The portion of the Township of Elbrook consisting of the Town waste deposited in the 1873, the said Township being situated in the Elbrook General Division.
<b>CLAREMONT Union:</b>					
Ballinacorney, . . .	25th December, 1873,	Working well and erecting pump,	—		The Ballinacorney General Division.
<b>CLAREMONT Union:</b>					
Town of Longmerry, . . .	18th September, 1873,	Providing supply of water,	—		The Townships or portions of Townships comprised within the Municipal boundary of the Town of Longmerry situated in the Longmerry General Division.
<b>CLAREMONT Union:</b>					
Village of Harrow, . . .	4th September, 1873,	Water supply,	—		The Harrow General Division.



<b>HOUSE TOWNS:</b>					
Kilburn, . . .	18th July, 1888, .	Cleaning well and erecting pump.	—	—	The Township of Kilburn, alias in the Kilburn Sanitary Division.
Ridgway, . . .	15th October, 1888, .	Building well and erecting pump.	—	—	The Township of Ridgway, alias in the Finsbury Sanitary Division.
<b>STREET TOWNS:</b>					
Greenwich, alias in the Town of Kilburn, .	18th June, 1888, .	—	Continuing work,	—	The portion of the Townships of Kilburn and Highgatebury consisting of the Townships described in the Order, the said Townships being alias in the Kilburn Sanitary Division.
<b>LOWLAND TOWNS:</b>					
Town of Dagenham, .	18th July, 1888, .	Water supply, 2 1	—	—	The Township of Dagenham alias the portion thereof consisting of the Townships described in the Order, the said Township being alias in the Dagenham Sanitary Division.
<b>LOWLAND TOWNS:</b>					
Chapel, alias in the Town of Croydon, .	18th June, 1888, .	—	Continuing work,	—	The Townships of Streatham, Croydon, Croydon, Dagenham, Finsbury, South Bridge Street, Finsbury, and Finsbury, in the Croydon Sanitary Division, and the Township of Kilburn, in the Finsbury Sanitary Division.
Town of Linsay, . .	18th September, 1888, .	—	Building new works,	—	The several Townships comprised in the Linsay Sanitary Division.
<b>MARINE TOWNS:</b>					
Village of Kilmory, .	18th March, 1888, .	—	Providing supply of water,	—	The Farnborough Sanitary Division and the Township of Kilmory alias in the Farnborough Sanitary Division.
<b>LOWLAND TOWNS:</b>					
Township of Tarnham, .	18th October, 1888, .	—	Continuing work,	—	The portion of the Township of Tarnham consisting of the Townships described in the Order, the said Township being alias in the Highgate Sanitary Division.

Sanitary Orders issued under the 133rd Section of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1875, determining the Areas of Charge on which the Special Expenses mentioned in such Orders, respectively, are chargeable—continued.

Name of Town, and Name, Value or Power.	Sanitary Order.	Expenses for which Sanitary Order is to be levied.		Area of Charge.
		Water Supply, &c.	Drainage, &c.	
<b>Sanitary Order:</b> Ballymole, . . .	24th December, 1894.	Drinking water, . . .	—	The Ballymole Electoral Division.
<b>Sanitary Order:</b> Ballinacorney, . . .	10th April, 1895.	Drinking water, . . .	—	The Townlands of Ballinacorney and Keshmoneenacorney, situate in the Carrigrohery Electoral Division.
<b>Sanitary Order:</b> Ballinacorney and Ballinacorney, . . .	20th May, 1895.	Water supply . . .	—	The Townlands of Ballinacorney, Ballinacorney East, Ballinacorney West, Carrigrohery, Carrigrohery, Glenties, Longmole, Park Road, Ballinacorney and Carrigrohery, and the portions of the Townlands of Ballymole East, Ballymole West, and Keshmoneenacorney, consisting of the Townlands described in the Order, the said Townlands of Ballinacorney, Ballinacorney East, Ballinacorney West, and Longmole, being situate in the Carrigrohery Electoral Division, and the portions of the said Townlands being situate in the Ballymole Electoral Division.
<b>Do., do., . . .</b>	17th August, 1895.	<b>do., . . .</b>	—	Including in the area of charge for expenses of Ballinacorney and Ballinacorney, Water Supply and Sanitary Order, the portions of the Townlands of Ballymole West, consisting of the Townlands described in this Order.
<b>Sanitary Order:</b> Ballymole, . . .	24th December, 1894.	Drinking water, . . .	—	The Townland of Ballymole, in the Carrigrohery Electoral Division.
<b>Sanitary Order:</b> Carrigrohery, . . .	24th December, 1894.	Drinking water, . . .	—	The Carrigrohery Electoral Division.

<b>Monmouthshire District:</b>					
Town of Monmouth.	26th June, 1939.	—	—	Building main sewer.	The Townships of Monmouth and Dymock, situate in the Monmouth Electoral Division.
Purys - street, Monmouth.	1938 September, 1939.	—	—	Building main sewer.	The Township of Dymock, situate in the Monmouth Electoral Division.
Marking-up stone and Church - lane, in the Town of Pontefrington.	do.	—	—	Building sewer.	The Township of Conistow, situate in the Pontefrington South Electoral Division.
<b>Monmouthshire District:</b>					
Broomston.	14th July, 1938.	Repairing pump.	—	—	The Cardew and Gwent District.
<b>North Wales District:</b>					
Mallgwyn.	14th February, 1939.	Pressing pump.	—	—	The Eistedfod Electoral Division.
<b>North Wales District:</b>					
Village of Gwynedd.	16th October, 1938.	Building well and erecting pump.	—	—	The Township of Gwynedd, in the Bangor Electoral Division.
<b>North Wales District:</b>					
Eder.	1938 November, 1939.	Building well and erecting pump.	—	—	The Dera Electoral Division.
<b>North Wales District:</b>					
Village of Gwyl.	14th October, 1938.	Erecting pump.	—	—	The Gwyl and Central Electoral Divisions.
<b>South Wales District:</b>					
Township of Pontefrington.	26th August, 1939.	Building well and erecting pump.	—	—	The Townships of Conistow, Broomston, Gwyl, Eder, Gwynedd, Dymock, and Pontefrington, situate in the Broomston Electoral Division.

Statement of Orders issued under the 13th Section of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, determining the Areas of Charge on which the Sanitary Expenses mentioned in such Orders, respectively, are chargeable—continued.

Name of Town, and Town, Village, or Hamlet.	Date of Order.	Expenses which formed a total amount.		Area or Areas.
		Water Supply, &c.	Sewage, &c.	
<b>WILLIAMSBURG TOWNSHIP:</b>				
Edford, . . . .	1st September, 1894.	Maintenance of water-works.	—	The Townships of Edford and Torsquodale, situate in the Glasgow South-Western Division.
<b>WILKINS TOWNSHIP:</b>				
Aghamore, . . . .	18th August, 1894.	Working well and erecting pump.	—	The Aghamore Electoral Division.
<b>WILKINS TOWNSHIP:</b>				
Townshill, . . . .	18th July, 1894.	Improving well, . . .	—	The Township of Borey, situate in the Townshill Electoral Division.
<b>WILKINS TOWNSHIP:</b>				
Township of Ballypore, . . . .	18th September, 1894.	Working well and erecting pump.	—	The Ballypore Electoral Division.
<b>WILKINS TOWNSHIP:</b>				
Chalk or Derrybeg, . . . .	27th December, 1894.	Water supply . . .	—	The Township of Chalk or Derrybeg in the Kilmacshigan Electoral Division, and the Townships of Derrybeg and Chalk in the Kilmacshigan Electoral Division.
Ballybeg, . . . .		do. . . .	—	The Township of Ballybeg, in the Kilmacshigan Electoral Division.
<b>WILKINS TOWNSHIP:</b>				
Township of Ballypore, . . . .	18th November, 1894.	Working well and erecting pump.	—	The Borey Electoral Division.

## APPENDIX D.

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### TABLES CONNECTED WITH POOR RELIEF AND EXPENDITURE.



No. 1.—A RETURN (in pursuance of the 29th Section of the Act 10 Vic., cap. 31) RELIEVED in and out of the Workhouses, together with the RECEIPTS in cash EXPENDITURE under the Medical Charities and Vaccination Acts, the National School Teachers, and the Parliamentary Voters, Jurors, and Explo Poor Rates during the Year.

## PART I.—RETURN showing the Receipts and Expenditure

NAMES OF COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	Receipts.					Seed Rate lodged.	Expenditure.				
	Amount of Poor Rate lodged.	Parlia- mentary Grants.	Other Receipts, including repayment of Relief by way of loan, &c.	Amount of Loans.	Total Receipts during the year, exclusive of Seed Rate.		Ta- xation income.	Grants in- aid.	Maintenance of and relief of paupers, and cost of the National Hospital.	Travelling Ex- pense.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
ANTRIM.											
Antrim, . . . . .	4,392	1,466	60	130	5,988	—	1,347	807	17	—	
Ballycastle, . . . . .	1,917	839	25	—	2,761	—	580	90	—	—	
Ballymena, . . . . .	3,471	1,843	1,273	300	7,270	—	1,380	2,077	188	—	
Ballymoney, . . . . .	3,494	1,204	447	—	5,132	—	1,011	870	58	—	
Belfast, . . . . .	50,210	5,573	1,311	2,700	61,800	—	23,511	2,171	654	—	
Larne, . . . . .	3,147	1,371	251	—	5,442	—	1,279	718	46	—	
Lisburn, . . . . .	4,297	1,330	137	200	6,361	—	1,141	1,121	33	—	
ANNAGH.											
Annagh, . . . . .	4,561	2,090	100	—	7,460	—	1,501	110	88	—	
Lurgan, . . . . .	5,216	1,942	108	—	7,960	—	2,070	748	191	—	
CATAN.											
Bailieborough, . . . . .	2,381	988	27	350	3,890	—	810	673	61	—	
Barnboy, . . . . .	2,156	650	4	—	2,815	—	581	510	5	—	
Cavan, . . . . .	5,361	1,048	120	—	8,099	—	1,710	1,509	178	—	
Coeshill, . . . . .	2,041	984	34	—	3,059	—	562	661	9	—	
DONOGAL.											
Ballyvaughan, . . . . .	3,017	905	40	2,000	6,572	—	1,153	445	4	—	
Donegal, . . . . .	1,461	678	25	—	2,560	—	415	119	10	—	
Donaghmaddy, . . . . .	1,075	600	12	—	1,687	3	285	10	—	—	
Glenties, . . . . .	2,091	1,231	47	—	3,360	—	679	210	32	—	
Inishowen, . . . . .	3,200	1,178	40	—	4,727	—	655	832	16	—	
Lettistown, . . . . .	1,717	742	198	—	2,655	—	607	15	40	—	
Milford, . . . . .	1,880	1,015	18	—	2,923	—	844	83	—	—	
Stranorlar, . . . . .	1,368	779	7	—	2,144	—	313	21	14	—	
DOWN.											
Bankside, . . . . .	4,998	1,435	145	—	6,561	—	1,419	1,418	64	—	
Downpatrick, . . . . .	5,620	1,729	61	—	7,401	—	1,624	261	00	—	
Kilkeel, . . . . .	2,124	853	121	—	3,105	—	1,082	146	55	—	
Newry, . . . . .	5,800	2,478	431	—	11,711	—	1,547	2,201	160	—	
Northwards, . . . . .	6,658	1,178	199	—	7,935	—	1,501	1,465	12	—	
FERRAMAGH.											
Enniskillen, . . . . .	5,721	1,592	107	—	7,420	—	1,638	88	82	—	
Irinestown, . . . . .	2,493	861	50	—	3,013	—	619	54	—	—	
Lisnaskea, . . . . .	1,377	891	26	—	2,197	—	432	283	—	—	
LONDONDERRY.											
Coleraine, . . . . .	4,993	1,417	61	600	7,061	—	708	755	80	—	
Lisnagry, . . . . .	2,297	1,158	308	—	3,751	—	731	—	22	—	
Londonderry, . . . . .	4,868	2,508	281	—	7,659	—	1,688	164	111	—	
Magherafelt, . . . . .	4,146	1,886	94	—	6,525	—	1,356	360	74	—	
MONAGHAM.											
Carrikenacross, . . . . .	2,632	766	17	600	4,055	—	1,073	481	60	—	
Castledunay, . . . . .	2,773	514	205	—	3,783	—	1,011	679	21	—	
Clones, . . . . .	1,492	811	169	—	2,449	—	610	11	14	—	
Monaghan, . . . . .	2,628	1,250	391	—	4,455	—	1,011	—	45	—	
TYRONE.											
Castlederg, . . . . .	1,180	368	38	—	1,780	—	278	6	14	—	
Clogher, . . . . .	2,643	848	30	—	3,397	—	688	168	30	—	
Cookstown, . . . . .	2,911	530	162	—	4,035	—	811	426	54	—	
Dungannon, . . . . .	5,003	1,160	277	49	6,488	—	1,075	616	34	—	
Omagh, . . . . .	5,047	1,428	481	—	7,395	—	1,170	596	60	—	
Strabane, . . . . .	5,871	1,672	61	225	7,605	—	1,350	324	30	—	
Total, 1890, . . . . .	397,824	64,557	7,588	7,875	271,704	3	67,019	21,514	2,865	—	
ULSTER, 1890, . . . . .	201,966	36,707	5,797	10,179	213,061	12	65,151	20,431	2,324	—	
Increase, . . . . .	—	27,850	2,171	—	16,087	—	1,868	1,081	51	—	
Decrease, . . . . .	12,610	—	—	3,104	—	9	—	—	—	—	

of the EXPENDITURE on the RELIEF of the POOR, and of the TOTAL NUMBERS UNION in IRELAND, for the year ended the 29th of September, 1890; also showing the Registration, Public Health, Superannuation, Labourers, Contagious Diseases (Animals), sives Acts; the amount of LOANS repaid, and the TOTAL EXPENDITURE out of the

of Unions during the year ended the 29th of September, 1890.

Expenditure. (continued.)												Names of Unions.
Schedule and Division of Unions.	All other Poor Relief Expenditure.	Total Poor Relief Expenditure.	Expenditure under the Public Health and Vaccination Act.	Expenditure under the Acts for the Relief of the Poor, the Poor Law, and the Poor Law Amendment Act.	Expenditure under the Public Health Act.	Expenditure under the Public Health Act.	Expenditure under the Public Health Act.	Expenditure under the Public Health Act.	Expenditure under the Public Health Act.	Expenditure under the Public Health Act.	Expenditure under the Public Health Act.	
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
<b>PROVINCE OF ULSTER.</b>												
725	696	2,592	791	70	183	102	102	-	183	-	-	ANTRIM.
441	184	1,105	573	28	176	-	99	-	57	-	-	Armagh.
1,131	622	5,516	1,228	119	181	47	-	790	179	-	-	Ballycastle.
161	319	2,170	695	58	258	41	-	-	67	-	-	Ballymena.
5,623	10,803	42,085	3,640	869	1,214	61	263	-	1,001	2,610	-	Ballymore.
725	427	3,350	797	74	100	8	30	-	371	29	-	Belmont.
713	457	3,176	1,184	124	204	2	7	-	255	-	-	Larne.
<b>ARMAGH.</b>												
810	616	2,340	1,080	118	351	-	66	-	267	-	-	Armagh.
101	1,011	2,563	1,682	137	218	64	65	-	306	-	-	Larne.
<b>CATAN.</b>												
465	304	2,421	667	33	155	-	10	30	61	-	-	Ballycastle.
423	287	1,771	535	27	142	-	30	-	37	-	-	Ballymore.
822	666	4,702	1,841	28	316	37	13	622	185	11	-	Down.
519	453	2,115	675	47	118	3	144	-	89	-	-	Goodwill.
<b>DONOGAL.</b>												
470	836	2,671	657	44	2,004	22	10	20	74	-	-	Ballymore.
458	236	1,236	727	35	169	11	-	-	48	-	-	Down.
393	181	1,461	474	21	61	4	17	-	32	-	-	Downpatrick.
427	518	1,715	1,781	66	134	-	10	-	32	-	-	Glenties.
459	307	2,304	680	53	183	-	-	-	48	402	-	Glenties.
442	245	1,412	601	28	79	11	29	-	82	-	-	Letterkenny.
425	276	1,288	829	49	173	30	-	-	61	102	-	Millford.
483	218	1,050	402	29	102	-	110	-	37	-	-	Scotchman.
<b>DOWN.</b>												
758	625	4,559	1,886	155	270	51	50	-	715	-	-	Downpatrick.
507	548	3,369	1,292	92	350	-	-	-	389	1,109	-	Downpatrick.
457	210	1,010	712	48	271	6	-	-	84	6	-	Killybegs.
1,000	964	5,781	1,881	186	291	-	71	-	268	1,009	-	Newry.
840	747	4,800	1,618	95	200	116	-	-	103	-	-	Northdown.
<b>FERRYBURN.</b>												
722	601	2,175	1,080	55	174	22	102	-	174	11	-	Enniskillen.
404	362	1,480	530	30	151	6	17	-	79	312	-	Enniskillen.
301	202	1,246	609	38	209	8	61	-	65	-	-	Enniskillen.
<b>LETTERKENNY.</b>												
694	680	3,022	1,702	70	1,726	28	66	-	347	-	-	Coleraine.
521	327	1,691	760	44	152	-	18	1	66	-	-	Coleraine.
526	834	3,521	1,783	135	217	18	79	-	256	-	-	Coleraine.
601	680	3,664	1,060	65	223	9	-	-	127	-	-	Coleraine.
<b>MONAGHAN.</b>												
447	275	2,224	690	22	131	1	-	6	99	-	-	Castellany.
565	635	2,834	785	67	160	-	-	-	104	-	-	Clones.
479	289	1,266	591	32	98	-	106	-	78	-	-	Clones.
676	645	2,026	812	43	168	-	93	-	116	-	-	Clones.
<b>TYRONE.</b>												
408	312	917	235	24	91	1	-	-	29	-	-	Castellany.
472	298	1,554	698	35	104	6	11	-	76	361	-	Clones.
625	380	2,214	722	50	107	47	253	-	81	6	-	Clones.
671	434	2,775	963	70	460	2	15	-	170	723	-	Clones.
674	710	3,426	1,261	82	694	1	229	-	109	-	-	Clones.
666	682	3,550	1,150	78	103	14	172	-	131	723	-	Clones.
39,977	36,116	155,523	42,039	3,601	14,054	892	2,101	1,705	6,034	13,793	180,189	Total.
39,798	36,116	150,000	42,700	3,645	14,280	900	2,074	1,671	5,414	14,060	180,189	Unions.
191	2,202	5,523	-	35	-	-	-	635	180	41	-	Increase.
-	-	-	734	-	3,151	105	80	-	-	-	-	Decrease.

## PART I.—RETURN showing the Receipts and Expenditure of unions during the year ended the 29th of September, 1890—continued.

Expenditure—(continued).				Amount of Expenditure included in Columns 14 and 15 defrayed out of Loans.		Amount repaid to Commissioners of Public Works under Road Supply Act.	Valuation on 28th Sept., 1890.	Percentage on the Valuation.	
NAME OF COUNTY AND UNION.	Expenses under the Public-Health, Yards, Jetties, and Repairs Acts.	Repairs of Loans.	Total Expenditure during the year exceeding the year expended on account of Loans under Road Supply Act.	Year Relief.	Other Expenditures.			Of Expenditure for Public-Health, &c. (Col. 14), exclusive of the amount repaid in Col. 16.	Of Total Expenditure, exclusive of the amount repaid in Col. 16.
21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.
ANTRIM.									
Antrim, . . . . .	226	60	5,372	—	114	—	154,821	0 7	0 10
Ballycastle, . . . . .	135	—	2,224	—	—	—	45,045	0 0½	0 10½
Ballymena, . . . . .	67	29	7,225	—	780	—	130,388	0 9½	1 0½
Ballymoney, . . . . .	155	511	4,375	—	—	—	83,303	0 7½	1 0½
Belfast, . . . . .	1,241	1,008	61,377	2,898	423	—	804,400	1 0	1 10
Larne, . . . . .	255	448	5,756	—	11	—	103,103	0 7½	1 0½
Lisburn, . . . . .	204	40	5,709	—	200	—	178,701	0 4½	0 8½
ARMAGH.									
Armagh, . . . . .	324	179	5,220	—	—	—	295,507	0 4½	0 8½
Lurgan, . . . . .	236	90	8,215	—	—	—	145,226	0 9½	1 0½
CAVAN.									
Balleborough, . . . . .	51	51	3,733	—	240	—	40,225	1 3½	1 4½
Bawnboy, . . . . .	39	97	2,070	—	—	—	40,604	0 10½	1 4
Cavan, . . . . .	165	275	8,207	—	634	—	114,219	0 10½	1 4½
Castlehill, . . . . .	102	—	8,210	—	—	—	70,144	0 7	0 8½
DONOGAL.									
Ballyshannon, . . . . .	119	180	6,733	—	2,430	—	50,545	1 10	1 14
Donogal, . . . . .	106	—	2,305	—	—	—	34,535	0 8½	1 4½
Dunfallyn, . . . . .	46	42	1,304	—	—	—	11,490	1 2½	2 6
Glenties, . . . . .	72	0	3,110	—	—	—	20,142	1 4½	3 0½
Inishowen, . . . . .	33	193	4,288	—	—	—	20,105	1 5½	2 2
Letterkenny, . . . . .	95	—	2,215	—	—	—	21,640	0 10½	1 4½
Millford, . . . . .	77	59	2,633	—	—	—	21,036	0 10½	1 10½
Stranorlar, . . . . .	65	—	1,825	—	—	—	40,412	0 8½	1 2
DOWNS.									
Benbridge, . . . . .	228	—	6,089	—	—	—	158,403	0 7½	0 10
Downpatrick, . . . . .	194	153	5,038	—	—	—	177,780	0 4½	0 9
Kilkeel, . . . . .	77	172	2,055	—	—	—	44,770	0 4½	1 1½
Newry, . . . . .	289	230	10,200	—	—	—	108,323	0 8½	1 1½
Newtownards, . . . . .	143	—	6,832	—	—	—	164,082	0 8½	0 11½
FERMANAGH.									
Enniskillen, . . . . .	280	288	5,220	—	0	—	107,830	0 7	0 11½
Ivinselawn, . . . . .	02	35	2,717	—	—	—	60,149	0 7	1 1½
Lisnakea, . . . . .	125	25	2,445	—	—	—	58,017	0 5½	0 10
LONDONDERRY.									
Coleraine, . . . . .	237	258	6,082	—	1,230	—	164,028	0 7	1 1½
Lisnavea, . . . . .	156	300	3,123	—	—	—	69,720	0 5½	0 11
Londonderry, . . . . .	323	24	6,107	—	—	—	104,987	0 5	0 11
Magherafelt, . . . . .	245	—	4,719	—	—	—	92,453	0 8	1 1½
MONAGHAN.									
Castlemore, . . . . .	6	13	3,297	—	173	—	50,341	0 11	1 2
Castleblayney, . . . . .	124	—	4,080	—	—	—	75,018	0 9	1 2
Clones, . . . . .	122	—	2,183	—	—	—	57,037	0 5	0 10
Monaghan, . . . . .	104	—	3,413	—	—	—	56,032	0 6	0 10
TYRONE.									
Castlederg, . . . . .	92	58	1,507	—	—	—	25,036	0 5½	1 0
Clogher, . . . . .	114	—	2,809	—	—	—	60,247	0 6½	1 0½
Cookstown, . . . . .	125	284	4,068	—	—	—	65,535	0 8	1 1½
Dungannon, . . . . .	219	1,093	6,487	—	49	—	96,080	0 7	1 1½
Omagh, . . . . .	127	682	5,230	—	—	—	107,370	0 7½	1 2½
Strabane, . . . . .	215	1,161	8,084	—	225	—	167,920	0 7½	1 2½
Total, { 1890, . . . . .	7,728	9,735	256,961	2,898	6,541	—	4,416,377	0 8½	1 10
Do., { 1890, . . . . .	6,137	9,220	255,603	—	11,414	701	4,369,465	0 8½	1 12
Increase, . . . . .	—	415	1,058	2,898	—	—	25,922	—	0 4½
Decrease, . . . . .	420	—	—	—	4,873	701	—	—	—

## PART I.—RETURN showing the Receipts and Expenditure of unions during the year ended the 29th of September, 1890—continued.

Name of County and Union.	Receipts.					Rent and Selling, &c.	Expenditure—(continued).				
	Amount of Poor Rate Selling.	Public- charity Grants.	Other Receipts, including payments of Sundry by way of loan, &c.	Amount of Loans.	Total Receipts during the year, exclusive of Rent Rate.		Re- Main- tenance.	Out- Relief.	Maintenance of Relief and Sundry in Relief, and in Relief Selling.	Re- greater Ex- penditure.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
<b>PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.</b>											
<b>County.</b>											
Ballyvaughan, . . .	2,124	326	23	-	2,503	-	778	13	31	-	
Carroon, . . .	2,030	387	8	50	2,500	2	721	413	22	0	
Doonbeg, . . .	8,688	1,072	220	3,100	13,080	-	4,150	1,558	67	18	
Enniscorthy, . . .	2,067	884	41	-	2,992	-	2,813	685	10	5	
Killybegs, . . .	2,025	689	50	280	3,045	22	2,034	648	13	1	
Killybegs, . . .	2,025	1,754	82	-	3,861	-	2,786	2,199	67	10	
Killybegs, . . .	2,025	847	172	2,587	4,365	-	1,118	218	51	5	
Tulla, . . .	2,025	520	122	2,125	4,772	-	1,522	554	12	-	
<b>County.</b>											
Bandon, . . .	4,648	1,050	376	1,280	7,354	-	1,120	1,568	51	-	
Donnybrook, . . .	2,108	829	112	-	3,049	-	765	968	43	-	
Castletown, . . .	1,784	671	92	-	2,547	-	708	924	34	11	
Clonsilla, . . .	4,401	944	325	1,000	7,167	-	1,545	703	8	10	
Cork, . . .	25,130	6,241	1,457	2,824	35,652	-	15,934	15,967	1,687	11	
Donnybrook, . . .	3,402	934	191	500	4,927	-	847	540	31	7	
Fermoy, . . .	3,402	1,022	350	11,710	26,484	-	1,904	1,552	22	7	
Kinsale, . . .	10,367	1,191	143	-	12,601	-	3,348	2,528	55	-	
Kinsale, . . .	2,025	1,156	160	400	4,081	-	1,043	210	66	-	
Macroom, . . .	7,477	1,666	204	3,081	12,428	-	2,228	1,441	78	-	
Malton, . . .	9,826	2,480	221	4,024	16,551	-	2,431	2,270	65	28	
Midleton, . . .	8,178	1,450	444	4,120	14,192	-	2,071	1,675	59	18	
Millstreet, . . .	4,556	830	443	-	5,829	-	1,110	1,084	-	4	
Millstreet, . . .	4,556	1,045	381	2,601	8,583	-	1,079	648	60	14	
Shilburo, . . .	2,375	1,154	217	1,200	4,946	-	2,151	895	48	22	
Tulla, . . .	2,025	850	8	471	3,303	-	898	496	69	-	
Tulla, . . .	2,025	1,190	230	4,406	11,351	-	1,320	1,103	62	17	
<b>County.</b>											
Galtee, . . .	4,722	1,011	228	330	6,311	-	586	673	20	1	
Glenties, . . .	4,722	1,031	80	56	6,311	-	1,448	905	22	-	
Kesh, . . .	2,354	887	6	528	4,765	-	699	619	30	5	
Kesh, . . .	10,367	2,079	101	1,024	14,571	-	3,688	2,056	365	13	
Letterkenny, . . .	2,354	926	186	2,012	5,484	-	1,730	2,137	62	5	
Tulla, . . .	10,491	1,723	370	587	13,163	-	2,561	2,728	154	17	
<b>County.</b>											
Coom, . . .	5,590	1,270	899	100	7,859	-	1,555	1,361	100	19	
Glenties, . . .	4,722	884	228	2,857	8,791	-	1,105	1,110	28	-	
Killybegs, . . .	16,407	2,079	745	830	20,061	-	4,710	3,798	150	45	
Letterkenny, . . .	2,354	4,967	631	2,665	10,617	-	12,573	6,637	264	-	
Letterkenny, . . .	2,354	945	879	2,015	6,193	-	1,591	1,093	89	10	
Letterkenny, . . .	2,354	1,013	872	3,160	10,415	-	1,459	2,410	68	22	
<b>County.</b>											
Bevagh, . . .	2,503	710	40	330	3,583	-	721	680	8	-	
Carroon-on-Suir, . . .	4,722	1,200	74	-	6,096	-	1,561	760	12	1	
Carroon, . . .	4,722	1,200	413	3,331	14,686	-	3,519	2,594	125	4	
Clonsilla, . . .	2,503	1,070	105	1,280	5,158	-	2,030	1,062	12	4	
Clonsilla, . . .	2,503	1,070	319	930	10,244	-	2,727	1,507	62	0	
Clonsilla, . . .	2,503	1,070	756	-	10,244	-	2,500	2,056	41	8	
Clonsilla, . . .	2,503	1,114	81	-	4,623	-	1,548	615	10	-	
Clonsilla, . . .	2,503	1,230	114	1,400	10,434	-	2,183	2,435	60	10	
Clonsilla, . . .	16,407	2,250	890	1,100	20,654	-	4,520	3,420	67	0	
<b>County.</b>											
Donnybrook, . . .	5,590	1,250	106	204	7,150	-	2,028	835	60	2	
Donnybrook, . . .	5,590	840	600	700	7,730	-	1,129	120	0	-	
Donnybrook, . . .	4,722	849	177	4,090	9,838	-	1,588	593	37	3	
Donnybrook, . . .	16,407	2,267	320	1,050	19,034	-	6,441	3,611	230	-	
<b>Total, 1890.</b>	389,263	60,260	13,532	98,792	600,161	24	129,051	64,106	5,178	679	
<b>Total, 1889.</b>	389,263	60,260	13,532	98,792	600,161	10	129,051	64,106	5,178	679	
<b>Increase.</b>	-	20,648	257	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	
<b>Decrease.</b>	23,638	-	-	35,743	18,728	-	665	1,694	519	167	

(continued.)

## PART I.—Return showing the Receipts and Expenditure

(continued.)				Expenditure.							
Name of County and Union.	Salaries and Bounties of Officers.	All other Paid Expenses.	Total Paid Expenses.	Expenses under Medical Charities and Vaccination Acts.	Expenses under the Act for Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.	Expenses under the Public Health Act.		Ex- penses under the Licensing Act.	Ex- penses under the Licensing Act.	Ex- penses under the Licensing Act.	Ex- penses under the Licensing Act.
						For Sanitary purposes.	For Bridges.				
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
<b>PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.</b>											
<b>CLARE.</b>											
Ballyvaughan, . . .	317	712	1,451	157	7	122	1	32	-	43	24
Garraduff, . . .	261	263	1,260	297	141	176	11	94	20	31	-
Kearna, . . .	1,145	582	7,021	767	45	167	57	123	3,160	84	-
Keshcormick, . . .	625	619	4,230	529	41	210	17	33	-	28	-
Killeshock, . . .	429	221	2,130	301	22	77	8	-	301	37	-
Kilrush, . . .	517	613	6,182	761	71	212	40	13	1,110	102	-
Keshcormick, . . .	601	605	2,618	495	91	185	2	15	2,105	57	-
Yulla, . . .	517	436	4,071	500	19	160	16	20	1,561	72	-
<b>CONN.</b>											
Bandon, . . .	719	546	3,835	800	42	580	2	1	1,618	128	-
Bantry, . . .	377	261	1,246	680	32	175	16	16	8	44	-
Castletown, . . .	426	207	1,671	414	24	92	80	77	-	31	-
Clonsilla, . . .	62	420	3,414	528	37	106	4	40	428	80	-
Cork, . . .	5,312	6,223	45,037	4,637	313	1,265	250	444	1,477	806	3,360
Dunsmurray, . . .	621	223	2,160	312	31	189	1	100	509	73	-
Ferry, . . .	1,181	657	5,276	1,132	61	277	23	88	11,644	163	-
Kanturk, . . .	281	964	7,704	987	60	270	200	141	11	112	17
Kinsale, . . .	638	381	2,294	621	41	602	26	184	121	16	-
Macroom, . . .	1,346	132	5,444	1,080	54	461	27	296	4,556	85	-
Mallow, . . .	1,037	886	7,241	1,216	40	721	66	147	4,582	265	-
Midleton, . . .	102	1,465	7,228	1,891	41	573	41	286	5,187	168	-
Midleton, . . .	461	619	3,087	662	26	145	16	48	67	47	-
Millicottstown, . . .	719	645	11,626	515	32	117	5	77	2,403	83	128
Skibbereen, . . .	752	618	4,912	1,020	53	107	33	114	1,082	24	1,181
Skull, . . .	381	132	1,286	328	19	131	11	-	367	16	-
Youghal, . . .	826	754	4,621	559	24	170	60	78	6,087	112	-
<b>KERRY.</b>											
Caherdivea, . . .	516	472	2,868	895	53	757	61	101	-	65	-
Dingle, . . .	431	414	2,337	821	26	120	33	278	20	26	-
Kearna, . . .	579	339	2,410	1,084	31	180	21	108	-	35	-
Killarney, . . .	1,212	1,188	4,782	1,698	68	290	53	192	2,913	140	8
Listowel, . . .	724	813	2,750	719	64	271	54	180	2,677	125	9
Trillick, . . .	1,027	1,073	2,251	1,320	14	470	881	188	102	183	-
<b>LIMERICK.</b>											
Croom, . . .	1,405	635	6,094	651	91	480	3	75	460	163	35
Glin, . . .	481	169	1,163	1,351	85	213	15	46	1,151	41	-
Kilmaclock, . . .	1,090	2,245	12,501	2,548	65	608	20	420	1,281	894	1,778
Lisacreek, . . .	3,160	3,336	21,160	2,285	169	802	54	270	1,222	892	6
Shanagall, . . .	765	811	4,830	824	58	237	13	89	3,010	262	-
Kilmaclock, . . .	854	1,638	6,266	680	30	275	40	49	3,754	165	-
<b>TIPPERARY.</b>											
Borrisokane, . . .	402	901	2,651	416	15	124	-	36	230	73	-
Carrick-on-Suir, . . .	611	620	2,680	715	45	102	6	16	261	221	-
Cashel, . . .	1,111	1,284	8,216	1,617	49	184	3	20	2,110	222	-
Clonmel, . . .	407	614	4,240	674	26	265	5	-	2,210	222	128
Clonmel, . . .	1,230	1,250	7,021	1,694	51	295	44	49	1,040	155	-
Naasagh, . . .	481	698	6,014	820	87	904	7	188	1,187	233	-
Rooskey, . . .	712	810	2,108	787	38	109	3	281	-	114	-
Taunton, . . .	947	630	6,213	1,084	54	166	-	11	1,944	84	-
Tipperary, . . .	1,057	1,577	10,115	1,431	75	315	33	70	1,249	289	1,126
<b>WATERFORD.</b>											
Dungarvan, . . .	817	1,304	5,684	864	59	178	0	260	678	121	-
Kilmaclomass, . . .	601	387	2,220	365	15	129	-	16	958	71	-
Lismore, . . .	136	667	2,624	631	20	277	2	47	2,742	143	-
Waterford, . . .	2,009	2,441	15,419	1,771	116	643	67	164	1,669	282	-
<b>Total</b> (1890, 1891)	46,338	65,870	300,004	47,461	2,540	15,355	2,182	5,504	80,200	6,153	1,000
<b>Munster.</b> (1890, 1891)	46,152	64,920	300,750	48,107	2,482	16,018	1,774	5,326	103,315	6,671	1,000
<b>Increase,</b>	1,186	1,658	-	1,254	67	807	409	228	-	92	0
<b>Decrease,</b>	-	-	146	-	-	-	-	-	27,425	-	-

of Unions during the year ended the 29th of September, 1890—continued.

Expenditure.				Amount of Expenditure included in Columns 15 and 20 debited out of Loans.		Amount repaid to Creditors of Public Works and Road Closures Act.	Valuation on 29th Sept., 1890.	Percentage on the Valuation.		NAME OF COMMISSIONER AND UNION.
Expenditure under the Parliamentary Valuation, Jan., and Expenditure Act.	Expenditure of Loans.	Total Expenditure during the year, as shown in the column under the heading "Total Expenditure."	For Rates.	Other Expenditure.	Of Expenditure for year of the year (20th Sept., 1890), exclusive of the amount in Col. 21.			Of Total Expenditure, the amount shown in Col. 21 and 22.		
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.										
CLARE.										
80	254	2,041	-	-	-	19,705	1 105	2 84		Hallyvagh.
54	20	2,550	-	21	-	20,207	1 0	2 85		Corroon.
100	407	12,900	-	2,565	-	74,305	2 15	2 6		Ennis.
100	510	5,425	-	-	-	26,045	2 35	2 11		Ennisvagh.
50	38	5,063	-	20	-	25,362	1 105	2 4		Kilbuck.
154	208	8,308	-	-	-	22,000	2 0	2 5		Kilrush.
08	204	6,800	-	2,100	-	25,200	2 9	2 04		Scurl.
84	306	6,222	-	612	-	35,441	1 30	2 04		Tulla.
CONS.										
141	689	7,554	-	1,617	-	73,620	1 04	1 8		Bandon.
55	114	3,015	-	-	-	20,752	1 24	2 78		Bantry.
85	-	2,304	-	-	-	19,032	2 04	0 15		Castletown.
101	681	6,603	-	354	-	51,000	1 4	1 11		Glouchilly.
577	1,250	60,035	1,450	1,877	-	208,004	2 58	2 21		Cork.
51	628	3,641	-	640	-	31,675	1 22	2 42		Dunmoreway.
173	540	12,405	-	11,640	-	101,404	1 50	1 5		Ferney.
170	1,514	11,211	-	-	-	77,210	2 0	2 11		Kanturk.
100	220	4,308	-	515	-	60,233	0 9	1 34		Kinsale.
145	1,207	12,450	-	4,480	-	84,170	1 84	2 04		Macroom.
78	920	12,001	-	2,732	-	105,280	1 44	1 11		Mallow.
122	1,207	10,000	500	4,631	-	94,434	1 6	2 22		Midleton.
105	548	5,133	-	57	-	28,137	2 72	2 9		Millstreet.
50	608	8,144	-	2,244	-	60,138	1 52	2 44		Milltown.
114	802	6,092	-	1,435	-	47,032	2 1	2 54		Shilbourn.
34	80	2,605	-	357	-	15,212	2 24	2 02		Skull.
45	373	12,104	-	6,822	-	59,778	1 04	2 34		Youghal.
KERRY.										
92	149	4,904	-	350	-	22,047	2 6	4 04		Caherdive.
127	166	4,444	-	95	-	22,022	2 42	0 104		Dingle.
82	58	4,012	-	-	-	19,611	2 04	4 1		Kenmare.
327	419	13,034	-	2,200	-	76,280	2 52	2 12		Killarney.
128	620	9,944	-	2,811	-	53,014	2 10	2 14		Lisgoal.
111	604	12,107	-	-	427	67,063	2 16	2 0		Teale.
LIMERICK.										
139	341	8,097	-	650	-	61,414	1 74	2 5		Croom.
74	400	7,215	-	1,806	-	2,406	2 04	2 04		Glou.
254	1,092	21,570	-	1,491	-	217,236	1 10	2 104		Kilmallock.
223	1,008	21,570	-	1,497	-	220,414	2 52	2 04		Limerick.
158	1,044	10,645	-	2,007	-	21,200	1 74	2 68		Newcastle.
127	612	11,782	-	3,615	-	0,401	2 1	2 11		Rathkeale.
TIPPERARY.										
44	141	3,109	-	202	-	41,511	0 114	1 44		Borrisokane.
149	120	5,615	-	-	-	70,420	1 0	1 51		Carraig-on-Suib.
165	721	14,020	-	3,214	-	107,494	1 04	2 04		Cashel.
113	257	8,562	-	2,210	-	80,294	1 4	2 0		Glouch.
181	917	10,152	-	1,008	-	71,655	1 12	2 04		Glouch.
170	1,250	10,200	-	1,202	-	91,127	1 2	1 11		Kenagh.
165	-	5,005	-	-	-	91,201	0 04	1 14		Roosna.
149	64	9,294	-	1,244	-	90,482	1 48	1 82		Thurles.
209	1,707	10,573	-	1,802	-	140,223	1 0	2 24		Tipperary.
WATERFORD.										
203	307	8,470	-	661	-	52,392	0 14	2 9		Dungarvan.
84	415	4,302	-	875	-	33,000	1 48	2 12		Kilmacshannon.
79	204	7,008	-	2,722	-	49,201	1 01	2 1		Lismore.
200	222	10,806	-	1,606	-	154,270	2 0	2 54		Waterford.
6,007	27,782	612,397	2,009	60,237	487	3,446,000	1 04	2 6		1890. } Total,
7,249	24,254	430,263	2,261	100,507	1,023	3,444,805	1 04	2 04		1889. } MUNSTER.
-	2,800	-	-	-	-	2,015	-	0 04		Increase.
915	-	22,610	145	60,500	1,600	-	-	-		Decrease.

## PART 1.—RETURN showing the Receipts and Expenditure

NAME OF COUNTY AND TOWN.	Receipts.					Road Rate Imposed.	Expenditure.				
	Amount of Poor Rate Imposed.	Parish- mentary Grants.	Other Receipts, including repayment of relief by way of loan, &c.	Assessment of Sewage.	Total Receipts during the year, exclusive of Sew. Rate.		In- Maintenance.	Out- Relief.	Maintenance of Road and Bridges, and other works of local importance, not included in the cost of relief to the Poor Household.	En- dowed In- come.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.
<b>PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.</b>	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
<b>CARLOW.</b>											
Carlow, . . . . .	11,903	2,377	439	1,003	15,649	—	4,762	2,979	48	—	—
<b>DUBLIN.</b>											
Balrothery, . . . . .	5,615	1,518	210	450	7,803	—	1,576	1,435	78	—	—
Dublin, North . . . . .	48,727	5,015	4,747	236	58,725	—	15,418	5,374	1,347	—	—
Dublin, South . . . . .	56,395	8,841	3,427	—	68,663	—	27,541	3,494	918	—	—
Rathdown, . . . . .	14,426	3,978	1,158	668	19,600	—	4,165	698	270	—	—
<b>KILDARE.</b>											
Athy, . . . . .	8,701	1,190	309	—	10,201	—	2,941	1,344	150	—	—
Calbridge, . . . . .	4,758	1,991	58	745	7,552	—	1,938	1,540	30	—	—
Nass, . . . . .	9,110	2,300	657	—	12,067	—	2,784	2,929	30	—	—
<b>KILKENNY.</b>											
Callan, . . . . .	5,305	1,548	90	—	7,043	—	2,177	1,560	18	—	—
Castlecomer, . . . . .	3,445	1,000	59	445	5,049	—	1,298	789	—	—	—
Kilkenny, . . . . .	9,676	2,570	175	1,446	13,867	—	4,250	2,663	81	—	—
Thomastown, . . . . .	5,391	1,654	113	5,971	8,789	—	1,790	1,980	50	—	—
Ullingford, . . . . .	4,056	167	7	—	5,000	—	1,251	654	16	—	—
<b>KING'S CO.</b>											
Edenderry, . . . . .	4,838	1,545	37	490	7,300	—	1,463	928	42	—	—
Percepsstown, . . . . .	5,138	1,749	310	515	7,712	—	2,081	361	53	—	—
Tullamore, . . . . .	8,611	1,685	307	2,038	12,641	—	2,739	2,349	15	—	—
<b>LONGFORD.</b>											
Ballymahon, . . . . .	4,193	687	103	2,412	7,395	—	1,160	837	17	—	—
Grassard, . . . . .	6,410	1,522	262	1,880	9,074	—	1,207	1,006	70	—	—
Longford, . . . . .	5,620	1,077	355	4,200	11,252	—	2,640	1,978	19	—	—
<b>LOUTH.</b>											
Ardee, . . . . .	5,704	1,409	315	5,590	12,018	—	1,725	1,459	49	—	—
Drogheda, . . . . .	11,264	1,470	772	9,870	23,376	—	3,325	3,581	107	—	—
Dundalk, . . . . .	8,727	1,795	318	2,680	13,520	—	2,419	2,980	127	—	—
<b>MEATH.</b>											
Dunshaughlin, . . . . .	5,721	801	217	3,622	10,361	—	1,367	1,010	33	—	—
Kells, . . . . .	5,407	1,256	220	1,430	11,313	—	2,681	2,307	50	—	—
Neville, . . . . .	10,860	1,164	421	5,280	17,725	—	1,932	2,708	29	—	—
Oldcastle, . . . . .	6,155	1,294	343	4,200	12,092	—	1,265	919	59	—	—
Trim, . . . . .	8,101	1,080	392	3,035	12,598	—	1,680	2,008	64	—	—
<b>QUEEN'S CO.</b>											
Abbeyleix, . . . . .	5,888	1,178	77	—	7,133	—	1,610	1,756	60	—	—
Mountmelick, . . . . .	6,289	1,448	291	—	8,028	—	2,132	1,927	45	—	—
<b>WESTMEATH.</b>											
Athlone, . . . . .	5,097	1,393	173	—	7,563	—	2,040	1,209	45	—	—
Delvin, . . . . .	3,743	631	389	—	4,763	—	894	699	59	—	—
Mullingar, . . . . .	10,764	2,021	308	654	13,847	—	2,666	3,220	151	—	—
<b>WEXFORD.</b>											
Ennisceorthy, . . . . .	9,439	1,244	213	2,915	13,807	—	2,818	2,934	43	—	—
Gorey, . . . . .	4,571	1,025	116	—	5,712	—	1,500	831	35	—	—
New Ross, . . . . .	8,775	2,128	94	5,940	16,937	—	3,315	1,708	31	—	—
Wexford, . . . . .	4,387	1,020	723	—	10,730	—	2,043	1,590	100	—	—
<b>WICKLOW.</b>											
Ballinacorney, . . . . .	5,214	1,191	208	1,718	8,331	—	1,748	1,914	61	—	—
Bethlehem, . . . . .	7,810	1,009	155	538	10,112	—	2,263	2,215	47	—	—
Shillelogh, . . . . .	3,801	1,169	45	120	5,135	—	1,271	280	25	—	—
<b>Total, 1860, LEINSTER, 1860,</b>	365,303	68,570	18,658	60,294	512,825	—	135,332	69,730	4,585	217	—
	384,539	37,908	14,755	83,787	522,089	1	137,639	70,703	4,862	298	—
<b>Increase,</b>	—	30,662	3,903	—	271	—	—	—	483	—	—
<b>Decrease,</b>	10,707	—	—	17,493	—	1	2,276	673	—	—	—

of Unions during the year ended the 29th of September, 1890—continued.

## Expenditure.

[continued.]

Salaries and Rations of Officers.	All other Poor Relief Expenditure.	Total Poor Relief Expenditure.	Expenditure under Medical Charities and Variations Act.	Expenditure under the Aid for Repatriation of Irishmen, Drones, and Marriages.	Expenditure under the Public Health Act.		Expenditure under the Superannuation Act.	Expenditure under the Lancashire Act.	Expenditure under the County Borough (Add- mole) Act.	Expenditure under the National School Board Act.	Names of Unions.
					For Sanitary purposes.	For Dental purposes.					
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.
1,327	1,628	10,588	1,558	78	515	100	130	3,800	208	-	Carlow.
705	745	4,060	1,092	36	650	20	174	210	460	350	DUBLIN.
4,250	9,075	27,494	4,066	473	677	207	854	625	3,171	56	Brathbury, Dublin, North Dublin, South, Rathdown.
7,298	9,075	27,494	4,066	473	677	207	854	625	3,171	56	
1,944	2,317	10,254	2,141	120	1,480	547	104	-	45	-	KILDARE.
630	1,033	6,712	1,408	60	258	43	114	306	120	-	Athy.
759	697	4,450	945	34	550	207	107	1,008	105	-	Colmidge.
1,115	817	7,032	1,267	81	708	247	24	618	825	-	Noss.
881	892	5,550	609	32	240	12	40	160	117	-	KILKUBB.
791	354	3,101	610	57	107	-	-	654	35	395	Colman, Cobbeemore, Kilbenny, Thamesdown, Uddingford.
1,507	1,345	9,490	960	82	955	0	113	2,476	17	-	
670	632	4,218	630	90	214	3	11	1,557	117	-	
530	428	2,680	615	21	148	-	14	-	78	-	
608	740	8,220	1,210	34	922	65	213	1,053	122	331	Kerr's Co. Edenderry, Parsinstown, Tallmore.
724	801	4,030	1,218	57	943	4	250	304	144	12	
833	673	6,520	1,310	51	254	29	11	2,610	78	454	
628	699	2,913	705	26	142	220	30	2,610	134	335	LAWSON.
588	568	4,778	1,000	57	169	111	132	2,777	147	-	Ballynash, Newry, Longford.
779	1,150	6,260	801	51	5,137	44	-	308	183	-	
778	625	4,624	695	33	211	36	38	5,747	112	7	LOUTH.
846	1,430	6,654	1,260	70	318	33	92	10,541	287	-	Ardee, Drogheda.
496	1,158	7,092	1,301	93	510	2	100	4,373	212	-	Dundalk.
732	926	4,171	770	10	155	-	-	961	131	-	MEATH.
351	1,371	7,111	692	29	144	24	170	5,540	172	500	Dundoughlin, Kells, Navan, Obisla, Trim.
736	1,079	6,663	1,603	38	984	77	10	5,501	107	529	
587	679	3,466	729	21	114	10	125	5,520	84	040	
747	676	0,437	828	20	218	29	64	260	181	604	
705	543	4,761	960	20	327	50	140	0	142	22	Queen's Co. Abbeyleix, Mamreelick.
867	705	6,827	1,067	65	407	16	305	373	110	-	
779	1,187	5,230	1,171	62	921	37	47	-	106	-	WESTMEATH.
494	560	2,711	565	10	171	79	-	2,414	182	188	Athlone, Celina, Mullingar.
940	1,118	8,090	1,490	69	707	714	803	3,277	160	30	
1076	915	7,088	1,498	73	100	28	47	4,814	147	-	WEXFORD.
716	494	3,210	832	37	200	1	88	1,380	295	311	Ennisceorthy, Gerry, New Ross, Wexford.
600	1,180	7,710	1,871	60	323	41	104	-	295	-	
584	771	0,750	1,178	75	183	15	-	144	749	-	
699	748	4,485	910	33	127	2	104	1,507	168	-	WICKLOW.
650	779	0,351	1,724	61	413	62	88	107	218	29	Dahingham, Rushmore, Shillelagh.
630	484	3,210	817	29	131	80	130	323	114	-	
47,544	47,287	200,701	50,013	2,864	17,473	3,276	9,213	75,213	11,314	4,550	1890 Total.
43,062	46,032	200,769	46,728	2,795	14,778	2,964	9,044	74,361	11,465	5,013	1889, 1890.
482	-	-	3,091	67	2,301	309	168	338	-	-	INCREASE.
-	418	3,008	-	-	-	-	-	-	654	977	DECREASE.

[continued.]



PART I.—RETURN showing the Receipts and Expenditure of Unions during the year ended the 29th of September, 1890—continued.

Expenditure—(continued).				Amount of Expenditure included in Columns 14 and 15, defrayed out of Loans.		Amount repaid to Comptroller of Public Works out of the Road Supply Act.	Valuation on 29th Sept., 1890.	Proportion to Valuation.	
NAME OF UNION.	Repairs under the Parliamentary Valuation, and Expenditure Act.	Repairs of Loans.	Total Expenditure on the year, viz. on account of Loans repaid in 1890.	Poor Rates.	Other Expenditure.			Of Expenditure for Repairs of Loans (1890) as a proportion of the amount repaid in 1890.	Of Expenditure for Repairs of Loans (1890) as a proportion of the amount repaid in 1890.
24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.	32.	33.
<b>PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.</b>	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.
<b>CARLOW.</b>									
Carlow, . . . . .	282	263	17,560	—	3,838	—	100,018	1 8	1 14
<b>DUBLIN.</b>									
Balrothery, . . . . .	183	204	3,240	—	475	—	95,008	0 11½	1 1
Dublin, North, . . . . .	603	2,189	2,300	—	151	—	494,027	1 11½	1 1
Dublin, South, . . . . .	1,195	1,750	62,210	—	2,422	—	790,008	1 4½	1 1
Rathdown, . . . . .	710	407	16,960	—	688	—	371,662	0 6½	1 10½
<b>KILDARE.</b>									
Adly, . . . . .	174	207	9,050	—	106	—	110,007	1 3½	1 14½
Celbridge, . . . . .	185	41	7,438	—	715	—	114,010	0 10	1 10
Nass, . . . . .	280	420	11,754	—	701	—	155,183	1 0	1 10
<b>KILKENNY.</b>									
Cullen, . . . . .	187	205	7,169	—	162	—	71,777	1 6½	1 10½
Castlecomer, . . . . .	94	128	5,122	—	625	—	32,072	1 11½	1 10½
Kilkenny, . . . . .	177	110	11,704	—	2,492	—	90,008	1 10½	1 10½
Thomastown, . . . . .	180	215	7,000	—	1,610	—	60,073	1 2½	1 10½
Uxlingford, . . . . .	360	52	3,011	—	—	—	48,000	1 10½	1 10½
<b>KING'S CO.</b>									
Edgellerry, . . . . .	185	86	8,275	—	1,102	—	65,335	0 6½	1 1
Parsonstown, . . . . .	138	183	6,492	—	251	—	102,578	0 6½	1 10½
Tullamore, . . . . .	179	463	12,155	—	2,041	—	65,375	1 7	1 10½
<b>LONGFORD.</b>									
Ballymahon, . . . . .	68	201	7,445	—	2,081	—	61,707	0 11½	1 10
Granard, . . . . .	194	357	10,008	—	2,045	—	60,716	1 1½	1 10
Longford, . . . . .	260	424	12,301	—	2,470	—	60,706	1 10½	1 10
<b>LOUTH.</b>									
Ardee, . . . . .	79	385	12,107	—	5,092	—	64,394	0 11½	1 10
Doonbeg, . . . . .	201	1,294	23,025	—	10,031	—	125,406	1 10½	1 10
Dundalk, . . . . .	181	162	12,738	—	3,275	—	100,401	1 10½	1 10
<b>MOUTH.</b>									
Dunshaughlin, . . . . .	148	271	6,020	—	607	—	100,004	0 6½	1 10
Kells, . . . . .	121	205	15,560	—	2,078	—	90,501	1 10½	1 10
Nam, . . . . .	187	367	17,162	—	7,760	—	90,210	1 10½	1 10
Oldcastle, . . . . .	100	455	9,000	—	3,084	—	62,002	1 10½	1 10
Trim, . . . . .	104	637	9,004	—	280	—	100,006	1 2	1 10
<b>QUEEN'S CO.</b>									
Abbeyleix, . . . . .	125	59	6,076	—	—	—	65,007	1 10	1 10
Monaghan, . . . . .	185	216	9,001	—	122	—	102,000	1 10	1 10
<b>WICKLOUGH.</b>									
Athlone, . . . . .	52	68	6,006	—	—	—	58,000	1 10	1 10
Belvis, . . . . .	87	799	7,100	—	2,150	—	50,004	1 10	1 10
Naas, . . . . .	165	900	15,078	—	3,210	—	150,000	1 10	1 10
<b>WEXFORD.</b>									
Ennisicordy, . . . . .	200	136	14,560	—	4,244	—	111,000	1 4½	1 10
Gowry, . . . . .	137	266	5,703	—	1,226	—	60,410	0 10½	1 10
New Ross, . . . . .	354	81	10,000	—	—	—	100,000	1 10	1 10
Wexford, . . . . .	118	1,107	6,704	—	—	—	100,439	1 3	1 10
<b>WICKLOUGH.</b>									
Ballinglass, . . . . .	120	307	7,003	—	1,012	—	73,000	1 10	1 10
Rathfriland, . . . . .	181	87	6,271	—	607	—	128,187	1 10	1 10
Shillbough, . . . . .	182	115	4,018	—	120	—	50,000	1 4½	1 10
<b>Total, 1890.</b>	5,110	17,786	490,340	—	79,419	—	4,705,920	1 10	1 10
<b>LEINSTER, 1889.</b>	5,072	14,741	490,000	1,018	77,759	1,304	4,703,640	1 10	1 10
<b>Increase, Decrease,</b>	38	3,045	4,340	1,018	2,660	1,304	1,280	—	0 10

## PART I.—RETURN showing the Receipts and Expenditure of Unions during the year ended the 29th of September, 1890—continued.

NAMES OF COUNTY AND UNIONS.	Receipts.					Total Receipts during the year, exclusive of Road Rates.	Expenditure—(continued).				
	Amount of Poor Rate lodged.	Parish- vestry Grants.	Other Receipts, including repairs out of Relief by way of loan, &c.	Amount of Loans.	Total Receipts during the year, exclusive of Road Rates.		To- Main- tenance.	Out- Relief.	Maintenance of Blind and Deaf and Dumb Asylums, and of Asylums for the Insane, and of Asylums for the Feeble-minded.	Emi- gration Expenses.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	
<b>PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.</b>	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
<b>GALWAY.</b>											
Baltimore, . . .	5,991	1,393	187	70	6,758	—	2,550	433	—	7	
Clifden, . . .	4,017	993	71	—	4,681	514	—	580	—	—	
Galway, . . .	6,723	2,161	403	230	9,517	—	3,357	613	53	—	
Glenties, . . .	1,735	929	—	—	4,054	10	166	537	63	—	
Gort, . . .	4,112	829	110	—	5,051	—	1,335	612	82	—	
Letterkenny, . . .	4,771	833	73	80	5,757	—	1,538	1,135	52	5	
Monaghan, . . .	2,742	829	10	—	3,581	3	614	371	35	1	
Oughterard, . . .	3,214	884	8	—	5,126	—	680	151	25	—	
Portlanna, . . .	4,128	701	119	—	5,148	—	1,183	126	31	—	
Tamagh, . . .	7,944	1,588	59	—	9,171	18	1,760	1,546	38	—	
<b>LEITRIM.</b>											
Carr-on-Shockom, . . .	4,747	1,144	341	100	7,098	—	1,125	954	28	47	
Newhamilton, . . .	3,205	1,637	64	100	4,934	—	1,562	441	36	20	
Mobill, . . .	3,486	1,211	53	—	4,695	—	1,361	893	36	5	
<b>MAYO.</b>											
Ballina, . . .	4,968	895	8	—	6,268	—	1,799	719	103	54	
Ballinrobe, . . .	4,918	1,210	280	—	6,268	—	1,392	835	8	8	
Belmullet, . . .	2,231	510	178	—	3,051	—	661	74	30	51	
Castlerea, . . .	3,423	789	84	—	4,906	14	670	639	72	—	
Claremorris, . . .	3,075	790	51	—	4,061	59	884	689	7	—	
Killadea, . . .	1,732	479	11	—	2,242	—	555	221	11	17	
Swineford, . . .	4,032	1,147	130	—	7,089	30	1,661	553	140	—	
Westport, . . .	3,014	1,260	133	—	4,879	—	1,100	310	119	12	
<b>ROSCOMMON.</b>											
Boyle, . . .	4,734	1,335	199	—	7,176	—	1,568	1,192	47	26	
Castlerea, . . .	5,585	1,232	127	—	6,911	—	1,419	771	75	1	
Roscommon, . . .	5,406	1,115	86	80	6,687	—	2,271	891	53	—	
Strokestown, . . .	5,061	752	12	—	5,925	—	1,218	1,086	69	12	
<b>SLEIGH.</b>											
Dromore West, . . .	3,203	817	72	—	4,091	—	487	460	70	—	
Sleigo, . . .	10,936	1,318	231	100	12,476	—	2,547	1,061	45	—	
Tubbercurry, . . .	4,088	744	51	—	4,796	18	917	623	101	—	
<b>Total, 1890.</b>	125,671	20,192	3,941	1,974	151,778	490	36,223	16,235	1,625	316	
<b>CONNAUGHT, 1890.</b>	127,124	19,769	3,319	4,508	152,828	650	36,220	16,118	1,738	412	
<b>Increase, . . .</b>	—	10,522	622	—	6,512	—	75	206	115	—	
<b>Decrease, . . .</b>	1,457	—	—	3,134	—	370	—	—	—	67	
<b>SUMMARY OF PROVINCES.</b>											
<b>UNITED, . . .</b>	197,458	60,537	7,938	7,073	232,768	3	67,049	31,314	2,564	—	
<b>MUNSTER, . . .</b>	304,793	69,565	13,368	79,530	436,161	54	129,671	51,169	4,375	375	
<b>LEINSTER, . . .</b>	309,822	68,570	19,569	61,294	438,966	—	133,566	63,739	4,865	212	
<b>CONNAUGHT, . . .</b>	125,671	20,192	3,941	1,974	151,778	490	36,223	16,235	1,625	316	
<b>Total, 1890.</b>	1,043,744	227,311	43,849	164,083	1,485,607	613	362,379	164,758	13,609	537	
<b>IRELAND, 1890.</b>	1,114,366	127,363	35,296	231,579	1,461,694	267	360,216	165,099	12,981	1,222	
<b>Increase, . . .</b>	—	69,348	7,553	—	3,775	—	—	—	119	—	
<b>Decrease, . . .</b>	53,718	—	—	48,510	—	374	970	1,320	—	288	

(continued.  
P

## PART I.—RETURN showing the Receipts and Expenditure

NAME OF COUNTY OR UNION.	Receipts.					Expenditure.					
	Salaries and Gratuities of Officers.	Alms and Poor Relief Expenditure.	Total Poor Relief Expenditure.	Expenses under Medical Charities and Vaccination Acts.	Expenses under the Acts for Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.	Expenses under the Public Health Acts.		Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Expenses under the Local Taxation Acts.	Expenses under the Local Government Acts.	Expenses under the Local Government Acts.
						For Sanitary Purposes.	For Bridges, &c.				
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
<b>PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.</b>											
<b>GALWAY.</b>	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Ballinasloe, . . . . .	780	1,250	4,555	1,104	38	224	20	120	—	120	—
Clifden, . . . . .	327	568	1,894	742	47	144	56	—	—	120	—
Galway, . . . . .	1,534	828	4,024	1,038	96	349	170	87	—	204	—
Glennamaddy, . . . . .	481	256	2,251	442	78	111	0	23	—	141	—
Gort, . . . . .	522	471	3,149	816	21	144	4	70	—	40	—
Loughrea, . . . . .	612	501	2,046	672	44	479	28	30	102	104	—
Mountshillew, . . . . .	452	240	2,002	719	31	112	11	—	—	89	—
Oughterford, . . . . .	484	870	1,677	942	44	125	14	15	—	41	—
Portlanna, . . . . .	590	901	2,743	528	18	135	5	13	—	208	—
Tulla, . . . . .	770	861	4,084	1,128	78	346	183	215	—	181	—
<b>LEITRIM.</b>											
One-on-Rhannon, . . . . .	781	894	2,552	616	42	1,060	14	84	—	85	—
Manorhamillan, . . . . .	595	915	2,077	784	80	141	4	147	20	65	—
Moillil, . . . . .	684	825	2,071	759	47	154	35	38	225	84	—
<b>MAYO.</b>											
Ballina, . . . . .	712	553	2,237	421	49	306	22	80	—	254	—
Ballinrobe, . . . . .	771	612	2,552	484	68	366	24	19	—	178	—
Balmulree, . . . . .	540	407	1,610	487	19	70	23	34	—	42	—
Castlesbar, . . . . .	563	285	2,228	684	82	232	—	24	—	75	—
Claremorris, . . . . .	634	342	2,522	868	46	175	31	28	—	78	—
Killybeg, . . . . .	584	189	1,428	276	14	141	30	60	—	107	—
Strimford, . . . . .	701	751	2,776	582	166	270	47	139	—	146	—
Westport, . . . . .	698	618	2,861	1,223	61	607	49	291	—	75	—
<b>ROSCOMMON.</b>											
Boyle, . . . . .	776	771	4,204	1,184	71	159	50	—	—	180	—
Castlerea, . . . . .	598	826	2,608	782	70	807	31	112	—	105	—
Roscommon, . . . . .	792	878	4,682	544	40	214	9	85	205	109	—
Slackstown, . . . . .	868	687	2,461	615	31	508	28	20	4	88	—
<b>SLIGO.</b>											
Dromore West, . . . . .	428	280	1,680	440	23	89	87	16	—	122	—
Sligo, . . . . .	508	931	5,612	1,940	88	224	61	13	—	220	1,000
Coleraine, . . . . .	617	422	2,020	608	41	155	4	48	54	72	—
Total, (1880, 1881, 1882,)	17,820	18,825	50,134	21,828	1,405	3,745	1,000	1,005	1,007	3,053	1,280
Connaught, (1880, 1881, 1882,)	17,747	18,843	50,373	22,330	1,299	3,412	1,028	1,301	1,070	2,918	1,280
Increase, . . . . .	123	—	—	—	106	333	—	—	—	461	1,280
Decrease, . . . . .	—	754	285	525	—	—	220	110	1,703	—	—
<b>SUMMARY OF</b>											
<b>ULSTER.</b>	30,077	30,450	155,858	45,063	3,091	14,864	892	3,161	1,703	4,084	13,790
<b>MUNSTER.</b>	42,332	45,870	200,404	47,661	2,349	13,344	2,182	3,804	80,000	6,181	8,870
<b>LEINSTER.</b>	42,844	47,397	300,761	60,033	2,888	17,473	3,270	5,912	75,212	11,219	4,080
<b>CONNAUGHT.</b>	17,820	18,825	50,134	21,828	1,405	3,745	1,000	1,005	1,007	3,053	1,280
<b>TOTAL, (1880, 1881, 1882,)</b>	130,722	135,225	651,068	161,361	10,400	34,887	7,082	14,622	180,884	25,255	27,840
<b>INCREASE, (1880, 1881, 1882,)</b>	130,777	136,014	653,913	167,965	10,201	54,817	3,863	14,428	180,280	25,000	27,840
Increase, . . . . .	1,945	2,011	2,085	2,880	200	—	821	507	—	—	20
Decrease, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	180	—	—	28,180	201	—

of Unions during the year ended the 29th of September, 1890—continued.

Expenditure.			Amount of Expenditure included in Columns 15 and 16 during the year ended 29th Sept. 1890.		Amount repaid in Commutation of Public Works under the Public Works Act.	Valuation on 25th Sept. 1888.	Percentage on the Valuation.			Name of Union.
Expenditure on the Public-works, Water, and Electricity Acts.	Expenditure on the Public-works, Water, and Electricity Acts.	Total Expenditure during the year, as shown in Column 15, less amount repaid under the Public Works Act.	Public-works.	Other Expenditure.			Per Cent.	Per Cent.	Per Cent.	
24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.	32.	33.	34.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	
344	150	6,458	-	-	550	77,611	1 2	1 8		PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.
73	65	3,156	-	-	525	17,493	2 14	8 74		GALWAY.
169	174	5,144	-	120	-	54,818	1 10	2 6		Bellinacree.
87	25	8,188	-	-	238	31,748	1 62	1 104		Clifden.
78	180	4,214	-	-	-	21,118	1 05	1 114		Galway.
118	404	5,921	-	291	8	76,285	0 114	1 08		Glennamaddy.
81	-	3,095	-	-	-	40,252	0 0	0 0		Coort.
112	-	2,381	-	-	-	14,895	2 8	2 112		Loughrea.
127	65	5,511	-	-	-	25,225	1 04	1 112		Mountbellew.
114	65	7,247	-	-	600	76,785	1 24	1 84		Oughmound.
										Portlanna.
										Tulla.
168	137	5,782	-	898	-	48,163	1 87	2 04		LEITRIM.
88	141	4,225	-	52	-	42,665	1 24	1 124		Car-on-Shannon.
78	81	4,471	-	225	-	38,436	1 5	2 12		Monaghan.
										Mohill.
71	-	4,466	-	-	-	49,814	1 44	1 82		MAYO.
4	74	4,694	-	-	-	63,227	1 24	1 74		Ballina.
89	167	3,878	-	-	100	10,818	2 124	4 84		Ballinrobe.
821	167	5,765	-	-	320	46,812	0 112	1 74		Belmullet.
87	168	5,687	-	-	500	47,752	1 24	1 694		Castletown.
83	-	2,070	-	-	-	24,525	1 44	2 04		Clonsilla.
67	350	8,820	-	-	490	41,860	1 10	2 10		Glenties.
84	35	6,112	-	-	-	44,155	1 04	2 04		Swanfield.
										Westport.
181	80	6,549	-	-	-	74,225	1 2	1 84		DONALDSON.
84	858	5,679	-	-	290	71,072	0 112	1 64		Boyle.
40	103	6,809	-	368	2	61,515	1 04	1 104		Castletown.
67	632	6,129	-	-	-	50,812	1 44	2 04		Donaghadee.
										Stranorlar.
88	77	2,870	-	-	-	35,890	0 104	1 44		SLIGO.
203	221	9,234	-	-	-	80,570	1 14	1 104		Dromore West.
84	82	4,017	-	-	-	40,742	1 5	1 112		Sligo.
										Tobacco.
2,294	4,390	125,152	-	1,524	2,112	1,255,637	1 24	1 112		1890. } Total.
2,337	5,028	127,772	-	4,182	7,995	1,263,846	1 82	1 112		1890. } CONNAUGHT.
-	-	-	-	-	-	111	-	-		Increase.
803	1,968	2,618	-	2,378	4,794	-	-	-		Decrease.

## PROVINCES.

7,729	9,738	250,961	2,228	6,541	-	4,456,377	0 84	1 14		ULSTER.
9,967	17,763	615,877	2,969	33,837	487	2,416,960	1 04	2 6		MUNSTER.
8,116	17,788	468,285	-	75,410	-	4,786,430	1 84	1 8		LEINSTER.
2,594	4,350	126,355	-	1,234	1,112	1,868,997	2 24	1 112		CONNAUGHT.
25,585	19,694	1,691,872	4,637	108,222	2,800	12,894,264	1 24	1 6		1890. } TOTAL.
27,738	24,622	1,420,568	8,219	202,468	11,074	12,905,238	1 24	1 6		1890. } IRELAND.
-	2,911	-	1,668	-	-	26,013	-	-		Increase.
2,160	-	18,894	-	24,342	2,205	-	-	-		Decrease.

Tab. L. Part 2.—*Summary of the number of persons who received relief during the year ended the 25th of September, 1889, together with the expenditure for provisions, necessaries and clothing of workmen inmates during the year, and the average weekly cost per head in the workhouse.*

Parish or Workhouse and Union.	Number of persons who received relief under the Poor Relief Act during the year.				Calculated additional days for all persons provided for in the workhouse during the year.	Average number of days of relief under the Poor Relief Act for each person in the workhouse.	Average daily number of persons in workhouse.	Cost of provisions, necessaries, and clothing.			Average weekly cost per head.		
	In Workhouse.	Out-door.	In Out-door and Out-door during the year.	Total.				Provisions and Necessaries.	Clothing.	Total.	Provisions and Necessaries.	Clothing.	Total.
<b>PROVINCE OF IRELAND.</b>								£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
<b>County.</b>													
Armagh, . . . . .	1,718	200	2	1,919	46,450	24	180	1,200	200	1,400	0 4	0 12	0 16
Ballymena, . . . . .	250	11	—	261	10,200	39	80	400	20	420	0 2½	0 0	0 2½
Ballymore, . . . . .	1,210	1,710	2	2,922	110,400	38	700	1,200	200	1,400	1 0	0 10	1 10
Ballymoney, . . . . .	1,210	200	4	1,414	99,100	30	120	400	100	500	1 0	0 4	1 4
Carrick, . . . . .	20,000	200	44	20,244	1,200,000	50	1,200	4,000	2,000	6,000	2 10	0 7	2 17
Down, . . . . .	1,210	400	4	1,614	67,100	41	180	1,200	200	1,400	0 4½	0 4	0 8½
Fermanagh, . . . . .	1,211	200	2	1,413	50,000	35	100	800	100	900	0 10	0 0	0 10
<b>County.</b>													
Armagh, . . . . .	200	11	2	213	10,000	47	100	1,000	200	1,200	0 10	0 0	0 10
Down, . . . . .	1,200	200	10	1,410	110,000	44	200	1,200	100	1,300	0 0	0 0	0 0
<b>County.</b>													
Armagh, . . . . .	200	200	2	402	10,000	40	100	1,000	100	1,100	0 10	0 0	0 10
Ballymena, . . . . .	200	200	—	400	10,000	40	100	1,000	100	1,100	0 10	0 0	0 10
Ballymore, . . . . .	2,210	200	10	2,420	100,000	40	100	1,000	200	1,200	0 10	0 0	0 10
Carrick, . . . . .	200	200	2	402	10,000	40	100	1,000	100	1,100	0 10	0 0	0 10
<b>County.</b>													
Armagh, . . . . .	200	200	—	400	10,000	40	100	1,000	100	1,100	0 10	0 0	0 10
Down, . . . . .	200	200	—	400	10,000	40	100	1,000	100	1,100	0 10	0 0	0 10
Ballymena, . . . . .	200	200	—	400	10,000	40	100	1,000	100	1,100	0 10	0 0	0 10
Ballymore, . . . . .	2,210	200	10	2,420	100,000	40	100	1,000	200	1,200	0 10	0 0	0 10
Carrick, . . . . .	200	200	—	400	10,000	40	100	1,000	100	1,100	0 10	0 0	0 10
<b>County.</b>													
Armagh, . . . . .	200	200	—	400	10,000	40	100	1,000	100	1,100	0 10	0 0	0 10
Down, . . . . .	200	200	—	400	10,000	40	100	1,000	100	1,100	0 10	0 0	0 10
Ballymena, . . . . .	200	200	—	400	10,000	40	100	1,000	100	1,100	0 10	0 0	0 10
Ballymore, . . . . .	2,210	200	10	2,420	100,000	40	100	1,000	200	1,200	0 10	0 0	0 10
Carrick, . . . . .	200	200	—	400	10,000	40	100	1,000	100	1,100	0 10	0 0	0 10
<b>County.</b>													
Armagh, . . . . .	200	200	—	400	10,000	40	100	1,000	100	1,100	0 10	0 0	0 10
Down, . . . . .	200	200	—	400	10,000	40	100	1,000	100	1,100	0 10	0 0	0 10
Ballymena, . . . . .	200	200	—	400	10,000	40	100	1,000	100	1,100	0 10	0 0	0 10
Ballymore, . . . . .	2,210	200	10	2,420	100,000	40	100	1,000	200	1,200	0 10	0 0	0 10
Carrick, . . . . .	200	200	—	400	10,000	40	100	1,000	100	1,100	0 10	0 0	0 10

Summary of number of persons

[Ann. 1]

Malton, . . . . .	458	22	—	481	25,000	22	75	448	100	540	0 13	0 0	0 75
Scarborough, . . . . .	554	0	2	556	25,500	40	85	554	87	641	1 7	0 0	0 15
<b>Towns.</b>													
Banbridge, . . . . .	2,012	100	4	2,116	27,000	52	200	2,107	595	2,702	0 05	0 05	0 12
Downpatrick, . . . . .	500	104	0	604	20,100	70	107	604	141	745	0 10	0 0	0 4
Kilkeel, . . . . .	500	70	4	574	20,340	45	50	554	11	565	0 10	0 00	0 0
Lisney, . . . . .	2,012	1,750	10	3,762	26,207	30	556	1,007	507	1,514	2 00	0 00	0 00
Northampton, . . . . .	1,247	444	3	1,694	22,000	50	500	1,200	251	1,451	0 40	0 00	0 12
<b>Provincials.</b>													
Belfast, . . . . .	1,120	20	0	1,140	20,100	75	222	1,200	540	1,740	0 00	0 00	0 00
Derry, . . . . .	440	17	—	457	22,700	27	22	440	71	511	0 7	0 0	0 17
Londonderry, . . . . .	500	112	—	612	22,000	54	50	500	50	550	0 10	0 00	0 0
<b>Lumpsums.</b>													
Coleraine, . . . . .	500	500	0	1,000	20,000	20	210	500	141	640	0 10	0 00	0 10
Lisnakeilly, . . . . .	2,000	—	3	2,003	20,100	20	210	2,000	100	2,100	1 10	0 00	0 10
Londonderry, . . . . .	5,000	50	7	5,057	20,000	20	200	5,000	407	5,407	1 20	0 0	0 20
Maghera, . . . . .	2,100	120	0	2,220	21,000	50	200	2,100	101	2,201	0 00	0 0	0 0
<b>Monasteries.</b>													
Castellany, . . . . .	1,100	504	0	1,604	20,000	20	210	1,100	100	1,200	0 10	0 4	0 20
Castellany, . . . . .	1,100	400	4	1,504	20,000	20	210	1,100	100	1,200	0 7	0 0	0 20
Clon, . . . . .	500	20	—	520	20,000	20	10	500	70	570	0 00	0 40	0 10
Marazion, . . . . .	514	—	4	518	20,000	20	210	514	101	615	0 40	0 0	0 10
<b>Towns.</b>													
Castellany, . . . . .	504	0	1	505	20,000	20	20	500	40	540	0 00	0 40	0 10
Clon, . . . . .	704	40	0	744	20,000	40	40	700	120	820	0 0	0 0	0 10
Castellany, . . . . .	514	100	0	614	20,000	70	210	500	110	610	0 20	0 40	0 10
Downpatrick, . . . . .	1,200	501	1	1,702	20,100	20	240	1,200	200	1,400	0 0	0 0	0 10
Downpatrick, . . . . .	1,200	700	4	1,904	20,000	20	204	1,200	240	1,440	0 0	0 0	0 10
Downpatrick, . . . . .	1,774	501	0	2,275	20,100	20	200	1,700	575	2,275	0 0	0 0	0 10
Total Urban, 1890, . . . . .	25,000	21,000	172	46,172	2,000,000	27	2,000	25,000	10,000	35,000	0 00	0 0	0 10
Do. do. 1890, . . . . .	25,000	21,000	172	46,172	2,000,000	27	2,000	25,000	10,000	35,000	0 00	0 0	0 10
Severe, . . . . .	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	1,000	400	1,400	0 10	0 00	0 10
Income, . . . . .	500	500	—	1,000	20,000	—	200	—	—	—	—	—	—



Wool, ..	400	400	0	180	38,248	75	80	515	75	505	1 0	0 4	1 0
Woolen, ..	1,700	700	0	6,500	60,000	40	201	1,600	200	1,400	0 04	0 04	0 0
<b>Wares.</b>													
Calendered, ..	800	800	0	1,000	30,000	70	100	900	50	850	0 00	0 00	0 0
Wings, ..	100	100	0	100	60,000	00	171	1,200	100	1,100	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	800	800	0	1,000	30,000	00	80	800	00	800	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	1,000	1,000	0	2,000	200,000	200	877	8,000	400	7,600	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	1,100	1,200	0	2,000	70,000	00	200	1,400	100	1,300	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	1,000	1,000	10	2,000	100,000	70	000	2,000	500	1,500	0 11	0 00	0 00
<b>Woolen.</b>													
Woolen, ..	2,000	2,000	0	2,000	40,000	00	000	1,000	000	1,000	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	000	000	0	1,000	40,000	00	000	000	100	1,000	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	2,000	2,000	00	2,000	200,000	00	011	0,000	100	1,000	0 11	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	10,000	6,000	04	24,000	240,000	00	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	000	000	0	1,000	70,000	00	000	1,000	000	1,000	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	2,000	1,000	0	2,000	00,000	00	000	1,000	000	1,000	0 1	0 00	0 00
<b>Woolen.</b>													
Woolen, ..	100	100	1	000	00,000	00	00	000	04	001	0 0	0 00	0 00
Woolen on sale, ..	0,000	000	1	0,000	00,000	00	000	1,000	000	1,000	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	0,000	1,000	01	0,000	000,000	00	000	0,000	000	0,000	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	0,000	000	1	0,000	00,000	00	000	0,000	000	0,000	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	0,000	000	0	0,000	000,000	00	000	0,000	000	0,000	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	000	1,000	0	0,000	000,000	00	100	1,000	000	1,000	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	1,000	000	"	1,000	00,000	00	000	1,000	000	1,000	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	0,000	000	0	0,000	000,000	00	000	1,000	000	1,000	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	0,000	0,000	0	1,000	100,000	00	000	0,000	000	0,000	0 00	0 00	0 00
<b>Woolen.</b>													
Woolen, ..	0,000	000	0	0,000	100,000	00	000	0,000	000	0,000	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	000	000	"	1,000	00,000	00	000	1,000	100	1,000	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	0,000	000	0	0,000	70,000	00	000	1,000	000	1,000	0 00	0 00	0 00
Woolen, ..	0,000	0,000	04	0,000	000,000	00	000	0,000	000	0,000	0 00	0 00	0 00
<b>Woolen.</b>													
Woolen, 1890, ..	200,000	00,000	000	100,000	0,000,000	00	10,000	100,000	00,000	000,000	1 00	0 00	1 00
Woolen, 1890, ..	100,000	00,000	000	100,000	0,000,000	00	10,000	100,000	00,000	000,000	1 00	0 00	1 00
<b>Woolen.</b>													
Woolen, ..	—	1,000	00	—	—	0	—	—	—	—	0 00	—	0 00
Woolen, ..	10,000	—	—	00,000	—	—	000	—	1,000	—	—	0 00	—

Continued.



No. 1. **Part 2.**—*Table of the number of persons who received relief during the year ended the 31st of September, 1893, together with the expenditure for provisions, necessaries and clothing of workhouse inmates during the year, &c.—continued.*

Parishes or Townships and Unions.	Number of persons who received relief under the Poor Relief Act during the year.				Effective number of days for all persons included in the workhouse during the year.	Average number of days of relief to each person in the workhouse.	Average daily number of persons in workhouse.	Cost of provisions, necessaries, and clothing.			Average weekly cost per head.		
	In Workhouse.	Out door.	In door and Out door together.	Total.				Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing.	Total.	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing.	Total.
<b>PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.</b>								£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
<b>County.</b>													
Carlow, . . . . .	2,211	1,700	3	4,201	206,100	96	440	4,058	874	4,932	0 0½	0 1½	4 0
<b>Dublin.</b>													
Edinburgh, . . . . .	551	431	8	1,207	48,600	51	170	1,307	340	1,647	0 1½	0 7	0 11½
Galway, North, . . . . .	20,000	2,100	74	22,174	200,000	70	2,000	20,000	2,000	22,000	0 6	0 4	0 10
Galway, South, . . . . .	20,000	2,000	70	22,070	1,114,700	100	2,000	24,000	1,000	25,000	0 7	0 4½	0 11½
Katharine, . . . . .	4,000	1,200	10	5,210	200,000	40	200	1,000	500	1,500	0 0	0 7	0 7
<b>Kilkenny.</b>													
Arly, . . . . .	1,000	900	7	2,000	80,000	20	270	2,000	400	2,400	0 6½	0 7	0 13½
Carbury, . . . . .	1,000	800	—	1,800	80,000	27	150	1,000	300	1,300	0 7½	0 6½	0 14
Kearney, . . . . .	1,000	1,700	0	2,700	110,000	20	200	2,000	700	2,700	0 8½	0 4	0 12½
<b>Kilkenny.</b>													
Carlow, . . . . .	1,000	500	0	1,500	60,000	20	200	1,000	400	1,400	0 6½	0 7	0 13½
Carlow, South, . . . . .	1,000	500	—	1,500	40,000	27	200	1,000	300	1,300	0 6½	0 6½	0 13
Edinburgh, . . . . .	4,000	1,700	0	5,700	200,000	27	200	2,000	400	2,400	0 10	0 0	0 10
Edinburgh, . . . . .	1,000	500	0	1,500	60,000	27	200	1,000	300	1,300	0 6½	0 7	0 13½
Edinburgh, . . . . .	1,000	500	0	1,500	40,000	27	200	1,000	300	1,300	0 6½	0 7	0 13½
<b>Kerry Co.</b>													
Edinburgh, . . . . .	1,000	500	4	1,504	60,000	20	200	1,000	400	1,400	0 6½	0 7	0 13½
Edinburgh, . . . . .	1,000	500	0	1,500	40,000	27	200	1,000	300	1,300	0 6½	0 7	0 13½
Edinburgh, . . . . .	1,000	500	0	1,500	40,000	27	200	1,000	300	1,300	0 6½	0 7	0 13½

Return of number of persons

(Part 2.)

[illegible]

\* Excluding the children will be 124 TMA District School during the 2011 year ended 31 September, the 101 from Bangkok, 19 from Chonaburi, 11 from Kanto, 10 from Nakhon, and 41 from other areas.



<b>Imports.</b>															
Wool, . . . . .	1,200	781	0	1,200	78,281	84	878	1,200	889	1,200	0	7	0	40	0 11
Woolen, . . . . .	1,201	878	0	1,201	78,281	85	889	1,201	890	1,201	0	8	0	40	0 12
Woolen, . . . . .	1,201	878	0	1,201	78,281	85	889	1,201	890	1,201	0	8	0	40	0 12
Woolen, . . . . .	1,201	878	0	1,201	78,281	85	889	1,201	890	1,201	0	8	0	40	0 12
<b>Exports.</b>															
Woolen, . . . . .	884	480	0	884	81,410	80	89	884	87	884	0	8	0	40	0 11
Woolen, . . . . .	1,201	878	0	1,201	78,281	85	889	1,201	890	1,201	0	8	0	40	0 12
Woolen, . . . . .	884	480	0	884	81,410	80	89	884	87	884	0	8	0	40	0 11
<b>Total, (1885, 1886,</b>	<b>81,410</b>	<b>14,880</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>81,410</b>	<b>1,201,781</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>4,889</b>	<b>11,201</b>	<b>4,889</b>	<b>11,201</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>0 11</b>
<b>Woolen, (1885, 1886,</b>	<b>81,410</b>	<b>14,880</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>81,410</b>	<b>1,201,781</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>4,889</b>	<b>11,201</b>	<b>4,889</b>	<b>11,201</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>0 11</b>
<b>Imports, . . . . .</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>81,410</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>0 11</b>
<b>Exports, . . . . .</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>81,410</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>0 11</b>

## SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS.

<b>Woolen, . . . . .</b>	<b>81,410</b>	<b>14,880</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>81,410</b>	<b>1,201,781</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>4,889</b>	<b>11,201</b>	<b>4,889</b>	<b>11,201</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>0 11</b>
<b>Woolen, . . . . .</b>	<b>100,000</b>	<b>50,000</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>100,000</b>	<b>1,000,000</b>	<b>00</b>	<b>10,000</b>	<b>100,000</b>	<b>10,000</b>	<b>100,000</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>00</b>	<b>0 4</b>
<b>Woolen, . . . . .</b>	<b>100,000</b>	<b>50,000</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>100,000</b>	<b>1,000,000</b>	<b>00</b>	<b>10,000</b>	<b>100,000</b>	<b>10,000</b>	<b>100,000</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>00</b>	<b>0 4</b>
<b>Woolen, . . . . .</b>	<b>100,000</b>	<b>50,000</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>100,000</b>	<b>1,000,000</b>	<b>00</b>	<b>10,000</b>	<b>100,000</b>	<b>10,000</b>	<b>100,000</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>00</b>	<b>0 4</b>
<b>Total, (1885, 1886,</b>	<b>81,410</b>	<b>14,880</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>81,410</b>	<b>1,201,781</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>4,889</b>	<b>11,201</b>	<b>4,889</b>	<b>11,201</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>0 11</b>
<b>Woolen, (1885, 1886,</b>	<b>81,410</b>	<b>14,880</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>81,410</b>	<b>1,201,781</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>4,889</b>	<b>11,201</b>	<b>4,889</b>	<b>11,201</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>0 11</b>
<b>Imports, . . . . .</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>81,410</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>0 11</b>
<b>Exports, . . . . .</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>81,410</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>0 11</b>

No. 2.—CLASSIFICATION of PERSONS RELIEVED in WORKHOUSES in IRELAND, during each of the half-years ended the 25th of March and the 29th of September, 1890, respectively.

Classes of persons relieved in workhouses.			No. in the half-year ended 25th March, 1890.	No. in the half-year ended 29th September, 1890.		
ABLE-BODIED AND THEIR CHILDREN.						
1	Adults,	Married couples, . . . . .	{ Males, . . . . .	5,205	6,472	
2			{ Females, . . . . .	5,205	6,472	
3		Other males, . . . . .	70,407	64,015		
4		Other females, . . . . .	26,068	26,886		
5	{	Children under 15, of able-bodied inmates, . . . . .	Illegitimate, . . . . .	5,529	5,999	
6			Other children, . . . . .	13,205	20,371	
NOT ABLE-BODIED.						
7	Adults,	Married couples, . . . . .	{ Males, . . . . .	579	609	
8			{ Females, . . . . .	579	609	
9		Other males, . . . . .	26,404	27,271		
10		Other females, . . . . .	19,294	19,222		
11	Children under 15,	{	Of parents not able-bodied being inmates {	Illegitimate, . . . . .	384	441
12			Other children, . . . . .	1,581	1,931	
13		Orphans, or other children relieved without parents, . . . . .	5,726	6,322		
LUNATICS, INSANE PERSONS, AND IDIOTS.						
14	Adult males, . . . . .		1,804	1,608		
15	Adult females, . . . . .		2,342	2,375		
16	Children under 15, . . . . .		80	68		
17	Total number of males, . . . . .		104,399	100,334		
18	Do. females, . . . . .		52,488	55,664		
19	Do. children under 15, . . . . .		31,505	35,072		
20	Grand total, . . . . .		188,393	191,070		

No. 3.—CLASSIFICATION of PERSONS RELIEVED out of the WORKHOUSES during each of the half-years ended the 25th of March and the 29th of September, 1890, respectively, including persons relieved in Blind, and Deaf and Dumb institutions.

Classes of persons relieved.		Number in the half-year ended 25th March, 1890.	Number in the half-year ended 29th Sept., 1890.
1 } 2 }	Blind persons maintained in institutions, . . . { Males, . . .	142	151
3 } 4 }	Deaf and Dumb persons maintained in institutions, { Females, . . .	235	241
		251	267
		202	225
Total, . . . . .		630	681
RELIEVED UNDER 10 VIC., C. 31, SEC. 1.			
5	Adult males permanently disabled by old age or infirmity,	9,920	8,843
6 } 7 }	Families of adult males under { Wives, . . .	4,840	4,802
8 }	heading 5, . . . { Children under 15, . . .	2,065	2,183
9	Adult males relieved in cases of their own sickness or accident,	6,687	8,459
10 }	Families of adult males under { Wives, . . .	4,799	3,923
11 }	heading 8, . . . { Children under 15, . . .	12,782	16,761
12 }	Adult women permanently disabled by old age or infirmity,	22,076	22,842
13 }	Children under 15, of women under { Legitimate, . . .	431	429
14 }	heading 11, . . . { Illegitimate, . . .	42	33
15 }	Adult women relieved in cases of sickness or accident, . . .	3,608	3,316
16 }	Children under 15, of women under { Legitimate, . . .	2,066	1,961
17 }	heading 14, . . . { Illegitimate, . . .	132	95
18	Abled-bodied widows, having two or more legitimate children dependent on them, . . .	3,444	4,154
19	Children under 15, dependent on widows under heading 17,	12,213	13,665
20 }	Lunatics, insane persons, and { Males, . . .	81	89
21 }	Idiots, . . . { Females, . . .	79	76
		43	34
Total, . . . . .		85,398	83,660
PERSONS RELIEVED UNDER 10 VIC., C. 31, BUT NOT UNDER SEC. 1.			
22	Adult males, married or single, relieved on account of want of work, . . .	-	-
23 }	Families of adult males under { Wives, . . .	-	-
24 }	heading 22, . . . { Children under 15, . . .	-	-
25 }	Abled-bodied { Unmarried, . . .	-	-
26 }	women, { Widows not relievable under sec. 1, . . .	-	-
27 }	Children of women under headings { Legitimate, . . .	-	-
28 }	25 and 26, . . . { illegitimate, . . .	-	-
Families relieved without husband or father.			
29 }	Husband or father in Gaol, . . . { Wives, . . .	-	-
30 }	Children under 15, . . .	-	-
31 }	Husband or father on service { Wives, . . .	-	-
32 }	in Army or Navy, . . . { Children under 15, . . .	-	-
33 }	Deserted by husband or father, { Wives, . . .	-	-
34 }	Children under 15, . . .	-	-
35	Orphans and children relieved without either parent, . . .	-	-
36	Number of persons relieved provisionally, and not included in the foregoing, . . .	4,464	3,993
Total, . . . . .		4,464	3,993
37	Number of persons relieved under 11 & 12 Vic., c. 47, sec. 4. and not included in the foregoing, . . .	127	158
38	Orphans or Deserted children out at nurse under 39 and 40 Vic., cap. 38, . . .	2,930	2,905
Grand total (Nos. 5 to 38 inclusive), . . .		92,819	90,725

No. 4.—SUMMARY of RETURNS from Clerks of unions showing for each Province and for all Ireland the number of persons admitted to the workhouses during the year ended the 29th of September, 1890, distinguishing the number admitted in sickness; also the number of births and deaths in the workhouses during the year.

PROVINCES.	Number of persons admitted during the year.						No. of births in the work- houses during the year.	No. of deaths in the work- houses during the year.
	Number admitted in sickness.				Number admitted who were not sick.	Total number admitted during the year.		
	Suffering under fever or other dangerous contagious disease.	Suffering under other diseases.	Suffering from acci- dental injury.	Total number admit- ted in sickness.				
ULSTER, . . .	825	3,362	411	11,198	48,283	59,487	550	2,400
MUNSTER, . . .	1,663	16,335	1,172	19,070	69,191	88,261	57	3,508
LEINSTER, . . .	1,168	19,035	983	21,164	91,673	115,837	618	3,438
CONNACHT, . . .	470	3,330	322	4,038	23,619	27,647	81	1,598
TOTAL, IRELAND,	3,904	48,568	3,288	55,460	236,773	291,333	1,806	10,934

No. 5.—SUMMARY of RETURNS showing for each Province and for all Ireland the number of sick persons who received medical treatment in the workhouse hospitals and fever hospitals during the year ended the 29th of September 1890.

PROVINCES.	Under treatment at the commencement of the year.				New cases.				Total cases treated in hospitals during the year.			
	Fever or other dangerous contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Fever or other dangerous contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Fever or other dangerous contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.
ULSTER, . . .	135	2,015	108	3,164	1,318	14,483	845	16,766	1,603	17,202	940	19,745
MUNSTER, . . .	137	5,158	164	5,459	2,300	24,445	1,797	28,542	2,207	20,013	1,761	24,981
LEINSTER, . . .	192	5,820	147	6,069	1,821	27,410	1,039	30,310	1,923	33,254	1,200	36,377
CONNACHT, . . .	30	1,603	69	1,693	673	4,872	302	5,867	611	6,428	412	7,451
TOTAL, IRELAND,	415	18,498	471	19,372	6,172	71,145	4,903	81,419	6,564	81,634	4,364	91,797

No. 6.—Statement (in pursuance of sec. 30 of 13 & 12 Vic., c. 104) relative to the assets of various associations (for continuation of statement in Eighteenth Annual Report, Appendix B, No. 6).

i. Date up to which the accounts of unions have been audited.

The accounts of all the unions have been audited in the 7th of March, 1891, and in the 15th of September, 1890, excepting those of Ballinacree, Clontarf, Grenadier Works, Fench, Emerald Grove, Glanworth, and Doughty.

ii. Sums disallowed or found due on audit of the accounts of unions to the 15th of September, 1890, and whether recovered or in course of recovery from the persons debited.

Unions.	Half-year ended.	Date of audit.	Amount disallowed or found due.	Whether paid or in course of recovery.	Observations on nature of sums disallowed, &c.
Adelphi.	30 September.	22 Jan., 1891.	£ 4 10 0	Partly paid.	Longer notice called. Balance not returned on subsequent application.
Ady.	30 March.	14, 15, 16, & 17 Oct., 1890.	£ 10 4	Not returned.	Cost of Chapel advertisement respecting rates.
"	"	"	£ 11 8	Paid.	Overpayment to Collectors for services under Father's Act.
"	"	"	£ 4 8	Paid.	Overpayment to Master.
"	"	"	£ 10 7	Not returned.	Cost of money paid given to persons of local authority.
"	30 September.	4, 5, & 7 Mar., 1891.	£ 1 0 0	Paid.	Overcharge in Renting Officer's account.
Ballinacree.	"	12 Mar., 1891.	£ 1 10	Not returned.	Due for maintenance of a dangerous locality.
Ballinacree.	30 March.	24 July, 1891.	£ 1 4 6	Paid.	Disallowed not yet paid. Forwarded to Renting Officer.
"	30 September.	20 Feb., 1891.	£ 0 0 0	Paid.	Money has been used in other efforts. Forwarded to Guardians who sanctioned it.
Bendridge.	"	20 Dec., 1890.	£ 0 0 0	Not paid.	Cost of purchase of a house for public use. Not returned, the Guardians having subsequently decided that the amount should not be kept for such purpose.
"	"	"	£ 11 1	Not paid.	Cost of labour supplied in a certain class of repairs. Forwarded to Master, but not returned, having subsequently decided.
Bewinstown.	30 March.	26 Jan., 1891.	£ 10 0 0	Not paid.	Payment to building contractor without certificate of approval. Repairs not returned, certificate subsequently obtained.
Clontarf.	"	18 Jan., "	£ 2 0	Paid.	Should not have called. Forwarded to Guardians who sanctioned it.
Clontarf.	"	20 Sept., "	£ 10 0	Not paid.	Excluding expenses of one directed children. Not returned on application.
"	30 September.	20 Feb., 1891.	£ 1 0	Not yet paid.	Cost of purchase of a site for a labourer's cottage. Disallowed, owing to the non-production of a receipt or list of expenses, forwarded to Clerk.



B. Sums disallowed or paid due on credit of the accounts of unions in the 10th of September, 1890, and whether recovered or in course of recovery from the persons debited—continued.

Unions.	Half-year ended.	Date of Audit.	Amount disallowed or paid due.	Whether paid or in course of recovery.	Particulars—Reason of non-recovery, &c.
Carlisle.	30 March.	31 Jan., 1890.	£ 10 0	Not paid.	Cost of maintenance in an infirm hospital of a pauper who was not the inmate of the workhouse. Not noticed on subsequent explanation.
Green.	"	1 Oct., "	30 0 0	Money pending.	Payment to a contractor for stabling party without certificate of expense.
"	"	"	6 12 0	Not paid.	Illegal out-lease sold. Not noticed on subsequent explanation.
"	22 September.	27 Feb., 1891.	7 7 0	Paid.	Unauthorized payments of months' rent.
Colchester.	31 March.	29 and 30 Sept., 1890.	24 10 0	Paid.	Overpayment to contractor for having labourers' cottages.
"	"	"	8 0 0	Paid.	Overcharge in Rector's Office's accounts.
Chelmsford.	30 September.	13 Jan., 1890.	20 0 0	Not yet paid.	The amount disallowed consists of three payments to building contractors in excess of the sums certified by architect.
Chesham.	31 March.	21 May, 1890.	8 10 0	Paid.	Illegal expenditure for a public-house.
Chesham.	"	12 Aug., "	8 10 0	Paid.	Expenditure on a public-house.
"	"	"	8 10 0	Paid.	Value of goods supplied to union by a union officer, to whom the account was not charged.
"	"	"	2 7 0	Money paid.	Money not fully accounted for by union officer.
"	"	"	1 10 0	Not paid.	Illegal expenditure in connection with a former inmate of the workhouse.
"	22 September.	1 Jan., 1890.	4 1 0	Not paid.	Out-door relief apparently illegal. Not noticed on subsequent explanation.
"	"	"	1 15 0	Not paid.	Value of goods supplied to union by a union officer. Not noticed on subsequent explanation.
Chesham.	31 March.	21 Aug., "	1 10 0	Not paid.	Fee for the maintenance of a dangerous lunatic. Not noticed on subsequent explanation.
Chesham.	"	9 Aug., "	2 0 0	Not noticed.	Unauthorized expenditure.
Chesham.	"	16, 17 & 18 Feb., 1890.	2 15 0	Paid.	Payment of rate of labourers' cottages charged to union.
"	22 September.	24, 25 & 26 Feb., 1890.	2 0 0	Not paid.	Illegal out-lease sold, &c. through a contractor. Not noticed

Parry,	"	14 Jan., 1894,	4 10 6	Not paid,	The amount disclosed on date of first case legally expended on another relief. Reimbursement not made on explanation.
Gilroy,	21 March,	2 Sept., 1894,	2 0 0	Paid,	Illegal order relief. Recharged to Relieving Officer.
Gilroy,	22 September,	18 Dec., "	0 0 0	Paid,	do.
Gilroy,	"	18 Dec., "	0 4 0	Not paid,	Unauthorized payment by Relieving Officer. Not ordered by subsequent explanation.
Ellis,	20 March,	3 May,	0 17 0	Paid,	Loss incurred by note through the unauthorized interference of the officer with proceedings for the recovery of sums due on "known" savings.
Howard,	22 September,	12 Dec., "	1 10 0	Paid,	Illegal not disclosed. Recharged to Relieving Officer.
Lyons,	"	4 Dec., "	1 10 0	Not paid,	Illegal order relief. Not ordered on subsequent explanation.
Edin,	"	4 Dec., "	0 0 0	Paid,	Cost of sending a person to Dublin to obtain a medical opinion.
Kennedy,	22 March,	27 July,	2 0 0	Not paid,	Reimbursement not made. Not ordered on explanation.
Kennedy,	"	2 Aug., "	1 0 0	Paid,	Grouping in a contractor. Recharged to Clerk.
Kennedy,	22 September,	2 Dec., "	0 10 0	Not yet paid,	Illegal order relief.
Kennedy,	22 March,	4 Aug., "	10 10 0	Paid,	Payment of interest in a contractor.
Kennedy,	22 September,	15 Feb., 1895,	0 4 0	Not yet paid,	Illegal order relief.
Kennedy,	22 March,	4 Aug., 1895,	1 0 0	Paid,	The amount disclosed on date of first case legally expended on another relief.
"	"	"	25 14 0	Paid,	The amount disclosed on date of first case legally expended on another relief. Recharged to officers who were at fault.
"	22 September,	18 Feb., 1895,	0 5 0	Paid,	Unauthorized payment by Relieving Officer. Recharged to Clerk.
Lincoln,	22 March,	18 Sept., 1894,	3 0 0	Paid,	Grouping in an engineer. Recharged to Clerk.
"	"	"	40 0 0	In course of recovery,	do. do. Recharged to Guardians who approved charges.
Loughlin,	"	14 Jan., "	0 0 0	Paid,	Cost of sending a person to a place which was not hospital while the recovery of the sum.
Lyons,	"	22 Jan., "	0 1 0	Paid,	Cost of a contractor employed by a Relieving Officer.
McDonald,	22 September,	20 Dec., "	0 10 0	In course of recovery,	Illegal order relief.
McDonald,	22 March,	24 July,	20 10 0	Not paid,	Payment without receipts to contractors for "known" savings. Recharged, the same being subsequently allowed.
Maloney,	"	11 Jan., "	0 10 0	Paid,	Illegal order relief. Recharged to Guardians who authorized it.
"	"	"	0 0 0	Paid,	Overcharge for order relief. Recharged to Relieving Officer.
"	"	"	0 10 0	Not paid,	Cost of maintenance of person in course of recovery. Recharged to Master.
"	22 September,	17 Dec., "	1 10 0	Not paid,	Illegal order relief. Recharged to Relieving Officer but not ordered on subsequent explanation.
"	"	"	0 1 10	Paid,	Overcharge for order relief.
"	"	"	0 5 0	Paid,	Overcharge for person in course of recovery.
Wynn,	"	4 Dec., "	0 10 0	Paid,	Provisional relief given by Relieving Officer without visiting the case. Recharged to him.
Wynn,	22 March,	15 Dec., "	0 0 0	Paid,	Illegal order relief. Recharged to Guardians who authorized it.
"	22 September,	15 Dec., "	0 0 0	Paid,	Illegal order relief.
"	"	"	0 17 0	Paid,	Overcharge for order relief.
Wynn,	22 March,	4 Jan., "	1 4 0	Paid,	Overcharge for maintenance costs. Recharged to Master.

11. Same disclosed or found due on audit of statements of values to the 30th of September, 1896, and whether recovered or in course of recovery from the parties indebted—continued.

Debit.	Full year ended	Date of audit	Amount disclosed or found due.	Whether paid or in course of recovery	Observations relative to same disclosed, &c.
Cough,	30 September,	10 Dec., 1895,	\$ 0 0 0	In course of recovery,	Five copies of contracts, which were improperly referred to him, forwarded to the Indian who signed them.
Foran,	"	12 Dec., "	0 0 0	Not paid,	Should not have been forwarded to the Indian Office, but not referred as subsequent explanation.
Edwards,	30 March,	10, 18, 20, 24, and 25 Sept., 1895,	0 10 0	Paid,	Overpayment to a discretionary medical officer.
Edwards,	30 September,	10 & 21 Nov., 1895	0 10 0	Paid,	Overpayment of account.
Edwards,	30 March,	10 June, 1895,	42 0 0	Not paid,	Payment to contractor without vouchers of receipt. Not entered, the vouchers having been subsequently produced.
Edwards,	"	4 Aug., "	0 0 0	Paid,	Value of blankets given to a no longer proper. Forwarded to Station.
Smith,	"	10 July,	4 10 0	Paid,	Should not have been paid.
Smith,	"	12 June,	0 0 0	Paid,	Do.
Smith,	"	14 June,	0 0 0	Paid,	Do.
Smith,	30 September,	14 Aug.,	0 0 0	Paid,	Do. Not referred to the Indian who collected it.
Thompson,	30 March,	14 Aug.,	10 10 0	Not paid,	Should not have been paid. Not referred as subsequent explanation.
Thompson,	"	14 Aug.,	0 0 0	Paid,	Should not have been paid. Forwarded to the Indian Office.
Thompson,	"	14 Aug.,	0 0 0	Not paid,	Should not have been paid. Not referred as subsequent explanation.
Thompson,	"	14 Aug.,	0 0 0	Paid,	Should not have been paid.
Thompson,	"	14 Aug.,	0 0 0	Not paid,	Should not have been paid. The liability was subsequently settled by payment of the Board of Indian Affairs.
Thompson,	30 September,	12 Feb., 1896,	4 0 0	Partial paid,	Should not have been paid.
Thompson,	30 March,	5 Nov., 1895,	1 10 0	Paid,	Should not have been paid. Forwarded to the Indian Office.
Thompson,	30 September,	1 April, 1896,	0 0 0	Not paid,	Payment to a discretionary official without vouchers of receipt.

No. 7.—**CIVIL OFFICERS' SUPERANNUATION**—Statement of allowances under the Superannuation Acts in force during any portion of the year ended the 30th of September, 1930, showing also the cases in which the allowances terminated during the year. (In continuation of statement in eighteenth annual report, Appendix D, No. 1.)

Date of Commencement of Civil Superannuation Benefit.	Police.	Peace of Police.	Other.	Age, Years.	Period of service as a Peace Officer.	Cause of termination.	Annual Salary.	Added Superannuation Allowance.	Terminated, date of termination.
17 June, 1929	Armagh	Magaret Mayhew	From Hospital Fund	48	10	Permanent infirmity of body	48 0 0	00 0 0	
8 Nov. 1929	Do.	Thomas Owen	Medical Officer of Health	51	14	Old age	50 0 0	00 0 0	
18 June, 1929	Armagh	John Ball	Water Taker	55	14	Old age and infirmity of body.	48 10 0	00 0 0	
24 Aug. 1929	Do.	Martha McCullagh	Infirmary Nurse	40	14½	Infirmity of body	30 0 0	00 0 0	
1 Aug. 1929	Do.	Orlando Bennett	Minister	54½	41½	Permanent infirmity of body.	52 0 0	00 0 0	
8 June, 1929	Do.	Henry Campbell	Refectory Officer	54½	4½	Old age	40 0 0	00 0 0	
" "	Do.	James McQuillan	Do.	54½	4½	Do.	50 0 0	00 0 0	
8 Dec. 1929	Armagh	Henry Hyland	Master	50½	10	Old age and infirmity	100 10 0	00 0 0	
8 Aug. 1929	Do.	Ellen Parsons	Secretary of Dispensary District	52	10½	Permanent infirmity of body.	52 0 0	0 0 0	
18 July, 1929	Armagh	Eleonor White	Schoolmistress	54	10½	Infirmity of mind	50 0 0	00 0 0	
8 Feb. 1929	Do.	Joseph Pratt	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	50	10½	Old age and infirmity	100 0 0	00 0 0	
15 April, 1929	Armagh	Madeline R. Connell	Refectory Officer	54	10½	Infirmity of body	50 0 0	00 0 0	17 Aug. 1929.
10 Oct. 1929	Do.	Elizabeth Gentry	Schoolmistress	48	20½	Do.	50 0 0	00 0 0	
22 Dec. 1929	Armagh	James Cooper	Refectory Officer	54½	14	Permanent infirmity of mind.	40 0 0	00 10 0	
22 Dec. 1929	Do.	William Fennell	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	54½	14½	Old age	100 0 0	00 0 0	

No. 7. — UNION OFFICERS' SUPERVISORIES.—Statement of allowances under the Supervision Act in force during any portion of the year ended the 30th of September, 1880; showing also the cases in which the allowances terminated during the year. (In continuation of statement in eighteenth annual report, Appendix D, No. 7).—continued.

Date/Comm. of Union Officers' Service.	Union.	Name of Officer.	Office.	Age, Years.	Period of service in a Union Office.	Case of termination.	Amount Salary.	Amount Supervisory Allowance.	If terminated, date of termination.
4 April, 1880	Edin.	Kate Brown.	Cook and Laundry.	36	14½	Permanent infirmity of body.	26 0 0	0 0 0	
18 April, 1880	Belfast	Patrick Lynch.	Collector.	40	14½	Infirmity of body.	18 12 10	15 0 0	
8 Oct. 1880	Belfast	Charles Edwards.	Collecting Officer.	48½	14	Permanent infirmity of body.	20 0 0	16 0 0	
18 May, 1880	Do.	Richard O'Loughlin.	Dispensary Porter.	44	14½	Do.	14 0 0	0 0 0	
22 Aug. 1880	Do.	Mary A. Smyth.	Matron.	40½	14½	Do.	20 0 0	16 0 0	
2 Aug. 1881	Belfast	William Henry.	Porter.	34	14½	Do.	20 0 0	16 0 0	
19 Jan. 1881	Do.	Edward F. Sharkey.	Medical Officer of Dispensary Matron.	38	10½	Old age.	204 10 0	14 10 0	
25 Oct. 1881	Do.	Marie Hansen.	Matron.	40½	14½	Permanent infirmity of body.	44 0 0	36 10 0	
19 Jan. 1882	Belfast	John Maher.	Schoolmaster.	38	14	Infirmity of body.	20 0 0	16 0 0	
1 Aug. 1879	Do.	Mark Walsh.	Dispensary Porter.	38	27	Old age.	0 0 0	0 0 0	
14 Sept. 1880	Belfast	Geo. M. O'Connor.	Medical Officer of Dispensary Matron.	71½	44½	Permanent infirmity of body.	140 7 0	10 10 0	
20 July, 1880	Belfast	James Murray.	Matron.	44½	14½	Old age.	40 0 0	32 0 0	
21 Dec. 1880	Belfast	Mary Daly.	Ward Hospital Nurse.	38	11½	Old age and permanent infirmity of mind.	18 0 0	16 0 0	
21 Dec. 1879	Belfast	Ellen Hutton.	Matron.	48	11½	Old age and infirmity.	40 0 0	32 0 0	
1st Dec. 1880	Do.	Elizabeth McMahon.	Matron.	46	14	Old age and infirmity of body.	44 0 0	36 10 0	

4 Dec. 1897	Salisbury	Emily L. Weston	First Hospital Nurse	48	54½	Intensity of body	80 0 0	70 0 0	
1 Jan. 1898	Do.	Em. Boyle	Ministry of Dispensary	18	28	Old age	70 0 0	2 0 0	
21 Aug. 1898	Do.	William Symes	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	74½	87	Do.	120 17 1	60 11 0	
20 Oct. 1898	Do.	John M. Campbell	Nurse	64	77½	Permanent intensity of body	80 10 0	70 0 0	
1 Feb. 1899	Bathampton	Mary Leman	Sanaphysian	60	68	Intensity of body	80 0 0	0 0 0	
21 April, 1899	Do.	Thomas Allen	Nurse	72	80½	Old age	120 10 0	60 0 0	
8 Sept. 1899	Do.	Mary Doyle	First Hospital Nurse	24	34	Permanent intensity of body	80 10 0	80 0 0	
19 Aug. 1900	Do.	Geo. R. Brown	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	60	67½	Do.	120 0 0	60 0 0	
10 Mar. 1900	Do.	John Wainwright	Workman	70	74½	Permanent intensity of mind and body	80 0 0	80 0 0	
8 July, 1901	Bathampton	Frederick Johnson	Refusing Officer	42	50½	Intensity of mind and body	70 0 0	80 0 0	
12 Dec. 1899	Bathampton	James Fitzgerald	Do.	64	74	Old age	80 0 0	80 0 0	27 Oct., 1899
18 May, 1900	Bathampton	Mary Ryan	Nurse	64½	72½	Do.	80 10 0	80 0 0	
22 Jan. 1900	Bathampton	Wm. Smith	Porter	60	68½	Intensity of body	80 10 0	80 0 0	
19 Jan. 1900	Bathampton	David McIlkenny	Nurse	64½	72½	Do.	100 0 0	80 0 0	
14 Dec. 1900	Do.	Kathleen Gordon	Refusing Officer	44	54½	Do.	80 0 0	80 0 0	
21 April, 1901	Do.	Ann Thompson	Hospital Nurse	74½	84½	Old age	80 0 0	80 0 0	
1 Mar. 1900	Do.	Harriet Officer	Ministry of Dispensary District	67½	80½	Permanent intensity of body	80 0 0	80 0 0	
10 Dec. 1900	Do.	William Ray	Night Laundry Keeper	71½	84½	Do.	80 10 0	80 10 0	
11 Dec. 1900	Do.	Catherine Williams	First Hospital Nurse	70½	77½	Old age and permanent intensity of body	80 10 0	80 0 0	
26 Aug. 1900	Do.	William F. Boyce	Clark	64	68½	Permanent intensity of body	80 0 0	80 0 0	27 Jan., 1900
27 Jan., 1900	Do.	Margaret Mulhally	First Hospital Nurse	37½	46½	Do.	80 10 0	80 0 0	
10 Dec. 1900	Salisbury	Alida McElroy	Nurse	40	50½	Permanent intensity of mind and body	80 0 0	10 0 0	

Continued.

No. 7.—*Union Officers' Supernumeration*.—Statement of allowances under the Supernumeration Acts in force during any portion of the year ended the 29th of September, 1880; showing also the cases in which the allowances terminated during the year. (In continuation of statement in eighteenth annual report, Appendix D, No. 7)—continued.

Date of Commence- ment of Allowance. Bank.	Union.	Name of Officer.	Office.	Age, Years.	Period of service in Union Office.	Cause of termination.	* Annual Salary.	Supernu- meration Allowance.	Termination, date of expiry.
10 Jan. 1867	Edinburgh	Colin MacDonnell	Infirmary Nurse	41½	17½	Permanent infirmity of body.	£ 8. 0. 0	£ 8. 0. 0	
40 Mar. 1869	Do.	Gertrude Denney	Porter	71	11½	Do.	30 0 0	10 0 0	
4 Feb. 1870	Edinburgh	Margaret Hardie	Caretaker of Dispensary	19	10	Ordered to build the office.	0 0 0	0 0 0	
20 Oct. 1870	Do.	Samuel Smith	Nurse	41	10½	Infirmity of body	21 0 0	10 0 0	
10 Aug. 1871	Do.	Mary Beatty	First Hospital Nurse	40½	11½	Permanent infirmity of body.	10 0 0	0 0 0	
4 Dec. 1872	Edinburgh	David A. O'Connell	Clark	40	10½	Do.	20 0 0	20 0 0	
20 Jan. 1873	Do.	Ellen Freyer	First Hospital Nurse	40	10	Permanent infirmity of body.	22 0 0	0 0 0	
1 April. 1874	Do.	Colin MacDonnell	Assistant Nurse to First Hospital.	47½	14½	Infirmity of body	20 0 0	0 0 0	
11 Sep. 1874	Do.	Colin MacDonnell	First Hospital Nurse	47	15	Permanent infirmity of mind and body.	24 0 0	4 0 0	
7 Nov. 1875	Do.	Charles O'Connell	Refectory Officer	36½	20	Do.	12 0 0	10 0 0	
20 Oct. 1876	Glasgow	Michael Eakin	Teacher	34	10½	Permanent infirmity of body	21 0 0	20 0 0	
2 July. 1878	Glasgow	Michael Watson	Porter	39	10	Old age and infirmity.	21 0 0	20 0 0	20 July, 1878
1 Dec. 1878	Do.	John Campbell	Stenographer	47½	20	Permanent infirmity of body.	21 0 0	20 0 0	
10 Oct. 1880	Do.	Andrew Eakin	Porter of Dispensary	40½	10	Old age	0 0 0	0 0 0	1 Mar. 1880.
21 May. 1880	Do.	Richard A. Phillips	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	34½	17½	Permanent infirmity of body.	120 0 0	40 0 0	
23 May. 1879	Southampton	Henry Hays	Refectory Officer	39	10	Old age and infirmity	20 0 0	20 0 0	27 Sept. 1880
21 Aug. 1880	Do.	Mary J. Gordon	First Hospital Nurse	40½	10½	Old age	20 0 0	20 0 0	

24 Sept. 1870	Do. . .	John Bodin . .	Infantry Borne . .	23	18	Permanent Infantry of body.	23	18	23
27 Jan. 1870	Commander . .	Charles Coleman . .	First Hospital Borne . .	40	22	Infantry of body . .	40	22	22
7 Feb. 1870	Do. . .	John H. Reynolds . .	Medical Officer of Depen- sary District.	20	20½	Old age . . . .	20½	20	20
6 May, 1870	Cadet . . .	W. A. Phelan . .	Malacca . . . .	40	26	Permanent Infantry of body.	40	26	26
4 June, 1871	Cadet . . .	May Morda . .	Do. . . . .	40	12½	Infantry of Malacca and body.	40	26	26
10 Oct. 1871	Do. . . .	Orin Thompson . .	Subaltern . . . .	40	12½	Infantry of body . .	40	26	26
10 Sept. 1871	Challenger . .	Margaret Price . .	Infantry Borne . .	24	24½	Do. . . . .	24	24	24
14 June, 1874	Cadet . . .	Frederick Griffiths . .	Malacca . . . .	40	26	Do. . . . .	40	26	26
21 Dec. 1875	Do. . . .	John Coleman . .	Following Officer . .	40	24½	Do. . . . .	24	24	24
17 Dec. 1875	Do. . . .	Wm. Campbell . .	Medical Officer of Depen- sary District.	40	24½	Old age . . . .	24½	24	24
20 Mar. 1880	Do. . . .	Stephen McThornhill . .	Following Officer . .	40	24½	Infantry of body . .	40	24	24
2 Dec. 1876	Commander . .	Philip A. Armstrong . .	Medical Officer of Depen- sary District.	40	24½	Old age . . . .	24½	24	24
4 May, 1880	Do. . . .	John M. Morda . .	Cadet . . . . .	21½	21½	Do. . . . .	21½	21	21
20 Aug. 1880	Do. . . .	John Lacey . .	Master . . . . .	20	20½	Do. . . . .	20	20	20
22 Jan. 1881	Do. . . .	Raymond Cole . .	Cadet . . . . .	20	21½	Old age and Infantry . .	21½	21	21
12 Dec. 1881	Cadet . . .	Richard Graham . .	Following Officer . .	20	21½	Old age and Infantry of body.	21½	21	21
20 Mar. 1881	Do. . . .	Harry A. Talbot . .	Medical Officer of Depen- sary District.	40	20	Permanent Infantry of body.	40	20	20
10 Sept. 1881	Do. . . .	Edward McLean . .	Do. . . . .	40	20	Do. . . . .	40	20	20
10 Nov. 1881	Do. . . .	Patrick J. McEoy . .	Medical Officer of Depen- sary District.	40	21½	Do. . . . .	21½	21	21
20 Mar. 1881	Commander . .	Edwin J. Hare . .	Subaltern . . . .	20	21½	Do. . . . .	21½	21	21
24 Oct. 1876	Cadet . . .	Joseph Wilson . .	Following Officer . .	20	20	Old age . . . .	20	20	20
20 June, 1884	Do. . . .	John Coleman . .	Commander of Depen- sary District.	40	21½	Do. . . . .	21½	21	21
21 Jan. 1885	Commander . .	Henry W. Gault . .	Medical Officer of Depen- sary District.	40	21½	Permanent Infantry of body.	21½	21	21

21 Mar. 1885



No. 7.—**Union Officers' Regiments.**—Statement of allowances under the Regiments' Act in force during any portion of the year ended the 31st of September, 1870; showing also the cases in which the allowances terminated during the year. (A continuation of statement in eighteenth annual report, Appendix D, No. 7)—continued.

Date of Commence- ment of Service	Rank	Name of Officer	Office	Age, Years	Period of service as a Union Officer	State of retirement	Annual Salary	Annual Regimentation allowance	If terminated, date of termination
22 Feb. 1874	Captain	James Fitzgerald	Medical Officer of Dis- pensary District	38	24	Infirmary of body	£ 4. 0.	£ 4. 0.	
22 Aug. 1870	Do.	George Little	Master	38	24	Do.	40 0 0	40 0 0	
2 Feb. 1872	Captain	James Murray	Master	37	24	Permanent infirmity of body.	40 0 0	40 0 0	
22 Feb. 1873	Do.	Martha Laffey	First Hospital Force	74	21	Do.	40 0 0	40 0 0	
2 May, 1869	Do.	Michael Ryan	Force	4—	22	Do.	40 20 0	40 1 4	
22 Jan. 1870	Captain	Richard L. Nicholas	Medical Officer of Dispen- sary District.	47	24	Old age	271 4 11	40 0 0	
2 July, 1873	Captain	Richard Crockett	First Hospital Force	34	21	Infirmary of body	0 0 0	40 0 0	
2 Jan. 1869	Do.	Robert Henry	Medical Officer of Dispen- sary District.	51	24	Old age	285 1 0	47 7 10	
2 Mar. 1869	Do.	Henry Stewart	Do.	44	24	Old age and infirmity of body	275 0 0	140 0 0	
22 Oct. 1874	Captain	James Taylor	Master	43	20	Permanent infirmity of body.	35 0 0	70 0 0	
22 Jan. 1874	Do.	Robert Graham	Clerk	43	24	Old age	240 0 0	240 0 0	
2 Jan. 1874	Do.	Alfred Thomas	Infirmary Nurse	38	24	Do.	31 0 0	7 10 0	
2 Aug. 1869	Do.	James George	Medical Officer of Dispen- sary District.	54	24	Do.	270 0 0	40 0 0	
21 Jan. 1877	Captain	George J. Whelan	Do.	38	21	Infirmary of body	210 0 0	240 0 0	
22 Oct. 1870	Do.	George Taylor	Do.	44	21	Do.	240 0 0	30 0 0	
22 Nov. 1870	Do.	James J. Jones	Woodpecker	38	24	Do.	27 5 0	27 5 0	

2 Dec. 1884	Do. . . .	Ellen Corbett .	Female Hospital Nurse .	64	60	Permanent . . . . .	10 12 0	10 0 0	
20 Mar. 1887	Do. . . .	Mary A. Steele .	Nurse . . . . .	60	50	Do. . . . .	10 0 0	10 0 0	
2 Mar. 1888	Do. . . .	Ellen O'Leary .	Female Inmates . . . .	54	50	Old age . . . . .	10 0 0	10 12 0	
22 Oct. 1888	Do. . . .	Therese Doreen .	Collector . . . . .	7—	60	Do. . . . .	120 0 0	10 0 0	
2 Nov. 1888	Do. . . .	Charles Thompson .	Relieving Officer . . . .	57	55½	Permanent . . . . .	75 0 0	10 0 0	
2 Sep. 1888	Do. . . .	Anna McEwen .	Wardmistress . . . . .	60	50½	Old age . . . . .	10 0 0	10 4 0	
21 Feb. 1874	General . .	Michael McManus .	Medical Officer of Dispensary District .	58	50	Do. . . . .	140 11 0	10 11 4	
1 July, 1874	General . .	John Farrell .	Do. . . . .	54	50	Indemnity of body . . .	140 0 0	10 0 0	
21 Sept. 1878	Do. . . .	Catherine Quinn .	Night Nurse . . . . .	50	45	Permanent . . . . .	10 0 0	0 0 0	
1 Apr. 1884	Female . .	William Evey .	Porter . . . . .	70	14	Permanent . . . . .	10 0 0	0 0 0	
20 Sept. 1885	Male . . .	Mary Day .	Nurse . . . . .	50	50	Indemnity of body . . .	10 0 0	10 0 0	11 Apr. 1885.
4 Oct. 1879	Do. . . .	Patricia Kennedy .	Clerk . . . . .	70	50½	Old age . . . . .	100 0 0	10 0 0	
20 Dec. 1879	Do. . . .	Henry Webb .	Apothecary of Workmen and of Dispensary District .	70	70½	Indemnity of body . . .	10 0 0	10 0 0	
20 May, 1884	Do. . . .	Edgely Garvey .	Wardmistress . . . . .	50	50	Permanent . . . . .	10 0 0	0 0 0	
2 Feb. 1885	Do. . . .	Mary McCarthy .	Dispensary Nurse . . . .	70	50½	Old age . . . . .	10 0 0	10 0 0	
27 Sept. 1885	Do. . . .	John W. Bennett .	Medical Officer of Dispensary District .	70	57	Do. . . . .	120 00 0	120 12 0	
20 Sept. 1885	General . .	John York .	Nurse . . . . .	57	57½	Discretion of Union . .	70 0 12	10 12 4	
" "	Do. . . .	James Johnson .	Nurse . . . . .	60	45	Do. . . . .	10 0 0	1 12 0	
" "	Do. . . .	Michael D. Donohoe .	Medical Officer of Workmen .	60	45½	Do. . . . .	10 0 0	1 0 0	
" "	Do. . . .	Margaret Doyle .	Wardmistress . . . . .	60	70	Do. . . . .	10 0 0	10 12 0	
" "	Do. . . .	Patrick Quinn .	Porter . . . . .	60	50½	Do. . . . .	10 0 0	11 12 4	

\* The representation allowances granted to the officers of the Irish Dispensary Union are payable to the Assembly, Dublin, and Voluntary Union.

Continued.

† Not separately listed.

No. 7.—**United Officers' Registration.**—Statement of allowances under the Representation Acts in force during any portion of the year ended the 31st of September, 1900; showing also the cases in which the allowance terminated during the year. (In continuation of statement in eighteen th annual report, Appendix D, No. 7)—continued.

Date of Termination of Last Represented Office.	Name.	Name of Office.	Office.	Age.	Period of service in United Office.	Cause of termination.	Annual Salary.	Annual Representation Allowance.	If terminated, date of termination.
22 Sept. 1899	Donaghmore, Ulster.	Edw. Evans	Deputy Surveyor	41	8½	Resignation of Office.	£ 5 4.	£ 5 4.	
" "	"	Do.	Do.	42	11½	Do.	£2 14 0	£0 10 0	
" "	"	Do.	Do.	44	14½	Do.	£1 14 0	£0 10 0	
" "	"	Do.	Do.	45	15½	Do.	£1 14 0	£0 10 0	
" "	"	Do.	Do.	46	16½	Do.	£1 14 0	£0 10 0	
24 Feb. 1900	Donaghmore, Ulster.	Patrick McGee	Do.	44	18½	Presumpt. infirmity of body.	£5 10 0	£1 10 0	
1 Oct. 1899	"	Edw. Evans	Deputy Surveyor	41	14½	Do.	£2 14 0	£0 10 0	
4 Sept. 1899	"	John Warren	Deputy Surveyor	42	15½	Do.	£4 17 0	£0 10 0	
22 Jan. 1900	"	Wm. McGee	Deputy Surveyor	43	15½	Do.	£2 14 0	£0 10 0	1 May, 1900.
24 Aug. 1900	"	Michael McGee	Deputy Surveyor	43	16½	Do.	£2 14 0	£0 10 0	
24 May, 1900	Donaghmore, Ulster.	Colin McGee	Deputy Surveyor	44	16½	Do.	£2 14 0	£0 10 0	
11 Nov. 1900	"	Thomas McGee	Deputy Surveyor	45	16½	Do.	£2 14 0	£0 10 0	
21 April, 1901	Donaghmore, Ulster.	Frederick McGee	Deputy Surveyor	46	17	Infirmity of mind.	£20 0 0	£0 14 0	
21 Oct. 1901	"	John McGee	Deputy Surveyor	47	18	Infirmity of body.	£2 14 0	£0 10 0	
25 Feb. 1902	"	Do.	Deputy Surveyor	48	19	Old age and infirmity.	£20 0 0	£20 0 0	

24 April, 1900	Do.	John Widdick.	Marine . . . . .	41	44	Permanent Infirmary of body.	144 0 0	30 0 00	
10 Oct. 1900	Do.	John R. Ferguson.	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	44½	41	Do. . . . .	100 0 12	100 10 7	
4 May, 1900	Do.	Patrick Hughes.	Night Watchman . . .	32	34	Do. . . . .	30 10 0	10 10 0	
1 Feb. 1900	Do.	May A. Allen.	Schoolmistress . . .	44	47½	Old age and infirmity of body.	100 10 0	64 10 0	
20 Jan. 1900	Do.	William Frois.	Labour . . . . .	40	47	Permanent Infirmary of body.	20 2 0	10 0 0	14 Sep. 1900.
22 July, 1900	Do.	John Ryan .	Assistant Master . . .	41½	44	Do. . . . .	200 0 0	220 0 0	
1 Dec. 1900	Do.	Margaret Maher.	Workhouse Superinten- dent.	35	41	Do. . . . .	45 1 10	45 0 7	
24 Jan. 1900	Do.	Michael McEneaney.	Relieving Officer . . .	47	49	Do. . . . .	100 0 0	100 0 0	
27 Feb. 1900	Do.	Harriet Widdick.	Assistant Marine and Watchwoman.	34	34½	Permanent Infirmary of body.	70 0 0	60 0 0	
20 Aug. 1900	Do.	Ellen Ryan .	Landwoman . . . . .	44	47½	Permanent Infirmary of body.	20 10 0	20 0 00	
1 April, 1900	Do. do. do.	Edward McEwey.	Gate Porter . . . . .	40	40	Infirmity of body . . .	40 10 0	40 0 0	
18 July, 1900	Do.	Henry Gault .	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	31	37	Old age . . . . .	100 0 0	60 0 0	
20 Nov. 1900	Do.	Richard Allen .	Male Laundry Keeper .	40	44	Old age and infirmity .	40 0 0	40 0 0	1 Jan. 1900.
10 Dec. 1900	Do.	John Shannon.	Medical Officer of Work- house.	40	40	Do. . . . .	100 0 0	100 0 0	
14 Feb. 1900	Do.	Thomas Kennedy.	Marine . . . . .	44	47	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	100 0 0	120 0 0	
12 July, 1900	Do.	George H. Green.	Medical Officer of Work- house.	44	44	Permanent Infirmary of mind and body.	100 0 0	40 0 0	
4 Sept. 1900	Do.	Patrick Lamb .	Master Carpenter . . .	39½	40	Old age . . . . .	40 0 0	20 10 0	
21 May, 1900	Do.	John Carr .	Female Catholic Chaplain	40	40	Do. . . . .	100 10 0	100 0 0	
1 Dec. 1900	Do.	Donald Campbell.	Relieving Officer . . .	44	47	Permanent Infirmary of body.	100 0 0	42 10 0	

\* Entries on page 98.

(Continued.)

No. 7.—*Union Officers' Superannuation*.—Statement of allowances under the Superannuation Act in force during any portion of the year ended the 31st of September, 1890; showing also the cases in which the allowances terminated during the year. (In continuation of statement in eighteenth annual report, Appendix D, No. 7)—continued.

Date of Termination of Local Government Service.	Date.	Name of Officer.	Office.	Age.	Period of service as a Union Officer.	Cause of retirement.	Annual Salary.	Annual Superannuation Allowance.	Estimated date of termination.
20 July, 1887	Dublin, South.	Edw. Anderson	Sanitary Marine	40	10½	Indefinite infirmity	£ 2 0	£ 2 0	
20 Dec. 1888	Do. . .	John Murray	Sanitary	57	14½	Permanent infirmity of body.	£ 0 0	£ 0 0	
18 Aug. 1889	Do. . .	W. B. Jennings	Medical Officer of Workhouses.	60½	17½	Do. . .	£ 10 0	£ 10 0	1 Sept. 1889.
10 Apr. 1890	Do. . .	Charles F. Moore	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	60½	10½	Old age and infirmity of body.	£ 10 0	£ 0 0	
14 July, 1890	Do. . .	William Davis	Workhouse.	61½	10½	Permanent infirmity of body.	£ 0 0	£ 0 0	
20 July, 1890	Do. . .	John Ryan	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	70½	20½	Old age . . .	£ 10 0	£ 10 0	
4 July, 1890	Bendish . .	John Brown	Do. . .	70½	10½	Do. . .	£ 10 0	£ 0 0	
18 May, 1890	Do. . .	James Courtney	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	70	24½	Do. . .	£ 0 0	£ 0 0	1 Oct. 1890.
2 March, 1890	Droghda . .	John W. Brown	Sanitary Officer	55½	14½	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	£ 0 0	£ 12 0	
11 Oct. 1890	Droghda . .	Sam O'Sullivan	Sanitary Marine	40½	14½	Permanent infirmity of body.	£ 0 0	£ 0 0	
20 Feb. 1891	Droghda . .	Andrew West	Medical Officer of Workhouses.	67	20	Do. . .	£ 10 0	£ 0 0	
1 June, 1891.	Do. . .	James Brown	Sanitary	70	17	Do. . .	£ 0 0	£ 0 0	

Superannuation of Union Officers.

[Ann. B.]

16 Apr. 1866	Do. . .	James C. Fitzgerald	Clark . . . .	44	105	Do. . . .	100 0 0	00 0 0
1 Mar. 1866	Do. . .	Marion F. Miles	Master . . . .	64	101	Do. . . .	100 0 0	00 10 0
" "	Do. . .	May F. Miles	Master . . . .	67	114 $\frac{1}{2}$	Do. . . .	97 0 0	07 0 0
7 Mar. 1866	Donnanway .	Wynne Wilson	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	44	101	Do. . . .	107 0 0	100 0 0
16 Aug. 1870	Examiner . .	T. F. Edwards	Do. . . .	54	11	Intensity of body . .	100 0 0	70 0 0
10 Jan. 1869	Do. . .	May A. Tynes	Infantry Force .	49	141	Do. . . .	95 10 7	10 0 0
10 Mar. 1869	Do. . .	Thomas Fouts	Troop . . . .	44	141	Old age . . . .	90 0 0	10 0 0
10 July, 1864	Do. . .	Edith Rogers	Infantry Officer .	50	102	Personal Intensity of body.	100 0 0	0 10 0
4 May, 1869	Do. .	William Foster	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	44	141	Do. . . .	100 0 0	70 0 0
1 Aug. 1869	Do. . .	John Ryan	First Hospital Nurse .	70	141	Old age . . . .	90 10 0	10 10 0
10 July, 1869	Do. . .	Patrick Gern	Infantry Officer	74	141 $\frac{1}{2}$	Do. . . .	90 0 0	80 0 0
10 Oct. 1869	Exams . .	G. J. McNamee	Subaltern . . .	50	10	Intensity of body . .	90 0 0	10 0 0
10 Aug. 1870	Do. . .	James Ray	Master . . . .	47	10	Do. . . .	90 0 0	10 0 0
14 Mar. 1869	Do. . .	Patrick H. Collins	Medical Officer of Workhouse.	57	101	Old age . . . .	100 0 0	70 0 0
14 May. 1864	Do. . .	Mary A. Griffin	Infantry Force . .	40	10	Personal Intensity of body.	40 10 0	10 0 0
10 Feb. 1869	Do. . .	Patrick W. Dillon	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	51	10	Do. . . .	100 7 7	40 10 0
10 Oct. 1867	Examination .	Margaret Harris	Subaltern . . .	40	10	Intensity of body . .	40 0 0	10 0 0
14 July, 1869	Do. . .	George Higgins	Master . . . .	53	10	Old age and Intensity .	90 0 0	10 0 0
10 Jan. 1869	Do. . .	Edward Keane	Steward . . . .	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	101	Personal Intensity of body.	81 0 0	10 0 0
1 Feb. 1861	Examination .	Margaret Reid	First Hospital Nurse .	50	71	Do. . . .	90 0 0	10 0 0
10 Oct. 1870	Do. . .	John Barrett	Master . . . .	47	101	Do. . . .	41 0 0	10 0 0

16 Mar. 1869

No. 7.—**UNION GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT.**—Statement of allowances under the Superintendence Act in force during any portion of the year ended the 30th of September, 1886; showing also the cases in which the allowances terminated during the year. (In continuation of statement in eighteenth annual report, Appendix D, No. 7)—continued.

Date of Expiry of Term of Appointment.	Rank.	Name of Officer.	Office.	Age.	Period of service in Civil Office.	Cause of retirement.	Annual Salary.	Annual Superintendence Allowance.	Termination, date of termination.
10 April, 1885	Resident	Edward Dwyer	Medical Officer of Work-house.	40	40	Permanent infirmity of body.	182 0 0	66 11 4	
10 Aug. 1886	Resident	William Hyde	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	40	14½	Infirmity of body.	180 0 0	38 0 0	
10 April, 1875	Farmer	Ellen Campbell	Hospital Nurse	40	50	Do.	62 0 0	35 0 0	
1 Aug. 1885	Do.	Kate McCorky	Nurse	44½	7½	Permanent infirmity of body.	65 0 0	30 0 0	13 Nov., 1885.
28 June, 1886	Do.	Charlotte Thompson	Girls Porter	44½	14½	Do.	40 21 0	7 0 0	
1 July, 1884	Galley	Nicholas Collins	Medical Officer of Work-house.	60	11	Infirmity of body.	80 0 0	62 0 0	11 Feb., 1886.
10 Mar. 1887	Do.	John F. Lynch	Miner	77	60½	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	150 0 0	60 0 0	
10 Feb. 1886	Cleaner	Ellen Mearns	Hospital Nurse	40	18½	Infirmity of body.	34 0 0	16 0 0	
10 July, 1886	Do.	Michael Keaney	Refectory Officer	60	60	Do.	50 0 0	30 0 0	24 Feb., 1886
10 May, 1884	Chester	Laura Walsh	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	40	40½	Permanent infirmity of body.	150 0 0	45 0 0	Died 10 Jan- uary 1886 Jan., 1886.
10 Jan. 1875	Wife	John Stedden	Assistant Medical Officer of Work-house.	65	55½	Infirmity and old age.	80 0 0	24 0 0	
10 Dec. 1882	Do.	David O'Donnell	Sub-intendant	60	50	Old age.	47 0 0	33 20 12	
14 Feb. 1886	Galley	George Corbett	Collector	40½	50½	Do.	50 0 0	0 0 0	
17 April, 1886	Do.	James Miley	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	70	50½	Permanent infirmity of body.	150 4 12	60 0 0	
10 Oct. 1886	Do.	Math. Wilson	Do.	60	50½	Do.	50 0 0	60 0 0	

Superintendence of Union Officers.

Jan. 2.

24 Jan. 1901	Do.	Thomas Macdonald	Salvage	44	25½	Old age.	80 10 0	80 0 0
27 Dec. 1901	*Gordon (dis. int.)	David McFarland	Clark and Master	37	29½	Distribution of Tallow	120 0 0	45 0 0
"	Do.	Isabella McFarland	Maids	14	55½	Do.	80 0 0	80 0 0
"	Do.	George K. Kinn	Medical Officer of Workhouse	47	19½	Do.	80 0 0	20 0 0
21 Dec. 1902	Gravel	Thomas Wilson	Medical Officer of Dispensary (dis. int.)	47½	14	Permanent Indemnity of body	111 0 00	60 0 0
21 Feb. 1904	Do.	Margaret McFarland	Subordinate	44	14½	Do.	44 0 7	27 0 0
21 Sep. 1900	Do.	James Baskin	Schoolmaster	40	15½	Do.	81 11 0	70 0 0
4 April, 1910	Edinburgh	Charles Macpherson	Relieving Officer	40	22	Indemnity of body	40 0 0	34 00 4
20 April, 1900	Karpet	Thomas E. Carr	Master	44	27½	Permanent Indemnity of body	111 0 0	55 0 0
11 Nov. 1900	Do.	Mary Apleton	Medical Officer of Dispensary (dis. int.)	44	44½	Do.	81 00 0	14 0 0
4 Sep. 1900	Do.	William E. O'Leary	Schoolmaster	41	24½	Do.	80 10 00	40 0 0
21 Aug. 1910	Kala	Ralph McDermott	Medical Officer of Dispensary (dis. int.)	44	27½	Indemnity of body	120 0 0	60 0 0
11 Dec. 1904	Do.	Edward Brady	Relieving Officer	70	28	Old age and permanent indemnity of body	84 0 0	52 00 4
14 Nov. 1900	Do.	Patrick McQuinn	Teller	47½	44	Permanent Indemnity of body	92 00 0	80 0 0
4 April, 1910	Massacre	Adrian Taylor	Medical Officer of Dispensary (dis. int.)	44	22	Indemnity of body	200 0 0	60 0 0
20 Aug. 1900	Do.	John McNulty	Indemnity (dis. int.)	40	21	Permanent Indemnity of body	60 0 0	60 0 0
20 Aug. 1900	Edinburgh	John F. McIntosh	Collector	40	24	Do.	80 00 0	67 0 0
27 Dec. 1907	Do.	William Kinn	Master	39	120	Old age	81 0 0	60 11 0
18 Nov. 1900	Edinburgh	Isabella Lambert	Maids	40	47	Indemnity of body	120 0 0	60 0 0
21 April, 1900	Do.	John O'Halloran	Medical Officer of Dispensary (dis. int.)	40	29	Do.	120 0 10	60 0 0
2 Aug. 1900	Do.	John McBratney	Do.	40½	40	Permanent Indemnity of body	140 10 10	70 0 0
2 April, 1910	Edinburgh	Margaret Walsh	Maids	47	20	Indemnity of body	70 0 0	15 0 0

\* The representation allowances granted to the officers of the late 6 weeks were not payable by the Sheriff and therefore nil.

(continued)



No. 7.—Union Officers' SUPERANNUATION.—Statement of allowances under the Superannuation Act in force during any portion of the year ended the 31st of September, 1890, showing also the cases in which the allowances terminated during the year. (In continuation of statement in eighteenth annual report, Appendix D, No. 7).—continued.

Date of Commencement of Allowance (Month).	Union.	Name of Officer.	Office.	Age, Years.	Period of Service in Union Office.	Cause of Retirement.	Annual Salary.	Annual Superannuation Allowance.	If terminated, Date of Termination.
1 Feb. 1887	Elmfield	Thomas Smith	Refectory Officer	31	54	Infirmary of mind and body	25 0 0	10 0 0	29 July, 1890.
1 April, 1878	Do.	Edward White	Do.	70	37	Infirmary of body	20 0 0	20 0 0	
17 Nov. 1888	Do.	Richard Gough	Clerk	37	32	Permanent infirmity of body.	100 0 0	100 0 0	
11 Jan. 1888	Do.	Ellis Ayres	Tallowery House	44	34	Old age	22 0 0	21 0 0	
4 May, 1888	Do.	James Nelson	Master	40	33	Permanent infirmity of body.	224 0 0	220 0 0	
4 May, 1888	Do.	Archie Nelson	Miner	40	34	Do.	144 0 0	40 0 0	
22 Mar. 1888	Do.	John O'Connell	Ministry of Dispensary Officer.	48	34	Permanent infirmity of body and mind.	20 0 0	0 0 0	
10 Nov. 1888	Do.	May O'Neil	Assistant Schoolmistress	40	34	Permanent infirmity of body	70 0 0	20 0 0	
21 Feb. 1888	Do.	John Leslie	Carpenter	59	34	Old age and infirmity	40 0 0	21 12 0	
14 Dec. 1879	Elmfield	Colin O'Brien	Tallowery House	55	41	Infirmary of body	30 0 0	10 0 0	21 April, 1890.
1 May, 1888	Do.	Thomas Green	Porter	74	31	Permanent infirmity of body	20 0 0	0 0 0	
4 Jan. 1888	Elmfield	Edward B. Dawson	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	34	23	Old age	100 10 0	60 10 0	
20 Jan. 1888	Do.	William W. Pearce	Do.	40	36	Do.	120 15 0	50 12 0	
10 Mar. 1887	Leam	Esther Hall	Schoolmistress	40	74	Permanent infirmity of body.	40 7 11	20 0 0	1 Feb. 1890.
28 Dec. 1871	Lansbury	William Gibson	Miner	55	42	Old age and infirmity	40 0 0	20 20 0	
20 May 1878	Lansbury	Charles Gibson	Farmer and Agriculturist	39	37	Old age	30 00 0	20 0 0	

Superannuation of Union Officers

[Ann. B.]

25 Sept. 1879	Do. . .	Mary B. H. Adams.	Hospital Nurse . . .	40	171	Indefinite of mind . . .	10 0 0	10 0 0	
2 Dec. 1879	Lincoln . .	John Smith . .	Hospital Assistant . .	41	44	Indefinite of body . . .	10 0 0	10 0 0	
2 Dec. 1879	Do. . .	John Jones . .	Warehouseman . . .	44	45	Do. . . . .	10 0 0	10 0 0	
4 Aug. 1879	Do. . .	John Brown . .	Collector . . . . .	44	44	Indefinite of mind and body.	104 10 0	104 0 0	
8 Mar. 1879	Do. . .	John Halsey . .	Male Laundry Keeper .	44	114½	Indefinite of body . . .	40 0 0	40 0 0	
10 April, 1879	Do. . .	John Halsey . .	Warehouseman . . .	44	114½	Do. . . . .	40 0 0	40 0 0	
10 May. 1879	Do. . .	Elizabeth Dwyer .	Hospital Nurse . . .	41	114½	Permanent Indefinite of body.	40 0 0	40 0 0	
10 May. 1879	Do. . .	Jonathan Jones .	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	44	114½	Old age . . . . .	100 10 0	10 0 0	
17 June, 1879	Do. . .	Mary O'Connell .	Laundress . . . . .	54	114½	Do. . . . .	40 10 0	10 0 0	
10 Jan. 1879	Lincoln . .	John A. Smith . .	Hospital Nurse . . .	104½	114½	Old age and permanent Indefinite of body.	40 10 0	1 10 0	
19 April, 1879	Lincoln . .	Samuel C. Murphy .	Mariner . . . . .	40	44	Indefinite of mind . . .	40 0 0	40 0 0	
10 Aug. 1879	Do. . .	John M. O'Connell .	Hospital Nurse . . .	44	44	Permanent Indefinite of body.	40 0 0	7 0 0	
10 Aug. 1879	Lincoln . .	James Halsey . .	Clerk . . . . .	41	114½	Indefinite of mind and body	40 0 0	40 0 0	
11 June, 1879	Do. . .	Elizabeth Smith .	Schoolmistress . . .	44	44	Indefinite of body . . .	40 0 0	0 0 0	
2 Jan. 1879	Lincoln . .	Charles Thompson .	Relieving Officer . . .	44	37	Do. . . . .	40 0 0	40 0 0	
11 Apr. 1879	Do. . .	John McCarthy . .	Clerk . . . . .	104½	114½	Permanent Indefinite of mind and body	174 0 0	110 0 0	
15 July, 1879	Lincoln . .	John Cookson . .	Mariner . . . . .	44	44	Indefinite of body . . .	40 0 0	10 0 0	
15 Mar. 1879	Do. . .	Thomas Carter . .	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	44	114½	Old age and infirmity . .	100 0 0	40 0 0	1 Mar. 1879.
2 Mar. 1879	Lincoln . .	John Fildes . . .	Hospital Nurse . . .	44½	174½	Old age . . . . .	40 0 0	40 0 0	
2 Jan. 1879	Lincoln . .	John Anderson . .	Mariner . . . . .	40	114½	Do. . . . .	40 0 0	40 0 0	
10 June, 1879	Do. . .	George Smith . .	Relieving Officer . . .	44	114½	Do. . . . .	40 0 0	10 0 0	
10 Oct. 1879	Lincoln . .	Thomas Gentry . .	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	41	41	Do. . . . .	100 1 11	40 0 0	

Continued.

No. 7.—**UNION OFFICERS' SUPERANNUATION.**—Statement of allowances under the Superannuation Acts in force during any portion of the year ended the 31st of September, 1870; showing also the cases in which the allowances terminated during the year. (In continuation of statement in eighteenth annual report, Appendix D, No. 7)—continued.

Date of Commence- ment of Local Government Board.	Name.	Rank or Office.	Office.	Age Years.	Period of service as a Union Officer.	Cause of retirement.	Annual Salary.	Annual Superannua- tion Allowance.	At termination, date of termination.
21 Oct. 1860	Barrow, .	Thomas F. Huxley	Chief . . . . .	35	24	Permanent infirmity of body	160 0 0	115 0 0	
27 Feb. 1860	Barrow . . .	James Barry	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	55	24½	Infirmity of body . .	175 0 0	160 0 0	
1 April, 1864	Do. . . . .	Mary Council .	Caretaker of Dispensary	78	24½	Permanent infirmity of body	7 0 0	0 0 0	
1 April, 1867	Do. . . . .	Elizabeth Whitford	Infirmary Nurse . .	71½	25½	Old age . . . . .	40 0 0	35 0 0	
10 May, 1869	Do. . . . .	John O'Halloran .	Matron . . . . .	64½	25½	Permanent infirmity of body	50 10 10	35 10 10	
1 Sept. 1870	Manchester &c.	Thomas Davis .	Medical Officer of Work- house.	58	26½	Infirmity of body . .	140 0 0	85 10 0	
1 April, 1869	Do. . . . .	Thomas H. Nash .	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	65	26	Do. . . . .	157 0 0	85 0 0	
1 Dec. 1870	Stirling . . .	Collette Gory .	Infirmary Nurse . .	60	26½	Old age and infirmity of body.	30 0 0	20 0 0	
1 June, 1871	Do. . . . .	William Aborn .	Nurse . . . . .	57	24	Permanent infirmity of mind.	45 0 0	34 10 0	
8 Feb. 1872	Do. . . . .	Patrick Smith .	Nurse . . . . .	57½	25½	Old age . . . . .	115 0 0	50 0 0	
20 May, 1872	Do. . . . .	Margaret Gordon .	Wardwoman . . .	74½	25½	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	34 0 0	24 10 0	
21 Oct. 1873	Do. . . . .	Thomas Goodford .	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	71½	26½	Old age . . . . .	110 0 0	70 0 0	
20 Nov. 1873	Do. . . . .	James J. Foley .	Medical Officer of Work- house.	51½	27½	Permanent infirmity of mind and body	140 0 0	75 0 0	
20 Nov. 1873	Do. . . . .	Edgert Twigg .	Caretaker of Dispensary.	55	26	Old age . . . . .	0 10 0	0 0 0	
10 Dec. 1874 1 Feb. 1875	Stirling &c.	Thomas Gordon	Wardwoman Officer	55	27	Old age and infirmity	50 10 0	30 10 0	

20 Sept. 1907	Do.	May Mayday	Salutary Room	48	100	Permanent infirmity of body.	48 0 0	48 0 0	20 Feb. 1908.
7 Jan. 1908	Ministerium	James Flaherty	Householder	48	87	Old age and infirmity	74 17 0	20 0 0	
7 Oct. 1908	Do.	William O'Hall	Medical Officer of Workhouse	58	87	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	140 0 0	80 15 4	
10 Aug. 1911	Minist.	Patrick McElwain	Relieving Officer	58	88	Old age	10 0 0	80 0 0	
12 Mar. 1909	Do.	Michael Blake	Tiler	50 1/2	140 1/2	Old age and infirmity of body	80 0 0	10 14 0	
14 Mar. 1909	Ministerium	John Douglas	Relieving Officer	58	88	Infirmity of body	40 0 0	20 0 0	
4 Aug. 1910	Do.	Margaret Eadie	Widow	82	100	Do.	80 0 0	10 0 0	
8 April 1911	Ministerium	Margaret O'Connell	Do.	84	100	Infirmity of mind and body.	50 0 0	10 0 0	
8 Sept. 1909	Do.	Joseph Clarke	Medical Officer of Workhouse and of Dispensary Out-patient	85	88	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	160 0 0	160 0 0	
10 April 1908	Do.	Robert Goodbody	Clerk	64 1/2	100	Permanent infirmity of body.	110 0 0	160 0 0	
8 July 1908	Do.	Sam. O'Leary	From Hospital Work	100	100	Do.	40 10 10	40 0 0	
10 July 1908	Killbeggar	John H. Pilkington	Relieving Officer	58	78	Infirmity of body	40 0 0	10 0 0	
20 Mar. 1909	Do.	Francis Kerr	Do.	88	88	Do.	80 0 0	80 0 0	
8 Sept. 1908	Do.	Charles Russell	Ministerium	48	52	Do.	80 00 0	80 0 0	
1 Feb. 1908	Do.	Henry Jackson	Master Tiler	100	100 1/2	Permanent infirmity of body.	40 0 0	80 0 0	
1 Jan. 1908	Do.	Gertrude Moore	Landlady	78	88	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	10 0 0	20 0 0	
20 April 1908	Do.	Richard English	Master	88	100 1/2	Old age	120 10 0	40 10 0	
" "	Do.	Ann English	Widow	80 1/2	88 1/2	Permanent infirmity of body	80 10 0	40 10 0	
8 Aug. 1908	Do.	Ann O'Connor	Ministry of Dispensary Out-patient and Dispensary Out-patient	88	10	Do.	80 0 0	80 0 0	
14 April 1909	Do.	Elizabeth O'Connell	Salutary Room	82	100	Infirmity of body	84 0 0	10 0 0	
17 June 1908	Do.	Margaret Murnaghan	Widow	84	100	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	80 0 0	0 0 0	

No. 7.—UNION OFFICERS' SUPERANNUATION.—Statement of allowances under the Superannuation Acts in force during any portion of the year ended the 31st of September, 1890; showing also the cases in which the allowances terminated during the year. (In continuation of statement in eighteenth annual report, Appendix D, No. 7).—continued.

Date of Termination of Local Government Service.	Title.	Name of Officer.	Office.	Age, Years.	Probable service under the Act, Years.	Cause of retirement.	Gratuity Paid.	Amount Superannuation Allowance.	If terminated, Date of Termination.
13 Feb. 1887	Plum	Anna Moorey.	Assistant Superintendant.	77½	8	Shifting of office.	20 0 0	5 10 0	
21 Mar. 1888	Surveyor	Thomas Morgan.	Parish	65	12½	Permanent infirmity of body.	40 0 0	10 0 0	
17 Sept. 1878	Surveyor	Mary McIlroy.	Superintendent.	44	10½	Infirmity of body.	20 0 0	10 0 0	
20 Sept. 1878	Do.	Margaret Carroll.	Surveyor General.	37	12½	Permanent infirmity.	10 0 0	20 0 0	
22 Oct. 1887	Do.	James Gilling.	Master.	67½	10½	Permanent infirmity of body.	100 0 0	40 0 0	
14 July, 1888	Do.	Francis Cahalan.	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	63½	7½	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	100 0 0	37 0 0	
14 Mar. 1887	Do.	David Carroll.	Collector.	74½	10	Old age.	84 12 0	30 0 0	
15 Nov. 1888	Surveyor	George Walker.	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	57½	4½	Do.	110 10 0	70 10 0	
18 Sept. 1878	Rate Receiver.	Thomas Smith.	Do.	63	10	Do.	112 0 0	66 10 0	
20 May, 1887	Do.	Martin Wynn.	Parish	70	14½	Permanent infirmity of body.	40 0 0	10 0 0	
20 Aug. 1878	Surveyor	Henry G. Gray.	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	61	12	Infirmity of body.	80 0 0	30 0 0	
20 May, 1879	Do.	Joseph Graham.	Parish	40	23½	Do.	60 0 0	10 0 0	
22 Jan. 1886	Quartermaster.	James Allen.	Medical Officer of Workhouse.	67	34½	Old age.	104 0 0	37 10 0	
22 Sept. 1888	Do.	Richard Ridgeway.	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	60	40	Do.	100 0 0	30 0 0	10 May 1889
22 Dec. 1878	Surveyor	James Gilling.	Master.	67½	10½	Permanent infirmity of body.	100 0 0	40 0 0	

1 Feb. 1886	Do. . .	James Scottie .	First Hospital Nurse .	41	51 1/2	Permanent intensity of body.	44 0 0	14 0 0	4 June, 1886.
1 Mar. 1886	Do. . .	William J. H. Knight	Clerk . . . . .	40	52 1/2	Old age . . . . .	100 0 0	20 0 0	
8 Dec. 1887	Captaincy .	Marlowe Mann	Referring Officer .	38	51	Old age and intensity of body.	50 0 0	10 0 0	
22 Feb. 1887	Do. . .	David Walsh .	Do. . . . .	44	52 1/2	Old age and intensity .	17 10 0	0 10 0	
28 Aug. 1887	Transference .	Thomas Dwyer	Master . . . . .	55 1/2	55 1/2	Old age and permanent intensity of body	100 0 0	20 10 0	4 Dec. 1886
14 Feb. 1887	Do. . .	Michael Shanley	Seller . . . . .	54	54 1/2	Do. . . . .	40 10 0	10 10 0	
20 May, 1887	Perfection .	Michael Garry	Porter . . . . .	38	48 1/2	Old age . . . . .	50 0 0	10 0 0	
7 Sept. 1887	Reduction .	Bernard McTear	Water Steward .	35	44	Old age and intensity.	50 0 0	10 0 0	
4 June, 1888	Do. . .	Samuel Paddy	Native . . . . .	37	49	Old age . . . . .	50 0 0	20 0 0	24 Dec. 1886
10 Dec. 1884	Do. . .	Colman Green	Minister of Dispensary Service.	57	60	Do. . . . .	10 0 0	10 0 0	
4 Dec. 1888	Do. . .	Bridget Lewis	Do. . . . .	40	45	Do. . . . .	10 0 0	0 0 0	
20 May, 1887	Do. . .	Sam Doyle .	Minister of Dispensary .	50	55	Do. . . . .	0 0 0	0 0 0	
24 Oct. 1887	Do. . .	James F. Pollack	Referring Officer of Dispensary Service.	37	40	Permanent intensity of body.	100 10 0	70 0 0	24 Dec. 1886
10 Dec. 1884	Do. . .	Colman Mulligan	Minister of Dispensary District.	40	54 1/2	Old age and permanent intensity of body.	50 0 0	11 0 0	
20 Mar. 1886	Do. . .	Sam Miller	Do. . . . .	40	54 1/2	Old age . . . . .	50 0 0	11 0 0	
22 April, 1886	Reduction .	Ellen O'Brien .	First Hospital Nurse .	39	49	Do. . . . .	40 0 0	20 0 0	
22 Sept. 1886	Reduction .	John Flaherty	Assistant of Dispensary Service.	53 1/2	44 1/2	Do. . . . .	10 0 0	40 0 0	24 Dec. 1886
24 April, 1887	Reduction .	Thomas Ryan	Referring Officer and Collector	31	34	Do. . . . .	40 0 0	20 0 0	
12 Nov. 1886	Do. . .	Isabel O'Leary	Reduction .	44	54 1/2	Permanent intensity of body.	40 10 0	20 0 0	
20 Jan. 1887	Reduction .	James Garry .	Clerk . . . . .	45 1/2	57	Old age . . . . .	100 10 0	100 0 0	
20 April, 1887	Do. . .	William B. Weyer	Master . . . . .	40 1/2	50	Do. . . . .	100 10 0	70 7 0	24 Dec. 1886
. . .	Do. . .	Margaret O'Sullivan	Native . . . . .	35 1/2	55 1/2	Do. . . . .	47 10 0	40 0 0	

No. 7.—*Union Officers' Representations.*—Statement of allowances under the Representation Acts in force during any portion of the year ended the 31st of September, 1890; showing also the cases in which the allowances terminated during the year. (In continuation of statement in eighteenth annual report, Appendix D, No. 7).—continued.

Date of Commencement of Term of Office.	Name.	Place of Office.	Office.	Age, years.	Period of service as a Union Officer.	Class of allowance.	Annual Salary.	Amount Expended for Allowance.	Termination, date of termination.
12 Aug. 1889	Brown . . .	John Do.	Relieving Officer . .	54	14½	Proportional indemnity of body.	£ 5. 0. 0	5 0 0	
1 Oct. 1889	Barclay . . .	James M. Stewart .	Factor . . . . .	54½	11½	Old age . . . . .	20 0 0	10 0 0	
14 May, 1889	McLennan . .	Ellis Brown . . .	Miner . . . . .	51	5½	Indemnity . . . . .	20 0 0	0 0 0	
15 Sept. 1879	Do. . . . .	John W. Dunlop .	Medical Officer of Workhouse and of Dispensary District.	54	37	Indemnity of body . .	100 0 0	100 10 0	
24 Aug. 1889	McIntyre . .	James G. Stewart .	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	52	23	Old age . . . . .	120 10 0	50 0 0	
30 July, 1884	Do. . . . .	Thomas A. Macdonald .	Miner . . . . .	57½	27½	Do. . . . .	60 0 0	60 0 0	
4 Mar. 1884	Do. . . . .	John J. Dunlop .	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	50½	4½	Indemnity of mind and body . . . . .	200 10 0	0 0 0	1 Jan. 1890.
" "	Do. . . . .	Do. . . . .	Medical Officer of Workhouse.	50½	4½	Do. . . . .	60 0 0	60 10 0	
15 Oct. 1879	Sligo . . . .	Bridges Wilson .	Sanitary Hospital Nurse.	47	14	Indemnity of body . .	20 1 0	0 10 10	20 Feb. 1890.
8 April, 1884	Do. . . . .	Matthew Young .	Sanitary Officer . .	58	19½	Old age . . . . .	60 0 0	50 10 0	21 Jan. 1890.
8 Sept. 1879	Wickham . .	John G. Gregory .	Do. . . . .	45	14	Old age and indemnity .	50 0 0	50 0 0	
1 Jan. 1879	Do. . . . .	Sam. McEldowney .	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	50	24½	Old age . . . . .	120 10 0	50 0 0	
10 July, 1888	Do. . . . .	Catharine Kelly .	Sanitary Nurse . .	50½	14½	Proportional indemnity of body.	60 0 0	50 0 0	
8 April, 1887	Do. . . . .	Margaret Mathews .	Sanitary Nurse . .	50	14½	Do. . . . .	60 11 0	50 0 0	
14 Nov. 1878	Stranmillis . .	Henry A. Walker .	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	50	22½	Indemnity of body . .	100 0 0	50 0 0	
10 July, 1878	Do. . . . .	Ellis Wilson .	Sanitary Hospital Nurse.	50	14½	Do. . . . .	60 0 0	0 0 0	

10 May, 1903	Do.	1	James Lees	Medical Officer of Workhouses and of Dispensary District.	47	55	Permanent Infirmary of body.	100 0 0	100 0 0	30 Oct. 1903
18 Apr. 1903	Do.	"	Edmund Rafferty	Porter	10	12½	Do.	50 0 0	7 0 0	
3 May, 1900	Do.	"	Bridget Crowley	Matron	20	10½	Do.	50 0 0	10 0 0	
17 May, 1901	Workhouse.	"	James Gray	Refectory Officer	30	10½	Old age	50 0 0	50 0 0	
10 July, 1901	Refectory	"	Michael Fitzpatrick	Refectory Officer	40	30	Infirmary of body	50 0 0	50 0 0	
10 Nov. 1900	Do.	"	Philip D. Phillips	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	70	200	Old age	100 0 0	50 0 0	
10 Nov. 1901	Do.	"	Anna Carroll	Matron	10½	10½	Old age and permanent infirmary of body.	50 0 0	50 0 0	
4 Nov. 1900	Workhouse.	"	John F. MacCarthy	Cook	10½	10½	Old age	100 0 0	100 0 0	
9 Nov. 1900	Workhouse	"	Barbara Walsh	Matron	30	77½	Infirmary of body	50 0 0	50 0 0	
10 July, 1901	Do.	"	James Ryan	Porter	30	4½	Permanent Infirmary of mind and body	50 0 0	71 0 11	
7 April, 1900	Dispensary	"	Michael Sharkey	Master	40	50	Infirmary of body	50 0 0	40 0 0	
10 Jan. 1900	Do.	"	Edmund Quilliam	Porter	10½	10½	Permanent Infirmary of body.	50 0 0	50 0 0	
10 Nov. 1900	Do.	"	John Flynn	Outpatient	30	10½	Do.	50 0 0	50 0 0	
3 Aug. 1900	Dispensary	"	Patrick F. O'Donnell	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	44½	12½	Do.	100 0 0	40 0 0	
4 Dec. 1901	Workhouse	"	Robert Fitzmaurice	Do.	30	31	Infirmary of body	100 0 0	54 0 0	
21 May, 1901	Do.	"	Margaret Walsh	Workhouse	30	31	Permanent infirmary	50 0 0	10 0 0	
1 Mar. 1900	Do.	"	Thomas Murphy	First Hospital Ward	30	30	Old age and infirmary of body.	50 0 0	50 0 0	
10 Dec. 1901	Do.	"	Thomas Tinsley	Salter	10½	10½	Do.	50 0 0	50 0 0	
4 May, 1900	Do.	"	Arthur Moore	Matron	30	10½	Old age	50 0 0	50 0 0	
1 Oct. 1900	Workhouse	"	John Ryan	Refectory Officer	30	30	Old age and infirmary	50 0 0	10 0 0	
11 June, 1900	Do.	"	Bridget Moore	Matron	10½	10½	Permanent Infirmary of body	50 0 0	50 0 0	
11 Oct. 1900	Do.	"	Peter Moore	Refectory Officer	10½	10½	Do.	50 0 0	50 0 0	
11 Dec. 1900	Do.	"	Mary A. Murray	Infirmary of Dispensary	30	10½	Do.	50 0 0	10 0 0	

(Continued)



No. 7.—*Union Officers' Superannuation.*—Statement of allowances under the Superannuation Act in force during any portion of the year ended the 30th of September, 1890; showing also the cases in which the allowances terminated during the year. (The continuation of statement in eighteenth annual report, Appendix D, No. 7).—continued.

Date of Termination of Local Superannuation Service.	Notes.	Name of Officer.	Office.	Age, Years.	Period of service and Union Office.	Reason of termination.	Normal Service.	Actual Superannuation Allowance.	Terminated, Date of Termination.
20 May, 1879	Team	Digby French	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	57	27	Old age	100 0 0	100 0 0	
17 Aug. 1880	Do.	Martha Kerridge	Parish	53	14½	Permanent infirmity of body	40 0 0	34 4 0	
4 April, 1880	Do.	John Meele	Clark	57½	4½	Old age	800 0 0	230 0 0	
18 Mar. 1880	Police	James Baker	Matron	64½	27½	Permanent infirmity of body.	40 00 0	30 0 0	
1 Nov. 1880	Tollmen	Mary Reed	Landress	57	25½	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	30 0 0	30 10 0	
20 June, 1880	Waterford	James Harvey	Relieving Officer	60	10	Infirmity of body	70 0 0	30 0 0	
18 Dec. 1880	Do.	Robert J. Burdett	Medical Officer of Workhouses.	70½	42½	Old age	100 0 0	40 00 4	
10 Feb. 1880	Do.	Mary B. O'Connell	Education	60½	37	Permanent infirmity of body.	200 0 0	30 0 0	
2 June, 1880	Do.	Elleanor B. Gmel	Fever Hospital Nurse	57½	30½	Old age	70 0 0	30 0 0	
17 June, 1880	Widport	Ellen M. A. Wilson	Matron	58	38	Infirmity of body	50 00 0	35 0 0	
4 Oct. 1879	Do.	James Davis	Medical Officer of Workhouses and of Dispensary District.	70	34½	Old age	827 0 00	140 00 1½	
1 Mar. 1880	Do.	James Walsh	Master	60½	20½	Do.	34 0 0	30 0 0	
10 Sept. 1877	Traight	Henry C. Gault	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	58	30	Infirmity of body	80 0 0	30 0 0	
7 Feb. 1880	Do.	Johnston O'Brien	Conductor of Dispensary	78	38	Permanent infirmity of body.	10 0 0	0 20 4	
20 Feb. 1880	Do.	John Adams	Parish	60½	31	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	10 0 0	33 0 0	
1 May, 1880	Do.	John Walsh	Traitor	70	10½	Permanent infirmity of body.	30 0 0	10 0 0	

## APPENDIX E.

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### TABULAR RETURNS IN CONNECTION WITH RELIEF UNDER THE MEDICAL CHARITIES ACT.

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[NOTE.—In this series of tables, the unions are classed in the Counties and Provinces in which the chief or central place of each union is situate; but many of the unions comprise parts of more than one County or Province. The total population of the unions in the respective Counties and Provinces, as arranged in the summary of Table No. 2, does not, therefore, agree with the summaries of those Counties and Provinces in the census returns. An index of the dispensary districts is annexed (No. 6), showing the name of the union in which each district is situate, and referring to the table and page in which the particulars relating to each district are to be found.]

TABLE No. 1.

STATEMENT of ALTERATIONS in DISPENSARY DISTRICTS of unions in Ireland to the 25th March, 1891, according to the Orders issued in pursuance of sec. 6 of 14 and 15 Vic., cap. 68 :—(from the completion of table No. 1, Appendix E, in the eighteenth annual Report.)

UNIONS.	DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	New District.	No. of members of Committee of Management.	No. of medical officers sanctioned.	No. of apothecaries or Pharmaceutical Chemists.	No. of midwives.	Date of Order.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.							
COUNTY OF CAVAN.							
COOTEHILL, . . .	Cootehill, . . .	-	22	-	-	-	14th April, 1890.
COUNTY OF DONEGAL.							
DONEGAL, . . .	Donegal, . . .	-	18	-	-	-	6th May, 1890.
MILFORD, . . .	Rosguill, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	6th December, 1890.
COUNTY OF LONDONDERRY.							
LONDONDERRY, . . .	Cloudy, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	7th January, 1891.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.							
COUNTY OF KERRY.							
KILLARNEY, . . .	Killarney . . .	-	-	-	1*	-	4th September, 1890.
COUNTY OF LIMERICK.							
RATHKEALE, . . .	Rathkeale, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	24th October, 1890.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.							
COUNTY OF DUBLIN.							
SOUTH DUBLIN, . . .	South City, . . .	-	56	-	-	-	2nd February, 1891.
QUEEN'S COUNTY.							
ABBETTSLEIGH, . . .	Ballinskillick, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	7th July, 1890.
COUNTY OF WESTMEREATH.							
MULLINGAR, . . .	Multyfarnham, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	6th August, 1890.

\* The Order in this case directed that a Pharmaceutical Chemist be appointed.

TABLE No. 1.—continued.

STATEMENT of ALTERATIONS in DISPENSARY DISTRICTS of unions in Ireland—  
(continued.)

UNIONS.	DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	New District.	No. of members of Committee of Management.	No. of medical officers appointed.	No. of apothecaries or Pharmaceutical chemists.	No. of midwives.	Date of Order.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—continued.							
COUNT OF WICKLOW.							
BATHURST, . . .	Wicklow, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	2nd February, 1891.
SHILLAGEH, . . .	Coalstown & Cloghgan	-	-	-	-	1	12th November, 1890.
Do., . . .	Coalstown & Hacketstown.	-	-	-	-	1	Do.
Do., . . .	Tinahely, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	Do.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.							
COUNT OF SLIGO.							
SLIGO, . . .	Carney,* . . .	-	15	-	-	-	18th September, 1890, and 10th October, 1890.
Do., . . .	Offeary, . . .	1	15	-	-	1	

\* The Order of the 18th September, 1890, which was to take effect on the 30th of that month, divided Carney Dispensary District into two Districts to be named the Carney and Offeary Dispensary Districts, each of which was to have one Medical Officer and a Committee of Management of fifteen members; and the Order of 10th October directed the appointment of one Midwife for each District. As the old Carney Dispensary District had two Medical Officers and one Midwife, the Orders only increased the number of paid officers by one Midwife shown above as appointed for Offeary District.

SUMMARY OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, BY PROVINCES, AS ALTERED BY THE  
FOREGOING TABLE UP TO THE 25th MARCH, 1891.

PROVINCES.	Number of unions.	Number of dispensary districts.	Number of electoral divisions.	Population: 1881.	Area: in statute acres.	Poor Law Valuation, 25th Sept. 1890.	Number of medical officers authorized.	Number of apothecaries.	Number of midwives.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
ULSTER, . . .	43	214	879	1,745,076	5,483,301	£ 4,416,377	235	8	95
MUNSTER, . . .	50	206	1,032	1,331,116	6,067,723	3,446,600	282	21	62
LEINSTER, . . .	39	202	938	1,278,989	4,876,518	4,765,429	229	15	132
CONNAUGHT, . . .	28	99	595	821,657	4,392,086	1,865,957	114	8	28
Total, Ireland,	160	721	3,444	5,174,836	20,819,928	10,994,254	810	42	337



CITY.	COUNTY.	POPULATION.	1890.												1900.												1910.												1920.												1930.												1940.												1950.												1960.												1970.												1980.												1990.												2000.												2010.												2020.												2030.												2040.												2050.												2060.												2070.												2080.												2090.												2100.												2110.												2120.												2130.												2140.												2150.												2160.												2170.												2180.												2190.												2200.												2210.												2220.												2230.												2240.												2250.												2260.												2270.												2280.												2290.												2300.												2310.												2320.												2330.												2340.												2350.												2360.												2370.												2380.												2390.												2400.												2410.												2420.												2430.												2440.												2450.												2460.												2470.												2480.												2490.												2500.												2510.												2520.												2530.												2540.												2550.												2560.												2570.												2580.												2590.												2600.												2610.												2620.												2630.												2640.												2650.												2660.												2670.												2680.												2690.												2700.												2710.												2720.												2730.												2740.												2750.												2760.												2770.												2780.												2790.												2800.												2810.												2820.												2830.												2840.												2850.												2860.												2870.												2880.												2890.												2900.												2910.												2920.												2930.												2940.												2950.												2960.												2970.												2980.												2990.												3000.												3010.												3020.												3030.												3040.												3050.												3060.												3070.												3080.												3090.												3100.												3110.												3120.												3130.												3140.												3150.												3160.												3170.												3180.												3190.												3200.												3210.												3220.												3230.												3240.												3250.												3260.												3270.												3280.												3290.												3300.												3310.												3320.												3330.												3340.												3350.												3360.												3370.												3380.												3390.												3400.												3410.												3420.												3430.												3440.												3450.												3460.												3470.												3480.												3490.												3500.												3510.												3520.												3530.												3540.												3550.												3560.												3570.												3580.												3590.												3600.												3610.												3620.												3630.												3640.												3650.												3660.												3670.												3680.												3690.												3700.												3710.												3720.												3730.												3740.												3750.												3760.												3770.												3780.												3790.												3800.												3810.												3820.												3830.												3840.												3850.												3860.												3870.												3880.												3890.												3900.												3910.												3920.												3930.												3940.												3950.												3960.												3970.												3980.												3990.												4000.												4010.												4020.												4030.												4040.												4050.												4060.												4070.												4080.												4090.												4100.												4110.												4120.												4130.												4140.												4150.												4160.												4170.												4180.												4190.												4200.												4210.												4220.												4230.												4240.												4250.												4260.												4270.												4280.												4290.												4300.												4310.												4320.												4330.												4340.												4350.												4360.												4370.												4380.												4390.												4400.												4410.												4420.												4430.												4440.												4450.												4460.												4470.												4480.												4490.												4500.												4510.												4520.												4530.												4540.												4550.												4560.												4570.												4580.												4590.												4600.												4610.												4620.												4630.												4640.												4650.												4660.												4670.												4680.												4690.												4700.												4710.												4720.												4730.												4740.												4750.												4760.												4770.												4780.												4790.												4800.												4810.												4820.		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[illegible]

1. The first step is to identify the problem.

100



[illegible]

Country	Capital	Area	Population	Government	Religion	Language	Climate	Soil	Vegetation	Animals	Minerals	Manufactures	Exports	Imports	Trade	Notes
Algeria	Algiers	236,000	3,500,000	Monarchy	Muslim	Arabic	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Andorra	Andorra la Vella	468	20,000	Monarchy	Catholic	Catalan	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Angola	Luanda	246,000	1,500,000	Monarchy	Muslim	Portuguese	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Argentina	Buenos Aires	2,982,000	4,000,000	Monarchy	Catholic	Spanish	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Armenia	Yerevan	29,748	1,000,000	Monarchy	Muslim	Arabic	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Austria	Vienna	83,858	4,000,000	Monarchy	Catholic	German	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Azerbaijan	Baku	8,600	1,000,000	Monarchy	Muslim	Arabic	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Bahamas	Nassau	590	20,000	Monarchy	Catholic	English	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Bahrain	Manama	650	20,000	Monarchy	Muslim	Arabic	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Bangladesh	Dhaka	147,570	100,000,000	Monarchy	Muslim	Bengali	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Barbados	Bridgetown	166	20,000	Monarchy	Catholic	English	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Belarus	Minsk	206,000	10,000,000	Monarchy	Muslim	Arabic	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Belgium	Brussels	30,528	10,000,000	Monarchy	Catholic	French	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Belize	Belize City	226	20,000	Monarchy	Catholic	English	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Benin	Cotonou	128,420	10,000,000	Monarchy	Muslim	Arabic	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Bhutan	Thimphu	47,900	2,000,000	Monarchy	Catholic	English	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Bolivia	Sucre	366,428	10,000,000	Monarchy	Muslim	Arabic	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Sarajevo	51,129	10,000,000	Monarchy	Catholic	French	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Brazil	Brazilia	8,511,965	150,000,000	Monarchy	Muslim	Arabic	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Bulgaria	Sofia	76,868	10,000,000	Monarchy	Catholic	French	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Burkina Faso	Ouagadougou	274,000	10,000,000	Monarchy	Muslim	Arabic	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Burundi	Gitega	27,834	10,000,000	Monarchy	Catholic	French	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Cambodia	Phnom Penh	183,910	10,000,000	Monarchy	Muslim	Arabic	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather
Cameroon	Yaounde	475,337	10,000,000	Monarchy	Muslim	Arabic	Hot, dry	Fertile	Wheat, olive	Sheep, horses	Iron, coal	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather	Wool, leather

\* Office of Statistics issues

1. 2. Middlesex has not been reported

Continued

No. 2.—DOMESTIC DEBITORS, with the RECEIPTS, and AMOUNT of MONIES PAID, as affected, in the several Cities—continued.

CITIES.	DOMESTIC DEBITORS.	PAID TO 1851.	RECEIPTS OF EACH MONTH FROM DEBITORS, 1851.															MONIES PAID, AMOUNT OF PAID, FROM DEBITORS, 1851.					
			JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APRIL.	MAY.	JUNE.	JULY.	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	TOTAL.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.
BOSTON.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.
CAMBRIDGE.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.
NEWTON.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.
ROSLINDALE.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.
WATERTOWN.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.	PAID TO 1851.

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Unions.	TOWNSHIP RETURNS.	Popu- lar to 1851.	No. of Inhabitants				Expenses of Taxes since 1840											MANU- AL LABOUR AFFORDED IN THE SEVERAL TOWNSHIPS, 1851.					
							Municipal Expenses			Local Expenses			Police Expenses		Other Expenses			Total Amount of Taxes			Total Amount of Taxes		
							1840.	1841.	1842.	1843.	1844.	1845.	1846.	1847.	1848.	1849.	1850.	1851.	1852.	1853.	1854.	1855.	1856.
TOWNSHIP OF CLACK- MANNING.	Inhabitants— Males, Females, Total.	1840. 1841. 1842.	1843. 1844. 1845.	1846. 1847. 1848.	1849. 1850. 1851.	1852. 1853. 1854.	1840. 1841. 1842.	1843. 1844. 1845.	1846. 1847. 1848.	1849. 1850. 1851.	1852. 1853. 1854.	1855. 1856. 1857.	1858. 1859. 1860.	1861. 1862. 1863.	1864. 1865. 1866.	1867. 1868. 1869.	1870. 1871. 1872.	1873. 1874. 1875.	1876. 1877. 1878.	1879. 1880. 1881.	1882. 1883. 1884.	1885. 1886. 1887.	1888. 1889. 1890.
TOWNSHIP OF CLACK- MANNING.	Inhabitants— Males, Females, Total.	1840. 1841. 1842.	1843. 1844. 1845.	1846. 1847. 1848.	1849. 1850. 1851.	1852. 1853. 1854.	1840. 1841. 1842.	1843. 1844. 1845.	1846. 1847. 1848.	1849. 1850. 1851.	1852. 1853. 1854.	1855. 1856. 1857.	1858. 1859. 1860.	1861. 1862. 1863.	1864. 1865. 1866.	1867. 1868. 1869.	1870. 1871. 1872.	1873. 1874. 1875.	1876. 1877. 1878.	1879. 1880. 1881.	1882. 1883. 1884.	1885. 1886. 1887.	1888. 1889. 1890.
TOWNSHIP OF CLACK- MANNING.	Inhabitants— Males, Females, Total.	1840. 1841. 1842.	1843. 1844. 1845.	1846. 1847. 1848.	1849. 1850. 1851.	1852. 1853. 1854.	1840. 1841. 1842.	1843. 1844. 1845.	1846. 1847. 1848.	1849. 1850. 1851.	1852. 1853. 1854.	1855. 1856. 1857.	1858. 1859. 1860.	1861. 1862. 1863.	1864. 1865. 1866.	1867. 1868. 1869.	1870. 1871. 1872.	1873. 1874. 1875.	1876. 1877. 1878.	1879. 1880. 1881.	1882. 1883. 1884.	1885. 1886. 1887.	1888. 1889. 1890.

Division.	Subdivisions.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.	1923.	1924.	1925.	1926.	1927.	1928.	1929.	1930.	1931.	1932.	1933.	1934.	1935.	1936.	1937.	1938.	1939.	1940.	1941.	1942.	1943.	1944.	1945.	1946.	1947.	1948.	1949.	1950.	1951.	1952.	1953.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.	1959.	1960.	1961.	1962.	1963.	1964.	1965.	1966.	1967.	1968.	1969.	1970.	1971.	1972.	1973.	1974.	1975.	1976.	1977.	1978.	1979.	1980.	1981.	1982.	1983.	1984.	1985.	1986.	1987.	1988.	1989.	1990.	1991.	1992.	1993.	1994.	1995.	1996.	1997.	1998.	1999.	2000.	2001.	2002.	2003.	2004.	2005.	2006.	2007.	2008.	2009.	2010.	2011.	2012.	2013.	2014.	2015.	2016.	2017.	2018.	2019.	2020.	2021.	2022.	2023.	2024.	2025.	2026.	2027.	2028.	2029.	2030.	2031.	2032.	2033.	2034.	2035.	2036.	2037.	2038.	2039.	2040.	2041.	2042.	2043.	2044.	2045.	2046.	2047.	2048.	2049.	2050.	2051.	2052.	2053.	2054.	2055.	2056.	2057.	2058.	2059.	2060.	2061.	2062.	2063.	2064.	2065.	2066.	2067.	2068.	2069.	2070.	2071.	2072.	2073.	2074.	2075.	2076.	2077.	2078.	2079.	2080.	2081.	2082.	2083.	2084.	2085.	2086.	2087.	2088.	2089.	2090.	2091.	2092.	2093.	2094.	2095.	2096.	2097.	2098.	2099.	2100.	2101.	2102.	2103.	2104.	2105.	2106.	2107.	2108.	2109.	2110.	2111.	2112.	2113.	2114.	2115.	2116.	2117.	2118.	2119.	2120.	2121.	2122.	2123.	2124.	2125.	2126.	2127.	2128.	2129.	2130.	2131.	2132.	2133.	2134.	2135.	2136.	2137.	2138.	2139.	2140.	2141.	2142.	2143.	2144.	2145.	2146.	2147.	2148.	2149.	2150.	2151.	2152.	2153.	2154.	2155.	2156.	2157.	2158.	2159.	2160.	2161.	2162.	2163.	2164.	2165.	2166.	2167.	2168.	2169.	2170.	2171.	2172.	2173.	2174.	2175.	2176.	2177.	2178.	2179.	2180.	2181.	2182.	2183.	2184.	2185.	2186.	2187.	2188.	2189.	2190.	2191.	2192.	2193.	2194.	2195.	2196.	2197.	2198.	2199.	2200.	2201.	2202.	2203.	2204.	2205.	2206.	2207.	2208.	2209.	2210.	2211.	2212.	2213.	2214.	2215.	2216.	2217.	2218.	2219.	2220.	2221.	2222.	2223.	2224.	2225.	2226.	2227.	2228.	2229.	2230.	2231.	2232.	2233.	2234.	2235.	2236.	2237.	2238.	2239.	2240.	2241.	2242.	2243.	2244.	2245.	2246.	2247.	2248.	2249.	2250.	2251.	2252.	2253.	2254.	2255.	2256.	2257.	2258.	2259.	2260.	2261.	2262.	2263.	2264.	2265.	2266.	2267.	2268.	2269.	2270.	2271.	2272.	2273.	2274.	2275.	2276.	2277.	2278.	2279.	2280.	2281.	2282.	2283.	2284.	2285.	2286.	2287.	2288.	2289.	2290.	2291.	2292.	2293.	2294.	2295.	2296.	2297.	2298.	2299.	2300.	2301.	2302.	2303.	2304.	2305.	2306.
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**Fig. 2.—Divergence between, with the Expansion, and Absence of Nitrous Oxide offered, in the several Subjects—continued.**

[illegible]

Sector	Regulator	2008-09		2009-10		2010-11		2011-12		2012-13		2013-14		2014-15		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18		2018-19		2019-20		2020-21		2021-22		2022-23		2023-24		2024-25		2025-26		2026-27		2027-28		2028-29		2029-30		2030-31		2031-32		2032-33		2033-34		2034-35		2035-36		2036-37		2037-38		2038-39		2039-40		2040-41		2041-42		2042-43		2043-44		2044-45		2045-46		2046-47		2047-48		2048-49		2049-50		2050-51		2051-52		2052-53		2053-54		2054-55		2055-56		2056-57		2057-58		2058-59		2059-60		2060-61		2061-62		2062-63		2063-64		2064-65		2065-66		2066-67		2067-68		2068-69		2069-70		2070-71		2071-72		2072-73		2073-74		2074-75		2075-76		2076-77		2077-78		2078-79		2079-80		2080-81		2081-82		2082-83		2083-84		2084-85		2085-86		2086-87		2087-88		2088-89		2089-90		2090-91		2091-92		2092-93		2093-94		2094-95		2095-96		2096-97		2097-98		2098-99		2099-00		2100-01		2101-02		2102-03		2103-04		2104-05		2105-06		2106-07		2107-08		2108-09		2109-10		2110-11		2111-12		2112-13		2113-14		2114-15		2115-16		2116-17		2117-18		2118-19		2119-20		2120-21		2121-22		2122-23		2123-24		2124-25		2125-26		2126-27		2127-28		2128-29		2129-30		2130-31		2131-32		2132-33		2133-34		2134-35		2135-36		2136-37		2137-38		2138-39		2139-40		2140-41		2141-42		2142-43		2143-44		2144-45		2145-46		2146-47		2147-48		2148-49		2149-50		2150-51		2151-52		2152-53		2153-54		2154-55		2155-56		2156-57		2157-58		2158-59		2159-60		2160-61		2161-62		2162-63		2163-64		2164-65		2165-66		2166-67		2167-68		2168-69		2169-70		2170-71		2171-72		2172-73		2173-74		2174-75		2175-76		2176-77		2177-78		2178-79		2179-80		2180-81		2181-82		2182-83		2183-84		2184-85		2185-86		2186-87		2187-88		2188-89		2189-90		2190-91		2191-92		2192-93		2193-94		2194-95		2195-96		2196-97		2197-98		2198-99		2199-00		2200-01		2201-02		2202-03		2203-04		2204-05		2205-06		2206-07		2207-08		2208-09		2209-10		2210-11		2211-12		2212-13		2213-14		2214-15		2215-16		2216-17		2217-18		2218-19		2219-20		2220-21		2221-22		2222-23		2223-24		2224-25		2225-26		2226-27		2227-28		2228-29		2229-30		2230-31		2231-32		2232-33		2233-34		2234-35		2235-36		2236-37		2237-38		2238-39		2239-40		2240-41		2241-42		2242-43		2243-44		2244-45		2245-46		2246-47		2247-48		2248-49		2249-50		2250-51		2251-52		2252-53		2253-54		2254-55		2255-56		2256-57		2257-58		2258-59		2259-60		2260-61		2261-62		2262-63		2263-64		2264-65		2265-66		2266-67		2267-68		2268-69		2269-70		2270-71		2271-72		2272-73		2273-74		2274-75		2275-76		2276-77		2277-78		2278-79		2279-80		2280-81		2281-82		2282-83		2283-84		2284-85		2285-86		2286-87		2287-88		2288-89		2289-90		2290-91		2291-92		2292-93		2293-94		2294-95		2295-96		2296-97		2297-98		2298-99		2299-00		2300-01		2301-02		2302-03		2303-04		2304-05		2305-06		2306-07		2307-08		2308-09		2309-10		2310-11		2311-12		2312-13		2313-14		2314-15		2315-16		2316-17		2317-18		2318-19		2319-20		2320-21		2321-22		2322-23		2323-24		2324-25		2325-26		2326-27		2327-28		2328-29		2329-30		2330-31		2331-32		2332-33		2333-34		2334-35		2335-36		2336-37		2337-38		2338-39		2339-40		2340-41		2341-42		2342-43		2343-44		2344-45		2345-46		2346-47		2347-48		2348-49		2349-50		2350-51		2351-52		2352-53		2353-54		2354-55		2355-56		2356-57		2357-58		2358-59		2359-60		2360-61		2361-62		2362-63		2363-64		2364-65		2365-66		2366-67		2367-68		2368-69		2369-70		2370-71		2371-72		2372-73		2373-74		2374-75		2375-76		2376-77		2377-78		2378-79		2379-80		2380-81		2381-82		2382-83		2383-84		2384-85		2385-86		2386-87		2387-88		2388-89		2389-90		2390-91		2391-92		2392-93		2393-94		2394-95		2395-96		2396-97		2397-98		2398-99		2399-00		2400-01		2401-02		2402-03		2403-04		2404-05		2405-06		2406-07		2407-08		2408-09		2409-10		2410-11		2411-12		2412-13		2413-14		2414-15		2415-16		2416-17		2417-18		2418-19		2419-20		2420-21		2421-22		2422-23		2423-24		2424-25		2425-26		2426-27		2427-28		2428-29		2429-30		2430-31		2431-32		2432-33		2433-34		2434-35		2435-36		2436-37		2437-38		2438-39		2439-40		2440-41		2441-42		2442-43		2443-44		2444-45		2445-46		2446-47		2447-48		2448-49		2449-50		2450-51		2451-52		2452-53		2453-54		2454-55		2455-56		2456-57		2457-58		2458-59		2459-60		2460-61		2461-62		2462-63		2463-64		2464-65		2465-66		2466-67		2467-68		2468-69		2469-70		2470-71		2471-72		2472-73		2473-74		2474-75		2475-76		2476-77		2477-78		2478-79		2479-80		2480-81		2481-82		2482-83		2483-84		2484-85		2485-86		2486-87		2487-88		2488-89		2489-90		2490-91		2491-92		2492-93		2493-94		2494-95		2495-96		2496-97		2497-98		2498-99		2499-00		2500-01		2501-02		2502-03		2503-04		2504-05		2505-06		2506-07		2507-08		2508-09		2509-10		2510-11		2511-12		2512-13		2513-14		2514-15		2515-16		2516-17		2517-18		2518-19		2519-20		2520-21		2521-22		2522-23		2523-24		2524-25		2525-26		2526-27		2527-28		2528-29		2529-30		2530-31		2531-32		2532-33		2533-34		2534-35		2535-36		2536-37		2537-38		2538-39		2539-40		2540-41		2541-42		2542-43		2543-44		2544-45		2545-46		2546-47		2547-48		2548-49		2549-50		2550-51		2551-52		2552-53		2553-54		2554-55		2555-56		2556-57		2557-58		2558-59		2559-60		2560-61		2561-6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No. 2.—**DISBURSED DEBITORS, with the DEBITORS, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded, in the several Unions—continued.**

202

Tabular Return—Financial

[Ave. B.]

Union.	Disbursed Debitors.	Popul. in 1861.	No. of inhabitants.				Summary of Year ending Nov. November, 1860.										MEDICAL RELIEF afforded in Year ending Nov. November, 1860.						
							Males and females Applicants.	Cost of Disbursed relief.	Total Value of Goods and Services in a Disbursed relief.	Relief afforded by Medical Officers.			Relief afforded by Apprentices &c.			Total Value of Goods and Services in a Disbursed relief.	Relief afforded by Medical Officers.			Relief afforded by Apprentices &c.	Relief afforded by Volunteers &c.	Relief afforded by Other Means.	
										Males.	Females.	Children.	Males.	Females.	Children.		Males.	Females.	Children.				
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.
PLAID OF MEDICAL RELIEF, with Disbursed Debitors, and Apprentices, and Volunteers, and Other Means.	Disbursed Debitors.	1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Disbursed Debitors.	Disbursed Debitors.	1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Disbursed Debitors.	Disbursed Debitors.	1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Disbursed Debitors.	Disbursed Debitors.	1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		1,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Pennsylvania.	A. Ballinger, J. B. Buchanan, J. C. Cunningham,	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1
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No. 2.—DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT, with the Revenue, and Amount of Medical Service afforded, in the several Colonies—continued.

Colony.	Domestic Services.	Popul. Est. for 1871.	Total Population of Colony.	Total Revenue.			Revenue of Public Health Department, 1871.												Medical Service provided in the Colony. Est. for 1871.					
				Total.	Land Revenue.	Maritime Revenue.	Revenue from Licenses and Fees.	Revenue from Selling and Leasing Land.	Revenue from Selling and Leasing Buildings.	Revenue from Selling and Leasing Machinery.	Revenue from Selling and Leasing Vessels.	Revenue from Selling and Leasing Horses.	Revenue from Selling and Leasing Cattle.	Revenue from Selling and Leasing Pigs.	Revenue from Selling and Leasing Sheep.	Revenue from Selling and Leasing Goats.	Revenue from Selling and Leasing Other Animals.	Revenue from Selling and Leasing Other Property.	Medical Service provided in the Colony. Est. for 1871.			Revenue from Selling and Leasing Buildings.	Revenue from Selling and Leasing Machinery.	Revenue from Selling and Leasing Vessels.
																			Medical Officers.	Apothecaries.	Midwives.			
I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.	VI.	VII.	VIII.	IX.	X.	XI.	XII.	XIII.	XIV.	XV.	XVI.	XVII.	XVIII.	XIX.	XX.	XXI.	XXII.	XXIII.	XXIV.	XXV.
PROVINCE OF QUEENSLAND— General or District. MURRAY.	A. Murray.	4,447	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	B. Murray.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	C. Murray.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	D. Murray.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	E. Murray.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MOUNTAIN PROVINCE— General or District. MOUNTAIN.	A. Mountain.	4,447	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	B. Mountain.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	C. Mountain.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	D. Mountain.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	E. Mountain.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MOUNTAIN PROVINCE— General or District. MOUNTAIN.	A. Mountain.	4,447	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	B. Mountain.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	C. Mountain.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	D. Mountain.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	E. Mountain.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MOUNTAIN PROVINCE— General or District. MOUNTAIN.	A. Mountain.	4,447	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	B. Mountain.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	C. Mountain.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	D. Mountain.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	E. Mountain.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MOUNTAIN PROVINCE— General or District. MOUNTAIN.	A. Mountain.	4,447	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	B. Mountain.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	C. Mountain.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	D. Mountain.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	E. Mountain.	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Office.	Appoint- ment.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.	1923.	1924.	1925.	1926.	1927.	1928.	1929.	1930.	1931.	1932.	1933.	1934.	1935.	1936.	1937.	1938.	1939.	1940.	1941.	1942.	1943.	1944.	1945.	1946.	1947.	1948.	1949.	1950.	1951.	1952.	1953.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.	1959.	1960.	1961.	1962.	1963.	1964.	1965.	1966.	1967.	1968.	1969.	1970.	1971.	1972.	1973.	1974.	1975.	1976.	1977.	1978.	1979.	1980.	1981.	1982.	1983.	1984.	1985.	1986.	1987.	1988.	1989.	1990.	1991.	1992.	1993.	1994.	1995.	1996.	1997.	1998.	1999.	2000.	2001.	2002.	2003.	2004.	2005.	2006.	2007.	2008.	2009.	2010.	2011.	2012.	2013.	2014.	2015.	2016.	2017.	2018.	2019.	2020.	2021.	2022.	2023.	2024.	2025.	2026.	2027.	2028.	2029.	2030.	2031.	2032.	2033.	2034.	2035.	2036.	2037.	2038.	2039.	2040.	2041.	2042.	2043.	2044.	2045.	2046.	2047.	2048.	2049.	2050.	2051.	2052.	2053.	2054.	2055.	2056.	2057.	2058.	2059.	2060.	2061.	2062.	2063.	2064.	2065.	2066.	2067.	2068.	2069.	2070.	2071.	2072.	2073.	2074.	2075.	2076.	2077.	2078.	2079.	2080.	2081.	2082.	2083.	2084.	2085.	2086.	2087.	2088.	2089.	2090.	2091.	2092.	2093.	2094.	2095.	2096.	2097.	2098.	2099.	2100.	2101.	2102.	2103.	2104.	2105.	2106.	2107.	2108.	2109.	2110.	2111.	2112.	2113.	2114.	2115.	2116.	2117.	2118.	2119.	2120.	2121.	2122.	2123.	2124.	2125.	2126.	2127.	2128.	2129.	2130.	2131.	2132.	2133.	2134.	2135.	2136.	2137.	2138.	2139.	2140.	2141.	2142.	2143.	2144.	2145.	2146.	2147.	2148.	2149.	2150.	2151.	2152.	2153.	2154.	2155.	2156.	2157.	2158.	2159.	2160.	2161.	2162.	2163.	2164.	2165.	2166.	2167.	2168.	2169.	2170.	2171.	2172.	2173.	2174.	2175.	2176.	2177.	2178.	2179.	2180.	2181.	2182.	2183.	2184.	2185.	2186.	2187.	2188.	2189.	2190.	2191.	2192.	2193.	2194.	2195.	2196.	2197.	2198.	2199.	2200.	2201.	2202.	2203.	2204.	2205.	2206.	2207.	2208.	2209.	2210.	2211.	2212.	2213.	2214.	2215.	2216.	2217.	2218.	2219.	2220.	2221.	2222.	2223.	2224.	2225.	2226.	2227.	2228.	2229.	2230.	2231.	2232.	2233.	2234.	2235.	2236.	2237.	2238.	2239.	2240.	2241.	2242.	2243.	2244.	2245.	2246.	2247.	2248.	2249.	2250.	2251.	2252.	2253.	2254.	2255.	2256.	2257.	2258.	2259.	2260.	2261.	2262.	2263.	2264.	2265.	2266.	2267.	2268.	2269.	2270.	2271.	2272.	2273.	2274.	2275.	2276.	2277.	2278.	2279.	2280.	2281.	2282.	2283.	2284.	2285.	2286.	2287.	2288.	2289.	2290.	2291.	2292.	2293.	2294.	2295.	22
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FIG. 2.—Domestic Expenditure, with the Excesses, and Amount of Kinross Rentier afforded, in the several Unions—continued.

Unions.	Domestic Expenditure.	Popula- tion in 1841.	No. of persons receiving relief.					Excesses for the several Unions, &c.										Kinross Rentier afforded in each Union, &c.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
			Male and Female Applicants.			Male and Female Paupers.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	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Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	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Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers, &c.	Male and Female Paupers











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**Abstract**



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No. 1.—EXPENDITURE, with the Earnings, and Amount of MEDICAL SALARY effected, in the several Unions—continued.

Union.	Parishes or Townships.	Popula- tion in 1851.	Total Expenditure, 1851.				Earnings of Year ending the 31st March, 1852.										Medical Salary received in Year ending 31st March, 1852.																																																											
			Total.	By Rates.	By Donations.	By Other Sources.	Medical Salaries.	Salaries of Poor Law Guardians.	Salaries of Poor Law Officers.	Salaries of Poor Law Assistants.	Salaries of Poor Law Clerks.	Salaries of Poor Law Constables.	Salaries of Poor Law Watchmen.	Salaries of Poor Law Night Watchmen.	Salaries of Poor Law Porters.	Salaries of Poor Law Sweepers.	Salaries of Poor Law Cartmen.	Salaries of Poor Law Cooks.	Salaries of Poor Law Bakers.	Salaries of Poor Law Butchers.	Salaries of Poor Law Grocers.	Salaries of Poor Law Drapers.																																																						
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.																																																					
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.	County of Leinster.	2,200	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																																					
																								2,200	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																		
																																											2,200	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																
																																																													2,200	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County of Wick.	1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																																					
																								1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																	
																																												1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1															
																																																														1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County of Wexford.	1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																																					
																								1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																	
																																												1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1															
																																																														1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County of Carlow.	1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																																					
																								1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																	
																																												1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1															
																																																														1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
																																																																												1,200
County of Kildare.	1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																																					
																								1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																	
																																												1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1															
																																																														1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County of Dublin.	1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																																					
																								1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																	
																																												1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1															
																																																														1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County of Louth.	1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																																					
																								1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																	
																																												1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1															
																																																														1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County of Meath.	1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																																					
																								1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																	
																																												1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1															
																																																														1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County of Monaghan.	1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																																					
																								1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																	
																																												1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1															
																																																														1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County of Kerry.	1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																																					
																								1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																	
																																												1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1															
																																																														1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County of Cork.	1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																																					
																								1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																	
																																												1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1															
																																																														1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County of Waterford.	1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																																					
																								1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																	
																																												1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1															
																																																														1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County of Tipperary.	1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																																					
																								1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																	
																																												1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1															
																																																														1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County of Down.	1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																																					
																								1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																	
																																												1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1															
																																																														1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County of Antrim.	1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																																					
																								1,200	1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																													

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**Abstract**

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No. 2.—DISBURSEMENT DIVISION, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of REVENUE RECEIVED therefrom, in the several Unions—continued.

Name.	Disbursement Division.	Popula- tion.	EXPENSES OF THE SEVERAL DIVISIONS, 1892.										REVENUE RECEIVED IN THE SEVERAL DIVISIONS, 1892.									
			No. of inhabited houses.				Municipal Property Acquisitions.	Cost of Public Buildings.	Public Works, including Bridges and Amusements.	Salaries and Expenses of the Executive Officers.			Furniture and Equipment.		Total Revenue.	Source of the Funds during the year.			Total Revenue.	Municipal Property Acquisitions.	Public Works, including Bridges and Amusements.	Total Revenue.
			Total.	Buildings.	Amusements.	Other.				Executive Officers.	Salaries.	Expenses.	Furniture.	Equipment.		General.	Special.	Other.				
L.	R.	S.	T.	U.	V.	W.	X.	Y.	Z.	AA.	AB.	AC.	AD.	AE.	AF.	AG.	AH.	AI.	AJ.	AK.	AL.	AM.
PARISH OF LEITCHFIELD.—Continued. Census of 1891.— Total.	A. Alder.	6,271	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	B. Broomfield.	6,271	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	C. Cresswell.	6,271	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	D. Duff.	6,271	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	E. Eton.	6,271	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Queens' Parish. Census of 1891.— Total.	F. Farnham.	6,271	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	G. Gillingham.	6,271	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	H. Hingham.	6,271	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	I. Ipswich.	6,271	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	J. Jamaica.	6,271	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Municipal. Total.	K. Kingston.	6,271	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	L. Lymington.	6,271	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	M. Mablethorpe.	6,271	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	N. Northfleet.	6,271	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	O. Ormsby.	6,271	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10





No. 2.—Domestic Damages, with the Extent, and Amount of Material Injury suffered, in the several Unions—continued.

Union.	Domestic Injuries.	Fiscal Year 1911.	In Union for Fiscal Year.			Extent of Damage Sustained, 1911.												Material Injury sustained in Fiscal Year 1911.					
			In Union.	In Foreign.	In Total.	Buildings damaged.	Stocks damaged.	Fruit damaged.	Fruit trees damaged.	Material damaged.			Fruit trees damaged.			Total damaged.	Total damaged.	Total damaged.	Total damaged.	Total damaged.	Total damaged.		
										Buildings	Stocks	Fruit	Fruit	Fruit	Fruit							Fruit	Fruit
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.
FACILITY OF LIGATION (continued)	County of Warren— Fruit Dam.	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911
		1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911
		1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911
		1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911
Warren.	County of Warren— Fruit Dam.	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911
		1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911
		1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911
		1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911
County of Warren— Fruit Dam.	County of Warren— Fruit Dam.	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911
		1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911
		1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911
		1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911	1911

Section.	County.	Township.	Range.	Municipality.	Province of Ontario.		County of York.		Township of York.		Range of York.		Municipality of York.	
					Section.	County.	Range.	Municipality.	Section.	County.	Range.	Municipality.		
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	
10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	
12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	
13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	
14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	
15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	
16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	
17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	
18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	
19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	
20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	
21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	
22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	
23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	
24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	
25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	
26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	
27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	
28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	
29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	
30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	
31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	
32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	
33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	
34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	
35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	
36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	
37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	
38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	
39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	
40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	
41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	
42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	
43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	
44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	
45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	
46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	
47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	
48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	
49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	
50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	
51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	
52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	
53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	
54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	
55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	
56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	
57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	
58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	
59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	
60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	
61	61	61	61	61	61	61	61	61	61	61	61	61	61	
62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	
63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	
64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	
65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	
66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	
67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	
68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	
69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	
70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	
71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	
72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	
73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	
74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	
76	76	76	76	76	76	76	76	76	76	76	76	76	76	
77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	
78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	
79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	
80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	
81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	
82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	
83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	
84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	
85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	
86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	
87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	
88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	
89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	
90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	
91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	
92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	
93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	
94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	
95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	
96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	
97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	
98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	
99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	

No. 2.—**DEPARTMENTAL DIVISIONS**, with the **EXPENSES**, and **AMOUNT OF MANUSCRIPTS** OFFERED, in the several Volumes—continued.

Dates.	Manuscript Expenses.	Papers Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Expenses on Taxes on the Manuscripts, 1861.													Manuscript Expenses on the Taxes on the Manuscripts, 1861.					
				Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.	Of Manuscripts Offered in 1861.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
1861.	1. 1861.	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
1862.	2. 1862.	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
1863.	3. 1863.	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
1864.	4. 1864.	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000



[illegible]





SUMMARY OF FOREGOING TABLE.

PATIENTS.	Age.	Sex.	Number of Districts.	Number of Dispensary Districts.	Number of Dispensary Districts in which patient is registered.	Number of Dispensary Districts in which patient is not registered.	EXPENSE OF TALK SHOWING EXPENSES, 1914.										GENERAL SUMMARY ATTACHED TO TALK SHOWING EXPENSES, 1914.											
							Total.	Total.	Total.	Total.	General Summary.			General Summary.			Total.	Total.	Total.	Total.	Total.	Total.						
											Total.	Total.	Total.	Total.	Total.	Total.							Total.	Total.	Total.	Total.	Total.	Total.
MALES.	1,000,000	500,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	1,000,000	500,000	100,000	100,000	1,000,000	500,000	100,000	100,000	1,000,000	500,000	100,000	100,000	1,000,000	500,000	100,000	100,000	1,000,000					
FEMALES.	1,000,000	500,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	1,000,000	500,000	100,000	100,000	1,000,000	500,000	100,000	100,000	1,000,000	500,000	100,000	100,000	1,000,000	500,000	100,000	100,000	1,000,000					
TOTAL.	2,000,000	1,000,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	2,000,000	1,000,000	200,000	200,000	2,000,000	1,000,000	200,000	200,000	2,000,000	1,000,000	200,000	200,000	2,000,000	1,000,000	200,000	200,000	2,000,000					

Major population of male white British (white) origin in the United Kingdom, with the female (white) population, 1914-15.



No. 3.—GENERAL SUMMARY of previous TABLES, in Provinces:—containing, 1. dispensary districts formed under § 6 of the Medical Charities Act, 14 & of dispensaries, officers, &c.:—2. FINANCIAL STATEMENT; showing the 1889, to 29th September, 1890:—and 3. RELIEF RETURN; showing the homes, respectively; the number of cases in which tickets for medical vaccination performed; number of cases of dangerous lunatics certified; year ended the 30th of September, 1890.

HEADS OF PARTICULARS in foregoing Tables.	ULSTER.		MUNSTER.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
STATISTICS of UNIONS and DISTRICTS :				
Population of Unions, in Provinces,—1881, . . . . .	. . .	1,743,076	. . .	1,381,118
Area of Unions and Dispensary Districts, in statute acres, . . . . .	. . .	5,483,261	. . .	4,087,723
Poor Law Valuation of Unions, in Provinces,—1890, . . . . .	. . .	£4,419,377	. . .	£3,444,300
Number of Unions, . . . . .	. . .	49	. . .	60
" Electoral Divisions, . . . . .	. . .	870	. . .	1,081
" Dispensary Districts, . . . . .	. . .	214	. . .	205
" Dispensaries or Dispensary Stations therein, . . . . .	. . .	322	. . .	348
" Medical Officers authorized to be appointed for Dispensary Districts, . . . . .	. . .	255	. . .	232
" Apothecaries, . . . . .	. . .	8	. . .	21
" Midwives, . . . . .	. . .	93	. . .	61
EXPENDITURE in Year ended 29th September, 1890:—				
Medicines and Medical Appliances, . . . . .	£ 7,229	. . .	£ 7,002	. . .
Rent of Dispensary Buildings, . . . . .	9,410	. . .	2,470	. . .
Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising, . . . . .	280	. . .	219	. . .
Salaries of Medical Officers, including payments for temporary services, . . . . .	25,090	. . .	20,385	. . .
" Apothecaries, do. do. do. . . . .	438	. . .	754	. . .
" Midwives, do. do. do. . . . .	1,808	. . .	190	. . .
Vaccination Expenses, . . . . .	3,070	. . .	2,782	. . .
Fuel, Attendance, and Incidental Expenses, . . . . .	2,238	. . .	2,420	. . .
Total Expenditure in year ended 29th September, 1890, . . . . .	. . .	£42,033	. . .	£47,481
RELIEF RETURNS, and DUTIES of MEDICAL OFFICERS for year ended 30th September, 1890:—				
Number of cases attended on Dispensary Tickets, . . . . .	100,706	. . .	99,945	. . .
" " on Visiting Tickets, . . . . .	63,760	. . .	47,832	. . .
Total new cases in the year, . . . . .	. . .	173,503	. . .	147,477
Number of cases in which Tickets for Medical Relief were cancelled in the year, . . . . .	—	08	—	39
Number of cases of Vaccination, including cases of Re-vaccination, in the year, . . . . .	. . .	29,201	. . .	24,790
Number of cases of dangerous Lunatics certified in the year, . . . . .	—	669	—	890
Number of days of attendance at bridewells, or houses of correction during the year, . . . . .	—	17	—	84

STATISTICAL STATEMENT; showing the number of unions, electoral divisions, and 15 Vic. c. 68; the total and average population, area, and valuation; number expenditure under the Medical Charities Act for the year from 30th September, number of cases of medical relief afforded at the dispensaries and at the patients' relief have been cancelled by the dispensary committees; the number of cases of number of days of attendance at bridewells or houses of correction, &c.; during the

LINCOLN.		CONNAUGHT.		TOTAL for IRELAND.		AVERAGE.		
						For Unions.	For Dispensary Districts.	For Medical Officers.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.
.	1,278,080	.	821,057	.	2,174,836	32,343	7,187	6,880
.	4,870,918	.	4,802,060	.	20,810,026	130,125	29,917	—
.	£4,760,460	.	£1,305,937	.	£13,094,354	£57,404	£10,436	—
.	39	.	28	.	160	—	—	—
.	039	.	505	.	3,444	22	5	4
.	202	.	98	.	726	4	—	—
.	328	.	149	.	1,147	7	—	—
.	229	.	114	.	810	6	—	—
.	15	.	8	.	42	—	—	—
.	148	.	27	.	326	—	—	—
£		£		£		£ s.	£ s.	£ s.
6,024	.	4,227	.	27,072	.	169 4	87 12	38 6
2,780	.	1,040	.	8,505	.	53 14	11 19	—
268	.	100	.	832	.	5 10	1 4	—
27,065	.	12,536	.	91,108	.	509 8	126 11	112 9
1,419	.	155	.	2,808	.	—	—	68 6
2,802	.	810	.	5,385	.	33 13	—	—
2,227	.	1,704	.	9,877	.	61 10	13 14	—
6,275	.	1,914	.	15,529	.	07 6	21 12	—
.	450,013	.	221,830	.	£101,841	1,008 8	224 2	—
148,452	.	62,795	.	411,068	.	2,669	571	509
61,684	.	15,494	.	188,126	.	1,170	261	232
.	209,580	.	65,286	.	509,214	3,745	632	740
.	44	.	29	.	201	—	—	—
.	20,822	.	15,455	.	96,278	—	—	—
.	638	.	240	.	1,848	—	—	—
.	31	.	26	.	152	—	—	—

NO. 4.—VACCINATION:—SUMMARY of the number of persons VACCINATED in the workhouses and auxiliary establishments of the several unions in Ireland by the medical officers of those institutions; and of the number VACCINATED in the several dispensary districts, by the medical officers thereof, in the year ended 30th September, 1890:—abstracted from returns made by the respective medical officers.

PROVINCES.	No. vaccinated by medical officers in workhouses.			No. of cases vaccinated by medical officers of dispensary districts.	Total number returned in columns 4 and 5.	PROVINCES.
	Successful cases.	Unsuccessful cases.	Total.			
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	
ULSTER, . . .	242	24	266	20,301	20,467	ULSTER.
MUNSTER, . . .	228	4	232	24,790	25,022	MUNSTER.
LEINSTER, . . .	200	11	307	20,852	21,159	LEINSTER.
CONNAUGHT, . . .	67	—	67	15,435	15,502	CONNAUGHT.
Total, . . .	833	39	872	60,278	61,150	

NO. 5.—NUMBER of CASES of SCARLATINA, SMALLPOX, and FEVER, reported by medical officers of dispensary districts in Ireland, as having been attended in the Quarters ended 31st December, 1889, 31st March, 30th June, and 30th September, 1890.

PROVINCES.	Quarters ended	Scarlatina.	Smallpox.	Fever.
ULSTER, . . .	December 31st, 1889, . . .	114	—	484
	March 31st, 1890, . . .	40	—	240
	June 30th, 1890, . . .	86	—	220
	September 30th, 1890, . . .	170	5	212
MUNSTER, . . .	December 31st, 1889, . . .	150	—	233
	March 31st, 1890, . . .	45	—	175
	June 30th, 1890, . . .	81	—	354
	September 30th, 1890, . . .	122	—	247
LEINSTER, . . .	December 31st, 1889, . . .	90	—	425
	March 31st, 1890, . . .	51	—	242
	June 30th, 1890, . . .	74	—	262
	September 30th, 1890, . . .	91	—	164
CONNAUGHT, . . .	December 31st, 1889, . . .	57	—	151
	March 31st, 1890, . . .	20	—	129
	June 30th, 1890, . . .	10	—	214
	September 30th, 1890, . . .	40	—	227
SUMMARY.				
IRELAND, . . .	December 31st, 1889, . . .	411	—	1,294
	March 31st, 1890, . . .	156	—	786
	June 30th, 1890, . . .	260	—	1,166
	September 30th, 1890, . . .	432	5	1,040
	Total, . . .	1,259	5	4,286



DIRECTIONS DISTANCES.	TOWNS in which situated.	References to		DIRECTIONS DISTANCES.	TOWNS in which situated.	References to	
		Diocesan Directory Statistical Tables App. A, B, & C.	Diocesan Directory Statistical Tables App. A, B, & C.			Diocesan Directory Statistical Tables App. A, B, & C.	Diocesan Directory Statistical Tables App. A, B, & C.
Binghamstown.	Belmullet.	Page	Page	Castle Finn.	Strabane.	Page	Page
Blackrock and Stillorgan.	Rathdown.	-	272	Castlegregory.	Disgle.	-	268
Blackwaterstown.	Armagh.	-	261	Castle Island.	Trillick.	-	271
Blanchardstown & Castlemock.	Armagh.	-	243	Castlemaine.	Trillick.	-	266
Blenney.	North Dublin.	-	260	Castlemartyr.	Midleton.	-	254
Blossington and Ballymore.	Cork.	-	252	Castletinkert.	Castleross.	-	273
Boherboy.	Near.	-	262	Castelpollard.	Delvin.	-	253
Borris.	Kanturk.	-	253	Castle Quarter.	Ballynenny.	-	241
Borris-in-Osney.	Carlow.	-	255	Castleross.	Castleross.	-	273
Borrisokane.	Roscrea.	-	256	Castloragh.	Belmont.	-	241
Borrisokane.	Borrisokane.	-	257	Castleslane.	Monaghan.	-	249
Borrisoleigh.	Thurles.	-	259	Castletown.	Abbeyleix.	-	256
Bourney.	Roscrea.	-	258	Castletown.	Castletown.	-	252
Boyle.	Boyle.	-	275	Castletown.	Croom.	-	254
Bray and Rath- michael.	Rathdown.	-	261	Castletown.	Navan.	-	263
Bridewell.	Athlone.	-	257	Castletown Geo- ghagan.	Mullingar.	-	267
Bridgetown.	Limerick.	-	257	Cavan.	Cavan.	-	243
Bridgetown.	Wexford.	-	258	Celbridge.	Celbridge.	-	252
Broadford.	Newcastle.	-	257	Charleville.	Kilmallock.	-	255
Broadway.	Wexford.	-	258	Charlestown.	Ballyshannon.	-	243
Brookeborough.	Lisnakea.	-	247	Charlestown.	Louthborough.	-	245
Broons.	Trillick.	-	250	Clane and Time- hoo North.	Near.	-	252
Broughshane.	Ballymore.	-	241	Clara.	Tullamore.	-	253
Bruff.	Kilmallock.	-	256	Claremorris.	Claremorris.	-	272
Brurea.	Kilmallock.	-	256	Clarina.	Limerick.	-	257
Bryansford.	Kilkeel.	-	245	Clashmore.	Youghal.	-	255
Bulleen.	Loughros.	-	270	Clashmore.	Londonderry.	236	247
Bunerone.	Inishowen.	-	244	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Bunmahon.	Kilmeathomas.	-	250	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Burt.	Londonderry.	-	247	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Bushmills.	Coleraine.	-	247	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Bustovant.	Malton.	-	258	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Caber.	Cahereivreen.	-	259	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Caber.	Clogheen.	-	258	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Cahereivreen.	Limerick.	-	257	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Caledon.	Armagh.	-	242	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Callan.	Callan.	-	252	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Camolin.	Gorey.	-	257	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Cannaway.	Meerom.	-	253	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Cappagh.	Tipperary.	-	250	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Cappagh.	Lisamore.	-	250	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Carbury.	Edenderry.	-	263	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Carlingford.	Dundalk.	-	265	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Carlow.	Carlow.	-	260	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Carnduff.	Inishowen.	-	244	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Carney.	Sligo.	219	274	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Carriek.	Glenties.	-	244	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Carriekbryne.	New Ross.	-	268	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Carriekfergus.	Larne.	-	241	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Carriekmore.	Carriekmore.	-	248	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Carriek-on-Suir.	Carriek-on-Suir.	-	257	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Carrigaholt.	Kilrush.	-	261	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Carrigaline.	Cork.	-	252	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Carrigaline.	Kinsale.	-	253	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Carrigaline.	Mold.	-	271	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Carrigat.	Cork.	-	252	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Cashel.	Cashel.	-	267	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Castlebar.	Castlebar.	-	273	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Castlebellingham.	Ardee.	-	264	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Castleblayney.	Castleblayney.	-	248	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250
Castleblayney.	Castleblayney.	-	248	Clashmore.	Clashmore.	-	250

From Harvard.



Dispersary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to		Dispersary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to	
		Dispersary Districts, Statistical Tables, App. B, No. 1.	Dispersary Districts, Statistical Tables, App. B, No. 2.			Dispersary Districts, Statistical Tables, App. B, No. 1.	Dispersary Districts, Statistical Tables, App. B, No. 2.
Gort, . . . . .	Gort, . . . . .	-	270	Killygordan, . . . . .	Stennorine, . . . . .	-	265
Gortin, . . . . .	Omagh, . . . . .	-	260	Killyleagh, . . . . .	Dowpatrick, . . . . .	-	261
Gouran, . . . . .	Kilconnor, . . . . .	-	262	Killyn, . . . . .	Parsonstown, . . . . .	-	262
Grange, . . . . .	Thomastown, . . . . .	-	263	Kilmaethomas, . . . . .	Kilmaethomas, . . . . .	-	262
Grassard, . . . . .	Grassard, . . . . .	-	264	Kilmanman and Milford, . . . . .	Milford, . . . . .	-	265
Green, . . . . .	Tipperary, . . . . .	-	269	Kilmakavage, . . . . .	Waterford, . . . . .	-	269
Grey Abbey, . . . . .	Newtownards, . . . . .	-	265	Kilmallock, . . . . .	Kilmallock, . . . . .	-	266
Gurice, . . . . .	Boyle, . . . . .	-	273	Kilmacdon, . . . . .	Waterford, . . . . .	-	266
Headford, . . . . .	Tuam, . . . . .	-	271	Kilmihill, . . . . .	Kilrush, . . . . .	-	267
Hillsborough, . . . . .	Lisburn, . . . . .	-	243	Kilmoganty, . . . . .	Gallen, . . . . .	-	262
Hollymount, . . . . .	Ballinrobe, . . . . .	-	272	Kilmoor, . . . . .	Newtownards, . . . . .	-	245
Holmpatrick, . . . . .	Balnathery, . . . . .	-	268	Kilmore, . . . . .	Monaghan, . . . . .	-	245
Holycross, . . . . .	Thurles, . . . . .	-	269	Kilmuck, . . . . .	Cavan, . . . . .	-	244
Holywell, . . . . .	Baniskillen, . . . . .	-	266	Kilpatrick, . . . . .	Cashel, . . . . .	-	267
Hospital, . . . . .	Kilmallock, . . . . .	-	266	Kilrea, . . . . .	Ballymoney, . . . . .	-	244
Inchislegagh, . . . . .	Maerona, . . . . .	-	263	Kilrush, . . . . .	Kilrush, . . . . .	-	272
Inishannon, . . . . .	Randon, . . . . .	-	261	Kilshillogham, . . . . .	Balnathery, . . . . .	-	266
Inishoge, . . . . .	Thomastown, . . . . .	-	264	Kilshannig, . . . . .	Malrow, . . . . .	-	268
Innfield, . . . . .	Trin, . . . . .	-	266	Kilshelcan, . . . . .	Clonmel, . . . . .	-	266
Irvinestown, . . . . .	Arvinestown, . . . . .	-	247	Kilskear, . . . . .	Kells, . . . . .	-	270
Islandsay, . . . . .	Westport, . . . . .	-	274	Kilshinagh, . . . . .	Widnand, . . . . .	-	273
Junestown, . . . . .	Car-on-Shannon, . . . . .	-	271	Kiltogan, . . . . .	Ballinglass, . . . . .	-	268
Johnstown, . . . . .	Edenderry, . . . . .	-	263	Kiltoran, . . . . .	Kilmon, . . . . .	-	268
Johnstown, . . . . .	Ullingford, . . . . .	-	263	Kiltoon, . . . . .	Ashlone, . . . . .	-	267
Kantark, . . . . .	Kantark, . . . . .	-	263	Kiltormer, . . . . .	Ballinadee, . . . . .	-	269
Kaukill, . . . . .	Bastry, . . . . .	-	262	Kilworth, . . . . .	Fernoy, . . . . .	-	263
Kendue, . . . . .	Boyle, . . . . .	-	273	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Keruly, . . . . .	Armagh, . . . . .	-	212	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kells, . . . . .	Kells, . . . . .	-	263	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kennara, . . . . .	Kennara, . . . . .	-	266	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilbaggoo, . . . . .	Tullamore, . . . . .	-	263	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilbrin, . . . . .	Banana, . . . . .	-	261	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilcathrine, . . . . .	Castletown, . . . . .	-	262	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilcock, . . . . .	Colbridge, . . . . .	-	261	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilcooly, . . . . .	Ullingford, . . . . .	-	263	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilcullin, . . . . .	Nass, . . . . .	-	262	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilcure, . . . . .	Nass, . . . . .	-	262	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilderry, . . . . .	Londonderry, . . . . .	-	247	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilderrary, . . . . .	Milnehilltown, . . . . .	-	264	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilfinnac, . . . . .	Kilmallock, . . . . .	-	266	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilgarvan, . . . . .	Kennara, . . . . .	-	266	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilgoban, . . . . .	Triloe, . . . . .	-	260	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilkeo, . . . . .	Kilrush, . . . . .	-	261	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilkeel, . . . . .	Kilkeel, . . . . .	-	245	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilkeoly, . . . . .	Swinesford, . . . . .	-	263	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilkenoy, . . . . .	Kilkenoy, . . . . .	-	263	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilkieban, . . . . .	Talla, . . . . .	-	261	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilman, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	269	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballinacorney, . . . . .	-	263
Kilnab, . . . . .	Kilnab, . . . . .	-	272	Kilworth, . . . . .	Ballin		

Continued.





Dispensary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to		Dispensary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to	
		Dispensary Districts* Statistical tables App. E, Nos. 1-4.	Dispensary Districts* Statistical tables App. E, Nos. 1-4.			Dispensary Districts* Statistical tables App. E, Nos. 1-4.	Dispensary Districts* Statistical tables App. E, Nos. 1-4.
St. Mary's, . . .	Draghda, . . .	Page	Page	Termoneekin, . . .	Draghda, . . .	Page	Page
St. Mary's, . . .	New Ross, . . .	-	265	Torryglace, . . .	Borrisokane, . . .	-	255
Scotstown, . . .	Monaghan, . . .	-	240	Thomastown, . . .	Thomastown, . . .	-	237
Scrubby, . . .	Granard, . . .	-	264	Thurles, . . .	Thurles, . . .	-	233
Seshinane, . . .	Dungarvan, . . .	-	250	Timoleague, . . .	Clonahilly, . . .	-	239
Shesagolden, . . .	Glin, . . .	-	266	Timoleague, . . .	Shillolagh, . . .	239	260
Shrook, . . .	Bailieborough, . . .	-	243	Tipperary, . . .	Tipperary, . . .	-	239
Shirone, . . .	Roscrea, . . .	-	268	Tiscofin, . . .	Kilkenny, . . .	-	263
Silvermine, . . .	Newagh, . . .	-	264	Tobercurry, . . .	Tobercurry, . . .	-	254
Six Mile Cross, . . .	Omagh, . . .	-	260	Toome, . . .	Ballymore, . . .	-	251
Skibbereen, . . .	Skibbereen, . . .	-	254	Toomevara, . . .	Monagh, . . .	-	258
Skreen, . . .	Dromore West, . . .	-	271	Trillick, . . .	Trillick, . . .	-	256
Skull, . . .	Skull, . . .	-	265	Trillick, . . .	Waterford, . . .	-	259
Slieverough, . . .	Maesroom, . . .	-	255	Trim, . . .	Trim, . . .	-	256
Sligo, . . .	Sligo, . . .	-	274	Trim, . . .	Trim, . . .	-	271
Sreen, . . .	Kenmare, . . .	-	255	Tulla, . . .	Tulla, . . .	-	251
South City, . . .	South Dublin, . . .	238	261	Tullagh, . . .	Skibbereen, . . .	-	254
Spiddal, . . .	Galway, . . .	-	269	Tullamona, . . .	Cashel, . . .	-	257
Stamullen, . . .	Draghda, . . .	-	265	Tullamore, . . .	Tullamore, . . .	-	253
Stewartstown, . . .	Cookstown, . . .	-	259	Tullaroan, . . .	Kilkenny, . . .	-	263
Strabane, . . .	Strabane, . . .	-	250	Tullow, . . .	Cork, . . .	-	264
Strathally, . . .	Athy, . . .	-	260	Tullyrin, . . .	Cookstown, . . .	-	243
Strathmore, . . .	Cavan, . . .	-	245	Tullaghan, . . .	Kenmare, . . .	-	255
Strungford, . . .	Downpatrick, . . .	-	245	Tullaghanmore, . . .	Galway, . . .	-	269
Strurohar, . . .	Strurohar, . . .	-	245	Tyran, . . .	Annagh, . . .	-	245
Strut, . . .	Granard, . . .	-	264	Tyrrellspass, . . .	Mullingar, . . .	-	267
Struckstown, . . .	Struckstown, . . .	-	271	Udd, . . .	Waterford, . . .	-	259
Summerhill, . . .	Trim, . . .	-	260	Union Hall, . . .	Skibbereen, . . .	-	254
Swanlinbar, . . .	Burnboy, . . .	-	243	Uringford, . . .	Uringford, . . .	-	263
Swineford, . . .	Swineford, . . .	-	273	Valencia, . . .	Gaheraveen, . . .	-	254
Swode, . . .	Bolton, . . .	-	260	Ventry, . . .	Ington, . . .	-	255
Tadmon and Glyn, . . .	Wexford, . . .	-	268	Virginia, . . .	Oldenside, . . .	-	265
Tallaght, . . .	South Dublin, . . .	-	261	Wakhtownmore, . . .	Midleton, . . .	-	251
Tallow, . . .	Lismore, . . .	-	260	Wakhtownmore, . . .	Lurgan, . . .	-	242
Tanderagee, . . .	Danbrigo, . . .	-	245	Waringstown, . . .	Newry, . . .	-	246
Tarbert, . . .	Glin, . . .	-	264	Warrenpoint, . . .	Waterford, . . .	-	249
Tartaraghan, . . .	Lurgan, . . .	-	242	Waterford, . . .	Waterford, . . .	-	249
Templemarin, . . .	Roscoe, . . .	-	261	Westport, . . .	Westport, . . .	-	250
Templemichael, . . .	Youghal, . . .	-	256	Wexford, . . .	Wexford, . . .	-	258
Templemore, . . .	Thurles, . . .	-	260	Whitechurch, . . .	Cork, . . .	-	252
Templepatrick, . . .	Antrim, . . .	-	240	Whitechurch, . . .	Dungarvan, . . .	-	250
Templemigan, . . .	New Ross, . . .	-	268	Wicklow, . . .	Bathracum, . . .	259	260
Tempo, . . .	Rathskellan, . . .	-	266	Williamstown, . . .	Glenamaddy, . . .	-	250
Termon, . . .	Bailieborough, . . .	-	243	Woodford, . . .	Loughrea, . . .	-	250
				Wondetown, . . .	Waterford, . . .	-	259
				Youghal, . . .	Youghal, . . .	-	255

Dublin Castle,

8th July, 1891.

SIR,

I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 7th instant, forwarding, for submission to His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, the Report of the Local Government Board for Ireland for the year ending 31st March, 1891.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

WEST RIDGEWAY.

The Secretary,

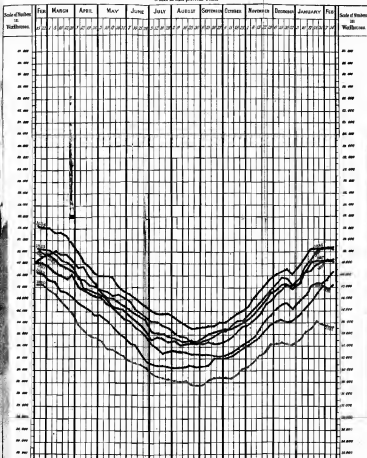
Local Government Board,

Dublin.

# DIAGRAM

SHOWING THE FLUCTUATIONS FROM WEEK TO WEEK IN THE  
NUMBER OF WORKHOUSE INMATES IN IRELAND,

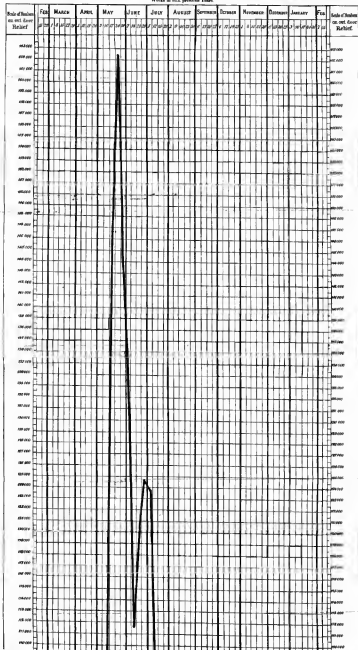
During the period from the Week ended the 25th of February, 1890, to the Week ended the 15th of February, 1891, as compared with the corresponding  
Weeks in 1889, 1890, and 1891.

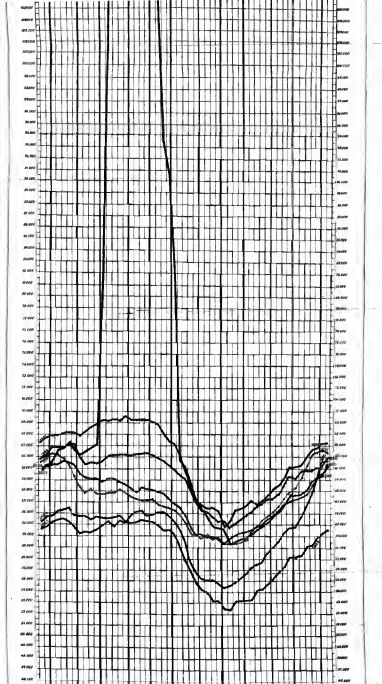


# DIAGRAM

SHOWING THE FLUCTUATIONS FROM WEEK TO WEEK IN THE  
NUMBER OF PERSONS IN THE RECEIPT OF OUT-DOOR RELIEF IN IRELAND,

During the period from the Week ended the 11th of February, 1893, to the Week ended the 15th of February, 1895, as compared with the corresponding  
Weeks in 1891 previous Years.





MAP OF IRELAND.

Showing the Working of  
the Labourers (Ireland) Acts  
to 31st March, 1802.

